Descendants of Jeremiah Whitwell

Charles E. G. Pease Pennyghael Isle of Mull

1-Jeremiah Whitwell died on 29 Dec 1756.

Jeremiah married Margaret Hewetson on 11 Aug 1704. Margaret died on 29 Sep 1763. They had one son: John.

2-John Whitwell¹ was born in 1704, died on 17 Feb 1767 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 63, and was buried in FBG Kendal.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Currier.
- He worked as a Grocer in Kendal, Cumbria.

John married Hannah Atkinson,¹ daughter of Joseph Atkinson¹ and Alice, on 15 Apr 1731 in Lambrigge, Kendal, Cumbria. Hannah was born on 8 Nov 1703 in Shaw End, Kendal, Cumbria and was buried on 7 Dec 1755 in FBG Kendal. They had eight children: Robert, Joseph, John, Jeremiah, Hannah, Thomas, Agnes, and Anthony.

3-**Robert Whitwell**¹ was born on 3 Feb 1732 in Kendal, Cumbria.

3-Joseph Whitwell¹ was born on 13 Oct 1733 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 22 May 1780 in Warrington, Cheshire at age 46, and was buried on 25 May 1780.

Joseph married Margaret Baker,¹ daughter of Joseph Baker and Elizabeth Barton,¹ on 20 May 1762 in FMH Hardshaw. Margaret was born on 19 Aug 1733 and died on 20 Jun 1772 in Warrington, Cheshire at age 38. They had four children: Elizabeth, John, Hannah, and Margaret.

4-Elizabeth Whitwell¹ was born on 26 Jul 1766 and died on 12 Sep 1815 at age 49.

Elizabeth married **Joshua Whalley**,¹ son of **Jonathan Whalley**² and **Rachel Hinde**, on 19 Dec 1793 in FMH Warrington. Joshua was born on 18 Apr 1760 in Lancaster, Lancashire, died on 5 Feb 1794 in Walworth, London at age 33, and was buried on 19 Feb 1794 in FBG Lancaster.

Elizabeth next married David Hodgson. They had six children: Hannah, Whitwell, John Baker, Jane, Joseph, and Thomas.

5-Hannah Hodgson¹ was born on 20 Jun 1799 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 23 Nov 1799 in Lancaster, Lancashire.

5-Whitwell Hodgson^{1,3} was born on 22 Oct 1800 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 7 Oct 1832 in Penketh, Warrington, Cheshire at age 31.

5-John Baker Hodgson¹ was born on 18 Dec 1802 in Lancaster, Lancashire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Porter Merchant and Grocer, in partnership with Thomas Robson before 1837 in Hanley and Etruria, Staffordshire.
- Miscellaneous: Did he emigrate to Australia?.

5-Jane Hodgson was born on 30 Aug 1804 in Lancaster, Lancashire and died on 1 Jun 1811 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 6.

5-Joseph Hodgson was born on 10 Apr 1806 in Lancaster, Lancashire.

5-Thomas Hodgson was born on 10 Sep 1809 in Lancaster, Lancashire.

4-John Whitwell^{1,4} was born on 29 Mar 1769, died on 31 Aug 1836 in Little Woolton, Lancashire at age 67, and was buried on 4 Sep 1836 in FBG Penketh.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Double connection.

John married Elizabeth Watt,¹ daughter of Thomas Watt and Mary Chorley, on 28 Jul 1791. Elizabeth was born on 6 Mar 1771 in Warrington, Cheshire and died on 10 Apr 1803 at age 32. John next married Ann Chorley,^{1,4} daughter of Alexander Chorley^{1,4,5} and Elizabeth Fothergill,^{1,4,5} in Jan 1803. Ann was born on 24 Jan 1782 in Warrington, Cheshire.

4-Hannah Whitwell¹ was born on 18 Oct 1770 and died on 2 May 1830 in Liverpool at age 59. She had no known marriage and no known children.

4-Margaret Whitwell¹ was born on 13 Mar 1772 and died on 29 Jun 1772.

3-John Whitwell^{1,6,7,8,9,10} was born on 12 Nov 1735 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 15 Jun 1782 in Gloucestershire. On a journey. (Whitchurch, Shropshire, also given) at age 46, and was buried in FBG Warrington. John married **Dorothy Wilson**,^{1,6,8,9} daughter of **Isaac Wilson**^{1,2,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17} and **Rachel Wilson**,^{1,2,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17} on 4 Feb 1765 in Kendal, Cumbria. Dorothy was born on 11 Sep 1741 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in Jul 1774 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 32, and was buried on 24 Jul 1774 in Kendal, Cumbria. They had six children: Isaac, Rachel, Hannah, Hannah, John, and Rachel.

4-Isaac Whitwell⁹ was born on 2 Dec 1765 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Jun 1835 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 69.

Isaac married Hannah Maria Fisher,⁹ daughter of William Fisher and Jane Hustler, on 19 May 1806 in Bradford, Yorkshire. Hannah was born on 14 Dec 1778 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 22 May 1866 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 87. They had eight children: Jane, William, Hannah Maria, John, Thomas, Isaac, Edward, and Henry.

5-Jane Whitwell⁹ was born on 5 Jul 1807 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 5 Dec 1858 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire at age 51.

Jane married Joseph Travis Clay,^{9,18,19} son of William Clay and Mary Travis, on 16 Jan 1834 in Kendal, Cumbria. Joseph was born on 8 Mar 1804 in London, died on 31 Jan 1892 in Cannes, France at age 87, and was buried in Cannes, France. They had six children: Hannah Maria, John William, Mary Elizabeth, Alfred, Arthur Travis, and Jane Katharine.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1816 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

6-Hannah Maria Clay was born on 12 Sep 1835 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 3 Feb 1905 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 69.

6-John William Clay^{9,20} was born on 13 Feb 1838 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire¹⁸ and died on 2 Oct 1918 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA.
- He worked as a JP for the West Riding of Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Rastrick House, Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 4 Portman Mansions, Marylebone Road, London.

John married Alice Caroline Pilleau,⁹ daughter of Henry Pilleau and Louisa Ann Perigal, on 4 Apr 1878 in London. Alice was born on 11 May 1847 in Tipperary, Ireland and died on 15 May 1935 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire at age 88. They had two children: Lionel Pilleau and Charles Travis.

7-Capt. Lionel Pilleau Clav^{9,20} was born on 11 Mar 1880 in Halifax, Yorkshire, died on 18 Feb 1918 in Templeux La Fosse, France at age 37, and was buried in Tincourt-Bouchy, Peronne, France.

General Notes: CAPTAIN L. P. CLAY

Queen's Own Yorkshire Dragoons

Newlands 94-99 Aged 37 February 18th, 1918

Elder son of John William Clay, of Rastrick House, Brighouse, Yorkshire, and of Mrs. Clay.

Entrance Scholar : Monitor, 1896 : Head of the School, 1898 : Botfield Scholar, 1898. Balliol College, Oxford, 1st Class Mods: B.A. 1905, M.A. 1907. Called to the Bar of the Inner Temple 1906. Parliamentary Private Secretary to Lord Somerleyton.

Married, in 1911, Mary Winifred Muriel, younger daughter of William Ralph Walker, of Scotnish, Lochgilphead, N.B., and leaves a son and two daughters. Captain Clav joined the Yorkshire Dragoons in 1906, but was transferred to the T.F. Reserve in 1913. At the outbreak of the War he rejoined the Yorkshire Dragoons and went to France with them in July, 1915. From September, 1916, to October, 1917, he commanded a Squadron, and was then made Court Martial Officer. He was killed by a bomb on February 18th, 1918, and is buried in the military cemetery at Tincourt-Bouchy, east of Peronne. Lieut.-Colonel J. Gilbert Mellor, Deputy Judge-Advocate-General, wrote : —

"His exceptional abilities gave me great confidence in his work. Such Officers are not easy to find, and his death is a real loss to the Army."

Captain Douglas Long wrote : — "I had a great regard for his strong character, powers of judgment, and quick dry humour. He gained the esteem of all those with whom he came in contact."

His servant wrote : — "Who is there who knew my late dearly loved Commanding Officer intimately who could ever forget him? All his thoughts were for the comfort and welfare of his men."

LIONEL PILLEAU CLAY

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law.
- He worked as a Parliamentary Private Secretary to Lord Somerleyton.
- He had a residence in 20 Regent's Court, Regent's Park, London.
- He worked as an Officer of the Queen's Own Yorkshire Dragoons.

Lionel married Mary Winifred Muriel Walker,⁹ daughter of William Ralph Walker and Sarah Ala Roberts, on 28 Jul 1910 in Ratcliffe On Wreake. Mary was born on 2 Apr 1889 in Enderby Hall, Leicester, Leicestershire. They had three children: Elizabeth Muriel, Penelope Mary, and John Lionel.

8-Elizabeth Muriel Clay

Elizabeth married Peter Lauritz Hansen Bay, son of Lauritz Hansen Bay and Alice Rebecca Spurling, on 23 Apr 1938 in Much Hadham, Hertfordshire. Peter was born on 18 Oct 1910 in Wirksworth, Derbyshire and died in 1992 at age 82. They had three children: Deborah Margaret Hansen, Jane Elizabeth Hansen, and Christina Mary Hansen.

9-Deborah Margaret Hansen Bay

9-Jane Elizabeth Hansen Bay

9-Christina Mary Hansen Bay

8-Penelope Mary Clay

8-John Lionel Clay was born on 31 Jan 1918 in Tayvallich, Argyll, died in 2008 at age 90, and was buried in Newtimber, West Sussex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister.
- He worked as a Circuit Judge.

John married Elizabeth Ponsonby, daughter of Rev. Canon Maurice George Jesser Ponsonby and Lady Phyllis Sydney Buxton. They had four children: Fiona Elizabeth, Catriona Mary, Joanna Penelope, and Andrew John Buxton.

9-Fiona Elizabeth Clay

Fiona married Rev. John Alexander Taylor.

9-Catriona Mary Clay

Catriona married John Kendall Bush.

9-Joanna Penelope Clay

9-Andrew John Buxton Clay

7-Sir Charles Travis Clay⁹ was born on 30 Jul 1885 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Librarian at The House of Lords. Historian.

Charles married Hon. Violet Robson, daughter of Rt. Hon. Sir William Snowden Robson Baron Robson and Catherine Emily Burge, on 24 Apr 1913 in London. Violet was born on 27 Jun 1892 in London. They had three children: Kathleen Rachel, Diana Franklin, and Rosemary Travis.

8-Kathleen Rachel Clay

Kathleen married Aymer Robert Maxwell Maxwell-Hyslop, son of Robert George Bingham Maxwell-Hyslop and Margaret Falcon. They had three children: Richard Andrew, Gillian Philadelphia, and Hilary Sarah Robson.

9-Richard Andrew Maxwell-Hyslop

9-Gillian Philadelphia Maxwell-Hyslop

9-Hilary Sarah Robson Maxwell-Hyslop

8-Diana Franklin Clay

Diana married Norman Platt, son of Edward Turner Platt and Emily Jane Horrocks. They had two children: Nicholas Tristan and Mariana Cordelia.

9-Nicholas Tristan Platt

9-Mariana Cordelia Platt

8-Rosemary Travis Clay

Rosemary married Anthony Edward Howarth, son of Dr. Walter Goldie Howarth and Esther Mary Ricardo. They had three children: Mark Walter, Simon Edward, and Catherine Jane.

9-Mark Walter Howarth

9-Simon Edward Howarth

9-Catherine Jane Howarth

6-Mary Elizabeth Clay was born on 10 Nov 1839 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 26 Aug 1922 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire at age 82.

6-Alfred Clay was born on 20 Mar 1842 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 22 Dec 1925 in Darley Hall, Darley Dale, Matlock at age 83.

Alfred married Harriet Hutchinson, daughter of Thomas Frederick Hutchinson and Elizabeth Drury, on 23 Jul 1885 in Kirk Braddan, Isle of Man. Harriet was born on 9 Oct 1851 in St. John's, Isle of Man and died on 29 Apr 1923 in Darley Hall, Darley Dale, Matlock at age 71.

Alfred next married Louise Violet Morgan, daughter of Charles Morgan, on 20 Jan 1925 in Darley Dale. Louise was born on 1 Apr 1869 in Newport, Monmouthshire, Wales and died on 23 Aug 1948 in Abergavenny at age 79.

6-Arthur Travis Clay⁹ was born on 6 Sep 1845 in Loughrigg, Ambleside, Cumbria and died on 16 Oct 1919 in London at age 74.

Arthur married Edith Beaumont Bates,⁹ daughter of Benjamin Hopkinson Bates and Elizabeth Ledgard, on 21 Apr 1875 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire. Edith was born on 21 Sep 1850 in Seacombe, Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 24 Aug 1889 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire at age 38. They had six children: Hugh Travis, Janet Elizabeth, Marjorie Beaumont, Percival Travis, Wilfred Travis, and Guy Travis.

7-Hugh Travis Clay was born on 19 Apr 1876 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 24 Sep 1957 in Jersey at age 81.

Hugh married Mabel Priscilla Penery French, daughter of Henry Stephen French and Ruth Amanda Penery, on 8 Dec 1923 in London. Mabel was born on 4 Jun 1892 in St John, New Brunswick and died on 13 Jan 1955 in Jersey at age 62.

7-Janet Elizabeth Clay was born on 21 May 1877 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 19 Oct 1929 in Died In Car Accident at age 52.

Janet married **Cmdr. John Kenneth Beaufoy Birch RN**,⁹ son of **John Grant Birch** and **Annie Isabella Turnbull**, on 22 Dec 1904 in Filey. John was born on 29 Aug 1880 in Liverpool, died on 14 Aug 1940 on Active Service at age 59, and was buried in Haslar Royal Naval Cemetery, Hampshire. They had two children: **John Travis Beaufoy** and **Richard Wickham Beaufoy**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Bourne End, Long Whins, Filey, Yorkshire.

8-Lt. Cmdr. John Travis Beaufoy Birch⁹ was born on 14 Jul 1910 in Filey, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Twice Mentioned in Despatches

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DSO DSC.

John married Pamela Kempthorne Godsell, daughter of Thomas Kempthorne Godsell and Marjorie Anne Gibbs. They had one son: John Grant Kempthorne.

9-John Grant Kempthorne Birch

8-Richard Wickham Beaufoy Birch was born on 17 Nov 1912 in Filey, Yorkshire.

7-Marjorie Beaumont Clay was born on 10 May 1879 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire.

7-Percival Travis Clay⁹ was born on 6 May 1881 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 7 Sep 1954 in Filey, Yorkshire at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Sedbergh.

- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in Winder, Burley in Wharfedale, Yorkshire.

Percival married Elizabeth Hutchinson,⁹ daughter of William Arthur Hutchinson and Margaret Paterson, on 22 Aug 1905 in Kirk Braddan, Isle of Man. Elizabeth was born on 2 Sep 1883 in Castle Hill, Rastrick. They had two children: Edith Margaret and Rachel Mary.

8-Edith Margaret Clay⁹ was born on 23 Feb 1910 in Burley in Wharfedale, Yorkshire.

8-Rachel Mary Clay

7-Wilfred Travis Clay was born on 25 Jun 1882 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 6 Mar 1945 in Filey at age 62.

7-Guy Travis Clay was born on 18 Jan 1885 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire.

Arthur next married Annie Isabella Birch, daughter of John Turnbull and Lydia Whiteman Featherstone, on 9 Oct 1902 in Wakefield. Annie was born in 1852 and died on 7 Apr 1929 in Filey at age 77.

6-Jane Katharine Clay was born on 20 Feb 1850 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 21 Feb 1919 in Halifax at age 69.

5-William Whitwell^{9,21,22} was born on 14 Jan 1809 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Apr 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a British Wine Maker in Kendal, Cumbria.

William married Sarah Routh,^{9,22} daughter of Samuel Routh^{8,9,23,24} and Lucy Jowitt,^{8,9,23} on 1 Nov 1833 in FMH Doncaster. Sarah was born on 11 Oct 1812 in Castle Donington, Derbyshire and died on 7 Jan 1876 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 63. They had 11 children: Samuel, William, Thomas, Alfred, Lucy, George Coates, Jane, Emma, Hannah Maria, Henry, and Helen.

6-Samuel Whitwell⁹ was born on 30 Dec 1834 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 May 1911 in Worthing, Sussex at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Browning Road, Worthing, Sussex.

Samuel married Mary Elizabeth Johnson,⁹ daughter of Orlando Robert Johnson, on 20 May 1880 in London. Mary died on 9 Jan 1914 in Worthing, Sussex. They had four children: Samuel Mapleton, Beatrice Mary Grace, Hubert Thomas, and Florence Gertrude.

7-Rev. Samuel Mapleton Whitwell²⁵ was born on 8 Apr 1881 in Eastbourne, East Sussex and died on 3 Jan 1958 in Dublin, Ireland at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Vicar of St. Hilda's Church in Hartlepool, County Durham.
- He had a residence in 1942 in Ashley Green, Buckinghamshire.
- He had a residence in 16 Gladstone Street, Hartlepool.

Samuel married **Gwendoline Coulson**,²⁵ daughter of **William Coulson** and **Emma George**, on 9 Feb 1917 in Hartlepool, County Durham. Gwendoline was born on 28 Jul 1892 in Hartlepool, County Durham and was christened on 21 Aug 1892 in St. Hilda's, Hartlepool. They had two children: **Estelle Joy** and **Peter Coulson**.

8-Estelle Joy Whitwell was born on 19 Apr 1918 in Leatherhead, Surrey and died on 9 Mar 1922 in Rode Hill, Wiltshire at age 3.

8-Flying Officer Peter Coulson Whitwell²⁵ was born on 16 Aug 1920 in Hartlepool, County Durham, was christened on 15 Sep 1920 in St. Hilda's, Hartlepool, and died on 7 Nov 1942 in Killed In Air Operations. Frisian Islands at age 22.

General Notes: Mentioned in Despatches

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DFM.

7-Beatrice Mary Grace Whitwell was born on 5 Apr 1882 in Lingfield and died in 1961 in New Zealand at age 79.

Beatrice married Cecil Spratley in Aug 1910. Cecil was born in 1874 and died in 1928 in New Zealand at age 54.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Organist, Winchester Cathedral in Winchester, Hampshire.

7-Hubert Thomas Whitwell was born on 29 Jul 1883 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 7 Jan 1915 in Canada at age 31.

7-Florence Gertrude Whitwell was born on 12 Aug 1887 in Teddington.

6-William Whitwell^{9,26,27} was born on 31 Dec 1835 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 19 Sep 1910 in Scarborough, Yorkshire at age 74, and was buried in Saltburn Cemetery, Saltburn, Yorkshire.

General Notes: William Whitwell, 74 19 9mo. 1910 Salthurn-hy-the-Sea. Died at Scarborough. One of a well-known Kendal family, the late Alderman William Whitwell, who passed away last year, was a leader of men, one of our captains of industry. As a prominent ironmaster, his influence was thrown into the scale for jastice, fair dealing, and conciliation ; and the Board of Conciliation and Arbitration of the Iron Trade is a standing monument to his wisdom, judgment and good feeling. He was born on the last day of 1835, and a few years after leaving school, he entered the colliery department office of Joseph Pease and Partners, Darlington, with whom, during his five years, he quickly attained a very responsible position. In 1859, in association with his brother, the late Thomas Whitwell, the firm of William Whitwell & Co. was founded at Stockton- on-Tees. William Whitwell has long been regarded as a leading light in the iron trade, and as a mainstay of the Cleveland iron industry. One of the original members of the Iron and Steel Institute, he was on its Council for many years, and for two years served as President. Of peculiar value were his active efforts for harmonizing the interests of capital and labour in a day when Government intervention in labour disputes would scarcely have been dreamt of. More than forty years ago, William Whitwell was an earnest advocate of the system which resulted in that highly successful organization, - the Board of Conciliation and Arbitration for the Manufactured Iron and Steel Trade of the North of England. This Board is composed of employers and employed in equal numbers, with arbitrators called in when needful ; and ever since its formation in 1869 it has regulated wages disputes in the finished iron industry any strike worth noting. " Blessed are the peace-makers." It is better to prevent war than to stop it when it has broken out. William Whitw^ell was a member of the Standing Committee of the Board from its foundation, and in 1875 succeeded Sir David Dale as its president, r

office continuously for thirty-two years. The warm place that he had won in the hearts of his employees is suggested in the minute of sympathy which was passed at a general meeting of the workmen. "We desire to testify to the very great respect and esteem in which Mr. Whitwell was held by all who were privileged to serve under him. A very large number who have had that privilege for many years, feel that their loss of his wise counsel and commercial ability is beyond expression. None ever sought his advice or help in vain, and his memory will long be cherished by those who were permitted to serve under him." In public life our late friend also took his part faithfully. For nearly forty years he was a Justice of the Peace for the North Riding. On the incorporation of Thornaby-on-Tees, he was elected an alderman of the borough, an office he retained to the close of life. He was Mayor of the borough for the two years, 1895-7. At one time he was a guardian for South Stockton, and for two years (1876-8) chairman of the Middlesbrough Guardians. He was also a member of the late School Board for Thornaby., and of the County Council ; and his public services were recognized by the conferment of the Deputy-Lieutenancy of the North Riding and the County of York. In politics he was a Liberal, being for many years president of the Stockton and Thornaby Liberal Association. Forty years ago William Whitwell went to live at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, where the pleasantly-situated residence, Overdene, was built and remained his home to the close of life. In the nature of things he was a conspicuous figure in the religious and social life of the little town. A regular attender of the small meeting at Saltburn, his beautiful and impressive reading of the Bible added much for many years to the religious feeling of the gatherings. The meeting-house was the outcome of his death he resigned his presidency of the Cleveland Liberal Association. While staying at Scarborough, he suffered two seizures at short intervals, and he passed away on t

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironfounder. Wm. Whitwell & Co. Ltd. Thornaby Iron Works.
- He had a residence in Saltburn, Yorkshire.

William married Henrietta Jane Fry,²⁶ daughter of Joseph Fry^{8,10,28,29,30,31} and Mary Ann Swaine,^{8,10,28,29} on 17 Sep 1862 in FMH Friars, Bristol. Henrietta was born on 3 Feb 1840 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 13 Mar 1911 in Overdene, Saltburn, Yorkshire at age 71, and was buried in Saltburn Cemetery, Saltburn, Yorkshire. They had ten children: Helen Mary, Henrietta, Marion, William Fry, Joseph Fry, Janet Elizabeth, Francis Albert, Arthur Percy, Hugh, and Cecily Margaret.

General Notes: Henrietta J. WHITWELL, 71 13 3mo. 1911 Salthurn-hy-the-Sea. Widow of William Whitwell. Henrietta Jane Whitwell was born at Bristol on February 3rd, 1840, and was the youngest of the eight children of Joseph and Mary Ann Fry. Her early years were spent among a large circle of relations, and for several years she was, with her sisters and brothers, a teacher in the First-Day School belonging to their Meeting at The Friars, Bristol. In 1862 she married William Whitwell, of Kendal, and settled at Stockton-on-Tees, where the early years of their married life were spent, and where their eldest children were born. Later they removed to Saltburn-by-the-Sea, which became their home for the remainder of their lives. Never was wife and mother more loved and honoured; and under her wise and gentle rule a family of many sons and daughters grew up in unbroken harmony and affection. She had a very humble opinion of herself, and her only trust was in the love and forgiveness of God as revealed in Jesus Christ. In daily life she was watchful and prayerful, but it was in the great trial of gradually lessening sight and the dread of complete blindness that her Christian character shone most brightly. Of a sensitive and rather anxious temperament and keenly alive to all that blindness involved, she yet bore the trial with most exemplary submission. She knew where to look for the strength she needed, and in the constant privations and hindrances which were inevitable, she never gave way to irritability or impatience. She fully recognised her many alleviations and remaining blessings, and adapted her life to its increasing limitations. Her heart was full of tender sympathy and of interest in the lives of others ; always ready to si: are their joys and sorrows, and by constant acts of thoughtful kindness she brightened the lives and ministered to the needs of many. Being a very attentive listener to reading aloud, and to what she heard in other ways, her mind retained its freshness and its lively interest in the questions of the day, and her mental outlook was observed to widen rather than to narrow in these many years of failing sight. It has been remarked by one who knew her well that no one in conversation with her could fail to be impressed by the high level to which she lifted every subject under consideration. She much enjoyed attending sittings of the Yearly Meeting when able to do so, and on many occasions she was present at the annual conferences of the National Union of Women Workers, listening with keen interest to papers and discussions affecting the welfare of women and children. She was president of the local branch of the National Union from its formation and her deep interest in its work was very inspiring to others. At their conferences she took special note of anything that would interest the members of the large Mothers' Meeting over which she presided at Thornaby-on-Tees. This Mothers' Meeting she attended and conducted week after week for nearly twenty-five years, latterly with strength hardly equal to the effort. With a daughter's help she prepared the Bible Lesson for the women, and none who heard her speak, on these or other occasions, could perceive any trace of the difficulty under which the subject was prepared. Since H. J. Whitwell's death very touching testimonies have been given to the help and cheer brought to many members of the meeting, by her loving messages and advice. Circumstances did not lead to her taking a prominent part in the business of our Society, but she was a sympathetic and discerning Elder. Except in her own small meeting at Saltburn her voice was never heard in our Meetings for Worship, although the freshness of her thoughts and the beautiful manner in which her message to her own smaller circle was given would have made her ministry helpful in larger gatherings. In the autumia of 1910 her beloved husband, William Whitwell, died after a short illness, and this loss seriously affected her already enfeebled health. She only survived her husband six months, never having rallied from an illness in the autumn of 1908; but she was sweet, loving and thankful, and there were many flashes of her old brightness even while her strength was failing. This failure of strength was very rapid during the last few weeks of her life; she fully realised this and sent beautiful messages to her children and grandchildren. As the end drew near those who loved her most were thankful that her sensitive spirit was spared, by a state of unconsciousness which resembled a long restful sleep, the immediate anticipation of death, and the pain of parting from the children and grandchildren whom she so dearly loved. Now and then a bright look of happiness came into her still lovely face, as if some sweet thought or anticipation were given her. It was only when her gentle breathing ceased that it was known that the spirit had fled. As with Bunyan's Mr. Fearing, the water of the river was very low when she went over.

7-Helen Mary Whitwell²⁷ was born on 13 Aug 1863 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 16 Feb 1868 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 4.

7-Henrietta Whitwell was born on 12 Aug 1864 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 24 Sep 1951 in Eaglescliffe at age 87.

7-Marion Whitwell⁹ was born on 26 Aug 1866 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 11 Oct 1956 in Hannington Hall, Highworth, Wiltshire at age 90.

Marion married **Claude Basil Fry**,⁹ son of **Richard Fry**^{1,8,9,31,32} and **Margaret Dymond**,^{1,32} on 17 Jan 1900. Claude was born on 9 Sep 1868 in Cotham, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Jul 1942 in Swindon, Wiltshire at age 73. They had two children: **Helen Marion** and **Maurice Edward**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Stoke Lodge, Stoke Bishop, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

8-Helen Marion Fry was born on 8 Nov 1904 in London and died on 20 Jun 1998 at age 93.

Helen married Walter Noel Gurney, son of Anthony Francis Gurney and Beatrice Gurney, on 10 Dec 1930 in Hannington, Wiltshire. Walter was born on 21 Dec 1902 in Rochester, Kent and died on 18 Feb 1972 at age 69. They had five children: Rosamund Helen, Catherine Marion, Humphrey Noel Daniel, William Stephen Claude, and Philippa Jane Beatrice.

9-Rosamund Helen Gurney was born on 7 Oct 1931 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 14 Dec 1943 in Burnham On Sea at age 12.

9-Catherine Marion Gurney

Catherine married George Anthony Mackay, son of Donald John Everall Mackay and Janet Furnell Wilson.

9-Humphrey Noel Daniel Gurney was born on 24 Feb 1935 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 24 Mar 2000 at age 65.

9-William Stephen Claude Gurney

9-Philippa Jane Beatrice Gurney was born on 5 Aug 1943 in Hannington, Wiltshire and died on 4 Sep 1996 at age 53.

8-Maurice Edward Fry was born on 12 Sep 1906 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Literary Agent.

Maurice married Rosina Graham, daughter of Peter Anderson Graham and Rosina Maddan. They had three children: Lindsay Edward Anderson, Rosina Felicity, and Anna Serena.

9-Lindsay Edward Anderson Fry

9-Rosina Felicity Fry

Rosina married Dr. Alan Ivor Cooklin, son of Leonard Cooklin.

9-Anna Serena Fry

7-William Fry Whitwell was born on 12 Dec 1867 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 12 Apr 1942 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Managing Director of Wm. Whitwell & Co., Thornaby Iron Works.

• He worked as a Chairman of Horden Collieries Ltd.

7-Joseph Fry Whitwell^{9,33} was born on 22 Jul 1869 in Saltburn, Yorkshire, died on 6 Nov 1932 in Langbaurgh Hall, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 63, and was buried on 9 Nov 1932 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire. The cause of his death was Committed suicide with a shotgun.

General Notes: **Sunday 6 Nov 1932 -** A most dreadful thing happened today. In the afternoon Betty went to the telephone & came back crying & said Joe Whitwell (Langbaurgh Hall) had shot himself this morning while Ruth was at Church - He was not to be found at lunch & about 1.30 the gardener found him by the Summer house on the grass having blown the top of his head to pieces with his shot gun - He has had a nervous breakdown since August, but we thought after his 2 months in a nursing home under an "expert" nerve Dr (Russell) that he was recovering - he wrote to me at the beginning of this attack & said he was determined not to get as he was about 12 years ago - He was such a kindly, friendly & nice neighbour & relation - a fine good looking man - not

age 90. ristol, Gloucestershire and died on 29 Jul 1942 in brilliant in any way but pleased with himself & very popular - it is a great loss & shock. I have been told that Reid who lived at Langbaurgh before him committed suicide - I do not know if this is correct as I should be abroad then - but Charlie Bell who lived there before that shot himself there - People will say he was insane - & the Inquest will find the same - but it is an illness where you can reason quite well but cannot explain the horror & terror of facing life and each day, it is an indefinable dread and misery which I can understand can become really unbearable - Wed 9 Nov 1932 – Betty & I went to the very large funeral of Joe Whitwell at Ayton. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Langbaurgh Hall, Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

Joseph married **Ruth Gurney**,⁹ daughter of **Sir Somerville Arthur Gurney**^{34,35} and **Katherine Sarah Hamond**, on 10 Oct 1901 in North Runcton. Ruth was born on 5 Sep 1863 in Hardwick, Kings Lynn, Norfolk and died on 31 Jan 1952 in Harrogate, Yorkshire at age 88. They had one son: **David Gurney**.

8-David Gurney Whitwell^{9,36} was born on 26 Oct 1902 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 29 Apr 1934 in London at age 31.

General Notes: Sun 29 April 1934 – We had the sad news in the evening that David Whitwell died this day at noon – aged 32 leaving Daphne & 2 small boys – we feel much for her & Ruth – I believe his illness started with having his tonsils out & was followed by spleenic (sic) anaemia – he was a tall strongly built man – he died in a London Nursing Home – *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

David married **Daphne Hilda Dixon**,^{9,36} daughter of **Harald Raylton Dixon**³⁷ and **Dorothea Margaret Johnson**,³⁷ on 5 Sep 1929 in Stainton, Yorkshire. Daphne was born on 20 Apr 1908 in Redcar, Yorkshire and died in Sep 1985 in Northallerton, Yorkshire at age 77. They had two children: **Joseph Harald** and **William Richard**.

9-Joseph Harald Whitwell

Joseph married Ann Mary Guthe, daughter of Julius Ernst Guthe and Agnes Mary Renwick. They had three children: Belinda Rosemary, Andrew David, and Olivia Daphne.

10-Belinda Rosemary Whitwell

10-Andrew David Whitwell

Andrew married Joanna Shaw, daughter of Thomas Derrick Shaw and Janet Staniland. They had three children: Tessa Harriet, Henrietta Tilly, and Ottilie Hermione.

11-Tessa Harriet Whitwell

- 11-Henrietta Tilly Whitwell
- 11-Ottilie Hermione Whitwell

10-Olivia Daphne Whitwell

Olivia married Stephen Leonard Grundy. They had three children: Gavin John, Ryan James, and Ian Joseph.

- 11-Gavin John Grundy
- 11-Ryan James Grundy
- 11-Ian Joseph Grundy

9-William Richard Whitwell

William married **Rosemary Sowerby Spencer**, daughter of **Ralph Thornton Trevelyan Spencer** and **Dorothy Sowerby**, on 25 Aug 1962 in Manfield, Yorkshire. Rosemary was born on 27 Aug 1936 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 23 Jun 1985 in Nunthorpe, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 48. They had two children: **Amanda Louise** and **David Oliver**.

10-Amanda Louise Whitwell

Amanda married Christopher Raymond Conroy, son of Michael Joseph Conroy and Mary Christina Elisabeth McGuinness. They had two children: Isa Rose and Violet Christina.

11-Isa Rose Conroy

11-Violet Christina Conroy

10-David Oliver Whitwell

William next married Mary Wendy Elisabeth Carlton Porter.

7-Janet Elizabeth Whitwell was born on 2 Sep 1870 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and died on 29 Nov 1953 in Stoney Cross, Hampshire at age 83.

Janet married Edward Thomason Giles, son of Robert Giles and Agnes Laurent, on 9 Jun 1898 in Saltburn, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 8 Aug 1868 in Partney, Lincolnshire and died on 3 Jul 1933 in Santander, Spain at age 64. They had two children: Agnes Janet and John Laurent.

General Notes: Also given as Leonard T. Giles

8-Agnes Janet Giles was born on 22 Sep 1899 in Sheffield, Yorkshire, died on 8 Oct 1980 at age 81, and was buried in Collessie, Fife.

Agnes married George Rae-Arnott, son of Henry Rae-Arnot and Isabella Adam Gemmell, on 10 Jul 1924 in Brockenhurst, Hampshire. George was born on 21 Feb 1897 in Lochieheads, Auchtermuchty, Fife, died on 5 Oct 1971 in Lochieheads, Auchtermuchty, Fife at age 74, and was buried in Collessie, Fife. They had two children: Marion and Janet Winifred.

9-Marion Rae-Arnott

Marion married William Irving Mann, son of Walter Irving Mann and Artif Angel Bibby.

9-Janet Winifred Rae-Arnott

Janet married James Rae. They had one son: John.

10-John Rae

8-John Laurent Giles was born on 22 Jun 1901 in Scarborough, Yorkshire.

John married Elizabeth Constance Alice Falconar, daughter of Oswald Falconar and Elizabeth Bell, on 4 Apr 1929 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Elizabeth was born on 23 Sep 1906 in Tynemouth, Northumberland. They had three children: Elizabeth Tamsin, John Robert, and David Laurent.

9-Elizabeth Tamsin Giles

Elizabeth married Stephen Arthur De Mowbray,³⁸ son of Dr. Ralph Marsh De Mowbray and Evelyn Mary Miles, on 26 Apr 1952 in Lymington, Hampshire. Stephen was born on 15 Aug 1925 in Lymington, Hampshire and died on 4 Oct 2016 at age 91. They had four children: Simon Giles, Marcus Ralph, Juliet Mary, and Arthur.

General Notes: **MOWBRAY, STEPHEN DE,** A graduate of New College, Oxford, Stephen de Mowbray joined the Secret Intelligence Service (SIS) in 1950, at age 25, and two years later, was posted to Cairo. In 1953, he undertook a two-year tour in Baghdad and then returned to Broadway. In 1957, he was appointed head of station in Montevideo and was back in London in 1961.

During his period in SIS's counter-intelligence branch, he was indoctrinated into the mole hunts that had beset the Security Service, and he acted as one of SIS's two representatives on the FLUENCY Committee, on which Arthur Martin served for MI5, which investigated Soviet spy suspects. One of the cases he pursued was that of Donald Prater, whom he interviewed in New Zealand after the latter's retirement from SIS, ostensibly on health grounds. De Mowbray transferred to Washington, DC, in 1964 and succeeded the head of station in 1966. He remained in the United States for a further two years and then came back to Broadway.

In June 1974, de Mowbray became concerned that evidence of Soviet penetration of the Security Service was being overlooked and decided to alert Prime Minister Harold Wilson. His visit to Downing Street, where he was received by the cabinet secretary, sparked off the inquiry conducted by Lord Trend into the allegations made against Sir Roger Hollis At the conclusion of his investigation, which de Mowbray expressed severe reservations about, Trend concluded that "there was no compelling evidence against Hollis, or even that MI5 had suffered hostile penetration," De Mowbray retired in 1975 to start a new family in Kent, and he has helped edit Anatoli Golitsyn's hook *New Lies far Old* and has embarked on an ambitious project to record a comprehensive chronology of the Soviet Union. In the July/August 1984 edition of *Encounter* he also contributed an article entitled "Soviet Deception and the Onset of the Cold War." *Historical Dictionary of British Intelligence*. Nigel West. (2014). Scarecrow Press

By Gordon Corera Security correspondent BBC News

By Gordon Corera Security correspondent, BBC News

26 January 2010

For 30 years Stephen De Mowbray has maintained a self-imposed silence on a career that once took him to the heart of one of British intelligence's most controversial episodes.

In 1979 he quit his job with the Secret Service because he believed officials had failed to take seriously the claim that British intelligence had been further penetrated by its enemy - the Soviet Union's KGB.

A number of spies had been discovered in the 1960s but De Mowbray believed there were more. But he found no-one at the top willing to listen. "People thought I was either mad or bad because I was trying to do something," he says of that time.

Three decades later, De Mowbray decided to tell his side of the story after reading the authorised history of the Security Service (MI5), published last October. It dismisses the view that there were further traitors in the Security Service.

Conspiracy theories?

In the book, De Mowbray's claims are the subject of a chapter subtitled "paranoid tendencies" which recounts his work as well as that of two colleagues, Peter Wright (author of the controversial Spycatcher) and Arthur Martin.

The book quotes an MI5 director saying of the group: "Involvement in counter-espionage cases induces in some a form of paranoia."

De Mowbray himself is referred to - although not by name - as "the leading SIS (Secret Intelligence Service) conspiracy theorist".

"I was this SIS officer," De Mowbray confirms.

De Mowbray joined the Secret Service shortly after World War II and in the 1960s was assigned to work in the field of Soviet counter-intelligence investigating the operations of the KGB. The British establishment was in the process of being rocked by a series of scandals in which a number of individuals were revealed to be working for the other side. De Mowbray was assigned to work on the case of a KGB officer named Anatoliy Golitsyn, who defected in 1961.

Golitsyn remains a controversial figure. De Mowbray argues he provided a number of crucial leads. Critics say he became prone to exaggeration. Golitsyn's information suggested there were more traitors in the West, including within its intelligence agencies.

At the same time, two MI5 officers - Arthur Martin and Peter Wright - had also both come separately to the same conclusion - that there was a penetration at the highest reaches of the Security Service.

Extraordinary times

They called on MI6 to help and De Mowbray was assigned to assist them.

"There were extraordinary things going on," recalls De Mowbray.

"Martin was running people against the Soviets and those operations were going wonky."

Meanwhile Peter Wright's bugging devices, which had been installed in Soviet premises around the world, were also failing to produce intelligence.

These operations were known only to very few senior officers in MI5.

"I was utterly horrified at the thought that this was happening," says De Mowbray.

When the small group added in Golitsyn's claims they came to believe that there was a mole at the very top - either Graham Mitchell, the number two at MI5, or his boss Roger Hollis. "I vowed to myself that I would never let go of this case," recalls De Mowbray.

In his authorised history of MI5, Christopher Andrew describes the investigations into Hollis and Mitchell as "the most traumatic episodes in the Cold War history of the Security Service". Mitchell was investigated first. As recounted in the authorised history, this involved bugging his phone, feeding him false information and putting him under close surveillance. "We followed Mitchell all over the place, downtown when he left from the office, trying to chase him up the steps in Waterloo when he went home," recalls De Mowbray.

Even after his retirement, Mitchell was still monitored. Nothing was found. Next Hollis was investigated but eventually also cleared.

"There were suspicions with both of them," De Mowbray argues. "There are not suspicions now. But somebody was doing it."

'KGB campaign'

In 1964, De Mowbray was posted to Washington where he worked more closely with Golitsyn and his sponsor in the CIA, James Jesus Angleton. Angleton became convinced that the KGB was mounting a wide-scale deception campaign to hide its true capabilities and the presence of its spies in the West.

He was eventually dismissed from the CIA. Critics said he damaged the organisation through his investigations into a CIA "mole" who never existed. In the authorised history of MI5, it is argued that Golitsyn became an increasing "liability" because of his "passionately paranoid tendencies".

De Mowbray disagrees with the portrayal of Golitsyn. He says he has been misrepresented and disputes details presented of Golitsyn's visits to the UK, arguing that some of them were genuinely productive in terms of intelligence leads.

De Mowbray became increasingly frustrated at the lack of action and complained repeatedly to his superiors through the 1970s.

He was moved away from the investigation. "I could not reconcile myself to doing nothing: I had made so many commitments to myself and to others to pursue the problem to the end that I could not wash my hands and forget about it," he explains.

He argued that MI5 had not properly investigated itself and was incapable of doing so. "It was a very difficult situation for years on end," he says now of that time. De Mowbray went as far as approaching the Cabinet Secretary, Sir John (later Lord) Hunt. He referred De Mowbray on to a former Cabinet Secretary, Lord Trend, who conducted a review of the subject and found insufficient evidence to support the allegations.

"Don't expect me to tear Whitehall apart about all this," De Mowbray recalls Lord Trend telling him.

He was told he could not have his old job back in counter-intelligence and soon after De Mowbray applied for early retirement.

He went off to the US initially to help Golitsyn write a book on Soviet deception and later to help him on his unpublished memoirs. He had no further contact with the intelligence services and steered clear of public comment until reading the authorised history of MI5.

The consensus view has now developed, reflected in Christopher Andrew's book, that there were no further high-level penetrations in British intelligence. But De Mowbray remains convinced that there is a dark secret that has still not come out.

"When I left most people were oblivious of the situation", he says. "Maybe I was wrong? But I don't think I was."

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Fleet Air Arm Observer and Navigator.
- He worked as a Member of the Secret Intelligence Service SIS in 1950.
- He worked as a member of SIS in 1952-1952 in Cairo, Egypt.
- He worked as a member of SIS in 1953-1955 in Baghdad, Iraq.
- He worked as a member of SIS in 1955-1957 in 54 Broadway, Victoria, London.
- He worked as a Head of Station, SIS in 1957-1961 in Montivideo, Uruguay.
- He worked as a member of SIS in 1961-1964 in 54 Broadway, Victoria, London.
- He worked as a MI6 Liason officer to the CIA in 1964-1966 in Washington, D.C., USA.
- He worked as a Head of Station, SIS in 1966-1968 in Washington, D.C., USA.
- He worked as a member of SIS in 1968-1975 in 54 Broadway, Victoria, London.

10-Simon Giles De Mowbray

10-Marcus Ralph De Mowbray

10-Juliet Mary De Mowbray

10-Arthur De Mowbray

9-John Robert Giles

John married Jill Faith Jennifer Hornblower, daughter of G. A. Hornblower.

9-David Laurent Giles

David married Vanessa Levis, daughter of Derek Levis.

7-Francis Albert Whitwell⁹ was born on 7 Nov 1871 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and died on 15 Nov 1943 in Lincoln, Lincolnshire at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Uppingham.
- He worked as an Architect.
- He had a residence in Nanny Brow, Ambleside, Cumbria.

Francis married **Dorothy Evelyn Chetwode Fussell**,⁹ daughter of **Rev. Richardson Fussell** and **Elizabeth Catherine Hall-Dare**, on 7 Oct 1902 in London. Dorothy was born on 15 Apr 1878 in Mayfair, London. They had four children: **Elizabeth Agnes, Margaret Dorothea, Peter Francis**, and **Diana Mary**.

8-Elizabeth Agnes Whitwell was born on 10 Sep 1903 in London and died on 1 Aug 1955 in Berlin, Germany at age 51.

8-Margaret Dorothea Whitwell was born on 27 Jun 1906 in Ambleside, Cumbria.

8-Peter Francis Whitwell was born on 30 Jun 1911 in Ambleside, Cumbria and died on 19 Mar 1978 at age 66.

Peter married H.H. Princess Helene Henriette De Ligne, daughter of H.H. Prince Albert De Ligne and Marie Louise De Sincay, on 9 Sep 1948 in Brussels. H.H. was born on 9 Jun 1917 in The

Hague, Netherlands and died on 2 Dec 2004 in Uccle, Belgium at age 87. They had one daughter: Alexandra Marie Louise.

9-Alexandra Marie Louise Whitwell

8-Diana Mary Whitwell

Diana married George Andrew Brougham Docker, son of Wilfrid Brougham Docker and Constance Louise Langman. They had two children: Carolyn Diana Brougham and Andrew Brougham.

9-Carolyn Diana Brougham Docker

Carolyn married Peregrine Edward Grenfell Lort-Phillips,³⁹ son of Capt. Raymond Lort-Phillips³⁹ and Violet Susan May St. Aubyn,³⁹ on 27 Jul 1963 in Oxford. Peregrine was born on 12 Mar 1937 in Suffolk and died in 1988 at age 51. They had two children: **Penelope Samantha** and **Venetia Nike**.

10-Penelope Samantha Lort-Phillips

Penelope married Campbell Gordon. They had two children: Edward Peregrine Lysander and Alexander George Campbell.

11-Edward Peregrine Lysander Gordon

11-Alexander George Campbell Gordon

10-Venetia Nike Lort-Phillips

Venetia married Andrew Robin Eliot. They had one daughter: Tabitha Florence.

11-Tabitha Florence Eliot

9-Andrew Brougham Docker

7-Arthur Percy Whitwell was born on 16 Jun 1873 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and died on 10 May 1958 in Ticehurst, East Sussex at age 84.

General Notes: Of Darlington

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor with Lucas, Hutchinson & Meek 1907 until 1949 in Darlington, County Durham.

Arthur married Marion Greenwood, daughter of Staniforth Greenwood and Margaret Eleanor Dent, on 29 Oct 1919 in Birstwith, Harrogate, Yorkshire. Marion was born on 22 Jun 1892 in Birstwith, Harrogate, Yorkshire and died on 29 Apr 1980 in Hamilton Terrace, London at age 87. They had three children: Stephen John, Timothy Arthur, and Hugh.

Noted events in her life were:

She resided at Flat 2, 22 Hamiliton Terrace NW8 in London.

8-Stephen John Whitwell was born on 30 Jul 1920 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 6 Oct 2010 at age 90.

General Notes:

Stephen was at one time, a regular correspondent of Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt., who said of him, "Stephen was such an interesting correspondent and I rather wish that I had known him better." They never met in person.

On 2nd March 2012, Sir JGP wrote to myself (CEGP) and said, "I had suspected he might have died but in spite of looking through the deaths every day, I obviously missed seeing it at the time. I didn't know about his time in Seoul or in Tehran pre-Ayatollah times. I think he told me it was because his sight was starting to fail he had decided to move from Aston Tirrold in June 1996, and sold his house there very quickly, and said he'd sold it to people who were 'partners', but didn't embroider on that as to whether or not they were same sex 'partners' or man and woman. He moved to a Residential Home (38 Pythouse, Tisbury, Salisbury, Wilts) in about September 1996 and wrote to me from there 10 days after he'd shifted with everything all in a great jumble (a family failing perhaps?) – 'cheque book stubs mixed up with socks' he said. I don't know that he was terribly happy there – anyhow because of his sight problem, our correspondence came to an end, but I always enjoyed getting his letters and he said he wondered if he and I were the only people left in England who corresponded regularly." Coldstream Guards officer who overcame polio to win the MC in the battle of Ornito

In spite of contracting polio at the age of six which left him with a shortened leg and required visits to consultants throughout his childhood, Stephen Whitwell joined the OTC after going to Oxford, in 1939, and secured him a commission in the Coldstream Guards, joining the the regiment in December 1940. From January 1943 he served in North Africa, including Tunisia, and thereafter in Italy during a miserably cold winter in 1944 when his physical endurance was particularly tested.

At the battle of Ornito in mountainous conditions, the citation for his Military Cross details the way in which his platoon bore the brunt of a double attack during the first part of which he "played a leading part with a Thompson sub-machinegun and grenades". He "later led his platoon into the assault with complete disregard for his personal safety and was largely responsible for clearing the enemy from the hill and taking 20 prisoners".

Unable to lead a second assault because his legs had given up, he nonetheless directed the action, so that further success was achieved. He remained with the Army until February 1947 being stationed for a time in Austria. The controversial repatriation of Cossacks back to the Soviet Union happening at this time concerned him all his life.

Stephen John Whitwell was born in Darlington in 1920 the eldest son of a successful solicitor. Because of his limp, his parents chose to send him to Stowe rather than to the more sport-minded Uppingham to which both his younger brothers went. Urged by his history tutor at Stowe, he went up to Christ Church, Oxford, in October 1939 and had an enjoyable year. Though he chose not to return to Oxford after the war, he was awarded a degree and then sat the examination for the Foreign Service, as it then was.

In 1947 he was sent to Tehran which he found chaotic, but across which he was able to travel widely, and in 1949 to Belgrade. In 1952 he was sent to New Delhi, possibly his favourite posting. After a posting to Seoul in 1961 he was appointed in 1964 Political Adviser to the Commander-in-Chief, Middle East, in Aden, where he witnessed the fraught ending of Britain's involvement. He returned to Belgrade as a Counsellor in 1965, and his diplomatic his career culminated in his being appointed Ambassador to Somalia from 1968 to 1970. He was appointed CMG in 1969. Retiring in 1971, and moving to Aston Tirrold in Oxfordshire, he became involved in many local activities, including the renovation of Wallingford Museum, membership of the British Institute of Persian Studies and the Oxfordshire Historic Churches Trust.

He never married, but the unofficial guardianship of the two sons of a diplomatic colleague gave him great pleasure.

Stephen Whitwell, CMG, MC, diplomat, was born on July 31, 1920. He died on October 6, 2010, aged 90

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG. MC.
- He was educated at Stowe.
- He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford in 1939.
- He worked as a Diplomat in 1952 in New Delhi, India.
- He worked as a Diplomat in 1961 in Seoul, South Korea.
- He worked as a Political Adviser to the CinC, Middle East in 1964 in Aden.
- He worked as a Counsellor in 1965 in Belgrade, Serbia.
- He worked as a British Ambassador 1968 To 1970 in Somalia.
- His obituary was published in the Stephen John Whitwell from The Times.

8-Timothy Arthur Whitwell

Timothy married Julia Marion Robson, daughter of Frank Froom Robson and Kathleen Marion Garraway. They had two children: Jeremy and Jane.

9-Jeremy Whitwell

9-Jane Whitwell

8-Hugh Whitwell

Hugh married Hanni Eggerling, daughter of Christian Wilhelm Edward Eggerling and Margrit Schaefer.

7-Dr. Hugh Whitwell was born on 26 Jan 1876 in Saltburn, Yorkshire and died on 20 Oct 1922 in Saltburn, Yorkshire at age 46.

7-Cecily Margaret Whitwell was born on 16 Jul 1879 in Saltburn, Yorkshire.

Cecily married Capt. Herbert Atfield Engledue, son of William John Engledue and Eliza Mcivor Forrest, on 28 Jan 1914 in Yarm. Herbert was born on 28 Jan 1872 in Tavistock, Devon and died on 12 Apr 1959 in Aston Tirrold, Berkshire at age 87. They had two children: Cecily Ann and Henrietta Barbara.

8-Cecily Ann Engledue

Cecily married John Vincent Rowe, son of Henry Vincent Rowe and Constance Dixon, on 15 Jan 1938 in Abingdon, Oxfordshire. John was born on 11 Dec 1912 in London and died in 1993 at age 81. They had two children: Charles Vincent and Patience Henrietta.

9-Charles Vincent Rowe

9-Patience Henrietta Rowe

8-Henrietta Barbara Engledue

6-Thomas Whitwell^{9,22,40,41,42,43,44} was born on 24 Oct 1837 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 5 Aug 1878 in Thornaby on Tees, County Durham at age 40, and was buried on 9 Aug 1878.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1847-1853 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineering apprentice in 1855-1857 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as an Apprentice at Robert Stephenson & Co. In 1857-1859 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as an Ironfounder with his brother William in Sep 1859 in Thornaby on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Secretary of the YMCA in 1861-1878 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Partner in the Southern States Coal, Iron and Land Company.
- Miscellaneous: Travel.
- He had a residence in Church Row, Stockton on Tees.
- He worked as a Founder and President of the Cleveland Institute of Engineers on 15 Sep 1864.
- He worked as a helper to the Friends' War Victim's Relief Fund in 1870-1871 in France.

6-Alfred Whitwell^{9,44,45} was born on 7 Aug 1839 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 Jun 1871 in Bombay, India at age 31.

General Notes: Alfred was involved in a fraud, involving a ship named the Aurora, which was deliberately set on fire at sea, with the intention of claiming on the insurance. He was sentenced to penal servitude for life. Speaking with my father, Sir J. Gurney Pease Bt., on the 11th September 2011, he confirms that Joseph Whitwell Pease, (later Sir Joseph), wrote in his diary that he had sought from the Indian judicial authorities some hope that Alfred would serve his sentence in a British prison.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1847-1854 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Tea Planter in India.
- He worked as a Ship and Freight broker. General agent. Elmstone, Whitwell & Co. In Bombay, India.

Alfred married Agnes Dick Baxter, daughter of John Baxter and Frances Hay Gardner, on 24 Nov 1869 in Blairgowrie, Perth & Kinross. Agnes was born on 16 Oct 1846 in Blairgowrie, Perth & Kinross, died on 27 Dec 1933 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 87, and was buried in Dean Cemetery, Edinburgh. They had one daughter: Frances Helen.

7-Frances Helen Whitwell was born on 1 Oct 1870 in London, died in 1952 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 82, and was buried in Dean Cemetery, Edinburgh.

Frances married Mark George Faed, son of James Faed and Mary Cotton. Mark was born on 24 Aug 1873 in Glenluce, Wigtownshire, died in 1951 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland at age 78, and was buried in Dean Cemetery, Edinburgh.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Artist.

6-Lucy Whitwell⁹ was born on 16 May 1841 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 19 Jan 1907 in Torquay, Devon at age 65.

6-George Coates Whitwell⁹ was born on 23 Dec 1842 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 3 Feb 1911 in Egglescliffe, County Durham at age 68.

6-Jane Whitwell⁹ was born on 2 Feb 1845 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 19 Jan 1913 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 67.

Jane married **Rev. Robert Lloyd Cranfield**,⁹ son of **Thomas Cranfield**, on 23 Aug 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria. Robert was born on 6 Jun 1841 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 11 Apr 1894 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 52. They had two children: **Gladys Gwendoline** and **Evelyn Winifred**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

7-Gladys Gwendoline Cranfield⁹ was born on 23 Jan 1880 in Morcambe and died on 27 Jul 1952 in London at age 72.

Gladys married James Egerton Howard Monypenny,⁹ son of Phillips Howard Monypenny and Emma Melasina MacMunn, on 6 Jun 1905 in London. James was born on 26 Jun 1864 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 11 Feb 1931 in London at age 66. They had one daughter: Joan Cranfield.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 17 Hanover Square, London.

8-Joan Cranfield Monypenny 29th of Pitmilly was born on 21 Jun 1926 in London and died on 20 Feb 1986 at age 59.

Joan married Flight Lieut. John Barker Hereward Rogers on 21 Jul 1931 in London. John was born in 1901 in Colchester, Essex and died in 1940 in Killed In Action at age 39.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Air Force.

Joan next married **Rear-Admiral Vernon d'Arcy Donaldson,** son of **Admiral Leonard Andrew Boyd Donaldson** and **Mary Mitchell Thompson,** on 27 Jul 1946 in London. Vernon was born on 1 Feb 1906 in Southsea, Hampshire and died on 30 Apr 1992 at age 86.

7-Evelyn Winifred Cranfield⁹ was born on 10 Nov 1881 in Morecambe, Lancashire.

Evelyn married **Dr. Albert William Bowie**,⁹ son of **John Bowie** and **Jane Smith**, on 26 Apr 1905 in Lancaster, Lancashire. Albert was born on 22 Jan 1873 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 13 Aug 1939 in London at age 66. They had one son: **Albert Gordon**.

8-Lt. Col. Albert Gordon Bowie was born on 29 Apr 1907 in London.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a RIASC.

Albert married Nancy Mary Macgregor, daughter of Donald Macgregor and Winifred Rutherford. They had three children: Jean Anne, Patricia Mary, and Barbara Macgregor.

9-Jean Anne Bowie

9-Patricia Mary Bowie

9-Barbara Macgregor Bowie

6-Emma Whitwell⁹ was born on 22 Sep 1846 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 May 1920 in London at age 73.

Emma married **Dr. Benjamin Robert Archer Taylor,** son of **Benjamin Sword Taylor**, on 15 Dec 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria. Benjamin was born on 29 Jun 1855 in Tottenham, London and died on 28 Jun 1941 in Meckering, Western Australia at age 85. They had one son: **Reginald Archer**.

7-Reginald Archer Taylor was born on 16 Nov 1886 in Kendal, Cumbria and was christened on 11 Mar 1887 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1942 in Van Nuys, Los Angeles, California, USA.

6-Hannah Maria Whitwell⁹ was born on 12 Jan 1849 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Aug 1912 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 63.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1862-Dec 1865 in York, Yorkshire.

6-Henry Whitwell^{9,46} was born on 12 Oct 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 Jul 1923 in Monkton Combe, Bath, Somerset at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 29 Frederick Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Henry married **Bertha Harris**,^{9,46} daughter of **John Harris**^{8,9,27,47,48} and **Mary Wilson**,^{8,9,47,48} on 11 Apr 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria. Bertha was born on 29 Feb 1856 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 1 May 1916 in Winchmore Hill, London at age 60. They had four children: **Ernest Henry, Raymond, Mary Dorothy**, and **Agnes Margaret**.

7-Ernest Henry Whitwell was born on 10 Feb 1884 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 20 Nov 1884 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

7-Raymond Whitwell was born on 27 Jun 1885 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Jan 1958 in Kilve, Somerset at age 72.

Raymond married **Frances Anna Figgis**, daughter of **Edmund Johnston Figgis** and **Emily Edith Leech**, on 27 Jun 1912 in Dublin, Ireland. Frances was born on 7 Dec 1884 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 4 Sep 1921 in Croydon, Surrey at age 36. They had two children: **Anna Muriel** and **Geraldine Frances**.

8-Anna Muriel Whitwell was born on 4 Apr 1913 in London and died on 3 Apr 1987 at age 73.

Anna married Philip Harry Morton, son of Harry Morton and Clara Ellen Whitehouse, on 16 Aug 1932 in London. Philip was born on 14 Mar 1905 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had one son: Michael Philip.

9-Michael Philip Morton

Michael married Christine Margaret Catton, daughter of John Leslie Catton and Dorothy Mortimer. They had one son: Nicholas Michael.

10-Nicholas Michael Morton

Anna next married Alex Yates.

8-Geraldine Frances Whitwell was born on 8 Apr 1917 in London.

Geraldine married **Douglas Albert Leadbeater**, son of **Albert Peter Leadbeater** and **Grace Emily Moore**, on 6 Oct 1951 in Taunton, Somerset. Douglas was born on 18 Apr 1923 in Armley, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 12 Dec 2002 at age 79. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth Anne Frances**.

9-Elizabeth Anne Frances Leadbeater

Elizabeth married Mark Adrian Young.

Raymond next married Florence Mary Mitchell, daughter of Kenneth Mitchell and Mary Jane York, on 5 Jan 1924 in Croydon, Surrey. Florence was born on 16 Aug 1889 in London.

7-Mary Dorothy Whitwell⁹ was born on 23 Dec 1887 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1904-1905 in York, Yorkshire.

Mary married **Dr. Cecil William Wilson**,⁹ son of **Dr. William Wilson**⁹ and **Catherine Sarah Goodman**,⁹ on 1 Jun 1915 in Enfield. Cecil was born on 8 Jan 1886 in Hangchon-Fu, China. They had one daughter: Anne Elizabeth Jeanette.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician.

8-Anne Elizabeth Jeanette Wilson

7-Agnes Margaret Whitwell was born on 21 Mar 1894 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1910 in York, Yorkshire.

Agnes married Henry Jenkyn Powell, son of Edward O'donovan Powell and Elizabeth Mary Jenkin, on 1 Aug 1916 in Enfield. Henry was born on 27 Aug 1878 in Limpley Stoke, Wiltshire and died on 8 Jan 1962 in Monkton Combe, Bath, Somerset at age 83. They had three children: Cecilia Mary Fergusson, Henry Denis Whitwell, and Rosalind Margaret Pery.

8-Cecilia Mary Fergusson Powell was born on 31 Aug 1917 in Monkton Combe, Bath, Somerset and died in Oct 1989 in Aylesbury Vale, Buckinghamshire at age 72.

8-Dr. Henry Denis Whitwell Powell was born on 23 Apr 1919 in Monkton Combe, Bath, Somerset and died on 11 Aug 2014 in Leicester, Leicestershire at age 95.

General Notes: Henry Denis Whitwell Powell ('Denis') was a consultant orthopaedic surgeon in High Wycombe and Amersham. The middle child and only son of Henry and Margaret Powell, he was born on 23 April 1919 and brought up with his two sisters Celia and Rosalind at Monkton Combe near Bath, in a large house with seven staff and good, tall trees for climbing in the garden. He and Celia shared a governess until he went to boarding school aged eight. Brought up in a Christian family, he regularly attended the school chapel in term time and visited a whole range of churches in the holidays. He was clearly keen on and good at sport. He enjoyed inspirational teaching from Bill Wilson, his biology teacher. Trips to his aunt meant going out with his GP uncle Cecil, visiting patients on Exmoor. Denis waited outside in the car, but he said this experience helped him decide to do medicine.

Cambridge came next, an expansion of his world. Here he met Leonore Elisita Trench ('Leo'). Although Denis moved on to Edinburgh for his clinical studies, he staved in contact with Leo and they became engaged in 1943. He used to tell stories of the times he cycled between either Bath or London and Edinburgh at the beginning and end of term, stopping in youth hostels or with friends and family on the way, taking roughly a week for each journey.

In 1943 he worked through the summer in Hull and wrote a thank you letter after he left to his consultant, who responded, giving a delightful and recognisable picture of Denis. The consultant wrote: 'The hospital now is a remarkably peaceful place. The deathly silence of the corridors at night is most marked, no more are we uplifted by a melodious baritone voice raised in song, not even the mildest yodel can be heard. It is almost like a hospital. I'm not sure I have got your address right. I have tried a microscope on your writing in vain!'

Denis and Leo were married on 3 February 1945 and spent three weeks together before he was called up. Their first daughter, Margaret, was born in December 1945, although she was not seen by Denis until he came home from India in June 1947. Janet was born in 1949, John in 1951, with Clare arriving in 1954.

Denis joined the RAF and worked on flying stations in the UK. He took decisions about prisoners of war arriving back from the Continent, and whether they should be allowed to go home, which they were longing to do. He hated having to tell them 'No, you cannot go home as you need to be hospitalised' and 'Yes, you need to be de-loused again'. The other job he hated was having to take decisions about operational aircrew who were no longer fit to fly. While during the First World War what we now know as post-traumatic stress disorder was called 'shell shock', in the Second World War it gained the more blaming label of 'lack of moral fibre'. He hated having to give this label to men, but this was the only way to release them from active flying service. In the summer of 1945 he flew to India, and was there for most of the next two years.

When he left the RAF in the summer of 1947 he struggled to find work, as he was competing with a flood of demobbed doctors chasing too few jobs. He eventually found jobs as a demonstrator and in house posts, and was excited by being part of the new NHS. He began his orthopaedic career, gaining his fellowship in 1953 after several attempts. The next milestone was 1956, when he moved to registrar and senior registrar posts in Manchester. At last, in 1960, he got a consultant job covering High Wycombe and Amersham hospitals, and the family moved to Cryers Hill on the edge of the Chilterns, roughly between the two towns.

He did not often talk to his family about his work, but on the rare occasions he did, he would tell us how he cared for babies with spina bifida and thalidomide-affected children. We saw him at work on Christmas Day, when we always went with him to the hospital to visit. It was very clear he was loved by his nurses, whom he teased and was teased back by remorselessly - his way of making a more human connection than hospital roles often allowed. At the same time, he was also very clearly head of the team. He was utterly committed to his work and sincerely respected other peoples' contributions to the work of the team.

Kim Cheetham, a paediatrician, writes: 'I soon discovered Denis was a marvellous colleague, very supportive of me, when I was new. We were always able to work together to make an effective treatment plan. He developed a system of treating young infants with broken legs without the need for hospital admission. This meant babies still very dependent on their mothers were not separated from them for the six weeks that was standard practice at the time. A quiet, highly competent man, who had high standards of personal practice that were very widely admired, and, of course, copied.

Another cause that engaged him was the care of patients who had undergone electro-convulsive therapy and had sustained femoral fractures during their seizures: this led him to research appropriate muscle relaxants.

When walking around High Wycombe with his family, people would came up to him and say 'I worked in theatre with you in the 70s' or 'You did my hip in 82'. Their gratitude, and their pleasure at seeing him, delighted him.

Much of his working life was before we had seat belts and before motorcyclists wore helmets. So his work included a lot of road traffic accidents. He struggled with breaking bad news to families, and with the operations where he worked for hours to try to save a badly hurt young motorcyclist, but still had to tell the parents at the end that the young person had died. He worked long hours, with full clinics and theatres, adding the hours on call and at the weekends to an already unlimited working week. He stayed at hospital until the work was done and his family never knew when he would come home. He showed great determination to do his best, was meticulously careful, and had real commitment to both the quality of his work and to his individual patients. The emotional demands of mending damaged bodies were enormous. He recovered by mowing the extensive lawns and gardening, and sometimes by eating alone and retreating to the study, where he wrote notes on every operation he did. There were significant costs to this way of working, both to him in his tiredness and in his absence from family life. So holidays became very important. The family youth hostelled, camped and caravanned. They walked and climbed the hills, and he ran down scree slopes, starting little avalanches and terrifying his children. He was a very good photographer of landscapes and occasionally included his family!

Denis loved to combine work and travelling. He went to Denmark and Sweden to study what they had learned from a polio outbreak and to apply this to a 1958 UK outbreak. Working in northern Nigeria fascinated him. He was a professor in Sudan for a term, accompanied by Leo (and Clare joined them for a holiday), examined students in Libya, worked for the Eritrean People's Liberation Front in their struggle for independence from Ethiopia, which involved operating in an underground hospital and, last but not least, in Botswana, where, as well as treating people, he also operated on a lioness with a broken leg.

Retirement meant more time and New Zealand was short of orthopaedic specialists in the late 1980s. Denis and Leo went three times to Dunedin, where he was known as 'the golden oldie', and once to Invercargill. They never repeated a journey, managing to cross Russia on the Trans-Siberian railway, visit family in western Canada and ex-colleagues in India. There was always music in his life. Denis listened, he sang and he played. One of his early memories was listening to his dad in the Bath choir, singing the Messiah every year at Christmas. Listening to good music gave him real joy.

Denis started singing in the school chapel choir, and loved being part of the annual Gilbert and Sullivan school production. He was in choirs all his adult life, including the BBC Northern Singers in Manchester and, in his final years, the Humberstone Choral Society in Leicester. Singing for him was a way of expressing feeling, which was so much harder in words. As a youngster he played the cello and then passed his instrument on to his daughter, Margaret.

Denis was a man who initially could look stern, especially to a child, and then came the twinkle, the tease and the laugh. His feet were firmly rooted in valuing the old. 'You can't throw that away, I bought it in India' he said of a decrepit bag spotted during the clearing of his home in 2007. The bag was at least 60 years old. He could be stubborn, always doing things in his own time, and unaware of the impact of this on other people. Denis could express his feelings very strongly, but not always in words. This could make communication with him difficult and sometimes impossible. Under stress, whether from work or family matters, he tended to withdraw and not see the pain this caused others and was often not able to engage in the discussions that, sometimes, can reduce pain. Finally, his faith, which was centrally important to him, but about which he rarely talked; it was a private matter, but he had great certainty. It was displayed in his work and his caring for his patients, as well as in his wider life. He loved visiting churches and cathedrals, whether ruined or still in use.

Leo died in 2004 and, after three years, Denis moved from High Wycombe to Leicester, close to his middle daughter. He was able to live alone initially, but in time needed increasing support and moved into a care home for the last three and a half years of his life. He died on 11 August 2014, aged 95.

His memorial service was attended by family and friends, representing many aspects of his life, from a lady who had been present at his wedding and a physio who had worked with him in High Wycombe, to four of his 10 great-grandchildren.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MB ChB FRCS.
- He worked as a Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon in Amersham, Buckinghamshire.

Henry married Leonore Elistia Trench, daughter of Rev. George Frederick Trench and Muriel Leonore Robinson, on 3 Feb 1945 in London. Leonore was born on 4 Nov 1920 in Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada and died on 4 Dec 2004 at age 84. They had four children: Margaret Leonore, Janet Elistia, John Denis Trench, and Clare Louise.

9-Margaret Leonore Powell

Margaret married Frank William Taylor. They had three children: Michael John, Peter Hugh, and Christopher David.

10-Michael John Taylor

10-Peter Hugh Taylor

10-Christopher David Taylor

9-Janet Elistia Powell

Janet married Derek Peacock. They had two children: Timothy Simon and Anthony Robert.

10-Timothy Simon Peacock

10-Anthony Robert Peacock

Janet next married Murray Frankland.

9-John Denis Trench Powell

9-Clare Louise Powell

Clare married Philip Marshall Garside. They had three children: Douglas Paul, Alan Nigel, and Ian Richard.

10-Douglas Paul Garside

10-Alan Nigel Garside

10-Ian Richard Garside

8-Rosalind Margaret Pery Powell

Rosalind married Brian John McCormack, son of Leslie Patrick McCormack and Ruby Vida West.

6-Helen Whitwell⁹ was born on 16 Dec 1852 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 23 Mar 1853 in Kendal, Cumbria.

William next married Susan Thompson, daughter of Henry Thompson, on 22 Sep 1877. Susan was born in 1826, died in 1898 at age 72, and was buried in Harrogate, Yorkshire.

5-Hannah Maria Whitwell⁹ was born on 4 Jul 1810 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Jul 1875 in Underhill, Kendal, Cumbria at age 65.

Hannah married John Jowitt Wilson,^{8,9,49} son of Isaac Wilson^{8,9,23,50,51,52,53} and Mary Jowitt,^{8,9,23,50,51,53} on 12 Apr 1832 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. John was born on 22 Dec 1809 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 16 Feb 1875 in Underhill, Kendal, Cumbria at age 65. They had 12 children: Isaac Whitwell, Anna Maria, Sarah, John Frederick, Henry, Katherine, Mary Susan, Arnold, Forster, Rachel Esther, Edith, and Francis.

General Notes: 17 Feb 1875, Wed: Isaac Wilson got a telegram of the death of his brother John, he had been a long time ailing - Forster, his son had only returned from Australia the day before ! He was an excellent man, sound, straight and a good Christian. The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Mayor of Kendal, on four separate occasions.
- He had a residence in Underhill, Kendal, Cumbria.

6-Isaac Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 22 Jan 1833 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Mar 1881 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 48. The cause of his death was A tumour on his neck.

General Notes: 5 Mar 1881, Sat:Heard of the death of [Isaac]Whitwell Wilson at Kendal, of a tumour on his neck. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria.

Isaac married Anne Bagster,⁹ daughter of Jonathan Bagster⁹ and Nancy Horsey Toms,⁹ on 12 Jul 1860 in Hampstead, London. Anne was born on 4 Sep 1838 in London and died on 26 Jul 1909 in Low Slack, Kendal, Cumbria at age 70. They had ten children: John Jowitt, Horace Bagster, George Bailey, Theodora Wilson, Lewis Whitwell, Annie Whitwell, Norman Forster, Anthony, Mary Whitwell, and Philip Whitwell.

7-Rev. John Jowitt Wilson^{9,54} was born on 9 Apr 1861 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Feb 1928 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a County Councillor for Westmorland 1894 To 1901.
- He was educated at Queen's College, Birmingham.
- Miscellaneous: Ordained, 14 Jun 1908, Manchester.
- He worked as a Curate in Charge, Blackley in Blackley, Manchester.
- He had a residence in Blackley, Manchester.

John married Henrietta Julia Grylls,⁹ daughter of Joel Cadbury^{8,55,56} and Maria Hotham,⁸ on 7 Feb 1889 in FMH Birmingham. Henrietta was born on 1 Apr 1864 in Salford Manor, Bedfordshire and died on 11 Feb 1941 in Charlton Kings, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 76. They had four children: Isaac Gabriel, Stephen Grylls, Eunice Bagster Grylls, and Humphrey Whitwell.

General Notes: Adopted in 1868 by Joel Cadbury and Maria Hotham. Her father died when she was 3 years old but there is evidence to suggest that her mother, through circumstance unknown, was compelled to place her daughter/children in an orphanage thereafter.

8-Isaac Gabriel Wilson⁹ was born on 5 Feb 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Mar 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria.

8-Stephen Grylls Wilson⁹ was born on 24 Feb 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Oct 1973 in Bromsgrove, Worcestershire at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Church of England.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a School teacher.

Stephen married Amy Dorothea Newlove, daughter of William Newlove and Amy Willoughby, on 22 May 1925 in Manchester. Amy was born on 2 May 1888 in Manchester and died on 9 Mar 1938 in Learnington Spa, Warwickshire at age 49. They had one daughter: Ursula Jean Grylls.

9-Ursula Jean Grvlls Wilson

Ursula married Erwin Paul Engler, son of Emil Ludvig Engler and Berta Katherina Kirtowski. They had three children: Peter Frederick Wilson, Anne Elizabeth, and Pamela Mary.

10-Peter Frederick Wilson Engler

10-Anne Elizabeth Engler

10-Pamela Mary Engler

Stephen next married Marjorie Crouch on 2 Oct 1945 in Oxford. Marjorie was born on 25 Jun 1890 in Handsworth, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

8-Eunice Bagster Grylls Wilson⁹ was born on 27 Feb 1894 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Oct 1976 at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1909-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Humphrey Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 27 Feb 1898 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 4 Jul 1899 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.

7-Dr. Horace Bagster Wilson⁹ was born on 26 Aug 1862 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 3 Jun 1935 in Muker, Yorkshire at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB MRCS LRCP.
- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Yorkshire College in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician and Medical Missionary.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 109 Tindal Street, Balsall Heath, Birmingham.

Horace married **Emile Marie Sylvie Buffat**,⁹ daughter of **Louis Buffat** and **Maria**, on 1 Aug 1899 in Holy Trinity Church, Tunbridge Wells, Kent. Emile was born on 18 Feb 1868 in Aigle, Switzerland and died on 27 Oct 1936 in Moshi, Tanganyika at age 68. They had one son: **Donald Bagster**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was adopted by She was adopted by Louis and Maria.

8-Dr. Donald Bagster Wilson⁹ was born on 23 Feb 1901 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 29 Dec 1960 in Box, Wiltshire at age 59.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician.

Donald married **Dr. Margaret Elizabeth Lovett**,⁹ daughter of **Henry Wilson Lovett** and **Jeannie Campbell Connell**, on 26 Sep 1930 in Arusha, Tanzania. Margaret was born on 21 Jul 1897 in Taunton, Somerset and died on 19 Dec 1985 in Box, Wiltshire at age 88. They had two children: **Sylvie Lovett** and **Angela Katherine Bagster**.

General Notes: MARGARET E WILSON

OBE, MB, CHB, DTM&H

Dr Margaret E Wilson, (an expert in malariology who worked in Africa, died peacefully at her home in Box, Wiltshire, on 19 December in her 88th year. Margaret Elizabeth Lovat-Peggy to her friendswas born in Shropshire and received her early education privately in England and France. At the outbreak of the first world war she volunteered for service in the St John Ambulance Corps and, as a member of the Voluntary Aid Detachment, was concerned with the orthopaedic rehabilitation of wounded soldiers until the end of hostilities. Her wartime experiences persuaded her that her future lay in medicine, and she graduated at the University of Birmingham in 1925. During postgraduate work in orthopaedics she was asked to go to Nepal specifically to care for the maharaja's grand daughter, who had been crippled by polio. She arrived in Kathmandu in 1926, and the four years she spent in Nepal, interrupted only by a visit to England to take the DTM&H, instilled in her an abiding affection for the country and its people. Peggy left Nepal towards the end of 1930 for Kenya, where she marriaed Donald Bagster Wilson, whom she had first met during her student years at Birmingham and who was then in the Colonial Service as malariologist to east Africa. After their marriage she turned her professional attention to the study of malaria and joined her husband in a comprehensive survey of the distribution and epidemiology of infection throughout east Africa. The work entailed a great deal of travelling in circumstances that were uncomfortable and sometimes hazardous, but its findings greatly enlarged understanding of the stable hyperendemic malaria of Africa and its impact on communities. With the advent of the second world war Donald joined the forces as malariologist while Peggy worked with a military malaria unit giving courses of instruction on malariology, parasitology, and entomology. In 1950 the Wilsons established the Malaria Institute of East Africa at Amani in the Usumbara mountains. The event allowed Peggy to indulge her gr

as director of the institute in 1960 Peggy sought solace in further medical work in Africa. She worked first at a mission hospital in Transkei and later at Magila Hospital, Tanzania. Then, in 1964, she joined the staff of the Medical Research Council Laboratories in The Gambia and for the next nine years happily employed her deep knowledge and wide experience of malaria in studies that probed the complexities of host-parasite relation and in training young graduates (and undergraduates on elective visits) in malariometry. After final retirement in 1973 she maintained a continuing interest in malaria research, and her last scientific paper was published in 1983. For services to tropical medicine Peggy was awarded the OBE; for services to Africa she was awarded the Africa Medal of the

Royal African Society. She is survived by her two daughters and their families.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with OBE MB CHB DTM & H.
- She worked as a Malariologist.

9-Sylvie Lovett Wilson

Sylvie married Nicos Gregory Emmanuel, son of Gregory Emmanuel and Ireni Perrou.

9-Angela Katherine Bagster Wilson

7-George Bailey Wilson⁹ was born on 21 Sep 1863 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Jun 1952 in London at age 88.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Kenwood, Bower Road, Hale, Cheshire.

George married Margaret Whitridge Davies,⁹ daughter of John Whitridge Davies and Susannah Gregory, on 27 Apr 1904 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire. Margaret was born on 8 Apr 1873 in Oswestry, Shropshire and died on 4 Oct 1947 in Bromley, Kent at age 74. They had three children: John Whitridge, Roland Whitwell, and Mary Walford.

8-John Whitridge Wilson⁹ was born on 21 Jan 1905 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

John married Edith Mary Whitfield, daughter of Oswald George Whitfield and Edith Maud Phillips, on 9 Aug 1930 in Bromley. Edith was born on 27 Dec 1906 in Stroud. They had three children: Christopher Martin Whitfield, Anthony Walford, and Sarah Whitridge.

9-Christopher Martin Whitfield Wilson

9-Anthony Walford Wilson

9-Sarah Whitridge Wilson

8-Roland Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 6 May 1907 in Bournville, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Roland married Mary Florence Richmond, daughter of Admiral Sir Herbert William Richmond and Florence Elsa Bell. They had one daughter: Margaret Elsa.

9-Margaret Elsa Wilson

8-Mary Walford Wilson⁹ was born on 31 Dec 1910 in Kenwood, Bower Road, Hale, Cheshire.

Mary married Alexander Lawson Wood, son of Alexander Wood and Edith Georgina Lawson. They had one daughter: Anne Mary.

9-Anne Mary Wood

7-Theodora Wilson Wilson⁹ was born on 13 Jan 1865 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 8 Nov 1941 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- She worked as a Novelist and Playwright.

7-Lewis Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 11 Aug 1866 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Oct 1866 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria. General Notes: There is a photograph of Lewis in my archive, that was taken in 1866 when he died. What I cannot understand, is that on the rear of the photo, the indication is, that it was taken by Hoggards of Middlesbrough, when I record Lewis' death in Kendal.

7-Annie Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 24 Sep 1867 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 24 Nov 1947 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80.

Annie married **Francis William Crewdson**,^{2,9} son of **Edward Crewdson**^{2,9} and **Mary Boulton**,² on 21 Jul 1886 in Kendal, Cumbria. Francis was born on 21 Mar 1853 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Jul 1941 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 88. They had five children: **Bernard Francis, Eric, Annie Kathleen Violet, Winifred Mary**, and **Cicely Dilworth**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1915 in Beathwaite Green, Milnthorpe, Cumbria.

8-Bernard Francis Crewdson⁹ was born on 9 Jul 1887 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Bernard married Audrey Newcombe Maltby,⁹ daughter of Christopher James Maltby and Jessie Capper, on 2 Oct 1920 in Vienna, Austria. Audrey was born on 4 May 1894 in Travancore, India, was christened on 23 May 1894 in Peermaad, Madras, India, and died on 2 Jul 1951 in Limpsfield, Surrey at age 57. They had one daughter: April Elizabeth Mary.

9-April Elizabeth Mary Crewdson

8-Eric Crewdson⁹ was born on 17 Dec 1888 in Kendal, Cumbria.

General Notes: BSC. AMICE. Deputy Lieutenant. JP Westmorland

Eric married Mary Stuart Fyers,⁹ daughter of Maj. Evan William Hamilton Fyers and Florence Mary Kent, on 20 Jan 1920 in London. Mary was born on 14 May 1898 in London and died on 26 Oct 1961 in Low Slack, Kendal, Cumbria at age 63. They had two children: Peter Eric Fyers and John Francis.

9-Peter Eric Fyers Crewdson was born on 27 Dec 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 29 Apr 2007 at age 86, and was buried on 18 May 2007.

Peter married **Barbara Plews**, daughter of **Edwin Plews** and **Ethel Hobdey**, on 1 Apr 1944 in London. Barbara was born on 26 Aug 1919 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 13 Dec 2006 at age 87. They had two children: **Christopher Fyers** and **Susan Mary**.

10-Christopher Fyers Crewdson

10-Susan Mary Crewdson

9-John Francis Crewdson was born on 27 Nov 1923 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in Nov 2003 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80.

John married Gillian Dallas Harington, daughter of Arthur Dallas Lawton Harington and Mabel Hilda Sutton. They had two children: Jacqueline and Ingrid Gillian.

10-Jacqueline Crewdson

10-Ingrid Gillian Crewdson

John next married **Patricia Marie Carew** on 25 Jul 1959 in London. Patricia was born in 1927, died on 26 Jul 2015 at age 88, and was buried on 6 Aug 2015 in Holy Trinity, Winster, Cumbria. They had one son: **Charles William Nepean**.

10-Charles William Nepean Crewdson

8-Annie Kathleen Violet Crewdson was born on 1 Jan 1891 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Annie married Andrew Perry Park, son of Andrew Park and Susannah Perry. Andrew was born on 7 Mar 1886 in Toronto, Ontario, Canada and died on 15 Jul 1947 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 61.

8-Winifred Mary Crewdson⁹ was born on 15 Mar 1895 in Grange over Sands, Cumbria.

Winifred married Cedric Howard Glover, son of John Howard Glover and Ella Gwyther, on 24 Jun 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria. Cedric was born on 20 Jun 1892 in London and died on 22 Jul 1970 at age 78. They had three children: Rowena Howard, Jocelyn Howard, and Myles Howard.

9-Rowena Howard Glover

Rowena married **Thomas Dempster Mackinnon**, son of **Thomas Mackinnon** and **Rose Dempster**. They had one daughter: _____.

10-____ Mackinnon

9-Jocelyn Howard Glover was born on 14 May 1924 in London and died on 21 Jul 1987 at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Lloyds Broker.

Jocelyn married Marian Elizabeth Stark, daughter of George Heppell Stark and Emma Goodchild, on 26 Jul 1945 in Oxford. Marian was born on 4 Jul 1924 in Harrow and died on 26 Dec 1961 in Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire at age 37. They had two children: Andrew Quentin and Eleanor Katherine Emma.

10-Andrew Quentin Glover

10-Eleanor Katherine Emma Glover

Jocelyn next married Elizabeth Wyndham Pugh.

9-Myles Howard Glover

8-Cicely Dilworth Crewdson was born on 22 Aug 1896 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in 1966 at age 70, and was buried in St. Michael and All Angels, Hawkshead, Cumbria.

7-Norman Forster Wilson^{9,44,57} was born on 31 Jul 1869 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 12 Sep 1949 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80. General Notes: Wilson.-On 12th September, 1949, Norman Forster Wilson (1884-86), aged 80 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with AMInstCE JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1884-1886 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Elmhurst, Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Chairman of Gilbert Gilkes & Gordon in 1920-1934 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Mayor of Kendal in 1928-1930.
- He resided at Low Fell in 1935 in Crosthwaite, Kendal, Cumbria.

Norman married Henrietta Gwendolin Meryon Harris,⁹ daughter of Alfred Harris and Annie Meryon, on 7 Jun 1898 in Parish Church, Kirby Lonsdale, Cumbria. Henrietta was born on 4 Sep 1876 in Kirby Lonsdale, Cumbria. They had four children: Gilbert, Roger Meryon, Edward Meryon, and Paul Norman.

8-Gilbert Wilson⁹ was born on 5 Mar 1899 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

Gilbert married Lucille Terroux, daughter of Arthur Terroux and Corinne Rouer Roy. They had two children: Marie Corinne Gillian and David Gilbert.

9-Marie Corinne Gillian Wilson

9-David Gilbert Wilson

8-Roger Mervon Wilson⁹ was born on 15 Oct 1901 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Oct 1901 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

8-Edward Meryon Wilson⁹ was born on 14 May 1906 in Elmhurst, Kendal, Cumbria.

8-Lt. Cmdr. Paul Norman Wilson Baron Wilson of High Wray⁹ was born on 24 Oct 1908 in Elmhurst, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 24 Feb 1980 at age 71.

General Notes: Wilson began his career as an engineer in South Africa, working there between 1930 and 1934. He then joined Gilbert Gilkes & Gordon Ltd, water turbine manufacturers, as managing director, in his home town of Kendal. He served the Second World War of 1939-1945 with the Royal Navy, most of that time being spent at sea in capital ships, and retired as a temporary Lieutenant-Commander, to return to Gilbert Gilkes & Gordon. He was chairman of the company from 1954 to 1978.[1]

In public life, Wilson became a justice of the peace in 1958 and a Deputy Lieutenant for Westmorland in 1964, later DL for Cumberland and Westmorland, and Lord Lieutenant of the newly created county of Cumbria, 1974 to 1980. He was a Governor of the BBC from 1968 to 1972, governor of Sedbergh School, 1965-1974, and chairman of governors of Kendal College of Further Education, 1958-1974. He served as chairman of the Kendal & District Local Employment Committee (1954-1969), a member of the Westmoreland Youth Employment Committee (1946-1969) and of the National Youth Employment Council (1959 to 1969). A member of the Advisory Council of the Science Museum, 1968-1972 and 1973-1978, he was also Chairman of the Fund for the Preservation of Technological and Scientific Material, 1973-1978. Chairman of Trustees and Governors of the Lake District Museum Trust, 1968-1978.[1] KStJ. OBE

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL KStJ. OBE.
- He worked as an Engineer in 1930-1934 in South Africa.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Gilbert Gilkes & Gordon Ltd after 1935 in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland in 1958.
- He worked as a Lord Lieutenant of Cumbria in 1974-1980.
- He worked as a Governor of the BBC in 1968-1972.

Paul married Valerie Frances Elizabeth Fletcher, daughter of William Baron Fletcher and Mary Torrence.

7-Anthony Wilson^{9,58} was born on 25 May 1871 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 Nov 1953 in Thornthwaite Grange, Keswick, Cumbria at age 82. General Notes: WILSON.-On 10th November, 1953, at Thornthwaite, Keswick, Anthony Wilson (1886-87), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1886-1887 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Mining engineer.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Middle Ruddings, Braithwaite, Keswick, Cumbria.

Anthony married Jessie Macgregor Robertson,⁹ daughter of Peter Robertson and Sarah Cameron, on 15 Aug 1901 in Strathpeffer, Ross-shire. Jessie was born on 25 Nov 1873 in Tor-Achilly, Ross-Shire and died on 27 Jun 1952 in Thornthwaite Grange, Keswick, Cumbria at age 78. They had six children: Joan, Anthony Comar, Peter, Anne, Penelope, and Anthony.

8-Joan Wilson⁹ was born on 27 Jul 1902 in Portinscale, Keswick, Cumbria.

Joan married Rafael Besso, son of Abramo Raffael Di Besso and Julia Valentine. They had one daughter: June.

9-June Besso was born on 20 Jun 1923 in Southport, Lancashire and died on 7 Sep 1956 in London at age 33.

Joan next married Arthur Nahum on 28 May 1936 in London. Arthur was born on 18 Feb 1891 in Manchester and died on 3 Feb 1951 in London at age 59.

8-Anthony Comar Wilson⁹ was born on 1 Sep 1903 in Middle Ruddings, Braithwaite, Keswick, Cumbria and died on 14 Feb 1961 in Oakley Manor, Basingstoke, Hampshire at age 57. Anthony married Phillipa Rosemary Shelbourne Taylor, daughter of Stanley Shelbourne Taylor and Mary Philip. They had four children: Caroline, Jessica Mary, Susan, and Straun.

9-Caroline Wilson

Caroline married Antony Edmund Snow, son of Thomas Snow.

9-Jessica Mary Wilson

9-Susan Wilson

9-Straun Wilson

8-Peter Wilson⁹ was born on 23 Jul 1906 in Middle Ruddings, Braithwaite, Keswick, Cumbria.

Peter married Winifred Frances Mansfield,⁹ daughter of Ernest Mansfield and Winifred Fanny Sutton, on 26 Oct 1933 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa. Winifred was born on 27 Apr 1910 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa. They had two children: Peter Robin and Garry.

9-Peter Robin Wilson

Peter married Sarah Elizabeth Schaffer. They had one daughter: _____.

10-____ **Wilson**

9-Garry Wilson

8-Anne Wilson⁹ was born on 21 Nov 1910 in Middle Ruddings, Braithwaite, Keswick, Cumbria.

Anne married Charles Pond Kimball,⁹ son of Harold Chandler Kimball and Martha Whitney Pond, on 14 Jan 1933 in Thornthwaite, Keswick. Charles was born on 18 Mar 1897 in Rochester, Monroe County, New York, USA.

Anne next married Hugh W. Sandford.

8-Penelope Wilson⁹ was born on 16 Oct 1911 in Middle Ruddings, Braithwaite, Keswick, Cumbria.

Penelope married John Michael Morant Peel,⁹ son of John Graham Peel and Mary Grace Morant, on 12 Jun 1936 in Thornthwaite, Keswick, Cumbria. John was born on 29 Sep 1907 in Colshaw Hall, Knutsford, Cheshire. They had one son: Nicholas.

9-Nicholas Peel

8-Anthony Wilson⁹ was born on 5 Sep 1914 in Thornthwaite, Keswick, Cumbria.

7-Mary Whitwell Wilson^{9,59} was born on 18 Dec 1872 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 10 Jun 1947 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 74.

Mary married **Sir James Hope Simpson**,^{9,59} son of **John Hope Simpson**⁵⁹ and **Margaret Swan**,⁵⁹ on 24 Jul 1895 in Kendal, Cumbria. James was born on 4 Nov 1864 in Liverpool and died on 6 Oct 1924 in London at age 59. They had three children: **John Whitwell Hope, Margaret Hope**, and **James Russell Hope**.

General Notes: Born 4 Nov. 1864; s of John Hope Simpson; m 1895, Mary, y d of late Isaac Whitwell Wilson, JP, Kendal; two s one d ; died 6 Oct. 1924 Director and formerly General Manager, Bank of Liverpool, and Martin's, Ltd EDUCATION Liverpool College; the Continent CAREER Banking'97in the service of Williams Deacons Bank, Ltd, Bank of Egypt, Bank of Liverpool, Ltd ADDRESS The Firs, London Road, Guildford Guildford 972

'SIMPSON, Sir James Hope', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920'962007; online edn, Oxford University Press, Dec 2007 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U202968

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Liverpool College.
- He worked as a General Manager of the Bank of Liverpool.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Anthony's Close, Caldy, Cheshire.

8-**Dr. John Whitwell Hope Simpson**⁹ was born on 22 Sep 1897 in Hampstead, London.

John married Florence Mabel Carter, daughter of Richard Carter and Martha Maria Watson, on 17 Mar 1928 in Melton Mowbray, Leicestershire. Florence was born on 22 Dec 1897 in Tottenham, London. They had three children: James Hope, Richard Hope, and Anthony Robert Hope.

9-James Hope Simpson was born on 24 Dec 1928 in London and died on 28 Jul 2019 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 90.

9-Richard Hope Simpson

Richard married Waveney Jennifer Crick, daughter of E. A. Crick.

9-Anthony Robert Hope Simpson

Anthony married Brione Meriel Radcliffe Kittermaster, daughter of F. Radcliffe Kittermaster. They had one daughter: Gemma Brione Hope.

10-Gemma Brione Hope Simpson

8-Margaret Hope Simpson⁹ was born on 13 Mar 1899 in Hampstead, London, died on 3 Jul 1993 at age 94, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria.

Margaret married **Dr. Theodore Howard Somervell**,^{9,10,60,61} son of **William Henry Somervell**⁹ and **Florence Howard**,⁹ on 30 Jul 1925 in London. Theodore was born on 16 Apr 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 23 Jan 1975 in Ambleside, Cumbria at age 84, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria. They had three children: James Lionel, David Howard, and William Hugh.

General Notes: Medical Officer Everest Expedition 1922 & 1924 See "Everest" by Walt Unsworth

Somervell, (Theodore) Howard (1890-1975), medical missionary and mountaineer, was born on 16 April 1890, the eldest of three children and elder son of William Henry Somervell, of Brantfield, Kendal, and his wife, Florence Howard. W. H. Somervell was then directing the affairs of Somervell Brothers of Kendal, later more widely known as K Shoes. A business career did not attract Howard Somervell, though he was fully grateful to his father for giving him an income and the key of the house at seventeen. At Rugby School (1904-9) he was unhappy, leaving school labelled 'unbusinesslike and forgetful'. But his mother's comfort and their common solace in music gave him the kind of courage fit for the great mountains. By twenty he knew the Beethoven symphonies by heart, and would cycle 150 miles to hear a Promenade Concert. When he was eighteen he became a member of the Keswick-based Fell and Rock Climbing Club and thus started a lifetime's devotion to the mountains of the English Lake District.

Somervell went on to Caius College, Cambridge, where he obtained first classes in both parts of the natural sciences tripos (1911 and 1913) and where he developed his essentially personal approach to the Christian faith. He then served with the British expeditionary force in France (1915-18) as a captain in the Royal Army Medical Corps, and was mentioned in dispatches. After the war he graduated from London's University College Hospital (MB, BCh, 1921) and became FRCS in 1920.

Somervell's Everest ambitions were stimulated during 1921 by much mountaineering in Britain and Europe. Somervell was a tough physical product of the Cumbrian heights and of the Alps, but he realized that the Himalayan region called for constant movement above 20,000 feet. Everest was to be his physical test in 1922 and 1924, but his colleagues commented too on his mental endurance. When one shares [Somervell wrote about George Leigh Mallory, his fellow mountaineer] a tent for days on end throughout the better part of six months with a man one gets an insight into his character such as is vouchsafed to few other men. These many days of companionship with a man whose outlook on life was lofty and choice, human and loving and in a measure divine still remain for me a priceless memory.

Even when in 1924 Somervell was in danger of choking, E. F. Norton wrote: 'Somervell very nearly choked, and was handicapped for three days. Only saved by coughing up the obstructing matter with a lot of blood. That he achieved what he did in this condition was a remarkable performance'.

After the 1922 Everest expedition and with £60 in his pocket Somervell set out to see India from the northern frontier to Cape Comorin; what he saw changed his life. He saw a continent ill-equipped medically and poorly provided for in those skills which he possessed; it was something more powerful than the Himalayas and more compelling than the 'call of the mountains'. He described it as the 'unrelieved suffering of India'. When he visited the main hospital of the south Travancore medical mission and its group of outstations centred on Nevyoor, he found only one qualified surgeon, Stephen Pugh, struggling with a queue of waiting patients which would take ten days to reduce. There and then Somervell offered to perform those overdue operations; then, within a fortnight, he was back in London telling his friends in London hospitals of his decision to devote his life to India after another attempt on Everest. He joined the 1924 expedition on which Mallory died and Somervell and E. F. Norton climbed to within 1000 feet of the summit.

From 1924 to 1949 Somervell was deep in the affairs of the south Travancore medical mission which, with its branch hospitals, could claim to be the largest of its kind in the world. He attracted young surgeons to work with him, especially in the surgery of the stomach. He established a confidence between surgeon and patient by building a gallery in the operating theatre where visitors and relatives could watch what was going on.

Many thousands have seen us at work [he wrote], and know that a surgical operation is a careful and intelligent procedure. They have been shown the disease inside and been given an explanation of how the operation cures it. Thus not only have we spread a little knowledge among the people around, but they have learned to come to us for treatment far earlier than was their custom in the past. In 1934, out of 2000 major operations performed at Neyyoor, 590 were for cancer.

Somervell also pioneered the modern treatment of leprosy and practised the modern belief that leprosy can be cured. His home for leprosy patients had four big dormitories for eighty patients, and there was also a leprosy settlement for permanent residents. By 1936 several scores of patients had been sent home 'cured and free from all symptoms of the disease which was once considered incurable'. Describing a day's visit to a branch hospital Somervell wrote:

The amount of work one has to do here is appalling. Yesterday and the day before over 150 patients who had come five miles and more to the hospital had to go home without seeing me. From 7 a.m. to

8.30 p.m. I saw 153 sick folk continuously.

In 1938 he was awarded the Kaisar-i-Hind gold medal, and he was appointed OBE in 1953.India continued to tug at Somervell's heart and he accepted the post of associate professor of surgery at the Vellore Christian Medical College (1949-61), then at a crucial stage of its development as a teaching hospital. It was a fitting climax to his forty years' service in India. From 1961 to 1964 Somervell was president of the Alpine Club. When the news of his death at Ambleside, on 23 January 1975, reached Neyyoor, the whole community broke into a spontaneous public procession. In London the Royal Geographical Society showed some of Somervell's magnificent Everest paintings, as did his own Lake District friends. In all, he fulfilled the description of him given by Sir Francis Younghusband as 'a man of science, a man of art, a man of warm humanity and of strong religious feeling'.

In 1925 Somervell married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Hope Simpson, director of the Bank of Liverpool, and his wife, Mary, née Wilson; they had three sons.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with OBE BCh FRCS Kaisar-I-Hind Medal.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary 1925 To 1949 in Travancore, India.
- He worked as an Everest expedition physician in 1922-1924.
- He worked as an Associate Professor of Surgery 1949 To 1961 in Vellore Christian Medical College, India.
- He worked as a President of The Alpine Club in 1962-1965 in London.

9-Dr. James Lionel Somervell⁶² was born on 23 Apr 1927 in Neyyoor, Travancore, India and died in 2009 at age 82.

James married Katharine Mary Stapleton,⁶² daughter of Capt. Albert Victor Stapleton and Guendolen Sturge, on 22 Nov 1952 in Godalming, Surrey. Katharine was born on 14 Jul 1930 in Chislehurst, Kent and died on 26 Feb 2011 in Shrewsbury, Shropshire at age 80. They had three children: James Hugh, Mary Helen, and Thomas Richard.

10-James Hugh Somervell

James married Felicity Huxtable. They had three children: Katharine Lucy, Polly Elizabeth, and Phillipa Jane.

11-Katharine Lucy Somervell

11-Polly Elizabeth Somervell

11-Phillipa Jane Somervell

10-Mary Helen Somervell

Mary married Tim Kelly. They had two children: Benjamin Hugh and Anna Francesca.

11-Benjamin Hugh Kelly

11-Anna Francesca Kelly

10-Thomas Richard Somervell

Thomas married Jane Watts. They had two children: Jack Alexander James and Tess Elizabeth Sophie.

11-Jack Alexander James Somervell

11-Tess Elizabeth Sophie Somervell

9-Dr. David Howard Somervell

David married Margaret Lesley Marchant, daughter of Frederick Marchant and Violet Inez Lightfoot. They had four children: Jonathan Mark, Susan, Ann, and Judith.

10-Jonathan Mark Somervell

Jonathan married Evelyn May Stevens.

Jonathan next married Annie Mary Jackson. They had two children: Oliver Howard and Richard Jon.

11-Oliver Howard Somervell

11-Richard Jon Somervell

10-Susan Somervell

Susan married James Septimus Burt, son of The Hon. Sir Francis Theodore Page Burt⁶³ and Margaret Lloyd. They had three children: Emma Margaret, David Joshua Septimus, and Jonathan Matthew Theodore.

11-Emma Margaret Burt

- 11-David Joshua Septimus Burt
- 11-Jonathan Matthew Theodore Burt
- 10-Ann Somervell

Ann married Rupert James Gabriel. They had two children: Rebekah Jane and Emily Rose.

11-Rebekah Jane Gabriel

11-Emily Rose Gabriel

10-Judith Somervell

Judith married Nicholas John Silbermann-Sladek. They had three children: Jack Tobias, Philip Mark, and Elizabeth.

11-Jack Tobias Silbermann-Sladek

- 11-Philip Mark Silbermann-Sladek
- 11-Elizabeth Silbermann-Sladek

9-William Hugh Somervell was born on 7 Nov 1935 in London, died on 17 Feb 1947 in Cambridge at age 11, and was buried in Holy Trinity Church, Brathay, Ambleside, Cumbria.

8-James Russell Hope Simpson⁹ was born on 17 Aug 1901 in Hampstead, London.

7-Philip Whitwell Wilson^{9,64} was born on 21 May 1875 in Castle Lodge, Kendal, Cumbria and died on 6 Jun 1956 in New York, New York, USA at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Clare College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for South St. Pancras 1906 To 1910.
- He had a residence in 1915 in The Red Gable, Meadway, Hendon, London.
- He worked as a Journalist.

Philip married Alice Selena Collins,⁹ daughter of Henry Collins⁹ and Elizabeth Hollingworth,⁹ on 25 Apr 1899 in Central Falls Congregational Church, Pawtucket, Rhode Island, USA. Alice was born on 24 Jun 1877 in Pawtucket, Rhode Island and died on 31 Jan 1939 in New York, New York, USA at age 61. They had six children: Oliver Whitwell, Theodora Whitwell, Philip Whitwell, Elizabeth Mary Whitwell, Christopher Whitwell, and David Alan Whitwell.

Produced by Legacy

8-Oliver Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 19 Apr 1901 in Shepperton on Thames, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Architect, Designer, Typographer in New York, New York, USA.
- He worked as an Illustrator.

Oliver married Marjorie Julia Jenkins, daughter of George Robert Jenkins and Gladys Siddons Palmer. They had one son: Robert Whitwell.

9-Robert Whitwell Wilson

8-Theodora Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 26 Dec 1904 in 16 Percy Circus, London.

Theodora married Henry Benson McCurdy,⁹ son of Samuel Henderson McCurdy and Mildred Stone, on 8 Jun 1927 in Spuyten Duyvil, New York. Henry was born on 4 Jul 1895 in Lawrence, Kansas, USA. They had two children: Martin Benson and David Whitwell.

9-Martin Benson McCurdy

Martin married Klara Nadeschda Lange, daughter of Hermann Ernest Lange and Nadeschda Kulikow. They had three children: Peter Benson, Elizabeth Nadeschda, and Sarah Natalie.

10-Peter Benson McCurdy

10-Elizabeth Nadeschda McCurdy

10-Sarah Natalie McCurdy

9-Dr. David Whitwell McCurdy

David married Carolyn Frances Durham, daughter of Frank Durham and Williamina Anderson. They had one daughter: Victoria Williamina.

10-Victoria Williamina McCurdy

8-Philip Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 17 Oct 1906 in 16 Percy Circus, London and died on 11 Jun 1911 in The Red Gable, Meadway, Hendon, London at age 4.

8-Elizabeth Mary Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 4 Feb 1913 in The Red Gable, Meadway, Hendon, London.

Elizabeth married George Davidson White, son of Howell North White and Eleanor Schurman Davidson. They had three children: Deborah Davidson, Judith Ann, and Philip Howell.

9-Deborah Davidson White

9-Judith Ann White

9-Philip Howell White

8-Christopher Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 20 Sep 1915 in The Red Gable, Meadway, Hendon, London.

Christopher married Margaret Mary Ryan, daughter of Patrick James Ryan and _____ Hannah. They had four children: Pamela Anne Whitwell, Joan Whitwell, Christopher Ryan, and Anthony.

9-Pamela Anne Whitwell Wilson

9-Joan Whitwell Wilson

9-Christopher Ryan Wilson

9-Anthony Wilson

8-Dr. David Alan Whitwell Wilson⁹ was born on 9 Jun 1917 in The Red Gable, Meadway, Hendon, London and died on 29 May 2001 in Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Centre, Vermont, USA at age 83.

General Notes: DAVID

ALAN WHITWELL WILSON, M.D. MONTPELIER - David Alan Whitwell Wilson, M.D., died after a short illness Tuesday, May 29, 2001, in Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center. He lived in Rye, N.Y., until he retired 16 years ago to Montpelier. Dr. Wilson was born June 9, 1917, in London, England, the sixth child of Philip Whitwell Wilson and Alice Selena Collins Wilson. At the age of 2, he immigrated with his family to New York City. He was a graduate of the Riverdale Country School, Princeton University, Class of 1938, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Columbia University, Class of 1942. Dr. Wilson was married in 1941 to Madeleine Anne Lenore deSilvia Holden, who died in 1996. In 1999, he married Marjorie Bannon White. A captain in the U.S. Army, Dr. Wilson served during World War II in Europe. He participated in the invasion of Normandy and the Battle of the Bulge. His medical career spanned nearly half a century. He completed his medical training as an intern at St. Luke's Hospital in New York City and as a resident at both the Manhattan Veterans Administration Hospital and United Hospital in Port Chester, N.Y. Dr. Wilson was a diplomate of the American Board of Surgery and a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. From 1945 until 1985, he was an attending surgeon at United Hospital. For many years, he was the director of surgery there and from 1981 until 1985, he was the president of the medical staff. He was also a member of the hospital's board of trustees from 1978 to 1985. After moving to Montpelier in 1985, he consulted on Medicare eligibility issues. A lover of sailing, Dr. Wilson was a member of the American Yacht Club. He was the surgeon for the Rye Fire and Police departments. In Montpelier, he sang in the choir of Christ Church. He was one of Vermont's first guardians ad litem, volunteers assigned by the court to promote and protect the best interests of children involved in legal proceedings. He was also a guide at Vermont's Statehouse. In addition to his wife, Dr. Wilson is survived by his children, Holden Charles Wilson of New Orleans, La., Prudence Wilson Barton of Lanesborough, Mass., David M. Wilson of Duxbury, and Mary Alice Williams of Warren; and his stepchildren, Jill Keating of Wolcott, Jeffrey White of Georgia, Janice Porter of Putnam Lake, N.Y., and their spouses. He is also survived by 16 grandchildren and three great-grandchildren. A memorial service will be held at 2 p.m. Friday, June 1, 2001, in Christ Church in Montpelier. It will be followed by a reception in the parish hall. In lieu of flowers, gifts in Dr. Wilson's memory may be made to Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center. Barber and Lanier Funeral Home is in charge of arrangements.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Surgeon and President of the Medical Staff, United Hospital in Port Chester, New York.

David married Madeleine Anne De Sylvia Holden,⁹ daughter of Henry Dewey Holden and Madeleine De Sylvia, on 23 Aug 1941 in New York, New York, USA. Madeleine was born on 4 Sep 1917 in Porchester, New York and died in 1996 at age 79. They had four children: Mary Alice, David Mathews, Prudence Holden, and Holden Charles.

9-Mary Alice Wilson

9-David Mathews Wilson

9-Prudence Holden Wilson

Prudence married Barton.

9-Holden Charles Wilson

David next married Marjorie Bannon White.

Philip next married Mary Elizabeth Cross, daughter of George R. Cross and Eleanor Dawkins, on 27 May 1944 in New York, New York, USA. Mary was born on 8 Nov 1897 in New York, New York, USA and died on 1 Jan 1952 in New York, New York, USA at age 54.

6-Anna Maria Wilson⁹ was born on 22 Feb 1834 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Jan 1916 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1915 in Bankfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

Anna married Joshua Farrar Ranson,⁹ son of Robert Gill Ranson⁹ and Elizabeth Farrar, on 12 Apr 1866 in Kendal, Cumbria. Joshua was born on 25 Mar 1824 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died on 30 Mar 1912 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 88. They had three children: Wilson, Whitwell Henry, and Mary Wilson.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Timber Merchant in Norwich, Norfolk.
- He was awarded with Medal of the Royal Humane Society.

7-Dr. Wilson Ranson⁹ was born on 7 Aug 1870 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 1 Aug 1937 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRCS FRCSE.
- He was educated at Bradfield College.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He was educated at St. Thomas's Hospital, London.
- He worked as a Captain in the Royal Army Medical Corps. (Reserves).
- He had a residence in 1915 in Westwood Road, beverley, Yorkshire.

Wilson married Florinda Anna Maude Richardson,⁹ daughter of Jonathan Richardson and Louisa Josephine Houghton, on 22 Aug 1903 in Ballydugan, Co. Down. Florinda was born on 27 Mar 1865 in Lisburn, Co. Antrim and died on 24 May 1924 in Enfield at age 59. They had one son: Terence Houghton Wilson.

8-Terence Houghton Wilson Ranson⁹ was born on 22 May 1906 in London.

Terence married Millicent Mary Russell-Jones, daughter of Edward Clegg Wilkinson and Mary Jane Knight, on 22 Jan 1929 in London. Millicent was born on 30 Jun 1889 in London and died on 4 Jan 1949 in Aldwick, Sussex at age 59.

7-Whitwell Henry Ranson⁹ was born on 26 Aug 1873 in Norwich, Norfolk and died in 1945 in Cobham, Surrey at age 72.

Whitwell married May Dagmar Mundy, daughter of Clement Munday and Ada Taylor.

7-Mary Wilson Ranson⁹ was born on 12 Jul 1876 in Norwich, Norfolk and died on 29 Oct 1877 in Norwich, Norfolk at age 1.

6-Sarah Wilson was born on 4 Aug 1835 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 1 Jul 1906 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 70.

6-John Frederick Wilson⁹ was born on 30 Jun 1837 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 Oct 1921 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Alderman for Middlesbrough.
- He worked as a JP for Middlesbrough.
- He worked as a Mayor of Middlesbrough.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Thorneycroft, Middlesbrough.

John married Charlotte Portway,⁹ daughter of George Portway⁹ and Charlotte Ridley Ranson,⁹ on 4 Oct 1865 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Charlotte was born on 19 Jun 1839 in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk and died on 31 May 1897 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 57. They had five children: Henry Arnold, Frederick Portway, George Ernest, Charlotte Elsè, and Hilda Mary.

7-Henry Arnold Wilson⁹ was born on 9 Nov 1867 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 20 Jul 1937 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Underfell, Milngavie, Stirling, Scotland.

Henry married Thomasin Jacks Armstrong,⁹ daughter of Robert Armstrong and Anne Jacks, on 7 Jun 1892 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Thomasin was born on 5 Nov 1870 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 12 Nov 1940 in Milngavie, Stirling, Scotland at age 70. They had five children: Evelyn Annie, Frederick Arnold, Maud Charlotte, Ernest Arnold, and William Arnold.

8-Evelyn Annie Wilson⁹ was born on 7 Apr 1893 in Bearsden, Glasgow.

Evelyn married Maj. Charles Lang Cantley, son of Hon. Thomas Cantley and Maria Fraser, on 17 Jun 1921 in Craigmaddie, Milngavie. Charles was born on 4 May 1884 in New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, Canada and died on 15 Jul 1934 in New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, Canada at age 50.

8-Frederick Arnold Wilson⁹ was born on 8 Oct 1894 in Bearsden, Glasgow.

Frederick married Maude Louise Smith, daughter of Lewis Osborne Smith and Norah Margaret Fraser, on 22 Sep 1921 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Maude was born on 11 Dec 1892 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. They had one son: Lewis Arnold.

9-Lewis Arnold Wilson was born on 22 Mar 1923 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 6 Jan 2007 at age 83.

Lewis married Judith Gibbs Hunter Craig, daughter of Stanley Brown Craig and Elizabeth Blackstock. They had three children: Emma Louise, Lewis Andrew, and Clare Lesley.

10-Emma Louise Wilson

- **10-Lewis Andrew Wilson**
- **10-Clare Lesley Wilson**

8-Maud Charlotte Wilson⁹ was born on 24 Apr 1897 in Milngavie, Stirling, Scotland.

Maud married Archibald Douglas Stirrat Barr, son of Archibald Barr and Isabel Young, on 9 Jul 1918 in Milngavie. Archibald was born on 10 Dec 1888 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 30 Jul 1957 in Eriska, Argyll at age 68. They had five children: John Douglas Wilson, Hamish William Archibald, Maude Esme Isabel, Alistair Arnold, and Iain Young Armstrong.

9-John Douglas Wilson Barr was born on 29 Dec 1919 in Milngavie and died on 11 Jan 1940 on Active Service at age 20.

9-Hamish William Archibald Barr

Hamish married Meryl Catharine Welch, daughter of W. A. Welch. They had three children: Francis Catharine Isabel, Nigel Richard Douglas, and Diana Evelyn Isabel.

10-Francis Catharine Isabel Barr

10-Nigel Richard Douglas Barr

10-Diana Evelyn Isabel Barr

9-Maude Esme Isabel Barr

Maude married Geoffrey Basil Potter, son of Claude Howard Potter and Maud Charlotte Wilson. They had one daughter: Nicola Ann Stirrat Potter.

10-Nicola Ann Stirrat Potter Potter

Maude next married Eric A. Sweatman.

9-Alistair Arnold Barr

Alistair married Zamelune Ramjit, daughter of Ramjit Samaroo and Emalin Samaroo. They had three children: Calum Douglas, Struan Alastair, and Andrew John Wilson.

10-Calum Douglas Barr

10-Struan Alastair Barr

10-Andrew John Wilson Barr

9-Iain Young Armstrong Barr

Iain married Mary Olivia Kilaly Rorke, daughter of Cedric Kilaly Rorke.

8-Ernest Arnold Wilson⁹ was born on 26 Oct 1898 in Milngavie, Stirling, Scotland.

Ernest married Beryl Pickburn on 27 Jul 1929 in Nairobi, Kenya. Beryl was born in 1895 in Cape Town, South Africa. They had three children: Beryl Jane, Julia Clare, and James Michael.

9-Beryl Jane Wilson

Beryl married Renfrew Robertson Taylor. They had three children: Michael Ian, Peter Renfrew, and Elizabeth Jane.

10-Michael Ian Taylor

10-Peter Renfrew Taylor

10-Elizabeth Jane Taylor

9-Julia Clare Wilson

9-James Michael Wilson was born on 13 May 1936 in Scotstown, Canada and died on 13 Mar 1937 in Mattawa, Ontario.

8-William Arnold Wilson⁹ was born on 23 May 1907 in Milngavie, Stirling, Scotland and died on 8 Feb 1918 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland at age 10.

7-Frederick Portway Wilson⁹ was born on 23 Nov 1869 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 28 Jul 1949 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Parkhurst, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

Frederick married Clarice Mary Armitage,⁹ daughter of Rev. Elkanah Armitage⁹ and Ella Sophia Bulley,⁹ on 4 Sep 1902 in Rawdon, Guisley, Leeds, Yorkshire. Clarice was born on 11 Jul 1876 in Manchester. They had three children: Hilary Armitage, Audrey Charlotte, and Oliver Godfrey.

8-Hilary Armitage Wilson⁹ was born on 18 Dec 1903 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

Hilary married Hilary Robey Fletcher,⁹ daughter of Lancelot Kohry Fletcher and Mary Gertrude Coulson, on 20 Feb 1929 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India. Hilary was born on 14 Jul 1902 in Caterham, Surrey. They had three children: Phyllida Joan, Martin Roderic, and Anthony Fletcher.

9-Phyllida Joan Wilson

Phyllida married Brian David Scott, son of William David Scott and Sarah Mary Stearn. They had two children: Rachel Sarah and Karen Hilary.

10-Rachel Sarah Scott

10-Karen Hilary Scott

9-Martin Roderic Wilson

9-Anthony Fletcher Wilson

8-Audrey Charlotte Wilson⁹ was born on 21 Oct 1906 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

Audrey married William Aston Gunter,⁹ son of Miles Gunter and Clara Jones, on 30 Jul 1935 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire. William was born on 19 May 1905 in Abertillery. They had two children: Timothy Wilson and Richard Miles.

9-Timothy Wilson Gunter

Timothy married Rosemary Joy Holden.

9-Richard Miles Gunter

8-Oliver Godfrey Wilson

Oliver married Elsie Larkin, daughter of Alfred William Larkin and Edith Coulthard. They had four children: Oliver Michael, Robin Frederick, Briony Barbara, and Bridget Hilary.

9-Oliver Michael Wilson

Oliver married Leslie Anne Goldsbrough.

9-Robin Frederick Wilson

9-Briony Barbara Wilson

9-Bridget Hilary Wilson

7-George Ernest Wilson was born on 9 Jan 1871 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 2 Sep 1871 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

7-Charlotte Elsè Wilson was born on 4 Dec 1872 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 19 Sep 1929 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland at age 56.

Charlotte married Dr. William Cuthbert,⁹ son of James Cuthbert and Janet Harvie Dalrymple, on 14 Jun 1898 in Windermere, Cumbria. William was born on 8 Aug 1868 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 16 Apr 1946 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland at age 77. They had five children: James Kingsley, John Wilson, William Leslie, Alan Dalrymple, and Charlotte Rachel.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in 1915 in 23 Montgomerie Quadrant, Glasgow.
- He worked as a Physician in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland.

8-James Kingsley Cuthbert⁹ was born on 28 Apr 1899 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 19 Nov 1922 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland at age 23.

8-Vice Admiral Sir John Wilson Cuthbert⁹ was born on 9 Apr 1902 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died in 1987 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Flag Officer, Scotland.
- He was awarded with KBE CB DL.

John married Betty Wake Shorrock, daughter of Guy Shorrock and Emma Blanche Wake, on 29 Sep 1928 in Newton Abbot, Devon. Betty was born on 20 Jan 1904 in Calcutta, West Bengal, India and died on 1 Sep 2005 in Ibthorpe Manor Farm, Hurstbourne Tarrant, Hampshire at age 101. They had no children.

General Notes: Obituary: Daily Telegraph 06 Sept, 2005 20 Oct 1997

Lady Cuthbert yesterday presented the ship's bell to Glasgow Cathedral. Picture: EDWARD JONES. A dear wish of a Royal Navy vice-admiral was realised yesterday when the ship's bell of HMS Glasgow which he commanded during the Second World War was presented to Glasgow Cathedral, writes William Tinning. The Very Rev Dr William Morris, the cathedral minister, accepted the bell on behalf of the city from Lady Cuthbert, 93, widow of Vice Admiral Sir John Cuthbert, during the annual Service to Seafarers. Glasgow Lord Provost Pat Lally, Commodore Angus Sandford, CB, Naval regional officer Scotland and Northern Ireland, current members of the ship's company, and 45 members of the Cuthbert family were among those who attended the dedication service. The seventh of eight Royal Navy warships to bear the HMS Glasgow name in 290 years, the vice-admiral's ship - which was launched at Scotts of Greenock in 1936 and broken up in 1958 - had a distinguished record of service. During the Second World War she carried the King and Queen of Norway to North Norway, and was also part of the cruiser force at the battle of Taranto when the Italian fleet was largely destroyed. With a second cruiser, she fought off an attack by 11 destroyers, sinking three and damaging another four. On D-Day, HMS Glasgow led the American forces to the beaches, giving covering fire to the Normandy landings. The Glasgow-born vice admiral bought the bell when the vessel was broken up, in the face of keen competition shown by the former Glasgow Corporation. The bell was kept within a frame in the yard of the Hampshire farm to which he retired in the late 1950s. Yesterday, Lady Cuthbert said: "I am fulfilling a wish of my late husband who always said he wanted the bell to be lodged in the cathedral. It is a wonderful day - one I shall always remember." Dr Morris told the congregation it was a privilege to receive the bell on behalf of Glasgow and added: "We shall guard it reverently and proudly and welcome it into our trust." The bell's final resting place will be in the north transpt of the cathedral. The current HMS Glasgow, which saw action in the Falklands conflict, is currently undergoing a major refit in Devonport, Plymouth.

Noted events in her life were:

She worked as a Chief Woman Fire Officer.

8-Dr. William Leslie Cuthbert⁹ was born on 30 Dec 1903 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 31 Jan 1979 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Kelvinside Academy & Shrewsbury. Cambridge and Glasgow Universities.
- He worked as a General Practitioner in Stirling, Scotland.

William married Dorette Wilson, daughter of James Thomas Wilson and Mabel Mildred Millicent Salamons, on 2 Jan 1930 in Cambridge. Dorette was born on 26 Jul 1902 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. They had four children: Helen, Katharine Elizabeth, Bridget Jane, and Jillian Mary.

9-Helen Cuthbert

Helen married Bryan Kay Mann on 31 Jan 1959. Bryan was born in Oct 1932 and died on 29 Jul 2009 at age 76. They had two children: Alexandra Victoria Jane and Justin.

10-Alexandra Victoria Jane Mann

10-Justin Mann

9-Katharine Elizabeth Cuthbert

9-Bridget Jane Cuthbert

Bridget married John Peter Radcliffe, son of John Maurice Radcliffe. They had one daughter: Virginia Frances.

10-Virginia Frances Radcliffe

9-Jillian Mary Cuthbert

8-Alan Dalrymple Cuthbert⁹ was born on 18 Jun 1906 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland.

Alan married Elspeth Moncrieff Mitchell, daughter of Alexander Moncrieff Mitchell and Elizabeth Craig Boyd, on 11 Jun 1935 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Elspeth was born on 23 Sep 1906 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. They had three children: William Moncrieff, Elizabeth Else, and John Alexander Moncrieff.

9-William Moncrieff Cuthbert was born on 22 Jun 1936 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died in May 1989 in Balfron, Stirling at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman, National Trust for Scotland.

William married Caroline Jean Balfour Mitchell, daughter of Alec Marshall Mitchell and Hon. Rosemary Balfour. They had one daughter: Rosemary Louisa.

10-Rosemary Louisa Cuthbert

9-Elizabeth Else Cuthbert

9-John Alexander Moncrieff Cuthbert

8-Charlotte Rachel Cuthbert⁹ was born on 18 Aug 1909 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 19 Sep 1989 at age 80.

Charlotte married Alexander McArthur Ogilvie Robertson, son of James Ogilvie Robertson and Isabella Blair McArthur, on 11 Oct 1934 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Alexander was born on 14 Jun 1905 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland and died on 20 Feb 1971 at age 65. They had five children: Charlotte Ogilvie, James Ogilvie, Iain Ogilvie, Andrew Ogilvie, and Jane Ogilvie.

9-Charlotte Ogilvie Robertson

Charlotte married Mathew Mclaren Henderson, son of Donald Fletcher Scott Henderson. They had one son: Mark Mcarthur.

10-Mark Mcarthur Henderson

9-James Ogilvie Robertson

9-Iain Ogilvie Robertson

9-Andrew Ogilvie Robertson

9-Jane Ogilvie Robertson

7-Hilda Mary Wilson⁹ was born on 25 Dec 1876 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 22 Mar 1962 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 85.

Hilda married **Rev. Ernest John Bardsley**,⁹ son of **Rev. Canon James Wareing Bardsley**⁹ and **Jane Ann Green**, on 21 Apr 1903 in Parish Church, Kendal, Cumbria. Ernest was born on 15 Oct 1868 in St. Peter's Vicarage, Greenwich, London and died on 17 Sep 1948 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 79. They had three children: **John, Joan**, and **Gillian Wilson**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in 1915 in St. Andrew's Vicarage, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

• He worked as a Canon of Southwell.

8-Rev. John Bardsley⁹ was born on 3 Mar 1904 in Blackburn, Lancashire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Clerk in Holy Orders.

John married Bridget Helen Stafford Crossman,⁹ daughter of Sir Charles Stafford Crossman⁹ and Helen Elizabeth Howard,⁹ on 19 Jul 1935 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex. Bridget was born on 17 Mar 1903 in 67 Porchester Terrace, London. They had two children: Susanna Charlotte and Nicholas John.

9-Susanna Charlotte Bardsley

9-Nicholas John Bardsley

8-Joan Bardslev⁹ was born on 16 Jan 1906 in Blackburn, Lancashire.

Joan married David Whiteley Irving,⁹ son of Thomas Henry Irving and Margaret Ann Varley, on 10 Jan 1940 in Jerusalem. David was born on 17 Aug 1891 in Lindale in Cartmel, Cumbria.

8-Gillian Wilson Bardsley⁹ was born on 20 Mar 1910 in Blackburn, Lancashire.

6-Henry Wilson⁴⁹ was born on 20 Nov 1838 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 19 Dec 1858 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 20.

General Notes: 14 Dec 1858, Tues: Very poor accounts of Henry Wilson (1838-1858) of Kendal who seems to have suffered severe internal injuries from a fall with a pony. 16 Dec 1858, Thurs:Henry Wilson in a very critical state , almost hopeless.

17 Dec 1858, Fri:.....A very poor account of Henry Wilson.

20 Dec 1858, Mon:Poor Harry Wilson dies yesterday also; how sad are these removals, but each has his turn.

The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

6-Katherine Wilson^{8,9,27,65,66,67} was born on 7 Oct 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 15 Apr 1915 in Brown's Hotel, London at age 74, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Katherine married **Gurney Pease**,^{8,9,27,65,66,67} son of **Joseph Pease**^{6,7,8,9,10,12,40,66,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,79,80,81,82,83,84,85} and **Emma Gurney**,^{6,7,8,9,10,11,66,71,77,81,83,85,86,87,88,89} on 23 Apr 1863 in FMH Kendal, Cumbria. Gurney was born on 28 Feb 1839 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1872 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 33, and was buried on 14 Jun 1872 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: Harold Gurney, Katherine Maria, Wilson, Lilian, and John Henry.

General Notes: Gurney Pease b.28 Feb. 1839 was one of my uncles whom I liked. He also was a fine well built tall man of about 24 at this time, cheerful and kind, with reddish brown hair and reddish whiskers and corker moustache. He died also prematurely at 33 of Bright's Disease - no doubt if he too had obeyed Doctors orders and taken wine, his life would have been prolonged. (Arthur Pease had had the same symptoms but was saved and cured). He married Katharine Wilson of Kendal in 1863 and he died in 1872 the same year as his father (she died 1915). He was no good at business and made a mess of it. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

9 June 1872, Sun:Just as I was going to bed a telegram came in about 11 p.m. from Edward from Darlington saying they had received an anxious account from Malvern of Gurney, and that Arthur & Mary had left by the MaiI - this made me very uncomfortable about him.

10 June 1872, Mon: Woke in the morning with a bad attack of rheumatism which made me quite miserable - a letter came in from Kate not speaking of Gurney in low spirits; the telegrams from Arthur left me with but little hope at four o'clock.

11 June 1872, Tues: The sad news came by telegram this morning that poor dear Gurney died at Malvern about 9 o'clock last evening; it is most sad for poor Kate & the little ones - how do we all feel for ourselves it is bad enough - for him I trust it is perfect repose! Thought much of him all day - Edmund Backhouse most kind in making arrangements for me - my rheumatism much better - spent my time in winding up in London, postponing engagements &c - a quiet evening - Edwin Lucas Pease kindly called.

12 June 1872, Wed: To Darlington with Effie & Minnie, reached Southend at 4.15 - very touching coming home under such circumstances; a sweet chat with the girls - Arthur & Mary brought Kate & her children home from Malvern, arriving about 6 o'clock - and the remains... More & more do we feel the terrible loss to us all. Arthur by his letter and words told us a great deal; was very interesting ab ou t poor Gurney's last hours. He did not give himself up to die for some hours after they saw it was hopeless. He prayed earnestly for life, if it was God's will - If not, that God would take charge of the little one that He had given him and Kate - he said good-bye, God bless you all; told Arthur that as far as he could frame his thoughts, he was he felt safe, that all was 'serene', his breathing was hard but he had no pain - So in the wisdom of Him who cannot err, who is too good to be unkind, has terminated a life most precious to us all - God temper the wind to the shorn lamb! 14 June 1872 Fri: The day of poor Gurney's funeral - at arrangements, letters &c then into the garden, then meeting arrivals, dinner (lunch) at one o'clock. Left the house at 2.45, Kate, Minnie, Jane & Elizabeth (Fowler) riding, the rest with a large assemblage of Townsmen and our people on foot; at the grave side we heard J. B evan Braithwaite, and a few words from John Dodshon; in meeting we had a prayer from Isaac Sharp, a long sermon from J. Bevan Braithwaite, a good one from Theodore West (1826-1898) then a few solemn words from John Dodshon, then to Southend. We were a large family party in the evening, I read III & V Chapters of John's epistle, favourites with dear Gurney - all broke up about 8.30; we had supper, then dispersed to bed. A sad & memorable day. We have yet to feel our daily loss.

16 June 1872, Sun: To meeting - several; allusions to Gurney in sermons & prayers. Preparative meeting, then to Southend, dined, nap, then with Effie to Henry Fell Pease's where we had tea; then to poor Gurney's meeting at Walworth; John Dodshon of Stockton was there & preached most beautifully on the event, it was a very touching time. I spoke to them a little, home to supper, walked homewards with Mary Anna, Minnie with me.

The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant and Teacher in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in 1872 in Walworth Castle, Darlington, County Durham.
- He died on 10 Jun 1872 in Malvern, Worcestershire.

7-Harold Gurney Pease was born on 19 Aug 1864 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Apr 1928 in Virginia Water at age 63.

General Notes: Harold was mentally ill and was admitted to the Holloway Sanatorium on the 3rd August 1904, at the behest of his wife. He died there on the date as given.

Pease, Harold Gurney. Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 12, 1882. [Eldest] s. of Gurney, of Darlington (and Katharine, dau. of John Jowitt Wilson, Esq., of Kendal, Westmorland). B. in 1865. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough. Matric. Michs. 1882; B.A. 1885; M.A. 1890. In business for some time. Master of the Ayton Harriers, 1896-1900; of the South Oxfordshire Hunt, 1900-1. An invalid for many years. Married, 1896, Gwendolen Margaret, 2nd dau. of John Theobald Butler, Esq., of Great Ayton Hall, Yorks. Died Apr. 27, 1928, at Virginia Water. Brother of John H. (1890) and Wilson (1886). (King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Walford, County Families; The Times, May 1, 1928.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master of the Ayton Harriers in 1896-1900.
- He worked as a Master of the South Oxfordshire in 1900-1901.

Harold married Gwendolen Margaret Butler, daughter of John Theobald Butler⁹ and Rachel Mary Leatham,⁹ on 31 Dec 1896 in FMH Great Ayton. Gwendolen was born on 7 Sep 1876 in Burley, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 8 Jun 1957 in Brant Broughton at age 80.

7-Katherine Maria Pease^{9,65} was born on 11 Mar 1866 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 13 Dec 1935 in Ticehurst Hospital, East Sussex at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Anthropologist.
- She was educated at Somerville College, Oxford.
- She was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.
- She had a residence in Ewers, Bursledon, Hampshire.
- She had a residence in Nyeri, Kenya.
- She worked as an Author.

Katherine married William Scoresby Routledge,⁶⁵ son of William Routledge and Anne Sophia Twycross, on 8 Aug 1906 in Darlington, County Durham. William was born on 28 Mar 1859 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia and died on 31 Jul 1939 in London at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Anthropologist.

7-Wilson Pease^{9,65} was born on 9 Nov 1867 in Woodside, Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Jun 1923 in 22 Mount Street, London at age 55, and was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.

General Notes: Pease, Wilson. Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 4, 1886. S. of Gurney, of Darlington. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough. Matric. Michs. 1886; B.A. 1889. Called to the Bar, Inner Temple, Nov. 19, 1894. Died June 17, 1923. Brother of Harold G. (1882) and John H. (1890). King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Law Lists.)

Mon 18 June 1923 -Had a letter from Katie Routledge [to] say that Wilson Pease died in his sleep at 22 Mount Street on the Sat 16-Sun 17 night after being in his usual health on the Saturday - The nicest of all deaths, he was 55 & the first of 3 brothers & 2 sisters to go - A most pleasant creature to be with, gentle, sensible & with a turn of wit & taste - He never did any work & had no need to, had few cares & only one great sorrow - The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. _____

The sorrow, was perhaps not simply the loss of his wife, but probably the decision not to have had any children. Charles E. G. Pease

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1893.
- He had a residence in 22 Mount Street, London.

Wilson married Caroline Joanna Fowler,⁹ daughter of William Fowler^{8,9,10,24,29,66,73,90,91,92,93,94} and Rachel Maria Howard,^{9,10,24,91,93,94} on 6 Dec 1894 in St. Mark's, Audley St., London, Caroline was born on 17 Nov 1864 in Tottenham, London, died on 25 Oct 1922 in Penrith, Cumbria at age 57, and was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.

7-Lilian Pease^{9,27} was born on 21 Mar 1869 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 5 Jun 1945 in Taunton, Somerset at age 76.

Lilian married Charles Leslie Fox,⁹ son of Charles Henry Fox^{9,95,96,97} and Caroline Chapman,^{9,95,97,98} on 12 Oct 1892 in Darlington, County Durham. Charles was born on 24 Jun 1865 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 4 Sep 1933 in Biggar Hospital, Biggar, Lanarkshire at age 68. They had two children: Beatrice Evelyn Leslie and Hilda Violet Leslie.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He had a residence in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset,

8-Beatrice Evelyn Leslie Fox⁹ was born on 8 Mar 1898 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 30 Jan 1959 in Kingston St. Mary, Taunton, Somerset at age 60.

Beatrice married Humphrey Allen Bucknall, son of Edgar Allen Bucknall and Catherine Anna Knapp, on 26 Nov 1924 in London. Humphrey was born on 18 Feb 1898 in London. They had one son: Peter Gurney Allen.

9-Peter Gurney Allen Bucknall was born on 7 Jun 1926 in Henlow and died on 8 Oct 2017 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Film Producer.

Peter married Mary Barbara Adams, daughter of Frederick William Perkins and Winifred Bessie Glyn. They had one daughter: Caroline Gurney.

10-Caroline Gurney Bucknall

Caroline married someone. She had one son: Caspar.

11-Caspar Bucknall

Peter married Diana Bereton Edgelow. They had two children: Julian Gurney and Letitia Gurney.

10-Julian Gurney Bucknall

10-Letitia Gurney Bucknall

Beatrice next married Charles William Chatterton, son of Joseph Chatterton and Margaret Thompson-Anderson, on 13 Feb 1936 in Taunton. Charles was born on 2 Jan 1898 in Blyth.

8-Hilda Violet Leslie Fox⁹ was born on 31 Jul 1902 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 22 Apr 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 42.

Hilda married Air Vice Marshal John Beresford Cole-Hamilton, son of John Isaac Cole-Hamilton and Elinor Bourne Royds, on 12 Jun 1928 in Bradford On Thone. John was born on 1 Dec 1894 in London and died on 22 Aug 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 50. They had one daughter: Diana Patricia Selina.

9-Diana Patricia Selina Cole-Hamilton

Diana married Stephen Wilbraham Ford, son of John Meredith Randle Ford. They had two children: Joanna Margaret Randle and Jonathan Hugo.

10-Joanna Margaret Randle Ford

10-Jonathan Hugo Ford

Jonathan married Amanda Jane Stow. They had one son: Toby Jonathan.

11-Toby Jonathan Ford

7-John Henry Pease⁹ was born on 6 Nov 1871 in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham, died on 19 Feb 1939 in 31 Oueen's Gate, South Kensington, London at age 67, and was buried on 23 Feb 1939 in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

General Notes: Pease, John Henry. Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 9, 1890. S. of Gurney, of Darlington [and Katharine, dau. of John Jowitt Wilson, of Kendal]. B. 1871. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough; and at Edinburgh University. Matric. Michs. 1890; B.A. 1894. Engaged in business. Of Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Durham, J.P., and of Broadwindsor House, Dorset. Married, 1905, Louisa, dau. of Charles Edward Lambert, of the Manor House, Effingham, Surrey, and had issue. Died Feb. 19, 1939; buried at Broadwindsor. Brother of Harold G. (1882) and Wilson (1886). (King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; The Times, Feb. 20, 1939. £114,499 11s 10d

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Middlesbrough in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham.
- · He had a residence in Broadwindsor House, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

John married Louisa Lambert,⁹ daughter of Charles Edward Lambert and Emma Anne Snow, on 21 Oct 1905 in Effingham, Surrey. Louisa was born on 2 Jul 1871 in Bedford Hill, Surrey, died on 19 Feb 1959 in Broadwindsor House, Broadwindsor, Dorset at age 87, and was buried in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset. They had two children: Rachel and John Charles Gurney.

8-Rachel Pease was born on 23 Nov 1906 in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham and died in Dec 1993 in Richmond, Surrey at age 87.

Rachel married Christopher William Drewett Chaytor, son of Alfred Henry Chaytor and Dorothy Elizabeth Burrell, on 26 Jul 1949 in Broadwindsor, Dorset. Christopher was born on 19 Oct 1902 in London and died on 20 Feb 1969 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solictor. Waldy & Chaytor in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1965.
- He had a residence in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

8-John Charles Gurney Pease was born on 10 Apr 1909 in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham, died in Apr 1979 in Broadwindsor, Dorset at age 70, and was buried on 26 Apr 1979 in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

6-Mary Susan Wilson^{2,9} was born on 7 Oct 1842 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Oct 1907 in Beathwaite, Levens, Cumbria at age 65.

Mary married **Edward Crewdson**,^{2,9} son of **William Dilworth Crewdson**^{2,8,9,10,91} and **Deborah Braithwaite**,^{2,8,9} on 25 Jul 1868 in Kendal, Cumbria. Edward was born on 17 Jul 1821 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 20 May 1892 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 70. They had two children: **Wilfred Howard** and **Susan Mildred**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He had a residence in Abbot Hall, Kendal, Cumbria.

7-Wilfred Howard Crewdson⁹ was born on 15 May 1869 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 Oct 1907 in Beathwaite, Levens, Cumbria at age 38.

7-Susan Mildred Crewdson was born on 30 Jul 1877 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 1.

6-Arnold Wilson was born on 28 Oct 1845 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 Apr 1850 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 4.

6-Forster Wilson⁹ was born on 13 Apr 1847 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 28 Jan 1910 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 62.

General Notes: **31 Jan 1871, Tues**:heard by last post of poor George Fryer's sudden death, pitched out of a dog cart & killed - Forster Wilson who was with him had his arm broken! *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Sometime later, Forster went out to Australia, returning to Kendal, the day prior to his father's decease, in 1875.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Bank Top, Kendal, Cumbria.

Forster married **Eleanor Gibson**,⁹ daughter of **David Gibson** and **Caroline Clarke**, on 3 Feb 1876 in Glasslough, Tasmania. Eleanor was born on 22 Jan 1856 in Glasslough, Tasmania and died on 5 Apr 1915 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 59. They had six children: **Winifred Marion, Eleanor, Rachel, Faith Marjory, Sarah Irene**, and **Phyllis**.

7-Winifred Marion Wilson⁹ was born on 8 Mar 1877 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia and died on 27 Jan 1958 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 80.

7-Eleanor Wilson⁹ was born on 7 May 1879 in Glasslough, Tasmania and died on 28 Nov 1955 in Crediton, Devon at age 76.

7-Rachel Wilson⁹ was born on 31 Jan 1881 in Launceston, Tasmania, Australia and died on 10 Apr 1947 in Crediton, Devon at age 66.

7-Faith Marjory Wilson⁹ was born on 28 Apr 1885 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Faith married Aubrey George Boyd Crocker, son of Aubrey John Crocker and Dinah Maidment, on 6 Jan 1919 in Kendal, Cumbria. Aubrey was born on 26 Nov 1881 in Carbonear, Newfoundland and died on 27 May 1948 in St. John's, Newfoundland, Canada at age 66.

7-Sarah Irene Wilson⁹ was born on 25 Jul 1886 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Jan 1948 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex at age 61.

Sarah married **Dr. Stanley Edward Denyer**,⁹ son of **Alfred Denyer** and **Sarah Mary Ann Hull**, on 23 Aug 1905 in Kendal, Cumbria. Stanley was born on 26 Feb 1869 in London and died on 25 Feb 1931 in Hull, Yorkshire at age 61. They had five children: **Margaret Irene, Barbara Mary, John Edward, Christopher Michael**, and **Elisabeth Nancy**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG MA MD FRCS MRCP.
- He worked as a Physician and Surgeon.
- He had a residence in 26 Albion Street, Hull, Yorkshire.

8-Margaret Irene Denyer⁹ was born on 20 Sep 1906 in London.

Margaret married **Edward Garland**,⁹ son of **John Ownsworth Garland** and **Mildred Sarah Weekes**, on 7 Oct 1930 in Salisbury, Rhodesia. Edward was born on 13 Aug 1907 in Reigate, Surrey and died on 3 Dec 1946 in Trincomalee, Sri Lanka at age 39. They had three children: **June Vivinia, Anne**, and **Susan Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Flt. Lt. RAF.

9-June Vivinia Garland

9-Anne Garland

Anne married Robert John Sherlock, son of John Henry Sherlock and Mary Edith Barrett.

9-Susan Margaret Garland

8-Barbara Mary Denyer

Barbara married Walter Lucian Garstang,⁹ son of Prof. Walter Garstang and Lucy Ackroyd, on 21 Oct 1934 in Loughton, Essex. Walter was born on 2 Sep 1908 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 19 Sep 1991 at age 83. They had four children: Peter Lawrence, Charles Neville, Teresa Mary, and Sarah Judith.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a School teacher.

9-Peter Lawrence Garstang was born on 3 Apr 1935 in Buckhurst Hill, Essex and died on 2 Jul 1939 in Oundle at age 4.

9-Charles Neville Garstang

9-Teresa Mary Garstang

9-Sarah Judith Garstang

8-John Edward Denyer⁹ was born on 9 May 1911 in Hull, Yorkshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Mining Engineer.

John married Rosemary Middleton-West,⁹ daughter of Stephen Harold Middleton-West and Margaret Elizabeth Cunningham, on 16 Jun 1945 in London. Rosemary was born on 24 Aug 1914 in Darjeeling, West Bengal, India. They had two children: Mark Edward and Sally Margaret.

9-Mark Edward Denyer

9-Sally Margaret Denyer

8-Christopher Michael Denyer

Christopher married Mary Camilla Venner, daughter of John Franklyn Venner and Margaret Peech.

8-Elisabeth Nancy Denyer

7-**Phyllis Wilson**⁹ was born on 31 Jan 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Feb 1922 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 32.

6-Rachel Esther Wilson⁹ was born on 24 Aug 1848 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 13 Apr 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 71.

Rachel married **Gilbert Gilkes**,⁹ son of **Bedford Gilkes**^{9,48,92,99,100} and **Eliza Colvin**,^{9,99,100} on 20 Aug 1874 in Kendal, Cumbria. Gilbert was born on 13 Aug 1845 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 13 Aug 1924 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 79.

General Notes: **17 April 1876, Easter Mon:** Started with Albert at 8.30, to Darlington; after spending some time in the office, drove up to Old Shildon where I laid the foundation stone of a new Methodist Chapel, Albert doing the corner stone; we had tea with Mr Spurier the vicar and then drove on to Sunderland Bridge where I officiated at a similar ceremony for a Primitive Methodist Chapel;

walked on to Croxdale with John Rogerson who was most kind and polite, drove home to Woodside, one of my horses going very lame. Spent a pleasant evening with Kate, Gilbert and Rachel Gilkes were there children looked well & most well behaved.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

The complex range of buildings at Hutton Home Farm consists of the house and early stone built ranges dating, probably, from the early nineteenth century, a cart shed of three bays dated 1826, more stone buildings dating from c1874 and brick built wings from c1880 in a complex E-plan (Figure 1). Also on the steading, but detached from the farm buildings and worked separately until the present tenancy, are a combined joinery and smithy workshop range to the south of the farm house and a generator house to the west of the farm range which housed steam driven plant. Electricity was supplied to both Hutton Hall and to Pinchinthorpe House which belonged to Sir Alfred Pease, brother (sic)[Sir Alfred was Sir JWP's son], of Joseph Whitwell. The joinery was driven by a Williamson turbine. A second Williamson turbine, situated in the north west corner of the farm range, drove barn machinery. The farm was also equipped with a hydraulic hoist installed in a two storey cart shed with access from the northernmost fold vard.

Williamson Brothers Turbines

The turbines were made and installed for J W Pease in 1881 by the Williamson Brothers of the Canal Works in Kendal. One has the name cast onto the casing. Copies of the original drawings for the two turbines are preserved in the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate papers in the Teesside Archives. The turbines are Williamson numbers 432 and 433. No. 432 is a 7 HP (5.22kw) machine using an 80ft (24.4m) fall through an inlet of 8in. (203mm) diameter and passing 64 cu.ft./min. (30 litres/second). No. 433 is a 6 HP (4.47kw) machine with an inlet of 7in. (178mm) passing 54 cu.ft/min. (25.5 litres/second). The large turbine (Plate 1) was installed in a basement under the working floor of the joinery workshop (Figures 4 to 7). According to the Williamson drawings it drove two circular saw benches in one room and, via a secondary line shaft, a lathe and a band saw in another room and a grindstone outside the building. The smaller turbine (plate 2) was installed in a small outshot building and was designed to drive barn machinery via a belt running on pulleys mounted outside the end wall of the granary (Figures 2 & 3). The barn machinery was specified as grist a mill, oil cake mill, and a chaff cutter inside the main building and a bone mill in the open air immediately behind the turbine shed.

Hydraulic machinery remained in use until the 1950's by which time the joinery turbine was driving a Ransoms heavy timber saw bench used for converting timber from nearby forestry. Some of the barn machinery has survived though mainly dismantled. Details of the water supply from the artificial "Blue Lake", formerly "Hanging Stone Dam" are shown on map U/OME/5/12 in the OME Collection in the Middlesbrough Archivist. The water supply was finally disrupted by timber operations which damaged the pond.

Quite large numbers of turbines have survived in England, many of them made by Gilkes of Kendal. They are not always seen as conservation-worthy though they are clearly important to anyone interested in the history of attempts to harness hydraulic power more efficiently than in the old water wheels. The historical interest in the Hutton Home Farm turbines lies in the fact that Williamsons were early in the field of making water turbines. The firm was started by Henry Williamson in 1825/6 and he was joined by his brother William in 1832. From 1853 Williamson Brothers produced a variety of agricultural machines including horse wheels in Halfpenny Mill, a water mill in the parish of Stainton near Kendal. They moved to the Canal Iron Works in Kendal in July, 1856 where they continued until 1881 when they sold out to Gilbert Gilkes, the forerunner of the surviving Gilbert Gilkes & Gordon Ltd.. In all Williamsons produced 441 turbines in some twenty-five years. Williamsons took out a license to build the vortex turbine designed and developed by James Thomson, professor of engineering at Queen's College, Belfast and, incidentally, brother of Lord Kelvin. Thomason had carried out experiments in 1847 with a turbine on a vertical axis in which the water flowed inward through guide vanes to form a vortex before escaping through a draft tube. The vortex can be best visualised by thinking of the swirl of bath water as it escapes down the plug hole. Further work led to a patent in 1850 and to a paper "On the vortex water wheel" read to the British Association in 1852. The vortex turbine had the advantage over the pelton wheel in that it used a relatively high head of water provided by pipework but produced a relatively slow rate of revolution and a high torque. This output was, of course, very suitable for agricultural machinery. Williamson vortex turbines normally have a horizontal shaft, horizontal water inlet, vertical outlet or draft tube and a mechanical linkage system for the guide vane controls.

The first vortex turbine built by Williamson Brothers was made to an order placed on 17 August, 1856. Surviving Williamson turbines are quite rare. Williamson No. 1 is preserved in Abbot Hall Museum in Kendal. No. 406 is at Gayle Mill near Hawes. No. 428 was used at Cragside by Lord Armstrong for the first hydro-electric plant in the United Kingdom. Numbers 432 and 433 at Hutton were among the last to be built (J K Major, 1982).

The turbines at Hutton Home Farm appear to have been built as proposed in the working drawings. However, there must have been operating problems with the more powerful joinery turbine. The intermittent nature of the work done with circular saws and band saws may have caused problems of water hammer in the pipework and, as a result, the inlet pipework was subsequently modified. Under the new system, which still survives, the inlet water was controlled by a gate valve, followed by a weighted safety valve, then an air bottle and finally a butterfly valve before it reached the guide vane adjustment system. These are not shown on the original drawing.

Joseph Whitwell Pease and Williamson Brothers

The connection between Williamsons of Kendal and the Peases of Hutton is open to further research, but in view of the coincidence between the date (1881) when the Williamsons sold out to Gilbert Gilkes and when the Hutton turbines were installed, it is likely that the real link was between Gilkes/Pease rather than Williamson/Pease. [That is correct] In other words, Gilkes was almost certainly already associated with the firm when the Hutton contract was made. The link would be within the Quaker community, which maintained close links between Kendal, Darlington and Middlesbrough, particularly through the Wilson, Whitwell and Pease families. For example, Joseph Whitwell Pease was so named because his grandfather Edward, of Darlington, had married Rachel Whitwell of Kendal. This cross country link was strengthened when the brothers William and Thomas Whitwell from Kendal became ironmasters in Thornaby. More immediately relevant, Isaac Wilson, born in Kendal in 1822, was in partnership with Edgar Gilkes in Gilkes, Wilson Leatham and Co., of the Tees Iron Works, Middlesbrough by 1853, and this firm remained active throughout the boom years of Cleveland ironmaking at the same period as the Peases were deeply involved in the railways, ironstone mining and iron making. The Tees company was involved in the construction of the ill-fated Tay Bridge and Edgar Gilkes withdrew from active work in Middlesbrough following the collapse. His nephew Gilbert was born in Dublin and had a brass bedstead foundry in Birmingham before appearing in Kendal shortly after his uncle's retirement. He took over the turbine building business of the Williamsons. It is surely relevant to this story that Katherine, daughter of John Jowitt Wilson and Hannah Whitwell, married Gurney Pease, brother of Joseph Whitwell Pease, while her sister, Rachel, married Gilbert Gilkes.

Hydraulic Machinery at Hutton Home Farm near Guisborough. The Cleveland Industrial Archaeologist No 25. (1998). John K. Harrison

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brass bedstead manufacturer of Birmingham before 1881.
- He worked as a Turbine manufacturer. Gilbert Gilkes & Co. Ltd. In 1881.
- He worked as a Mayor of Kendal 1899 To 1902.
- He worked as a JP for Westmorland.
- He had a residence in Lynnside, Kendal, Cumbria.

6-Edith Wilson⁹ was born on 19 Jun 1850 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 1 Apr 1940 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 89.

Edith married Colin Somervell,⁹ son of Robert Miller Somervell⁹ and Anne Wilson,⁹ on 28 Feb 1883 in St. Cuthbert's, Darlington, County Durham. Colin was born on 28 Dec 1855 in Windermere, Cumbria and died on 29 Oct 1929 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 73. They had four children: Arnold Colin, Vincent Colin, Leonard Colin, and Edith Marjorie Colin.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Tenterfield, Kendal, Cumbria.

7-Maj. Sir Arnold Colin Somervell⁹ was born on 1 Dec 1883 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 5 Jul 1957 in High Borrans, Windermere, Cumbria at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Chairman, Somervell Bros.
- He had a residence in High Wells, Kendal, Cumbria.

Arnold married **Dorothy Isabel Hay**,⁹ daughter of **James Malcolm Hay** and **Sarah Ellen Anjer**,⁹ on 14 Jul 1909 in Broughton in Furness, Cumbria. Dorothy was born on 28 Feb 1885 in Bramley Hall, Handsworth, Yorkshire. They had three children: Peter Gordon Colin, Anne Wellesley, and Roger Malcolm Colin.

8-Peter Gordon Colin Somervell⁹ was born on 5 May 1910 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1993 at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director, Somervell Bros.

Peter married Alys Emily Dennis Duncan,⁹ daughter of Arthur Donald Stewart Duncan and Alice Featherstone Johnston, on 11 Jun 1947 in London. Alys was born on 22 Oct 1906 in Wellington, New Zealand and died on 19 Aug 1958 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 51.

Peter next married Diana Cinderella Mildred Bowes-Lyon,¹⁰¹ daughter of Hon. John Herbert Bowes-Lyon and Hon. Fenella Hepburn-Stuart-Forbes-Trefusis, on 24 Feb 1960 in Westminster Abbey. Diana was born on 14 Dec 1923 and died in 1986 at age 63. They had one daughter: Katherine Elizabeth.

General Notes: She was a Bridesmaid at the wedding of Denys Rhodes to Margaret Elphinstone, 31 July 1950

9-Katherine Elizabeth Somervell

Katherine married Robert W. P. Lagneau.

8-Anne Wellesley Somervell⁹ was born on 8 Mar 1913 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 16 Apr 1938 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 25.

8-Roger Malcolm Colin Somervell⁹ was born on 17 Jul 1916 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 3 Jul 1942 in El Alamein, Egypt. Killed In Action at age 25.

7-Vincent Colin Somervell⁹ was born on 15 Jun 1886 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 Jun 1886 in Kendal, Cumbria.

7-Leonard Colin Somervell⁹ was born on 27 May 1888 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 19 Aug 1958 in Windermere, Cumbria at age 70.

Leonard married Jean Margaret Colmer, daughter of Joseph Grose Colmer and Margaret Black, on 16 Jan 1936 in London. Jean was born on 2 Jun 1889.

7-Edith Marjorie Colin Somervell⁹ was born on 7 Nov 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria.

6-Francis Wilson⁹ was born on 14 Jun 1852 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 31 May 1910 in Freetown, Sierra Leone at age 57.

Francis married Anna Mary Livingstone, daughter of Dr. David Livingstone⁹ and Mary Moffatt,⁹ on 23 Dec 1881 in Hamilton, Scotland. Anna was born on 16 Nov 1858 in Kuruman, Kimberley, South Africa and died on 4 Dec 1939 in Carnoustie, Angus, Scotland at age 81. They had two children: Ruth Mary and Hubert Francis.

Noted events in her life were:

She was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.

7-Ruth Mary Wilson⁹ was born on 3 Nov 1882 in Kendal, Cumbria.

Ruth married Alexander MacDonald,⁹ son of Donald MacDonald and Margaret Maciver, on 22 Jun 1920 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Alexander was born on 17 Jan 1879 in Swordale, Isle Of Lewis. They had two children: Margaret Mary and Catherine Francis.

8-Margaret Mary MacDonald

Margaret married Jack Chesson, son of Horace Chesson and Ann Hughes. They had five children: Michael John, Peter David, Ruth Mary, Margaret Ann, and Alasdair Livingstone.

9-Michael John Chesson

9-Peter David Chesson

9-Ruth Mary Chesson

9-Margaret Ann Chesson

9-Alasdair Livingstone Chesson

8-Catherine Francis MacDonald

Catherine married George Rae Cameron Morgan, son of Henry Grubb Morgan and Etheline Christina Cameron. They had three children: Iain Alasdair, Hugh Robert, and Anna Mary Grace.

9-Iain Alasdair Morgan

9-Hugh Robert Morgan

9-Anna Mary Grace Morgan

7-Dr. Hubert Francis Wilson⁹ was born on 7 Jun 1884 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1976 at age 92.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC & Bar.

Hubert married Mary Rhoda Mackie,⁹ daughter of James Mackie and Jeannie Cuthbert, on 6 Jun 1923 in Bothwell, South Lanarkshire. Mary was born on 13 May 1895 in Bothwell, South Lanarkshire. They had four children: David Livingstone, Elspeth Jean, Mary Dalrymple, and Neil James.

8-Dr. David Livingstone Wilson

David married Ada Rae Imray, daughter of Harold Imray and Wilhelmina Shearer. They had three children: Neil Livingstone Imray, Colin Moffatt, and Christine Shearer.

9-Neil Livingstone Imray Wilson

9-Colin Moffatt Wilson

9-Christine Shearer Wilson

8-Elspeth Jean Wilson

Elspeth married David Crighton Murdoch, son of David Albert Murdoch and Dorothy Mabel Murdoch Stewart. They had two children: Alison Rhoda and Catriona Margaret.

9-Alison Rhoda Murdoch

9-Catriona Margaret Murdoch

8-Mary Dalrymple Wilson

8-Neil James Wilson

Neil married Anne Daphne Robson, daughter of Oswald Robson and Millicent Scarborough. They had three children: Elizabeth Anne, Fiona Margaret, and Charlotte Frances.

9-Elizabeth Anne Wilson

9-Fiona Margaret Wilson

9-Charlotte Frances Wilson

5-John Whitwell was born on 6 Sep 1811 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 28 Nov 1880 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 69.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Member of Parliament for Kendal in 1868-1880.

• He worked as a Mayor of Kendal on 6 occasions.

• He worked as a Manufacturer of Woollen goods; Whitwell & Co. In Kendal, Cumbria.

John married Anna Maude, daughter of Dr. William Maud⁵² and Ann Wilson,⁵² on 24 Aug 1836 in Bradford, Yorkshire. Anna was born on 29 Aug 1813 in Bradford, Yorkshire and died on 17 Dec 1848 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 35. They had five children: William Fisher, Anna Maria, Hannah Whalley, John Maude, and Rachel Jane.

6-William Fisher Whitwell was born on 5 Jul 1837 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 May 1841 in Died Young at age 3.

6-Anna Maria Whitwell⁹ was born on 9 Oct 1838 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 8 Dec 1918 in London at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1915 in 22 Coleherne Court, South Kensington, London.

Anna married John Wilson Colville,⁹ son of Alexander Colville and Catherine Morrison, on 28 Oct 1868 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. John was born on 22 Apr 1835 in Hillside, Fife and died on 30 Mar 1909 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 73. They had four children: Catherine Maude, Charles John Ochiltre, Maria Louise, and Inez Mary.

7-Catherine Maude Colville was born on 16 Aug 1869 in Sale, Cheshire and died on 27 Feb 1947 in Malling, Kent at age 77.

7-Charles John Ochiltre Colville was born on 16 Sep 1871 in Sale, Cheshire and died in Jun 1872 in Sale, Cheshire.

7-Maria Louise Colville was born on 3 May 1873 in Sale, Cheshire and died on 16 Dec 1947 in Ferring at age 74.

7-Inez Mary Colville was born on 11 Feb 1876 in Brookland, Manchester and died on 29 Dec 1926 in London at age 50.

6-Hannah Whalley Whitwell was born on 25 Apr 1840 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 8 Apr 1848 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 7.

6-John Maude Whitwell was born on 22 Apr 1841 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 21 May 1868 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 27.

6-Rachel Jane Whitwell was born on 10 May 1843 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Oct 1848 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 5.

5-Thomas Whitwell was born on 14 Feb 1814 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 7 Jun 1828 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 14.

5-Isaac Whitwell was born on 1 Jun 1815 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 25 Feb 1890 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 74.

5-Edward Whitwell was born on 2 May 1817 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 12 Jan 1893 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 75.

Edward married Mary Ann Jowitt, daughter of Robert Jowitt^{2,8,10,23,48,50,94} and Rachel Crewdson,^{2,8,10,23,48,50,94} on 8 Jul 1841 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Mary was born on 12 May 1819 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 17 Oct 1878 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 59. They had six children: Rachel Maria, Mary Ann, Elizabeth, Frances, Edward, and Robert Jowitt.

6-Rachel Maria Whitwell was born on 8 Jul 1844 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 22 Aug 1920 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 76.

6-Mary Ann Whitwell was born on 26 Mar 1846 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Jun 1939 in London at age 93.

6-Elizabeth Whitwell was born on 19 Apr 1849 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 14 Mar 1869 in Pau, France at age 19.

6-Frances Whitwell was born on 20 Jul 1851 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 20 Feb 1907 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 55.

6-Edward Whitwell was born on 30 Oct 1857 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 9 Apr 1868 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 10.

6-Robert Jowitt Whitwell⁹ was born on 31 Aug 1859 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 15 May 1928 in London at age 68. General Notes: Of Thornberry Lodge, Oxford

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Medieval Latin Scholar in University of Oxford.
- He worked as a Contributor to the Oxford Engliah Dictionary.
- He resided at Thornberry Lodge in Oxford.
- Miscellaneous: Initiator of the Medieval Latin Dictionary project., 1913-2014, Oxford.

Robert married Louisa Crommelin Brown,⁹ daughter of Colin Brown and Margaret Graham Brown, on 17 Apr 1884 in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland. Louisa was born on 27 Aug 1860 in Hillhead House, Glasgow and died on 29 Jan 1945 in Marienglas, Anglesey at age 84. They had three children: Margaret Marion Jowitt, Louisa Crommelin Roberta Jowitt, and Frank Robert Jowitt.

7-Margaret Marion Jowitt Whitwell was born on 30 Jan 1886 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 19 Mar 1927 in London at age 41.

7-Louisa Crommelin Roberta Jowitt Whitwell was born on 27 Mar 1893 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 2 Oct 1960 in Hastings, Sussex at age 67.

Louisa married Hastings William Sackville Russell 12th Duke Of Bedford, son of Herbrand Arthur Russell 11th Duke Of Bedford and Mary Du Caurroy Tribe, on 21 Nov 1914 in London. Hastings was born on 21 Dec 1888 in Newton Stewart, Galloway and died on 9 Oct 1953 in Tavistock, Devon at age 64. They had three children: John Ian Robert, Daphne Crommelin, and Hugh Hastings.

General Notes:

The 12th Duke developed a strain of homing budgerigars and wrote a piece in Country Life on the subject, illustrated by a photograph of himself surrounded by 3,000 birds. Birds eventually caused his death: he shot himself when aiming at a hawk that was threatening one of his budgerigars. According to Nancy Mitford in her book The English Aristocracy he also kept a pet spider to which he would regularly feed roast beef and Yorkshire pudding.

8-John Ian Robert Russell 13th Duke Of Bedford was born on 24 May 1917 in London and died on 25 Oct 2002 in Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA at age 85.

John married Clare Gwendolen Bridgman, daughter of Ernest John Bridgman and Alice Roddick, on 12 Apr 1939 in London. Clare was born on 21 Nov 1907 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire and died on 1 Sep 1945 in Rushlake Green at age 37. They had two children: Henry Robin Iain and Rudolf.

9-Henry Robin Iain Russell 14th Duke Of Bedford was born on 21 Jan 1940 in London and died on 13 Jun 2003 at age 63.

Henry married Henrietta Joan Tiarks, daughter of Henry Frederic Tiarks and Ina Florence Bell. They had three children: Andrew Ian Henry, Robin Loel Hastings, and James Edward Herbrand.

10-Andrew Ian Henry Russell 15th Duke Of Bedford

Andrew married Louise Rona Crammond, daughter of Donald Ian Crammond and Rona Zara Clifford-Johns. They had two children: Alexandra Louisa Clare and Henry Robin Charles.

11-Lady Alexandra Louisa Clare Russell

11-Henry Robin Charles Russell Marquess Of Tavistock

10-Lord Robin Loel Hastings Russell

Robin married Stephanie Niklas, daughter of Kurt Niklas.

10-Lord James Edward Herbrand Russell

James married Dawn Alexander. They had one son: Alexander Charles Robin.

11-Alexander Charles Robin Russell

9-Lord Rudolf Russell

Rudolf married Farah Mogaddam, daughter of Gen. R. Mogaddam.

John next married Lydia Yarde-Buller, daughter of John Reginald Lopes Yarde-Buller 3rd Baron Churston and Jessie Smither, on 12 Feb 1947 in London. Lydia was born on 17 Oct 1917 and died on 25 Jul 2006 at age 88. They had one son: Francis Hastings.

9-Lord Francis Hastings Russell

Francis married Faith Ibrahim, daughter of Dr. S. I. M. Ibrahim. They had one daughter: Czarina Lydia.

10-Czarina Lydia Russell

Francis next married Sarah Jane Clemence, daughter of Terence J. Clemence. They had two children: John Francis and Harry Evelyn Terence.

10-John Francis Russell

10-Harry Evelyn Terence Russell

John next married Nicole Charlotte Pierette Schneider, daughter of Paul Schneider, on 4 Sep 1960 in Ampthill, Bedfordshire. Nicole was born on 29 Jun 1920 in Paris and died on 7 Sep 2012 in Monte Carlo, France at age 92.

8-Lady Daphne Crommelin Russell

8-Lord Hugh Hastings Russell was born on 29 Mar 1923 in Warblington, Hampshire and died on 6 Jan 2005 at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with ARICS.
- He worked as a Chartered Surveyor.

Hugh married Rosemary Markby, daughter of Keith Freeling Markby and Violet Muriel Peel, on 7 Sep 1957 in Woburn, Bedfordshire. Rosemary died on 30 Mar 2006. They had two children: Mark Hugh and Karen Diana.

9-Mark Hugh Russell

Mark married Charlotte E. A. Stewart. They had three children: Chloe Ruth, Laurie Stewart, and Hester Mae.

10-Chloe Ruth Russell

10-Laurie Stewart Russell

10-Hester Mae Russell

9-Karen Diana Russell

Karen married Hugh Yelverton Scott-Barrett.

7-Frank Robert Jowitt Whitwell was born on 27 Aug 1898 in Oxford, Oxfordshire and died in 1977 in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 79.

Frank married Georgina Penelope Hamilton Whiteside, daughter of Capt. Robert Borras Whiteside and Hon. Leonore Agnes Watson Nesbit Hamilton, on 4 Jun 1928 in London. Georgina was born on 20 Dec 1905 in London and died in Nov 1990 in Haywards Heath, West Sussex at age 84. They had one daughter: Leonora Margaret Celia Hastings.

8-Leonora Margaret Celia Hastings Whitwell

Leonora married Maurice Osmund John Fooks, son of Lieut. Col. Osmund John Francis Fooks and Evelyn Mary Selina Paget, on 21 Jul 1951 in Lindfield, West Sussex. Maurice was born on 19 Jan 1927 and died on 1 Feb 2008 at age 81. They had two children: Caroline Susan and Jenny Margaret Anne. General Notes: Maurice Osmund John Fooks (G, 40-5), RAC 45; 14/20th Hussars 46. Underwriter at Lloyd's from 51; retd in his early 60s. He enjoyed shooting, fishing, socialising, visiting country

houses and gardens, and travelling with his wife until she had a stroke which prevented this. Died 1 February 08, survived by his wife and two daughters.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester in 1940-1945.
- He was educated at Royal Agricultural College Cirencester.
- He worked as an officer of the 14t/20th Hussars.
- He worked as a Lloyds underwriter.

9-Caroline Susan Fooks

9-Jenny Margaret Anne Fooks

5-Henry Whitwell¹⁰² was born on 24 Oct 1818 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 27 Mar 1848 in Madrid, Spain. Shot To Death. at age 29.

General Notes: He was shot dead while in Madrid.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Of West Lodge, Darlington.

Henry married Anne Backhouse Robson,^{28,102} daughter of Edward Robson^{8,102} and Jane Backhouse,^{8,102} on 24 Sep 1840 in Darlington, County Durham. Anne was born on 14 Mar 1817 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Sep 1886 in Darlington, County Durham at age 69, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: Maria Jane and Edward Robson.

6-Maria Jane Whitwell¹⁰² was born on 6 Aug 1841 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 14 Sep 1890 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 49, and was buried in FBG Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

Maria married William Lucas,¹⁰² son of William Lucas^{8,24,102,103} and Elizabeth Clay,^{8,19,102,103} on 21 Apr 1864 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. William was born on 22 Jan 1832 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire and died on 1 May 1914 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire at age 82. They had two children: William and Helen.

Marriage Notes: Hitchin also given

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in The Firs, Bedford Road, Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

7-William Lucas¹⁰² was born on 11 Jul 1866 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire and died on 22 Oct 1940 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Clifton College.

William married Amelia Couper Lindsay on 26 Dec 1909 in Willeton, Somerset. Amelia was born on 31 Aug 1866 in Dunfermiline and died on 27 Jun 1952 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 85.

7-Helen Lucas¹⁰² was born on 13 Jan 1868 in Hitchin, Hertfordshire.

Helen married Cecil Mercer Woodbridge, son of Henry William Woodbridge and Frances Mercer, on 25 Jan 1893 in Iver, Bucks. Cecil was born on 18 Feb 1866 in Uxbridge, Middlesex and died on 26 Aug 1951 in Harrogate at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of Barclays Bank.

6-Edward Robson Whitwell¹⁰² was born on 27 Jan 1843 in Sunderland, County Durham, died on 14 Oct 1922 in The Friarage, Yarm, Yorkshire at age 79, and was buried in Darlington West Cemetery, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DL for County Durham.
- He was awarded with JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as a JP for County Durham.
- He worked as a Vice-Chairman and Managing Director Horden Collieries Ltd.
- He had a residence in The Friarage, Yarm, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Mountaineer.
- Miscellaneous: Member of The Alpine Club.

Edward married Mary Janet Leatham,¹⁰² daughter of Edward Aldam Leatham^{8,102,104} and Mary Jane Fowler,^{8,92} on 12 Feb 1873 in FMH Wanstead. Mary was born on 26 Oct 1853 in Heath, Wakefield, Yorkshire and died on 14 Mar 1929 in Totteridge, Hertfordshire at age 75. They had five children: Annie Violet, Edward Leatham, Henry Cecil, Janet Muriel, and Gladys Rachel.

Marriage Notes: 12 Feb 1873, Wed: Soon after breakfast, off to the wedding at Wanstead meeting house; Bridesmaids of whom Effie was one in pink & white; the young folks spoke well. A good sermon from John Hodgkin & a good one too from Isaac Brown. A prayer from John Hodgkin, then we all went to Leyton were we were photographed - ten off to Eaton Square - where the breakfast was well done by Brunetti , then saw the happy pair off - then we dispersed. I with Edward Leatham towards the House on Deceased Wife's Sister's Bill and found it was over. So home having had quite enough fr one day. Robert N. Fowler dined with us. *The Diaries (Unpublished) of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

7-Annie Violet Whitwell^{9,102} was born on 25 Dec 1873 in Barton Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

Annie married Marston Clarke Buszard,⁹ son of Marston Buszard and Sarah Catherine Clarke, on 21 Dec 1898 in Yarm, Yorkshire. Marston was born on 13 Jul 1837 in Lutterworth, Leicestershire and died on 11 Sep 1921 in Folkestone, Kent at age 84. They had three children: Mary Violet, Irene Catherine, and Ellen Louisa.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KC LLM.
- He was educated at Rugby.

- He was educated at Trinity College Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law. Inner Temple.
- He worked as a JP for Leicestershire.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Stamford 1880 To 1885.
- He worked as a Recorder of Derby 1890 To 1899.
- He worked as a Recorder of Leicester in 1899.
- He worked as a Leader of the Midland Circuit.
- He had a residence in 22 Pembridge Square, London.
- He had a residence in Lutterworth, Leicestershire.

8-Mary Violet Buszard was born on 19 Oct 1900 in London.

Mary married **Maj. Gen. Sir Eustace Francis Tickell**, son of **Charles Tickell** and **Alice Esther Francis**, on 14 Jul 1921 in London. Eustace was born on 10 Dec 1893 in Srinagar, Kashmir and died in 1972 at age 79. They had three children: **Irene Violet, Marston Eustace**, and **Richard Linley**.

9-Irene Violet Tickell was born on 19 Sep 1922 in Chatham, Kent and died in 2003 in Devon at age 81.

9-Maj. Gen. Marston Eustace Tickell was born on 18 Nov 1923 in Chatham, Kent and died on 8 Sep 2009 at age 85.

General Notes: Tickell moved to HQ Northern Ireland in 1971 and, during the next two years, served three commanding generals and three Army commanders in an operational climate which became steadily more demanding. His time there saw the first British soldier killed, internment (with all its problems), Bloody Sunday, and operations to end the no-go areas of Belfast and Londonderry. Restoring security control in the two main cities was highly exacting, but Tickell succeeded with calm, meticulous planning and decisive execution. He was appointed CBE at the end of his tour. Marston Eustace Tickell, elder son of the late Major-General Sir Eustace Tickell, was born at Chatham on November 18 1923 and educated at Wellington. Like his father, he was commissioned into the Sappers. He commanded a platoon in 100 (Royal Monmouthshire) Field Company RE in the final year of the campaign in north-west Europe. His company was committed to a series of bridging operations – across the Orne, the Seine, the Meuse and the Rhine, where his regiment built the first British bridge.

Over the River Weser, his company built what was reported to be the only successful tank crossing; finally, despite considerable harassment by the enemy, they bridged the Elbe. Tickell's service in this campaign was marked by a commander-in-chief's commendation, a mention in despatches, and finally a Military Cross. His citation noted: "Wherever danger was to be found, there was Lieutenant Tickell."

In September 1946 he was granted a place to read Mechanical Science at Cambridge. He gained a first-class honours degree after two years and was then persuaded to stay on for a further year's course in Engineering. He was awarded another first, and the top prize, and ended the year rowing at Henley as Captain of Boats of his college, Peterhouse. After spells at the School of Military Engineering; in Germany and at Staff College, he spent two years in the Military Operations branch of the Ministry of Defence, a demanding job for which he was appointed MBE. In 1957 Tickell took command of 23 Field Squadron in Libya and accompanied it to Cyprus. There were then teaching posts at the Royal Military College of Science at Shrivenham, and at the Staff College.

He later moved to Paderborn, Germany, where he took over command of 4th Divisional Engineers. Sometimes his men would practise bridging the fast-flowing River Weser, which he had done 20 years earlier.

He usually let his squadron commanders get on with it, but had the knack of arriving about 10 minutes before disaster struck and gently suggesting a way to avoid it. In 1968 there were serious floods in Somerset and Devon, and 12 Engineer Brigade, of which Tickell had taken command, constructed eight military bridges within two days to replace those washed away. Attendance at the Indian National Defence College, New Delhi, was followed by the move to Northern Ireland.

In 1972 he was promoted to major-general and appointed engineer-in-chief, the professional head of the Royal Engineers (just like his father, who lived long enough to appreciate the event). His final appointment was that of commandant, Royal Military College of Science. He retired from the Army in 1978.

Tickell had a natural friendliness and wore his cleverness lightly. A talented sailor, he took part in 40 or so ocean races and won many prizes. These included five Fastnets, including the ill-fated 1979 race, during which he was credited with saving the lives of everyone on his boat.

Settled in Devon, Tickell was colonel commandant RE (1978-83), president of the Institution of Royal Engineers (1979-82) and honorary colonel, Engineer and Transport Staff Corps (1983-88). Marston Tickell died on September 8. He married, in 1961 Pamela Read, daughter of Vice-Admiral Arthur Read, who survives him.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CBE MC CEng FICE.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers.

Marston married Pamela Vere Read, daughter of Vice-Admiral Arthur Duncan Read and Rosamond Vere Monckton.

9-Capt. Richard Linley Tickell

Richard married Angela Mary Rosamonde Fayle, daughter of Lindley Robert Edmundson Fayle and Cicely Rosamonde Annette Bigge. They had two children: Robert Marston and Janet Mary.

10-Robert Marston Tickell

10-Janet Mary Tickell

8-Irene Catherine Buszard was born on 19 Oct 1900 in London.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Hospital Matron.

Irene married Thomas William Thacker, son of Arthur Thacker and Georgina Kirby, on 30 Aug 1924 in London. Thomas was born on 20 May 1879 in London and died on 19 Apr 1926 in London at age 46.

8-Ellen Louisa Buszard

7-Edward Leatham Whitwell¹⁰² was born on 17 Jan 1875 in Barton Hall, Darlington, County Durham and died on 16 Nov 1935 in Pentyrch, Glamorgan at age 60. Edward married Winifred Mary Walker, daughter of John H. Walker and Isabella Thomson, on 30 Aug 1900 in Dundee. Winifred was born on 7 Sep 1877 in Newport, Fife and died on 17 Jan 1913 in Esher at age 35. They had one son: Henry Edward Leatham.

8-Henry Edward Leatham Whitwell was born on 27 Apr 1902 in Newport, Fife and died on 9 Jan 1955 at age 52.

Henry married Dorothy Forster Renwick, daughter of William Henry Renwick and Ethel Maud Ratcliffe, in Jul 1925 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Dorothy was born on 18 Nov 1905. Edward next married Margaret Alice Turnbull, daughter of Robert Nesbitt Turnbull and Margaret Brown, on 6 May 1922 in Leeds, Yorkshire. Margaret was born on 27 Jul 1883 in Rothbury.

7-Henry Cecil Whitwell¹⁰² was born on 12 Nov 1876 in Barton Hall, Darlington, County Durham and died on 8 Sep 1950 at age 73.

7-Janet Muriel Whitwell^{9,102} was born on 1 Jan 1878 in Barton Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

Janet married Rt. Hon. Sir George Russell Clerk,⁹ son of General Sir Godfrey Clerk¹⁰ and Alice Mary Frere, on 16 Jan 1908 in St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Yarm, Yorkshire. George was born on 29 Nov 1874 in India and died on 18 Jun 1951 in London at age 76.

General Notes: Clerk, Sir George Russell (1874–1951), diplomatist, was born on 29 November 1874 in India, the only son of General Sir Godfrey Clerk (1835–1908), army officer, later commandant of the rifle brigade and groom-in-waiting to Queen Victoria and Edward VII, and his wife, Alice Mary, daughter of William Edward Frere, of the Bombay civil service; his grandfather was Sir George Russell Clerk (1800–1889), East India Company servant. He was educated at Eton College and at New College, Oxford, where he received a third class in literae humaniores (1897). After studying foreign languages abroad, he passed the Foreign Office entrance examination in December 1898.

Clerk served in March– April 1901 as acting third secretary to the duke of Abercorn's special mission to the courts of northern Europe, announcing the accession of Edward VII. In April 1903 he was posted, at his own request, to Abyssinia, where the British agency was no more than a group of round tuguls with thatched roofs and mud and wattle walls. He was twice left in charge and learnt Amharic before being recalled owing to ill health. He was promoted to second secretary in February 1907 and to assistant clerk in May 1907, and again served at the Foreign Office from May 1907 to October 1910. In the latter month he was promoted to first secretary and posted to the embassy at Constantinople, and in his spare time learned Turkish. In February 1912 he returned to the Foreign Office, where he was promoted in October 1913 to senior clerk and head of the Eastern department. On 16 June 1908 he had married (Janet) Muriel Whitwell, an accomplished artist, and daughter of Edward Robson Whitwell, of Yarm-on-Tees, Yorkshire. They had no children.

At the outbreak of war in 1914 Clerk was appointed head of the Foreign Office's new war department, which combined the pre-war regional departments covering Europe. He was promoted counsellor in December 1916. He worked closely with the secretary to the war cabinet, Maurice Hankey, forming one of his most important official relationships. In January 1917 he attended the conference in Rome at which the allies' overall campaign strategy for the year was planned. Later that month he accompanied Lord Milner on his mission to Russia. From January to September 1919 he was private secretary to Lord Curzon, the acting foreign secretary, and, with many of the senior officials in attendance at the Paris peace conference, he was in effect under-secretary. In August 1919 he was himself sent to

Paris to serve as secretary to the foreign secretary, Sir Arthur Balfour.

In September 1919 Clerk was appointed the first British minister to the new Czechoslovak state. First, however, he was sent on a special mission by the peace conference to Bucharest and Budapest, to secure the evacuation of the Romanian army from Hungary. During a stay in Budapest from October to December 1919, he witnessed the removal of the Romanian army, which in turn opened the way for the entry of the White forces under Admiral Horthy. Clerk's anti-Bolshevism made him tolerant of Horthy and the 'White terror' he unleashed upon Hungary, and his association with the admiral became controversial. In his defence, it was argued that his attitude was dictated by necessity since there was little choice but to use these forces if order was to be restored in the country.

Throughout the war Clerk had advocated the dismemberment of the Habsburg empire and had been sympathetic to the views of the New Europe group led by R. W. Seton-Watson. This connection led him to become acquainted with many of eastern Europe's future leaders. The decision to send him to Prague was inspired in part by his good relations with President Masaryk. Clerk did much to establish a good diplomatic atmosphere in Prague, and he was one of the few British ministers to sympathize with the Czechoslovaks over their efforts to handle the minorities question. He was less successful in his aspiration to make Czechoslovakia a centre for British influence in central Europe, when Curzon decided to swing away from Prague to Budapest. Arguments with the British ministers to Budapest and Vienna over policy also marked Clerk's tenure.

In November 1926 Clerk was appointed ambassador to Turkey and once again he was called upon to improve a strained diplomatic relationship. He succeeded in bringing about a rapprochement in Anglo-Turkish relations, damaged not only by the First World War but also by Britain's subsequent support for Greece's invasion in 1919 and compounded by a longer-lasting distrust of the Turkish leader, Kemal Atatürk. Clerk could have expected a major embassy, such as Berlin, as his next posting, but he received instead the minor embassy at Brussels, in October 1933. A few months later, however, in April 1934, he was the surprise choice to become ambassador to Paris in succession to Lord Tyrrell. Clerk's tenure of the Paris embassy witnessed the prelude to the Second World War. Acting upon instructions Clerk played an important role during the Spanish Civil War when, in a meeting with the foreign minister, Yvon Delbos, on 7 August 1936, he helped to convince the French government to adopt the British policy of non-intervention. None the less, Clerk was one of the group of ambassadors, including Horace Rumbold and Eric Phipps, who were alive to, and warned of, the threat from Germany. As ambassador he was a notable host and particularly enjoyed entertaining members of the French aristocracy at the Jockey Club in Paris. Lady Clerk, with whom his relationship was often strained, preferred informality as much as her husband preferred formality.

Clerk retired from the diplomatic service in April 1937 and became an active member of the Royal Geographical Society, serving as president during the difficult war years of 1941– 5. He played an important role in overseeing the transition from the age of exploration to that of the scholarly study of detail. A cigar smoker, he was a passionate fisherman, stag hunter, polo player, card player, and lover of books. Harold Nicolson, who served under him, observed that the habitually tidy Clerk 'was impervious to disturbance; he would have mounted the scaffold with the same imperturbability as he mounted the steps of the Turf Club, his spats and monocle shining in the summer air' (Nicolson, 859). An apparent dilettantism masked a forceful personality which enabled Clerk either to smooth previously ruffled feelings, as he did in Prague and Turkey, or to implement difficult policies, as he did in Budapest, or to see to the efficient administration of a wartime department, as he did during the First World War. He was appointed CMG (1908), CB (1914), KCMG (1917), PC (1926), and GCMG (1929). He held the grand cordon of the Légion d'honneur from France and decorations from Italy, Russia, and Czechoslovakia. He died at 29 Cleveland Gardens, Paddington, London, on 18 June 1951. A funeral service was held at Golders Green, and a memorial service at St Margaret's, Westminster, London.

Erik Goldstein

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with GCMG FRGS.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as a British Ambassador to Turkey.
- He worked as a British Ambassador to France.
- He had a residence in 14 Grafton Street, London.

7-Gladys Rachel Whitwell^{9,102,105} was born on 12 Mar 1882 in Barton Hall, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1970 in Aldershot, Hampshire at age 88.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with Order of St. Sava.

Gladys married Lt. Col. Arthur Patrick Bird Harrison,^{9,105} son of General Sir Richard Harrison and Amy O'Brien, on 29 Jun 1906 in London. Arthur was born on 16 Jan 1874 in Devonport, Devon and died on 13 Aug 1956 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 82. They had three children: Richard Arthur, Mary Muriel Daphne, and Barbara Anne.

General Notes: Arthur Patrick Bird Harrison was born on 16 January 1874, the only son of General Sir Richard Harrison, G.C.B., C.M.G. He was educated at Harrow and Trinity College, Cambridge and was commissioned into the 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade on 14 October 1896. He was promoted to Lieutenant on 20 February 1899 and to Captain on 5 November 1901, being posted to the 3rd Battalion.

Harrison served in the Boer War with the 1st Battalion, taking part in the relief of Ladysmith, including the actions at Colenso and Vaal Kranz; then in operations in Northern Natal, including the action at Laing's Nek; and in operations in the Transvaal, east of Pretoria, July - November 1900. During the Great War he was employed as Lieutenant-Colonel on the Special List. He served as Military Attaché to the Serbian Army and was awarded the Order of the White Eagle 3rd Class (sic). In April 1916 his wife was awarded the Order of St. Sava

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Officer of the Rifle Brigade.

8-Richard Arthur Harrison was born on 18 Aug 1907 in Earley, Reading, Berkshire and died in Dec 1986 in Dorset at age 79.

8-Mary Muriel Daphne Harrison

Mary married Maj. Jack Llewellyn Gwynn-Jones,¹⁰⁵ son of Llewellyn Gwynn-Jones and Edith Mary Page, on 11 Jan 1934 in Hawley. Jack was born on 19 Jan 1904 in Swanscombe, Kent and died on 26 Feb 1981 at age 77. They had one son: Peter Llewellyn.

9-Sir Peter Llewellyn Gwynn-Jones¹⁰⁵ was born on 12 Mar 1940 in Tanfield, Ripon, Yorkshire and died on 21 Aug 2010 at age 70.

General Notes: KCVO. In 1970 he joined the College of Arms and became assistant to Sir Anthony Richard Wagner, who was the Garter Principal King of Arms, and in 1973 was appointed Bluemantle Pursuivant of Arms in Ordinary. In 1982 he was promoted to herald, and served until 1995 as Lancaster Herald of Arms in Ordinary and as House Comptroller of the College of Arms. In 1995 he was appointed Garter Principal King of Arms. was Inspector of Regimental Colours from 2 October 1995, and Inspector of Royal Air Force Badges from 1996. As Garter Principal King of Arms he was also appointed in 1995 Genealogist to the Order of the Bath, Genealogist of the Order of St Michael and St George, and Genealogist of the Most Venerable Order of the Hospital of Saint John of Jerusalem. He was Secretary of the Harleian Society from 1981 until 1994, and non-executive Vice-President of The Heraldry Society from 1996. Gwynn-Jones was appointed Lieutenant of the Royal Victorian Order in 1994, promoted Commander of the Royal Victorian Order in 1998, and appointed Knight of Justice of the Most Venerable Order of the Hospital of Saint John of Jerusalem in 1995. In anticipation of his retirement HM The Queen promoted Gwynn-Jones Knight Commander of the Royal Victorian Order in the 2010 New Year Honours.

He was Garter Principal King of Arms, Genealogist of the Orders of the Bath, of St Michael and St George, and Order of St John, all from 1995 to his retirement in March 2010. Earlier career: Assistant to Garter King of Arms, 1970; Bluemantle Pursuivant of Arms, 1973; Secretary, Harleian Society, 1981 to 94; House Comptroller of College of Arms, 1982 to 95; Lancaster Herald of Arms, 1982 to 95. Inspector of Regimental

Colours, 1995 to 2010, of RAF Badges, 1996 to 2010. Freeman and Liveryman:

Painter Stainers Co., 1997; Scriveners Co., 1997. Hon. Citizen, State of Tennessee, 1991. FSA 1997. KStJ 1995

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO FSA KStJ.
- He was educated at Wellington.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Assistant to Garter King of Arms in 1970.
- He worked as a Bluemantle Pursuivant of Arms in 1973.
- He worked as a House Comptroller of College of Arms in 1982-1995.
- He worked as a Lancaster Herald of Arms in 1982-1995.
- He worked as a Garter Principal King of Arms in 1995-2010.

Mary next married Gavin David Young, son of George James Young and Margaret Ower Ritchie, on 16 Jan 1947 in London. Gavin was born on 24 Sep 1897 in Burnham, Buckinghamshire.

8-Barbara Anne Harrison

Barbara married William Peter Mead, son of George Gaskell Mead and Gladys Esther Bacchus. They had four children: Llyn Georgina, Richard William Edward, Vivienne Rowena, and Miriam Diana.

9-Llyn Georgina Mead

9-Richard William Edward Mead

- 9-Vivienne Rowena Mead
- 9-Miriam Diana Mead

4-Rachel Whitwell was born on 4 Jul 1768 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in Jul 1768 in Kendal, Cumbria, and was buried on 16 Jul 1768 in Kendal, Cumbria.

4-Hannah Whitwell was born on 4 Jul 1768 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in Jul 1768 in Kendal, Cumbria, and was buried on 16 Jul 1768 in Kendal, Cumbria.

4-Hannah Whitwell was born on 22 May 1769 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 20 Apr 1835 in Norton, Stockton on Tees, County Durham at age 65.

Hannah married George Coates,⁴⁷ son of George Coates and Dorothy Makepeace, on 10 Mar 1800 in Kendal, Cumbria. George was born on 3 Jun 1767 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham and died on 27 Dec 1851 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 84. They had eight children: Dorothy, George, Hannah, John, Rachel, Isaac, Sarah, and Edward.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Ouaker Elder.

5-Dorothy Coates¹⁷ was born on 10 Jan 1801 in Norton on Tees, County Durham and died on 27 Apr 1870 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810-1814 in York, Yorkshire.

5-George Coates was born on 6 Feb 1802 in Norton and died on 1 Jul 1869 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 67.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1816 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

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5-Hannah Coates<sup>106</sup> was born on 3 Sep 1803 in Norton on Tees, County Durham, died on 3 Apr 1871 at age 67, and was buried on 6 Apr 1871 in FBG Norton, County Durham.
Hannah married William Henry Dixon, son of George Dixon<sup>8,107,108,109</sup> and Rachel Coates,.<sup>107,108,109</sup> William was born on 23 Mar 1800 and died on 7 Mar 1874 at age 73.
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5-John Coates was born on 26 Jan 1805 in Norton and died on 31 Jan 1840 at age 35.

General Notes: I have checked an entry in the diaries of Edward Pease for 31 January 1840 and he refers to the deaths of an un-named solicitor family member who drinks himself to death aged 35 and whose sister precedes him a few days before. I have checked a 41,500 name database and John Coates fits the bill. His sister dies the day before him aged 29.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Solicitor in Darlington, County Durham.

5-Rachel Coates^{9,23,47,106} was born on 1 Jun 1806 in Norton, Stockton on Tees, County Durham and died on 27 Feb 1852 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 45. Rachel married Joseph Jowitt Fryer, 9,18,23,47,53,102,106 son of Joseph Fryer 8,9,18,23,40,53,102,110,111 and Ann Jowitt, 8,9,18,23,40,102,111 on 15 Sep 1836 in Stockton on Tees, County Durham. Joseph was born on 24 Aug 1806 in Toothill Grove, Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 21 Jan 1846 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire at age 39. They had five children: Hannah, Joseph, Sarah Amelia, George Coates, and Rachel Ann.

General Notes: of Holly Bank, Rastrick

6-Hannah Fryer was born on 22 Oct 1837 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire, died on 16 Dec 1868 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 31, and was buried in FBG Norton, County Durham.

6-Joseph Fryer^{8,32,44,112} was born on 4 Jul 1839 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 2 Jun 1904 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 64. General Notes: FRYER.-On the 3rd June, 1904, at Smelt House, Howdon-le-Wear, suddenly, Joseph Fryer (1854-6), aged 64 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1854-1856 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- Miscellaneous: Bootham School record his death on the 3rd of June 1904.
- He worked as a Coal Owner in County Durham.

Joseph married Annie Matilda Bigland,^{8,44} daughter of John Bigland^{8,30,67,113} and Matilda Hallam,^{8,30,113} on 29 Jul 1896 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham. Annie was born on 7 Aug 1863 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham and died on 7 Nov 1932 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 69. They had two children: Joseph Bigland and Doris Lucy.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1879-Jun 1881 in York, Yorkshire.

7-Joseph Bigland Fryer was born on 7 Dec 1897 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham and died on 7 Jul 1921 in Climbing Accident, Austria at age 23.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1919.

7-Doris Lucy Fryer was born on 4 Apr 1900 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham and died in Feb 1999 in Darlington, County Durham at age 98.

General Notes: She sold the old home of Smelt House in 1953. It is now called "Fir Tree Grange".

Doris married **Dr. Edward Carew-Shaw**,¹¹⁴ son of **Albert Carew-Shaw** and **Caroline**, on 4 Sep 1937 in London. Edward was born on 28 Mar 1901 in Chere, Cheshire and died on 8 May 1998 in Surrey at age 97. They had one son: **David Edward**.

General Notes: Former consultant ear, nose, and throat surgeon Bolingbroke Hospital, London (b 1901; q St George's 1926; FRCS), d 8 May 1998. At 15 after matriculation he sold his bicycle to fund his initial weeks in London and secured a post as assistant master at Wilkinson's School in Orme Square. From the age of 16 he combined this with evening studies at King's College, Strand, and two years later became a full time medical student, supporting himself by evening work in a chemist's shop and reviews of new cars. He funded himself for specialising in surgery through evening surgeries for a general practitioner in Chelsea and work as a demonstrator in anatomy. Established as an ear, nose, and throat specialist he built up a busy Harley Street practice as well as obtaining unpaid honorary appointments at several London hospitals. He was certain that war was inevitable and joined the supplementary reserve of officers two years before it was declared, being in France on 4 September 1939 and subsequently being seconded to London hospitals. Immediately after the war he trained with Julius Lempert in the United States, then master of the new fenestration operation for otosclerosis. He later resumed his hospital work and private practice, including among his patients Vivienne Leigh and Lana Turner. He bought a ruined house set in 35 acres and gradually developed a beautiful garden, planting thousands of trees and organising the planting of more camellias a year before his death. He leaves a second wife, Millie.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Consultant ear, nose, and throat surgeon in Bolingbroke Hospital, London.

8-David Edward Carew-Shaw was born on 6 May 1938 and died on 13 Sep 2015 in The Retreat, Heslington Road, York at age 77.

6-Sarah Amelia Fryer¹⁰⁶ was born on 20 Jul 1841 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire, died on 26 Mar 1871 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 29, and was buried in FBG Norton, County Durham.

6-George Coates Fryer^{27,106} was born on 2 Jun 1843 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire, died on 30 Jan 1871 in Durham (Carriage Accident) at age 27, and was buried on 3 Feb 1871 in FBG Norton, County Durham.

General Notes: 31 Jan 1871, Tues:heard by last post of poor George Fryer's sudden death, pitched out of a dog cart & killed - Fo[r]ster Wilson who was with him had his arm broken! The Diaries of Sir

Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished)

6-Rachel Ann Fryer^{9,26,27,102} was born on 18 Apr 1845 in Rastrick, Brighouse, Yorkshire and died on 12 Mar 1927 in Smelt House, Howden-le-Wear, Crook, County Durham at age 81.

General Notes: **20 Feb 1878, Wed:** Off by special to Middlesbro' to catch the 8.50 train so to Bishop Auckland to Edward Mounsey's and Rachel Ann Fryer's wedding; after some fun about the Registration not being forthcoming - the wedding got well over - Aunt Henry there, Uncle Henry a bad cold; Alfred & Rachel Backhouse, Arthur & Mary Pease, Mounseys, Fryers, Harveys & c & c went with Smith Stobart off to his house, saw his wife - she much better, then to the breakfast which was quiet and went off well - home by special from Middlesbro' - found Effie in much the same state. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Rachel married **Edward Backhouse Mounsey**, ^{9,26,27,74,102} son of **John Mounsey**^{26,66,102,115,116} and **Lucy Backhouse Backhouse**, ^{26,66,102,115,116} on 20 Feb 1878 in Bishop Auckland, County Durham. Edward was born on 20 Jun 1840 in Sunderland, County Durham and died on 9 Jan 1911 in Blackwell Hill, Darlington, County Durham at age 70. They had five children: **John Edward, George Fryer, Lucy Backhouse, Reginald Joseph**, and **Amelia Eliza**.

General Notes: Edward B. MOUNSEY, 70 9 Imo. 1911 Darlington. An Elder. The death of Edward Backhouse Mounsey, of Darlington, has left the Society of Friends poorer, for his was a rich nature, given freely for others. He died very suddenly of heart failure on the 9th January, in the office in which his business life was spent. He had had a slight illness during the previous autumn, but his health seemed very little impaired, and he had in no way altered his usual mode of life, and had been at meeting twice on the previous day. The elder son of John and Lucy Backhouse Mounsey, of Sunderland, he was heir to a strict Quaker tradition. His inheritance and upbringing had great influence on his character, and still more on his attitude towards life. But although his Quakerism, judged by modern standards, was strict, it was completely saved from narrow- ness by the natural tolerance of his disposition, which led him always to pass lenient judgment or more often not to judge at all. E. B. Mounsey's early years were spent in Sunderland, first in a house in Fawcett Street, now the chief business street of the town, and afterwards at Hendon Hill, which remained his home until his marriage. The eldest of a family of five, his home-life was particularly happy, and was especially marked by great love and reverence for his father and mother. Their wishes and his inclinations seemed identical, and it was his lifelong pleasure to endeavour worthily to follow in their footsteps. Indeed, he once remarked to his governess, when quite young - "Thou sees, it all depends on how you are brought up." A dominating personal influence of his youth, was that of his uncle Edward Backhouse, whose robust personality impressed itself powerfully on the mind of his nephew. An enduring affection existed between the two; and it was a constant pleasure to E. B. Mounsey to recall the sayings and doings of his hero. Another influence was that of Jasper Capper Mounsey, whose whimsical fun found a ready response; for Edward Mounsey was endowed with a rich vein of native humour. After several years at the Grange School, Sunderland, he began his business life at the age of seventeen, at the opening of the Sunderland branch of the bank of J. Backhouse & Co., in which two of his uncles were partners. Later, he spent a year in London, studying at University College in company with two cousins, under the tutorship of the late William Scarnell Lean. After some years, he was called to the head office of the bank at Darlington, and in 1870 was admitted into partnership. In 1878, E. B. Mounsey married Rachel Ann Fryer, of Smelt House, near Bishop Auckland, and settled at Tees Grange, near Darlington. Six years later he moved with his family to Blackwell Hill, two miles from Darlington, which was his home until his death. More than for most men, his home and family were for him the central interest of his life. He was endowed with a capacity for great affection, and was fortunate in his opportunities for bestowing it. He found much of his happiness in the pleasifies of of his children, both during their childhood and later. A true child-lover, children loved him by instinct. During the last months of his life his baby grand-daughter and he became fast friends and playmates. His affections extended in marked degree to his brother and sisters, with whom he was linked by a close bond. Edward Mounsey's life was uneventful. The private bank in which he was a partner joined with others in 1896 to form Barclay & Co., Limited. He became a director of the Company; but his chief work still lay at Darlington, where he attended daily, and took an active share in the management of the business. His balanced judgment was of great value when difficult questions required decision; and he had the power, so useful in a banker, of being able to refuse requests pleasantly. In the public life of the town his generous nature found scope in the support of philan- thropic and moral agencies. He was actively interested in the work of the Temperance Society, and his service on the Hospital Committee (latterly as chairman) was unfailing. He was in request as chairman of public meetings, for he always put the audience into a good humour and never spoke too long. E. B. Mounsey had considerable wealth, and with it simple tastes; so that he was able to distribute largely to persons and organisations which won his sympathy. His was a sunny life. Numberless men and women are to-day grateful for a kind act or a cordial word, given not of intention, but overflowing inevitably from his heart of sympathy. He was immensely inter- ested in everything that went on around him, and the many visitors who were welcomed at Blackwell felt at once that he was genuinely interested in their doings; to all appearances he was never bored. This faculty made him an admirable host. He enjoyed, too, to show his guests the curiosities and oddities he had collected; and at times would delight them with an exhibition of his skill as a conjuror, combining quickness of eye and hand with an inimitable flow of patter, which differed from that of the ordinary conjuror in that it was scrupulously truthful. In consequence of his strict Quaker, upbringing, his instinctive taste for music was never developed. In photography, his love of order and method and a great capacity for taking pains were richly rewarded. A great feature of E. B. Mounsey's life from childhood and up to within a short time of his death, was the annual visit to Seaton Carew, in his youth a quiet seaside village. For many years a colony of Friends was established there each summer; the family from Sunderland being its centre. Edward Mounsey stayed in the early days either with his uncle, or in lodgings. Later he inherited the family house, and the coble which was a source of constant delight through a long course of years. When an easterly wind kept the party ashore, there was endless resource in flying balloons, and kites of his own construction, and in making fireworks and letting them off before the whole population of the village. During the later years of his life, he found a new pleasure in motoring. It enabled him to see the country around his home as never before. His enjoyment was, perhaps, less in the beauty than in the infinite interest of what he saw; and many were the happy hours spent by the side of one of his sons, map in hand, exploring lane and by-road in every direction. E. B. Mounsey was almost before anything a Friend. A great share of his time and energy was given to the work of the Society of Friends. He was brought up to look on Yearly and Quarterly Meetings as among the great events of the year. Only necessity kept him away from them. He held at one time or another nearly every of Ece, within the Borders of Durham Quarterly Meeting, including the Clerkship, which he filled for nine years. As Elder his counsel was of great value, and to him usually fell the less pleasant duties of the office. As Overseer his time was freely given for the help of all who needed it. In Darlington Meeting he was convener of both Elders and Overseers ; and he became an unofficial court of appeal, if differences arose or difficulties needed solution. He never spoke in a meeting for worship, but he attended three times a week with the utmost regularity, and his devout worship spoke more eloquently than many a sermon, for it was known by everyone to be the reflection of his life. A cousin and near friend wrote of him : "We all feel that Edward's death has left a very wide gap in our family circle, and also in the life of the town and of the Society of Friends in this district. The more I think of his life, as we look upon it as a whole, the more I feel it was a very unusual one. His character was an uncommon mixture of sterling, stedfast worth, and of boyish enjoyment. It is very striking to see how his consistent Hfe has told on all sorts of unlikely people. Letters have come from those who one would not have thought knew him at all well, telling of the lasting impression that casual interviews with him had left. His children feel that they have a rich heritage. He was one, too, who made himself felt wherever he was - though not a bit obtrusive - and his ways and sayings come back to us constantly." Part of the force of his example was due to his complete unconsciousness of

his peculiar goodness. He was as incapable of a harsh judgment as of an ungenerous act ; yet he would often say, "People are very kind." "He did justice, he loved mercy, he walked humbly with his God," was quoted in Darlington meeting on the Sunday following his death; and no words can better describe his life.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grange School in Sunderland, County Durham.
- He worked as a Banker's clerk. J. Backhouse & Co. In Sunderland, County Durham.
- He was educated at University College, London.
- He worked as a Banker and Partner. J. Backhouse & Co. In 1870 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of Barclays Bank in 1896.

7-John Edward Mounsey¹⁰² was born on 6 Dec 1879 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 22 May 1929 in Nutfield, Reigate, Surrey at age 49, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

John married Christine Frances Trail Robinson, daughter of David Trail Robinson and Mary Wilhelmina Peacock, on 15 Jul 1911 in London. Christine was born on 25 Dec 1883 in London and died on 28 Sep 1943 in London at age 59. They had four children: John Patrick David, Ann, Christopher, and Elizabeth.

8-John Patrick David Mounsey was born on 1 Feb 1914 in London and died on 2 Jan 1999 at age 84.

John married Vera Madelaine Sarah King, daughter of Hugh Charles King and Ellen Louisa Marden. They had two children: Frances Sarah Ann and John Christopher Hugh.

9-Frances Sarah Ann Mounsey

9-John Christopher Hugh Mounsey

8-Ann Mounsev

Ann married Francis Athelstone Baines, son of Cuthbert Edward Baines and Margaret Clemency Lane Poole. They had one son: Jonathan.

9-Jonathan Baines

- 8-Cmdr. Christopher Mounsey was born on 11 Nov 1920 in London and died on 25 Jul 1944 in Action, English Channel at age 23.
- 8-Elizabeth Mounsey was born on 19 Dec 1922 in London and died in 1983 at age 61.

7-George Fryer Mounsey^{9,102} was born on 9 Feb 1881 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 23 Jan 1961 in Dene Croft, Newcastle at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.
- He worked as a Director of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.

George married Elizabeth Alberta McMurray,⁹ daughter of William Richey McMurray and Elizabeth Henderson, on 3 Apr 1907 in Belfast, Ireland. Elizabeth was born on 11 Nov 1884 in Belfast, Ireland and died in Dec 1966 in Tollerton, Nottinghamshire at age 82. They had five children: Norah Kathleen, Kathleen Sheila, Edward Richie, Michael Fryer, and Colin Anthony.

8-Norah Kathleen Mounsey was born on 4 Mar 1908 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 12 Jun 1908 in Belfast, Ireland.

8-Kathleen Sheila Mounsey was born on 18 Jun 1909 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 31 Oct 1997 in Bromley, Kent at age 88.

Kathleen married Henry James Stuart Macgeagh, son of Henry Grattan Macgeagh and Josephine Stuart, on 2 Apr 1932 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Henry was born on 20 Dec 1901 in Lurgan, Northern Ireland and died on 9 Mar 1938 in Lurgan, Northern Ireland at age 36. They had one daughter: Allison Lucy.

9-Allison Lucy Macgeach

Allison married Albert Rollier. They had three children: Patricia, Tanya, and Joanna.

10-Patricia Rollier

10-Tanya Rollier

10-Joanna Rollier

Kathleen next married William Burdon Taylor, son of Christopher Taylor and Henrietta Burdon. They had two children: Kathleen Elizabeth Burdon and Michael Christopher Burdon.

9-Kathleen Elizabeth Burdon Taylor

Kathleen married Wolfgang Jurgens. They had one son: George.

10-George Jurgens

9-Michael Christopher Burdon Taylor

Michael married Jaqui ?. They had one daughter: Sarah.

10-Sarah Taylor

8-Edward Richie Mounsey was born on 14 May 1912 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died in 1986 in Dalbeattie, Dumfries at age 74.

8-Michael Fryer Mounsey was born on 12 Sep 1915 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 26 Jul 2000 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of Barclays Bank in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire.

Michael married Ola Blanche Jack, daughter of David Bone Nightingale Jack and Kathleen McCormack, on 11 May 1945 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland. Ola was born on 13 May 1923 in Bolton, Lancashire and died on 10 Sep 1989 in Tollerton, Nottinghamshire at age 66. They had one daughter: Tessa Caroline.

9-Tessa Caroline Mounsey

Tessa married David Michael Wilkins. They had one daughter: Laura Jane.

10-Laura Jane Wilkins

Tessa next married Joel Griffiths.

8-Colin Anthony Mounsey

Colin married Helen Roake, daughter of Joseph Henry Roake and Muriel Mary Edgson. They had three children: Joseph Backhouse, Rachel Mary, and Sarah Elizabeth.

9-Joseph Backhouse Mounsey

Joseph married Jane Keith Lucas.

Joseph next married Elizabeth Anne Burton on 18 Nov 1978 in Richmond, Surrey. Elizabeth was born on 11 Mar 1950 in Singapore and died on 25 Jan 1995 in Surrey at age 44. They had one daughter: Elizabeth Helen.

10-Elizabeth Helen Mounsey

Joseph next married Josephine Jennifer Hance, daughter of Albert Edward Hance.

9-Rachel Mary Mounsey

Rachel married ? ?. They had one daughter: Emily Josephine.

10-Emily Josephine Mounsey

9-Sarah Elizabeth Mounsey

Sarah married Peter Counter. They had two children: Lucy Jane and Paul Richie.

10-Lucy Jane Counter

10-Paul Richie Counter

7-Lucy Backhouse Mounsey^{9,102} was born on 10 Mar 1882 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1968 at age 86.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Apr 1899 in York, Yorkshire.

Lucy married **Edward Backhouse**,^{9,34,73,102} son of **James Edward Backhouse**^{34,44,95,102,117,118,119,120} and **Elizabeth Barclay Fowler**,^{26,34,95,102,117,120} on 8 Apr 1902 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Edward was born on 26 Oct 1876 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 26 Aug 1922 in Switzerland at age 45.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Bank Manager, Barclay's Bank in County Durham.
- He had a residence in White House, Stockton on Tees, County Durham.

7-Reginald Joseph Mounsey¹⁰² was born on 23 Jan 1884 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 25 Mar 1962 in University College Hospital, London at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Fireclay Co. Ltd.

Reginald married Mary Cecilia Pease,^{6,102} daughter of Edward Lloyd Pease^{14,73,95,121} and Helen Blanche Pease,^{9,36,73,95} on 14 Sep 1921 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham at age 82. They had five children: Dorothy Helen, Priscilla Mary, Anthony Edward, David Reginald, and Margaret Lucy.

8-Dorothy Helen Mounsey was born on 10 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Jul 2012 in Darlington, County Durham at age 89, and was buried on 27 Jul 2012 in Memorial meeting, FMH Darlington.

8-Priscilla Mary Mounsey

Priscilla married Raymond Arthur Nunn, son of William Nunn and Alice Maud Parnell. They had one son: Richard John.

9-Richard John Nunn

8-Anthony Edward Mounsey

Anthony married Pamela Marian Nicholas, daughter of Charles Henry Nicholas and Marian Field. They had two children: Anthony Michael and Nicola Marian.

9-Anthony Michael Mounsey

9-Nicola Marian Mounsey

8-David Reginald Mounsey

David married Sheila Staton, daughter of Joseph Staton and Charlotte Ann Eaton. They had two children: Helen Margaret and Catherine Mary.

- 9-Helen Margaret Mounsey
- 9-Catherine Mary Mounsey

8-Margaret Lucy Mounsey

Margaret married Eric Woodford Pratt, son of Sidney Pratt and Charlotte May Dilkes, on 30 Jun 1951 in Darlington, County Durham. Eric was born on 21 Jul 1926 in Desford, Leicestershire, died on 18 Jul 1993 at age 66, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: Christopher David Woodford and Rosemary Priscilla.

9-Christopher David Woodford Pratt

9-Rosemary Priscilla Pratt

7-Amelia Eliza Mounsey^{6,9} was born on 13 Oct 1886 in Blackwell Hill, Darlington, County Durham and died on 25 May 1978 at age 91.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in 1901-1904 in York, Yorkshire.

Amelia married Anthony Wallis,^{9,122} son of Henry Marriage Wallis^{44,56,122} and Sarah Elizabeth Crosfield,^{44,56,122} on 8 Mar 1910 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Anthony was born on 14 Jul 1879 in Reading, Berkshire and died on 28 Aug 1919 in Penrith, Cumbria at age 40. They had four children: Edward Crosfield, Henry, Rachel Elizabeth, and Anthony Arthur John.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Haughton le Skerne, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Penrith, Cumbria.
- He worked as a Chief Inspector of Schools for Cumberland and Westmorland.

8-Edward Crosfield Wallis was born on 20 Feb 1911 in Haughton le Skerne, County Durham and died on 25 Dec 1989 in St. Albans, Hertfordshire at age 78.

Edward married Joyce Elsie Rudorf, daughter of George Rudorf and Dorothy Alicia Trant, on 23 May 1936 in Jordans. Joyce was born on 4 Sep 1913 in London and died on 3 Oct 2000 at age 87. They had five children: Anthony George Henry, Peter Martin, Helen Elizabeth, Margaret Clare, and Edward James.

9-Anthony George Henry Wallis

Anthony married Estelle Margaret Rose Holden, daughter of Michael Holden and Margaret Keogh. They had one son: Robert Edward Martin.

10-Robert Edward Martin Wallis

9-Peter Martin Wallis

Peter married Brenda Irene Miles, daughter of Stanley James Miles and Irene Minnie Shuttleworth.

- 9-Helen Elizabeth Wallis
- 9-Margaret Clare Wallis
- 9-Edward James Wallis

8-Henry Wallis was born on 1 May 1912 in Haughton le Skerne, County Durham and died on 4 Dec 1989 at age 77.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Electrical Engineer.

Henry married Elizabeth Frances Fisher, daughter of John Campbell Fisher and Agnes Beatrice Close. They had one son: Robin.

9-Robin Wallis

8-Rachel Elizabeth Wallis was born on 2 Nov 1914 in Penrith, Cumbria.

Rachel married Laszlo Rostas, son of Samuel Rosenheim and Wilhelmina Rosinger, on 25 Mar 1944 in London. Laszlo was born on 10 Oct 1902 in Székesfehérvár, Hungary and died on 1 Oct 1954 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 51. They had three children: Susan Elizabeth, Catherine Sarah, and Anne.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Research Economist.
 - 9-Susan Elizabeth Rostas
 - 9-Catherine Sarah Rostas
- 9-Anne Rostas
- 8-Anthony Arthur John Wallis

Anthony married Erika Renate Przibran, daughter of Karl Przibram and Elizabeth Berta Margareta Tognarelli. They had two children: Simon Charles and Paul Henry.

9-Simon Charles Wallis

9-Paul Henry Wallis

5-Isaac Coates was born on 29 Jan 1808 in Norton on Tees, County Durham and died on 28 Nov 1878 in Bitterne, Hampshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

• He emigrated to Australia.

Isaac married Margaret Cockburn in 1844 in New Zealand. Margaret was born in Donegal and died in Jan 1848 in Adelaide, South Australia. They had one daughter: Sarah.

6-Sarah Coates was born in 1846 in Adelaide, South Australia and died in Jan 1848 in Adelaide, South Australia at age 2.

Isaac next married Ann Heath.

5-Sarah Coates was born on 22 Aug 1810 in Norton and died on 30 Jan 1840 at age 29.

5-Edward Coates was born on 27 Jun 1812 in Norton and died on 31 Dec 1812.

4-John Whitwell was born on 12 Sep 1773 in Kendal, Cumbria, died in 1775 in Kendal, Cumbria at age 2, and was buried on 23 Jan 1775 in Kendal, Cumbria.

4-**Rachel Whitwell**^{1,3,6,7,8,9,10,11,66,89,123} was born in Jul 1774 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 18 Oct 1833 in Plymouth Grove, Manchester. At Wilson Crewdson's home. at age 59, and was buried on 27 Oct 1833 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. The cause of her death was Brain Haemorrhage.

General Notes: In October, Edward and Rachel had gone to stay with their cousins Wilson and Margaret Crewdson, at Plymouth Grove, Manchester. One night she fell in her room and struck her head ; concussion of the brain followed a few hours after what was considered at first a slight accident. She died the following day (the 18th of October), very suddenly.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.
- She worked as a Quaker Minister.

Rachel married Edward Pease, ^{1,3,6,7,8,9,10,11,17,31,41,66,70,71,72,78,80,82,89,123,124,125,126} son of Joseph Pease^{6,7,8,10,82,87,95} and Mary Richardson, ^{6,7,8,10,82,87,95} on 3 Nov 1796 in FMH Kendal. Edward was born on 31 May 1767 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Jul 1858 in Northgate, Darlington, County Durham at age 91, and was buried on 5 Aug 1858 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. The cause of his death was Old age, compounded by liver failure. They had eight children: John, Joseph, Rachel, Edward, Mary, Elizabeth, Isaac, and Henry.

General Notes: Pease, Edward (1767–1858), woollen manufacturer and railway promoter, born at Darlington on 31 May 1767, was the eldest son of Joseph Pease, woollen manufacturer, and his wife, Mary Richardson. A brother, Joseph (1772–1846), was one of the founders of the Peace Society in 1817, and a supporter of the Anti-Slavery Society, for which he wrote tracts in 1841 and 1842. Edward was educated at Leeds under Joseph Tatham the elder, and at the age of fifteen was placed in the woollen manufacturing business carried on by his father at Darlington. Pease married, on 30 November 1796, a fellow Quaker, Rachel, daughter of John Whitwell, of Kendal. They had five sons and three daughters. Rachel Pease died at Manchester on 18 October 1833.

In 1809 Pease became interested in a scheme for improving navigation on the lower reaches of the River Tees, a project which eventually bore fruit as the Stockton and Darlington Railway, linking collieries in south-west Durham with the London coastal trade in competition with established interests on the Tyne and the Wear. In 1818 preliminary steps were taken to obtain parliamentary sanction for the proposed railway, but the bill was thrown out owing to the opposition of the duke of Cleveland, near one of whose fox-covers the line was to run. In 1819 a new route was proposed, and the measure received royal assent on 19 April 1821.

Originally the railway was only intended to carry coal, and be drawn by horses; but in the spring of 1821 Pease recruited the Tyneside colliery engine-wright, George Stephenson, as engineer to the line. Stephenson was the foremost locomotive engineer of the day and it was due to his advocacy that Pease was persuaded of the efficiency of steam locomotive haulage on the projected railway. Pease's role as the driving force behind the Stockton and Darlington Railway project was facilitated by his status as a Quaker entrepreneur with extensive familial contacts within the Quaker banking community in Norwich and London. Following the opening of the railway in September 1825, intermarriage within the Quaker 'cousinhood', reinforced by intra-family share transfers, resulted in the Pease family's emergence as the leading stockholders in the railway. Thus, despite its status as a publicly quoted company the Stockton and Darlington Railway soon aspired to the standing of a family-run firm. Pease's role as provider of capital is well illustrated in his contribution to the founding of Robert Stephenson & Co. of Newcastle upon Tyne in 1823 as a purpose-built locomotive building establishment. Of the modest initial capital of £4000, £1600 was advanced by Pease, but he also loaned Robert Stephenson £500 towards his own subscription.

Pease retired from active business life in 1833. He spent the remaining years of his life, as a notably 'plain' Quaker, consumed with guilt about his worldly riches and worrying incessantly about his sons' business speculations. He died of heart failure at his residence, Northgate, Darlington, on 31 July 1858. His relations with George Stephenson and his son Robert remained cordial to the end of his life. In his Lives of the Engineers, Samuel Smiles described Pease as 'a thoughtful and sagacious man, ready in resources, possessed of indomitable energy and perseverance'. His diaries were edited by his greatgrandson Sir Alfred E. Pease in 1907. He was buried in the Quaker burial-ground, Skinnergate, Darlington.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1779 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He was Ouaker.
- He worked as a Woollen Merchant in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as an Anti-slavery campaigner.
- He had a residence in Northgate, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder.
- He worked as a Railway Promoter and Principal founder of the Stockton & Darlington Railway in Darlington, County Durham.

5-John Pease^{6,7,8,9,11,17,23,31,41,50,70,79,80,93} was born on 30 Sep 1797 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 29 Jul 1868 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 70, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1809-1811 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Josiah Forster's Academy in Southgate, London.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of the Stockton and Darlington Railway in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of the Darlington Gas Company.

- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1819 in Darlington MM.
- He worked as a Director of the Stockton and Middlesbrough Water Company.
- He worked as a member of the Darlington Board of Health.
- He worked as a founder with Thomas Richardson and others, of Ayton School in 1841 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Trustee of the Flounder's Institute in 1845 in Ackworth, Pontefract, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in East Mount, Darlington, County Durham.

John married Sophia Jowitt, ^{6,7,8,9,11,17,23,50,80,93} daughter of Joseph Jowitt^{8,17,23,53,106} and Grace Firth, ^{8,17,23,53,106} on 26 Nov 1823 in FMH Leeds. Sophia was born on 10 Oct 1801 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 6 Aug 1870 in Elm Ridge, Darlington, County Durham at age 68, and was buried on 11 Aug 1870 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: Sophia and Mary Anna.

Marriage Notes: also given 29th

General Notes: 7 Aug 1870, Sun: After Guisbro' meeting, drove down to Marske and dined with the children who seemed all very well - home at four o'clock, a nap, looked over my chapter for this evening and read at 6 o'clock. Heard that Aunt Pease had died yesterday afternoon, quietly, peaceably, full of hope.

11 Aug 1870, Thurs: Aunt Pease's funeral; rode over to Marske, found the children well and bathing; up to Darlington with Jane (coming from Saltburn). At the office a few minutes, then to Hummersknott, saw my father who seemed very nicely, then to Elm Ridge; after a prayer from G. Harvey, we followed the remains to the graveyard - a few words from Frederick Fryer (1824-1872) and a few from Cousin Katherine Backhouse, and into meeting, sermons from John Ford, John Dodgson, Isaac Sharp a prayer. In the evening a considerable family gathering; one generation seems now to be fast succeeding another. Home with Edgar Gilkes & Co., & Isaac Sharp. John William Pease 's boy Howard has come out in scarlet fever. The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished)

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Quaker Minister. In 1834 in Darlington MM.
- She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810-1814 in York, Yorkshire.

6-Sophia Pease^{6,7,8,9,10,11,23,50,73,77,80,127} was born on 11 Jun 1837 in East Mount, Darlington, County Durham, died on 30 Mar 1897 in The Grand Hotel, Biarritz, France at age 59, and was buried on 3 Apr 1897 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Fry [née Pease], Sophia, Lady Fry (1837–1897), philanthropist and political activist, was born on 11 June 1837 at East Mount, Darlington, co. Durham, the first of the two daughters of John Pease (1797–1868), woollen manufacturer and director of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, and Sophia Pease, née Jowitt (d. 1870). Sophia Fry's outstanding contribution to philanthropy and politics was a consequence of the three main formative influences of her early life: the Ouaker faith, Liberalism, and her family. The parental home at East Mount, Darlington, was run in accordance with Ouaker culture and teachings, with an emphasis on philanthropy and public service. Sophia and her only sister, Mary Anna, were given an unusually well-rounded education: academic lessons from a governess were part of a regime which emphasized healthy outdoor pursuits and moral development. At the age of fourteen she spent one year at the Miss Taylors' school at Frenchay, near Bristol, where she developed a lifelong friendship with Sarah Sturge, who later married her cousin, Edward Pease, and first met her husband-to-be, Theodore Fry (1836–1912), a scion of the family of cocoa and chocolate manufacturers. They were married on 14 August 1862, and by all accounts theirs was a compatible and companionable union, producing eight children (four girls and four boys), and with shared interests in public service and politics. After an initial four years in Bristol, they set up a permanent home at Woodburn in Darlington, where Theodore became a partner in the iron-rolling mills at Rise Carr. He subsequently served on the town council, school board, and the board of guardians, and was mayor in 1877–8. Sophia became involved in a number of religious, charitable, and educational activities in which her organizational flair and gift for public speaking began to mature.

Following family tradition, Sophia Fry had been drawn into visiting work from an early age, and developed a youthful interest in education for the poor. Her capacity for innovation was shown when, still a very young woman, she started a weekly class for pupil teachers, and set up a centre for cookery classes— well before the development of domestic skills teaching in state elementary schools. After her marriage she helped to establish the Girls' Friends Day School in Bristol, and was active in the affairs of the Darlington High School for Girls, which was attended by her daughters. She ensured that women had a responsible share in the management of the British and Foreign School Society's North of England College to train mistresses for elementary schools, established in Darlington in 1879. A supporter of the Association for the Care of Girls and the Darlington Temperance Society, her broader philanthropic work included the running of mothers' meetings and savings clubs for women at the Hopetown mission. Perhaps her most significant contribution to the civic life of Darlington was a successful campaign to raise £10,000 to build the general hospital, which was opened in 1884. Sophia Fry was perhaps most notable for her pioneering work in encouraging women's active involvement in party politics and in establishing the national Women's Liberal Federation. The election of her husband as MP for Darlington in 1880 propelled her into campaigning and canvassing. Recognizing the valuable skills which women could bring to local constituency work, and inspired, as were others, by W. E. Gladstone's call to women during his Midlothian campaign, she set up a Women's Liberal Association (WLA) in Darlington in 1881, among the first in the country. Although the role of women in party politics was at this stage a contested one, she believed it to be their duty to work for the electoral success of the Liberal Party and thus to promote its stance on many of the great moral issues of the day. Later commentators have remarked that the experience she gained as an active philanthropist was the forerunner of her interest in politics. Aware of the need for local associations to have a national forum for communication and mutual development, she established the Women's Liberal Federation (WLF) in London in 1887, taking the position of honorary secretary, with Catherine Gladstone as a not very effective president. It quickly grew into a formidable organization of some 75,000 members and 360 local WLAs by 1892.

However, it also acquired a reputation for 'strong feminism' and its national conferences aired many of the women's issues of the time. The most divisive and controversial of these was women's suffrage which Sophia, although personally in favour, rightly viewed as a threat to the harmonious working of the federation and a deflection from their main purpose of electing Liberals to office. When a group of

rebel progressives succeeded in establishing women's suffrage as one of the official aims of the federation, Sophia led a group of moderates into forming a secessionist Women's National Liberal Association in 1892, which adhered to the WLF's original aims and preserved the important principle of local WLA autonomy. She became its first vice-president (1892–7). When her husband was created a baronet in 1894, Sophia assumed the title of Lady Fry. A serious accident while on holiday with her husband in Italy was the prelude to her untimely death the following year at the Grand Hotel, Biarritz, on 30 March 1897. She was buried in the Quaker meeting-house graveyard in Darlington on 3 April. Sir Theodore remarried in 1902. Sophia Fry is honoured for her pivotal role in bringing women to the fore of Liberal politics.

Linda Walker

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Philanthropist.
- She was educated at Lydia Rous was her Governess.
- She worked as a Founding member of the Women's Liberal Federation in 1886.
- She worked as a Founding member of the Women's Liberal National Association in 1892.

Sophia married Sir Theodore Fry 1st Bt.,^{6,7,8,9,11,23,50,73,77,80,127} son of Francis Fry^{10,17,28,46,77,99,116} and Matilda Penrose,^{10,17,46,77,99,116} on 14 Aug 1862 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Theodore was born on 1 May 1836 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 Feb 1912 in Beechhanger Court, Caterham, Surrey at age 75. They had eight children: John Pease, Sophia Matilda, Anna Gertrude, Theodore Wilfrid, Walter Raymond, Bernard Cecil, Hilda Geraldine, and Isobel Penrose.

Marriage Notes: **14 Aug 1862,Thurs**: Sophy's wedding morning, a wet morning but it cleared up; to meeting with Rachel *Leatham* and Elizabeth *L. Fowler* and the two children, the party soon formed and all went off well, the Bride spoke well;' as soon as meeting was over, the party went up to the Station; I went home, found *Minnie* nicely; wrote to my mother-in-law, and then up to the Station where I joined the party and in the midst of exploding fog signals we went off to Ayton, we ran over the new line close to Cleveland Lodge; the feast was very well done indeed and so, Brown said, was the photographing. Uncle Henry and I came away early, and so home. Found *Minnie* tired but better than yesterday, Helen most kindly with her. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA MP JP DL.
- He worked as an Ironmaster. In Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington in 1877-1878.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Darlington 1880 To 1895.
- He had a residence in Woodburn, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of Shildon and Weardale Waterworks.
- He worked as a Director of the Bearpark Coal and Coke Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of Fry Janson and Co. In Darlington, County Durham.

7-Sir John Pease Fry 2nd Bt.^{9,73,77} was born on 26 Feb 1864 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 25 Jan 1957 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 92. General Notes: MA FSA DL JP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Coal Owner in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

John married Margaret Theodora Fox,^{9,77} daughter of Francis Edward Fox^{77,122,128} and Maria Crewdson,^{122,128,129} on 4 Jun 1891 in FMH Plymouth. Margaret was born on 21 Oct 1866 in Tottenham, London and died on 17 Nov 1941 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 75. They had six children: Theodore Penrose, Helen Joyce, John Nicholas Pease, Margaret Isobel, Sophia Geraldine, and Francis Wilfrid. 8-Sir Theodore Penrose Fry 3rd Bt.⁷⁷ was born on 6 Apr 1892 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 6 Aug 1971 at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.

Theodore married **Emily Sheila Kaye-Smith**,⁷⁷ daughter of **Edward Kaye-Smith** and **Emily Janet De La Condamine**, on 16 Oct 1924 in St Leonards. Emily was born on 4 Feb 1887 in St Leonards and died on 14 Jan 1956 in Northiam, Essex at age 68.

General Notes: Between 1872 and 1880, he lived presumably with his family, in America. They then returned to live in Hastings.

8-Helen Joyce Fry was born on 11 Jan 1896 in Woodburn, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1972 at age 76.

Helen married John Christopher Wilson,⁹ son of George Edward Wilson⁹ and Henrietta Rachel Pease,^{9,14,121,130} on 14 Jul 1921 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire. John was born on 15 Apr 1892 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire. They had two children: Diana Margaret and Christopher Nevil.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of Albright & Wilson. Chemical manufacturers.

9-Diana Margaret Wilson

Diana married **Guy Willoughby Ward**, son of **Bernard Joseph Ward** and **Olga Gwendoline Bates**, on 17 Oct 1953 in Wolverley, Worcestershire. Guy was born on 26 Jul 1924 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire. They had two children: **Deidre Elizabeth** and **Gillian Margaret**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with OBE in 1986.

10-Deidre Elizabeth Ward

10-Gillian Margaret Ward

9-Christopher Nevil Wilson

Christopher married Rhona Margeurite Ibbotson, daughter of Lancelot William Ibbotson and Joan Marguerite Jeffcock. They had one daughter: Annabel Rose.

10-Annabel Rose Wilson

8-Sir John Nicholas Pease Fry 4th Bt.⁷⁷ was born on 23 Oct 1897 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 14 Jan 1985 at age 87.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1915-1919.

John married Helen Murray Gibson Bott, daughter of Dr. William Gibson Bott and Jane Campbell Richardson. They had two children: Margaret Jane and Geraldine Ann.

9-Margaret Jane Fry

Margaret married Arthur Keith Redway, son of Arthur Redway and Zoe May Bultz, on 25 Aug 1956 in St. Tudy, Corwall. Arthur was born on 13 Mar 1933 in Thames Ditton and died on 20 Jul 2008 at age 75. They had one son: Jeremy Nicholas Fry.

10-Jeremy Nicholas Fry Redway

9-Geraldine Ann Fry was born in 1929 and died in 1930 at age 1.

8-Margaret Isobel Fry was born on 4 Apr 1900 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire, died in 1978 in Cambridge, Cambridgeshire at age 78, and was buried in St. Andrew & St. Mary churchyard, Grantchester, Cambridge.

Margaret married Lt. Col. Miles Crawford Burkitt, son of Francis Crawford Burkitt and Amy Persis Parry, on 18 Apr 1923 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire. Miles was born on 27 Dec 1890 in Cambridge, died on 22 Aug 1971 in Grantchester, Cambridge at age 80, and was buried in St. Andrew & St. Mary churchyard, Grantchester, Cambridge. They had three children: Judith Amy Sophia, John Francis Crawford, and Miles Theodore Crawford.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an Archaeologist.

9-Judith Amy Sophia Burkitt

Judith married Rev. Timothy Bruce Fyffe, son of Rt. Rev. Rollstone Sterritt Fyffe and Annis Kathleen Hardy. They had one daughter: Margaret.

10-Margaret Fyffe

9-John Francis Crawford Burkitt

9-Miles Theodore Crawford Burkitt

8-Sophia Geraldine Fry was born on 25 Jun 1902 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

8-Sir Francis Wilfrid Fry 5th Bt.⁷⁷ was born on 2 May 1904 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 26 Jul 1987 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 83.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MIME JP.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Mining area manager in County Durham.
- He worked as a Bomb disposal officer in 1940-1942.
- He worked as an Area General Manager, Mid-West Durham Area, Durham Division, National Coal Board.

Francis married Ann Pease Wilson,⁷⁷ daughter of Kenneth Henry Wilson^{9,77} and Mary Isabel Cadbury,^{9,77} on 19 Jun 1943 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. Ann was born on 19 Oct 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 2001 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 87.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

7-Sophia Matilda Fry was born on 8 Jun 1865 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 30 Jan 1945 in Radnage at age 79.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Member of the Darlington School Board, 1892-1900. Quaker Minister.

7-Anna Gertrude Fry was born on 23 Jun 1866 in Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 22 Jul 1906 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 40.

Anna married Edward George Wills, son of Maj. Reuben Wills, on 14 Jul 1904 in Cricket, Somerset. Edward was born on 13 Nov 1865 in Gibraltar and died in London. Marriage Notes: Also given as 11th

7-**Theodore Wilfrid Fry**⁷⁷ was born on 6 May 1868 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 1 Jun 1947 in Hampton Court at age 79. General Notes: FSA.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA OBE.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as a Barristerat Law, Inner Temple.
- He worked as a Bow Street Magistrate.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Tees District Maritime Board.

7-Walter Raymond Fry¹³¹ was born on 21 Sep 1870 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 23 Nov 1944 in Canaan Lake, Patchogue, Long Island, New York, USA at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Sewaren, New Jersey, USA..

Walter married Lilian Vallauri,¹³¹ daughter of M. Vallauri, on 26 Jun 1897 in Plainfield. New Jersey. Lilian was born in Athens, Greece and died in 1957. They had one daughter: Eleanor Priscilla.

8-Eleanor Priscilla Fry^{6,131,132} was born on 20 Sep 1898 in New York, New York, USA.

Eleanor married **Frank Edwin Ransome**,^{131,132,133} son of **Egbert Ransome**^{44,131,132,133,134,135} and **Blanche Gertrude Fellows**,^{44,132,133} on 20 Sep 1923 in New York, New York, USA. Frank was born on 2 Aug 1891 in Helena, Montana, USA and died on 16 Dec 1959 in Patchogue, Long Island, New York, USA at age 68. They had two children: **Frank Fellowes** and **John Fry**.

9-Frank Fellowes Ransome

Frank married Lois Adele Pape, daughter of Frederick Charles Pape and Frances Elizabeth Miller. They had two children: Steven Fellowes and Patricia Ellen.

10-Steven Fellowes Ransome

Steven married Donna Jean Wolfe. They had two children: James Fellows and Timothy Wolfe.

- **11-James Fellows Ransome**
- 11-Timothy Wolfe Ransome

10-Patricia Ellen Ransome

9-John Fry Ransome was born on 2 Dec 1927 in Paterson, New Jersey. USA and died in 2006 at age 79.

John married Marjorie Fisher, daughter of Granville H. Fisher and Katherine Ida Adams, on 30 Jul 1950 in Saratoga Springs. Marjorie was born on 29 Aug 1931 in Bayshore, New York, USA and died in 1999 at age 68. They had three children: Blair Elizabeth, Barbara Fry, and Sara Jane.

10-Blair Elizabeth Ransome

10-Barbara Fry Ransome

10-Sara Jane Ransome

7-Bernard Cecil Fry was born on 6 Aug 1872 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 19 Aug 1929 in Manchester at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Stockbroker.

Bernard married **Denise M. Marguerite Angela De Goursac**, daughter of **Comte Henri De Goursac**, on 4 May 1916 in London. Denise was born in Dordogne, France and died on 18 Aug 1955 in Farnham, Surrey.

7-Hilda Geraldine Fry⁹ was born on 24 Mar 1874 in Darlington, County Durham.

Hilda married **Rev. Edward Bates Harbin**,⁹ son of **Thomas Bates** and **Matilda Jane Harbin**, on 7 Jan 1908 in Cricket St. Thomas, Somerset. Edward was born on 27 Aug 1862 in Kensington Gate, London and died on 14 Sep 1918 in Yeovil, Somerset at age 56. They had two children: **Sophia Wyndham** and **Francis Wyndham**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton. Jesus College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an In Holy Orders.

8-Sophia Wyndham Bates⁹ was born on 12 Nov 1908 in Puckington, Somerset.

Sophia married Cosmo Windham Hooper Rawlins, son of Maj. Francis Hooper Rawlins and Evelyn Smith Windham, on 5 Sep 1939 in Yeovil, Somerset. Cosmo was born on 10 May 1904 in Woburn, Bedfordshire.

8-Francis Wyndham Bates⁹ was born on 24 May 1911 in Newton Surmaville, Yeovil, Somerset and died on 8 Jun 1911 in Newton Surmaville, Yeovil, Somerset.

7-Isobel Penrose Fry was born on 18 Sep 1876 and died on 8 Jan 1953 at age 76.

Isobel married Sir George Keith Buller-Fullerton-Elphinstone, son of Hon. Edward Charles Buller-Fullerton-Elphinstone and Elizabeth Hariette Clerk, on 16 Feb 1926. George was born on 11 May 1865 and died on 6 Jul 1941 at age 76.

General Notes: KBE.

6-Mary Anna Pease^{6,7,8,9,11,23,50,77,80,102} was born on 17 Dec 1840 in East Mount, Darlington, County Durham, died on 25 Dec 1928 in Darlington, County Durham at age 88, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Mary married Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin,^{6,7,8,9,11,23,36,50,77,80,102,136,137,138} son of John Hodgkin^{10,29,40,90,91,102,136,139,140,141} and Anne Backhouse,^{10,40,102,136} on 24 Apr 1873 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Jonathan was born on 27 Dec 1843 in Tottenham, London, died on 26 Apr 1926 in Darlington, County Durham at age 82, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: Jonathan Edward, Henry Theodore, Harold Olaf, Ronald, and Mary.

General Notes: **6 Aug 1874, Thurs** : At letters &c, then rode down to Middlesbro', rode 'Howard' who carried me well – met David Dale & attended to Estate matters, had a good deal of talk wth David Dale on Ironstone losses &c and on contracts &c; rode back; "Alfred Lloyd" with us, drove him and Minnie over to Pinchinthorpe & left him there. Poor Jon*athan* B. Hodgkin much stung with wasps & very ill at Rokeby excursion of the *Friends Sunday School* Conference party. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Mon 26 April 1926 -..... Jonathan B. Hodgkin died today - born 1843, he would be 83. His whole life was devoted to "Friends" work, & religious movements - A very unattractive uncouth looking man but courteous, kind & well meaning - obstinate I should think & bound down to the limits of Quakerism. He was not the sort of Christian who would mix with publicans & sinners, but a Godly & conscientious person - when young, he used to rush about with a blue ribbon on - He was always delicate & epileptic. He did himself well when he married my cousin Mary Anna co-heiress of John Pease - she is a nice creature with a happy disposition. I signed the Certificate of their marriage in 1870 - 56 years ago!

Thurs 29 April 1926 -......to Darlington with Betty to Jon. Hodgkin Memorial meeting or 'Service' at the Friends Mg House, Darlington. She had never seen a Friends Meeting before & I am sorry to say I felt it very uninspiring & uncomforting not to say uncomfortable - Everything has deteriorated amongst Friends, they are untidy, undignified & you don't know what is going to happen - All the Ministers in the Gallery when they spoke, you could not call it preaching, pulled out 'revised versions' of the Bible, read from notes, or used typed addresses - it was a full house - & we met a few relations whom it was pleasant to meet - He (JBH) was cremated - I took Betty to my father & mother's grave. It is a dreary graveyard - but has associations for me. She asked me if Friends brought the body into Meeting. My great Grandfather [Edward Pease 1767-1858] directed that his should be brought into Meeting 'after the custom of ancient Friends' but since then I

think it has rarely happened. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. (Unpublished)

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington 1884 To 1885.
- He had a residence in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Elm Ridge, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Jonathan Edward Hodgkin^{9,44,58,77,102,112,142,143,144,145,146,147,148,149} was born on 4 Nov 1875 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 19 Dec 1953 in Dryderdale Hall, Hamsterley, Bishop Auckland, County Durham at age 78, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: A large man mentally and physically, with a "dominating personality, impatient of opposition and not always quick to understand any point of view but his own." DQB as cited in *British Quakerism*, 1860-1920 (Oxford University Press) 2001. Prof. Thomas C. Kennedy

HODGKIN, Jonathan Edward

RBA; FSA; MIEE; MIMinE

Born Darlington, 4 Nov. 1875; e s of late J. Backhouse Hodgkin, Darlington; m 1902, Elspeth Lilian, 3rd d of late James E. Backhouse, Darlington; four s one d; died 19 Dec. 1953 JP for County of Durham

EDUCATION Bootham School, York; Leighton Park School, Reading

CAREER Apprenticeship as electrical engineer with Ernest Scott and Mountain Ltd of Newcastle on Tyne; subsequent business career includes thirty-five years with Motor Union Insurance Co. Ltd; now Chm. Darlington Wire Mills, Ltd, and about twenty other public and private companies; Consulting Electrical Engineer; for twelve years Chairman of Friends Central Education Committee; Member of Flounders Trust (formerly Treasurer); formerly Chairman; Committee of Visiting Magistrates Durham Prison; Wolsingham Petty Sessions; Vice-Chairman, Durham County Bench (Darlington) (now on supplementary list); Mem. County of Durham Standing Jt Cttee; member of governing body of Ayton School and Vice-Chm. of Leighton Park School; as archaeologist formed Piercebridge Excavation Committee and personally excavated British Camp at Hamsterley, Co. Durham; NE District representative of the Society of Antiquaries and of the National Trust; Chairman and Founder of Darlington Society of Arts; has exhibited water colours in Paris Salon and many British galleries. Founder Member Darlington Rotary Club, President, 1935–36, Vice-Chairman No. 3 District, 1937–38 PUBLICATIONS Little Guide to Durham County; The Hodgkin Apocrypha; Occasional Verse

RECREATIONS Travel; artist in water colour and pencil; motoring and shooting

ADDRESS Dryderdale, Hamsterley, Bishop Auckland, Co. Durham

Witton-le-Wear 44

'HODGKIN, Jonathan Edward', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U238660

HODGKIN.— On 19th December, 1953, at Darlington, Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-89), aged 78 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with RBA FSA MIEE MIMinE JP.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1889 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park in 1890-1893 in Reading, Berkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer. Ernest Scott & Mountain Ltd in 1893-1896 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Travelled around the world. In 1896-1897.
- He worked as a Director of Ernest Scott & Mountain Ltd., Electrical engineers in 1897-1911 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland.
- He worked as a Councillor for Darlington and JP for Co. Durham.
- He had a residence in Dryderdale Hall, Hamsterley, Bishop Auckland, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1907.

Descendants of Jeremiah Whitwell

Jonathan married Elspeth Lilian Backhouse,^{9,44,77,102,112,120,142,143,144,145,146,147,148,149} daughter of James Edward Backhouse^{34,44,95,102,117,118,119,120} and Elizabeth Barclay Fowler.^{26,34,95,102,117,120} on 15 Jul 1902 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Elspeth was born on 31 Aug 1880 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Mar 1969 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: Neville Backhouse, Maurice Edward, Oliver Henry, Brian Maurice, Elizabeth Ann, and David Kenneth Ronald.

Marriage Notes: HODGKIN-BACKHOUSE.-On 15th July, 1902, at the Friends' Meeting House, Darlington, Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888/89), to Elspeth Lilian Backhouse.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1895-Dec 1898 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

8-Neville Backhouse Hodgkin¹¹² was born on 30 Apr 1904 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Jan 1999 at age 94.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 30th April, 1904, at Darlington, Elspeth L., wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1880-90), a son who was named Neville Backhouse.

Neville married Evelyn May Hanson, daughter of Ernest Walter Hanson and Mary Ann Phelps, on 27 Dec 1961 in Darlington, County Durham. Evelyn was born on 13 May 1906 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

8-Maurice Edward Hodgkin^{142,144} was born on 17 Feb 1906 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Nov 1909 in Darlington, County Durham at age 3, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 17th February, 1906, at Darlington, Elspeth Lilian, wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son, who was named Maurice Edward.

8-Oliver Henry Hodgkin¹⁴⁵ was born on 27 Feb 1908 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died in Mar 1983 at age 75.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 27th February, 1908, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth L., wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named Oliver Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

· Miscellaneous: connected with Pretoria Metal Industries.

Oliver married Margaret McLellan, daughter of Basil Gordon McLellan and Winifred Appleton. They had one daughter: Janet Margaret.

9-Janet Margaret Hodgkin

8-Brian Maurice Hodgkin^{146,150} was born on 9 Dec 1910 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died on 18 Jun 1963 at age 52.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 9th December, 1910, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth Lilian, wife of Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named Brian Maurice. Brian married Gwendolen Bevington-Smith,^{150,151} daughter of Douglas Bevington Smith^{44,150,151,152,153,154,155,156} and Edith Maud Binyon,^{44,150,151,152,153} on 18 Sep 1940 in Maldon, Essex. Gwendolen was born on 11 Feb 1905 in Wickham Bishops, Maldon, Essex and died in 1967 in Maldon, Essex at age 62. They had two children: Jonathan George and Marigold Penelope. General Notes: SMITH.-On the 11th February, 1905, at Witham, Edith Maud Binyon, wife of Douglas Bevington Smith (1890-3), a daughter, who was named Gwendoline Bevington.

9-Jonathan George Hodgkin

Jonathan married Jennifer Ann Bown, daughter of Ronald Henry Bown¹⁵⁰ and Iris Irene Mann,.¹⁵⁰ They had two children: Julian Backhouse and Elspeth Rachel Bevington.

10-Julian Backhouse Hodgkin

10-Elspeth Rachel Bevington Hodgkin

9-Marigold Penelope Hodgkin

Marigold married **Douglas Arthur Mabbott**. They had two children: **Christopher James** and **Stephen John**.

10-Christopher James Mabbott

10-Stephen John Mabbott

8-Elizabeth Ann Hodgkin¹⁴⁷ was born on 23 Apr 1912 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 23rd April, 1912, at Shelley, Darlington, Elspeth L., the wife of J. Edward Hodgkin (1888-89), a daughter, who was named Elizabeth Ann.

8-David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin¹⁴⁸ was born on 9 Sep 1914 in Shelleys, Darlington, County Durham and died on 1 Mar 1977 in Woden, Canberra, Australian Capital Territory, Australia at age 62.

General Notes: HODGKIN.— On the 19th September, 1914, at Shelleys, Darlington, Elspeth Lilian (Backhouse), wife of Jonathan Edward Hodgkin (1888-9), a son who was named David Kenneth Ronald.

Hodgkin, David Kenneth (1914–1977)

There was a large gathering in the Coombs Lecture Theatre on 9 March when the Society of Friends and members of the University held a memorial meeting for David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin, former Registrar of the University, who died on 1 March after a brief illness. He was 62.

David Hodgkin came to Australia with his family in 1953 as Assistant Registrar in the early days of ANU. He became Deputy Registrar in 1957 and from 1961-67 he was Registrar, Institute of Advanced Studies. He was Registrar of the University and Secretary to Council from 1968 until his retirement at the end of 1974.

Born into a Quaker family in Darlington, England, David Hodgkin had wide experience of the Society of Friends in many countries. Before and during the 1939-45 war, he and his wife, Brigit, worked first at the Quaker centre, Vienna, where they helped refugees, and then served as founding wardens of the Friends International Centre in London.

Through Quaker International activities and other community interests, his active involvement in causes related to the search for peace continued throughout his life. He was a former president of the Canberra branch of the Australian Institute of International Affairs and a past-chairman of the Churches Commission on International Affairs of the Australian Council of Churches. His publications included articles on international relations, and *Quakerism: A Mature Religion for Today* (1971),

He returned to full-time Quaker service when he retired from the University and from 1974 until his death he was Secretary of the Australia Yearly Meeting of the Society of Friends. In a tribute to him, the Vice-Chancellor, Professor Anthony Low, said: 'David Hodgkin was not here when the University was founded. But he was here during all its years of major growth. 'His concern was always for people. I can testify that as a young, newly-joined member of the academic staff, 18 years ago, I was soon conscious that in the University administration there was a certain David Hodgkin, who, for no good reason I could think of, was taking an interest in how I and my family were settling into Canberra; who was apparently also interested in what my interests were, and what I was working on. He was always an exemplary listener; and as I was later to know, he was excellent too, with visitors, and with prospective appointees.' 'At the same time, he displayed a quite special dedication to the University as an institution. He cared for it; slaved for it; took pride in it. One recalls his physical presence, which was never intimidating; his deep bass voice; his close interest in being told something of which he had not heard before; his characteristically quick, warm chuckle. 'He brought *dignitas* to this place. Not dignity; he was not the man to stand for that. What was orderly, seemly, of good report, and imbued with the milk of human kindness — these were the things he stood for; and for these we remember him.'

'Hodgkin, David Kenneth (1914–1977)', Obituaries Australia, National Centre of Biography, Australian National University, http://oa.anu.edu.au/obituary/hodgkin-david-kenneth-1378/text1377.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1953.
- He worked as a Registrar in Australian National University.
- He worked as a Secretary to Australia Yearly Meeting in 1972-1977.

David married Brigit Louise Kelsey, daughter of Raleigh Napier Kelsey and Grace Kilroy Dickson. They had three children: Stephen Barclay, Andrew Kelsey, and Mark William Backhouse.

9-Stephen Barclay Hodgkin

9-Andrew Kelsey Hodgkin

9-Mark William Backhouse Hodgkin

7-Dr. Henry Theodore Hodgkin^{9,44,77,102,157,158,159,160,161} was born on 21 Apr 1877 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 Mar 1933 in Dublin, Ireland at age 55, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Hodgkin, Henry Theodore.

Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 8, 1895. [2nd s. of Jonathan Backhouse, and Mary Anna Pease, of Elm Ridge, Darlington, Durham. B. Apr. 21, 1877. Schools, Bootham, York, and Leighton Park, Reading.] Matric. Michs. 1895; B.A. (Nat. Sci. Trip., Pt I, 1st Class) 1898; M.A., M.B. and B.C. 1902. At St Thomas's Hospital, London. House Surgeon to the Mildmay Mission Hospital, Bethnal Green, N.E. Travelling Secretary of the Student Christian Movement, 1902-5. Went as medical missionary to Chengtu, China, 1905-10. Returned to England, and became Secretary of the Friends' Foreign Missionary Association, 1910-20. Co-secretary of the National Christian Council in China, 1922-9. Helped to found the West China Union University, in which several British, American, and Canadian missionary societies co-operated. Very active as a pacifist during the War of 1914-19. Travelled widely in Asia and America, lecturing on religion and international questions. In 1925, when on furlough in England, responsible for a B.B.C. Studio Service, and was the first Quaker to give a wireless religious service. Assisted in the foundation of a new Quaker centre at Pendle Hill, Wallingford, Pa., U.S.A. In the United States, 1930-2. Author, Lay Religion; The Christian Revolution; China and the Family of Nations; Living Issues in China. Died Mar. 26, 1933, in Dublin. Brother of Ronald (1899). (King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Medical Directories; Who was Who, 1929-40; The Times, Mar. 27, 1933.)

HODGKIN, Henry Theodore

MA, MB (Cantab.)

Born 21 April 1877; s of late Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin and Mary Anna Pease; nephew of late Dr Thomas Hodgkin, the historian; m 1903, Elizabeth Joy, d of Rev. Henry Montgomery, MA, DD, Belfast; three s; died 26 March 1933

Director of Study of Pendle Hill, the Quaker Graduate School of Social and Religious Study, Wallingford, Pa, USA, 1930–32

EDUCATION Bootham School, Yorks; Leighton Park School, Reading; King's College, Cambridge; St Thomas' Hospital, London

CAREER Chairman Student Volunteer Missionary Union, 1902–05; went to Chengtu, West China, as a medical missionary, 1905; returned to England and took position as Secretary of Friends' Foreign Mission Association, 1910–20; Chairman of Fellowship of Reconciliation, 1915–20; visited during 1911–16, India, Syria, Madagascar, America, speaking on religious and international questions; Secretary, Board of Governors of West China Union University, 1910–20; toured China lecturing on industrial, international and religious questions; Walker Prize winner (University of St Andrews) for Essay on Social Reconstruction; Secretary, National Christian Council of China, Headquarters, Shanghai, 1922–29

PUBLICATIONS Studies in the Epistle to the Hebrews; Mission and Message of Quakerism (with W. C. Braithwaite); Way of the Good Physician; Friends Beyond Seas; The Missionary Spirit (Swarthmore Lecture); Lay Religion; The Christian Revolution; China in the Family of Nations; The Way of Jesus; Personality and Progress; Jesus among Men; Seeing Ourselves through Russia; Living Issues in China

RECREATIONS Lacrosse, lawn tennis, botany

CLUB Shanghai

'HODGKIN, Henry Theodore', Who Was Who, A & C Black, an imprint of Bloomsbury Publishing plc, 1920–2014; online edn, Oxford University Press, 2014; online edn, April 2014 [http://www.ukwhoswho.com/view/article/oupww/whowaswho/U211342

HENRY T. HODGKIN (1890) was only at Bootham for a short time. A man of abounding energy, optimism and courage, he was known, loved and respected by a great company of friends in China, America and England. *Bootham magazine - July 1933*

HODGKIN.— On March 26th, Henry Theodore Hodgkin (1890), aged 55 years.

Henry Theodore Hodgkin (1876-1933)

Born in England in 1876. Quaker. Resident medical officer of Midmay Mission Hospital in London as of 1903. Founded the Fellowship of Reconcilation (FOR) in 1914 in UK and in 1915 in US. (Early FOR leaders included Jane Addams and Scott Nearing.) A medical missionary in China for 20 years, Hodgkin was chosen in July 1928 to help organize and serve as the first director of Pendle Hill, the new Quaker "center for study and contemplation" in Wallingford, Pennsylvania, near Philadelphia and three Quaker universities (Bryn Mawr, Haverford, and Swarthmore) -- and just over one mile from Rose Valley. He helped name Pendle Hill for the "mountain of vision" in Lancashire, England, from which Quaker founder George Fox received enlightenment in 1652. His son John Pease Hodgkin (d.1990) was a charter member in 1940 of Bryn Gweled Homesteads in Southampton, Pennsylvania, and in fact, coined the name "Bryn Gweled" (Welsh for "hill of vision") in imitation of Pendle Hill. Both Pendle Hill and Bryn Gweled Homesteads were members of the Fellowship of Intentional Communities (FIC) at or very soon after its creation in 1948. Hodgkin's health failed, his directorship was curtailed, and he died in 1932.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MA MB BC.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a St. Thomas' Hospital in London.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Medical Missionary in 1905-1910 in Chengdu, Sichuan, China.
- He worked as a Secretary of the Friends' Foreign Missionary Association in 1910-1920.
- He worked as a Co-secretary of the National Christian Council in China in 1922-1929.

• He had a residence in 7 Old Park Ridings, Grange Park, Winchmore Hill, London.

Henry married Elizabeth Joy Montgomery, 9,44,77,158,159,160 daughter of Very Rev. Henry Montgomery and Euphemia Annie Gowdy, on 9 Dec 1903 in Belfast, Ireland. Elizabeth was born on 20 Oct 1870 in Bangor, Co. Down, died on 17 Nov 1962 at age 92, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: Herbert Montgomery, John Pease, and Patrick Henry.

Marriage Notes: HODGKIN-MONTGOMERY.-On the 9th December, 1903, at Belfast, Henry Theodore Hodgkin, M.D. (1889-90), of Darlington, to Elizabeth Joy Montgomery, of Belfast. SILVER WEDDING.

HODGKIN— MONTGOMERY.— On December 9th, 1903, Henry Theodore Hodgkin (1890), to Elizabeth Joy Montgomery.

8-Dr. Herbert Montgomery Hodgkin¹⁵⁸ was born on 5 Dec 1904 in Hampstead, London and died on 3 Nov 1971 at age 66.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 5th December, 1904, at Hampstead, Elizabeth Joy, wife of Henry T. Hodgkin, M.D. (1889-90), a son.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Physician.

8-John Pease Hodgkin¹⁵⁹ was born on 12 Jan 1909 in Chengdu, Sichuan, China and died on 2 Aug 1994 in Newtown, Pennsylvania, USA at age 85.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 12th January, 1909, at Chentu, West China, Elizabeth Joy, wife of Dr. Henry T. Hodgkin (1890), a son, who was named John Pease.

John Pease Hodgkin (1928), son of HTH (1895) and brother of HMH (1924), was born into a Quaker family on 12 January 1909 in Chengdu, China, where his father was working as a medical missionary. He was educated at Leighton Park School, Reading before coming up to King's to read Economics. Country dancing was a lifelong interest of John's and whilst at Cambridge he danced with The Round, the University country dance society. After graduation John emigrated to the US with his family and established himself in Pennsylvania. Initially he worked as a teacher but after several years retrained as an accountant; in 1947 he became a Certified Public Accountant. His specialism was taxes. John had married Ruth Walenta in July 1934 and the couple had three children, although sadly one son died in childhood. He was a founding member of the Bryn Gweled Homesteads in Southampton, Pennsylvania, a cooperative community, and is credited with having coined the name 'Bryn Gweled', 'Hill of Vision' in Welsh. He is also remembered as being a talented storyteller. Ruth died in 1961 and around this time John relocated to New York. He remarried in January 1963, to Elizabeth Davis, but she also predeceased him, dying in 1974. John had continued country dancing after his arrival in America and learned to Morris dance as well. A long-time supporter and treasurer for many years of the Country Dance and Song Society, he acted as the hobby horse for several Morris teams, collecting money and explaining the dance to bystanders. John enjoyed 'working' a crowd, the bigger the better, and was very successful collecting hundreds of dollars over the years. In later years John's health deteriorated and he suffered several strokes. He died on 2 August 1994 in Newtown, Pennsylvania, survived by his children Christopher and Meg.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He emigrated to America.
- He worked as a Schoolmaster.
- He worked as a Certified Public Accountant in Pennsylvania, USA.
- He worked as a founding member of the Bryn Gweled Homesteads in Southampton, Pennsylvania, USA.

John married Ruth Sherlock Walenta, daughter of George John Walenta and Madelaine Jones, on 2 Jul 1934 in Maine, USA. Ruth was born on 1 Aug 1909 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died in Dec 1961 at age 52. They had three children: David Montgomery, Margaret, and Christopher Henry.

9-David Montgomery Hodgkin was born on 21 Aug 1938 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 4 Dec 1948 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA at age 10.

9-Margaret Hodgkin

9-Christopher Henry Hodgkin

Christopher married Margaret Scott Bryan, daughter of James Bryan and Sally Winton. They had three children: David Winton, Dorothy Scott, and Katharine McCurdy.

10-David Winton Hodgkin

10-Dorothy Scott Hodgkin

10-Katharine McCurdy Hodgkin

John next married **Elizabeth Davis** in Jan 1963. Elizabeth died in 1974.

8-Patrick Henry Hodgkin¹⁶⁰ was born on 6 Mar 1911 in Winchmore Hall, London and died on 13 Aug 1998 in Rhode Island, USA at age 87.

General Notes: HODGKIN.-On the 6th March, 1911, at Winchmore Hall, London, Elizabeth Joy, wife of Henry T. Hodgkin (1890), a son, who was named Patrick Henry.

Patrick Hodgkin, age 87, a teacher at Culver Military Academy for 38 years, died August 18, 1998. After graduating from Haverford, he earned another degree from Middlebury Graduate School in Vermont, and later studied in England at Oxford. In 1936, he married Ann D. Smith but was widowed when she died two years later. In 1942 he became a U.S. citizen. He was an Army Air Corps veteran, serving in Europe during World War II in a bomber group in the 8th Air Force stationed in England. He was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross. In 1945, he married Margaret Mason Curtis and returned to teaching. While teaching at Culver Military Academy, he headed the English department and the fine arts department, and served as sailing master for the Academy's Summer Naval School, retiring in 1976. In 1984 he and his wife moved to Jamestown, RI. He was a member of the Jamestown Historical Society. An artist and writer, he co-authored a regular column in The Jamestown Press and a book of Jamestown history, Jamestown Affairs. He also wrote a collection of verse based on Old Testament stories. He was a member of the Philadelphia Yearly Meeting of Friends and attended the Conanicut Friends Meeting in Jamestown. Besides his wife, he leaves three sons, Jonathan P. Hodgkin of Colchester, VT, Andrew M. Hodgkin of Barrington, VA, and Thomas C. Hodgkin of Colebook, CT; and four grandchildren.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DFC.
- He was educated at Haverford College.
- He was educated at Middlebury Graduate School in Middlebury, Vermont, USA.
- He was educated at University of Oxford in Oxford, Oxfordshire.
- He was naturalized an American citizen in 1942.
- He worked as a Teacher. English Department, Culver Military Academy in Culver, Indiana, USA.
- He worked as an officer of the United States Air Corps.
- He was a Quaker in Jamestown, Rhode Island, USA.

Patrick married Ann Dorothea Smith, daughter of Edward Wharton Smith and Anna Dorothea Atwater, on 25 Aug 1936 in Abingdon, Pennsylvania. Ann was born on 16 Feb 1910 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA and died on 18 Jul 1939 in Germantown, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, USA at age 29.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Mount Holyoke College in South Hadley, Massachusetts, USA.
- She was educated at University of Pennsylvania.

Patrick next married Margaret Mason Curtis, daughter of Claude Clayton Curtis and Ella Claire John, on 18 Jul 1945 in Savannah, Georgia, USA. Margaret was born on 22 Jan 1917 in El Paso, Texas, USA and died on 21 Oct 2001 in St. Clare Home, 309 Spring Street, Newport, Rhode Island, USA at age 84. They had three children: Jonathan Patrick, Andrew Montgomery, and Thomas C.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Mount Holyoke College.
- She was educated at Middlebury Graduate School in Middlebury, Vermont, USA.
- She worked as a Reporter and Editor for the Savannah Morning News in Savannah, Georgia, USA.
- She worked as an Editor of the Culver Military Academy Alumni magazine in Culver, Indiana, USA.
- She had a residence in 24 Standish Road, Jamestown, Rhode Island, USA.

9-Jonathan Patrick Hodgkin

Jonathan married Ann Doris Laberge.

9-Andrew Montgomery Hodgkin

Andrew married Virginia Ann Pace, daughter of Elbert Leander Pace.

9-Prof. Thomas C. Hodgkin

Thomas married **Barbara G. Spiegel**. They had two children: **Jaime Spiegel** and **Alison**.

10-Jaime Spiegel Hodgkin

10-Alison Hodgkin

7-Harold Olaf Hodgkin^{9,30,46,102,142} was born on 16 Apr 1879 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 13 Jul 1981 in Perth, Western Australia at age 102.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Amboniriana, Madagascar.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1975.

Harold married Lydia Grubb, 9,30,46,120,142 daughter of Joseph Ernest Grubb¹²⁰ and Hannah Rebecca Jacob,¹²⁰ on 10 Aug 1905 in Tananarive, Madagascar. Lydia was born on 22 Mar 1878 in Carrick on Suir, Ireland and died in 1966 at age 88. They had six children: Cecily Rebecca, Ernest Pease, Harold William, Erica Mary, Howard Paul, and Theodora Violet.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Saffron Walden in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- She was educated at The Mount School in Aug 1894-Jul 1896 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was educated at Westfield College.
- She was a Quaker.

8-Cecily Rebecca Hodgkin^{9,30} was born on 5 Apr 1907 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died on 16 Sep 1908 in Amboniriana, Madagascar at age 1.

8-Ernest Pease Hodgkin^{9,162} was born on 26 Jun 1908 in Amboniriana, Madagascar and died on 23 Sep 1998 in Australia at age 90.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Biologist & Entomologist.
- He worked as a Government medical entomologist in 1931 in the Federated States of Malaya.
- He worked as a Prisoner of the Japanese at Changi, Singapore.

Ernest married Mary Constance McKerrow,¹⁶² daughter of Arnold McKerrow and Gwendoline Mary Jones, on 13 Feb 1931 in St. Pancras, London. Mary was born on 5 Apr 1909 in Mobberley, Knutsford, Cheshire and died on 1 Mar 1985 in Mosman Park, Perth, Western Australia at age 75. They had four children: Christopher Graham, Patricia Mary, Jonathan Howard, and Michael Arnold.

General Notes: Hodgkin, Mary Constance (1909-1985)

by Dorothy Parker

This article was published in Australian Dictionary of Biography, Volume 17, (MUP), 2007

Mary Constance Hodgkin (1909-1985), anthropologist, lecturer and student adviser, was born on 5 April 1909 at Mobberley, Cheshire, England, daughter of Arnold McKerrow, manager of a lithographics works, and his wife Gwendolen Mary, née Jones. Mary was educated at Altrincham County High School for Girls and Victoria University of Manchester (B.Sc., 1930), where she majored in botany. On 13 February 1931 at the register office, St Pancras, London, she married Ernest Pease Hodgkin, a fellow student, who had been appointed government medical entomologist in the Federated States of Malaya. Four months later, after gaining her teaching diploma, she joined Ernest in Kuala Lumpur. A daughter and three sons were born there. She taught at several schools

and was involved in the Girl Guides movement.

Following the Japanese invasion of Malaya Mary Hodgkin and her four children were evacuated in January 1942 to Perth and her husband was interned in Singapore. Helped by local Quakers to find temporary accommodation, she soon bought a house at Cottesloe, using a legacy from an uncle. She taught part time (1942-55) at various schools, including Presbyterian Ladies College (1942-54), and continued her association with the Girl Guides, becoming a district commissioner. In October 1945 Ernest joined his family and next year was appointed a lecturer in biology at the University of Western Australia.

In 1956 Mary Hodgkin returned to study as one of the first students in the new department of anthropology and comparative sociology established by Ronald Berndt at UWA (BA Hons, 1959; MA, 1962). In her honours thesis-published as *The Asian Student in the University of Western Australia* (1958)-she made useful suggestions (later implemented by the university) for assisting overseas students. Research for her master's thesis covered a wider sample of students including those attending schools and technical colleges.

Appointed by the government of Malaya (Malaysia from 1963), Mrs Hodgkin served (1959-72) as a liaison officer for the country's students at UWA, providing generous hospitality, practical help and emotional support to hundreds of them. From 1965 she also cared for students from Singapore. A Freda Bage fellowship of the Australian Federation of University Women enabled her to spend eight months in 1961 in Malaya to gauge the adjustment of returned graduates. Assisted by a grant from the Myer Foundation, she travelled to Britain and the United States of America in 1967 to learn how these countries aided Malaysian students. In 1972-80 she was UWA's honorary adviser to overseas students.

Mary Hodgkin tutored and lectured (1965-77) in the department of anthropology; her students remembered her as a lively, interesting and caring teacher. Her publications included *Australian Training and Asian Living* (1966) and *The Innovators: The Role of Foreign Trained Persons in South-East Asia* (1972). Active in the Anthropological Society of Western Australia, she was made an honorary life member in 1982. She served on the council of the Girl Guides Association of Western Australia until 1974. In 1972 she was awarded an honorary Ahli Mangku Negara by the Malaysian government, and in 1976 the British Empire medal. She enjoyed painting in water-colours. Survived by her husband and their four children, she died on 1 March 1985 at her Mosman Park home and was cremated.

Select Bibliography

A. Wood (ed), *If This Should Be Farewell* (2003) *Anthropology News*vol 22, no 3, 1985, p 2 *Weekend New*(Perth), 12 Jan 1963, p 29 *West Australian*/ Mar 1981, p 45 family information.

Citation details

Dorothy Parker, 'Hodgkin, Mary Constance (1909-1985)', Australian Dictionary of Biography, National Centre of Biography, Australian National University, http://adb.anu.edu.au/biography/hodgkinmary-constance-12643/text22781, published in hardcopy 2007, accessed online 6 July 2014.

This article was first published in hardcopy in Australian Dictionary of Biography, Volume 17, (MUP), 2007

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Anthropologist.
- She worked as a Girl Guides Leader.
- She worked as a Schoolteacher & Lecturer.

9-Christopher Graham Hodgkin¹⁶³ was born on 9 Feb 1933 in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia and died on 9 Aug 2009 in Perth, Western Australia at age 76. The cause of his death was Acute Myeloid Leukaemia.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: He was generally known as Graham Hodgkin.

Christopher married Margaret Rose Woodward, daughter of Gwynne Edward Harcourt Woodward and Margaret Rose Sneddon. They had six children: Marie Anne, Susan Margaret, Alan Lindsay, Beth Lorraine Harcourt, Jonathan Gillespie, and Judi Patricia.

10-Marie Anne Hodgkin

Marie married Kenneth Gero Martin. They had two children: Jacob Hodgkin and Rebecca Anne.

11-Jacob Hodgkin Martin

Jacob married **Emma Blankensop**. They had two children: **Isabelle** and **Isaac**.

12-Isabelle Martin

12-Isaac Martin

11-Rebecca Anne Martin

Rebecca married Josh Davidson. They had one daughter: Sheolaura.

12-Sheolaura Davidson

Rebecca next married Jacob Helmer.

10-Susan Margaret Hodgkin

Susan married Iain Henderson. They had one daughter: Sarah Margaret.

11-Sarah Margaret Henderson

10-Alan Lindsay Hodgkin

Alan married Meredith Helen Lane. They had two children: Robin William and Timothy Alan.

11-Robin William Hodgkin

Robin married Kerryn.

11-Timothy Alan Hodgkin

Timothy married Carmel Howe. They had one daughter: Amity Audrey.

12-Amity Audrey Hodgkin

Alan next married Deborah Stonehouse. They had two children: Molly Patricia and Joanna Caitlin.

11-Molly Patricia Hodgkin

11-Joanna Caitlin Hodgkin

10-Beth Lorraine Harcourt Hodgkin

Beth married Gavin Chadwick.

Beth next married Dan Reid. They had two children: Tamika Joy and Cathryn.

11-Tamika Joy Reid

11-Cathryn Reid

10-Jonathan Gillespie Hodgkin

10-Judi Patricia Hodgkin¹⁶³ was born on 24 May 1968.

Judi married Alexander John Hemsley, son of John Frederick Hemsley and Julia Maria Frances Konekamp. They had one daughter: Genevieve Elizabeth Selim Hodgkin.

11-Genevieve Elizabeth Selim Hodgkin Hemsley

9-Patricia Mary Hodgkin

Patricia married Graham Edwin Wood.

9-Jonathan Howard Hodgkin

9-Michael Arnold Hodgkin

Michael married Anne.

8-Harold William Hodgkin^{9,142} was born on 6 Oct 1909 in Tananarive, Madagascar and died on 6 May 1910 in Diego Suarez, Madagascar (6 Apr 1910 given in AM).

8-Erica Mary Hodgkin was born on 20 Oct 1911 in Carrick on Suir, Ireland and died on 14 Mar 2004 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 92.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Warden of Friends' House in Friends' House, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

Erica married **Donald George Groom**, son of **Ernest Robert Groom** and **Mildred Rayment**, on 30 Dec 1939 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire. Donald was born on 23 Feb 1913 in Peterborough, Cambridgeshire, died on 11 Aug 1972 in Palam, New Delhi, India at age 59, and was buried in Narmada River, India. His ashes were scattered on the water. The cause of his death was He died in an aircraft crash, returning home to Australia. They had three children: **Robert Paul, Helen Mary**, and **Brian Henry**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Quakers.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Secretary to Australia's Yearly Meeting in 1970 in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
- He had a residence in 1970 in Friends' House, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

9-Robert Paul Groom

9-Helen Mary Groom

9-Brian Henry Groom

8-Howard Paul Hodgkin⁴⁶ was born on 27 Feb 1915 in Tananarive, Madagascar, died on 14 Jun 1916 in Tananarive, Madagascar at age 1, and was buried in Tananarive, Madagascar.

8-Theodora Violet Hodgkin was born on 9 Feb 1922 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Nurse at Addenbrookes.
- She emigrated New South Wales, Australia.

Theodora married Edward Nigel Spencer Trickett. They had two children: Mark Olaf and John Paul.

9-Mark Olaf Trickett

9-John Paul Trickett

7-Ronald Hodgkin^{102,157} was born on 23 Jul 1880 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 21 Jan 1966 at age 85, and was buried in FBG Cotherstone.

Ronald married **Jennett Rachel Backhouse**,¹⁰² daughter of **James Edward Backhouse**^{34,44,95,102,117,118,119,120} and **Elizabeth Barclay Fowler**,^{26,34,95,102,117,120} on 23 Feb 1915 in Staindrop, County Durham. Jennett was born on 15 Nov 1883 in Hurworth Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Jul 1973 in County Durham at age 89, and was buried in FBG Cotherstone. They had three children: **Ruth Jennett, Lois**, and **Christine**.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1898-Dec 1901 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Ruth Jennett Hodgkin

Ruth married Charles Eric Barrington, son of Edward Charles Barrington and Annie Maud Woods. They had two children: Gillian Ruth and Ronald Edward.

9-Gillian Ruth Barrington

Gillian married Oliver H. Smeeth. They had three children: Ann Yvonne, Peter Charles, and David Timothy.

- **10-Ann Yvonne Smeeth**
- **10-Peter Charles Smeeth**
- **10-David Timothy Smeeth**

9-Ronald Edward Barrington

8-Lois Hodgkin was born on 23 May 1919 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 Jan 2018 in Camelford, Devon at age 98.

General Notes: HODGKIN Lois (Auntie Lo) Died peacefully at home in Camelford on Monday 22nd January, aged 98 years. Loving Aunt of Gill and the Smeeth family. Private Cremation. A Thanksgiving Service will be held at Camelford Methodist Church on Friday February 9th at 11am. Family flowers only please, donations if desired by her request to The Faith Mission by retiring collection or c/o Stephens & Harris Funeral Directors Trewalder Delabole PL33 9ET Telephone 01840 212340.

8-Christine Hodgkin was born on 1 Mar 1923 in Darlington, County Durham and died in May 1995 in Bodmin, Cornwall at age 72.

7-Marv Hodgkin¹⁰² was born on 20 Jun 1882 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 2 Nov 1956 in Darlington, County Durham at age 74, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Secretary to the Darlington Town Mission.

5-Joseph Pease^{6,7,8,9,10,12,40,66,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,76,77,78,79,80,81,82,83,84,85,88} was born on 22 Jun 1799 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 8 Feb 1872 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham at age 72, and was buried on 13 Feb 1872 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: First Quaker to be sent to The House of Commons.

At the end of his life, he was invited to accept from the King of Spain, the award of Knight of the Grand Cross of Charles III, for the Bible translations he made available to the people there.

The second son of Edward and Rachel Pease, Joseph Pease (1799'961872), Quaker railway company promoter and industrialist, was born at Darlington on 22 June 1799. Educated at Tatham's academy, Leeds, and Josiah Forster's academy, London, he subsequently aided his father in the projection of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, in 1819 and 1820 by preparing the company's first prospectus. He emerged as an influential voice in the management of the railway in 1828, when he took the lead in projecting an extension of the line from Stockton to the hamlet of Middlesbrough further down the Tees estuary. The effect

JOSEPH PEASE (1799-1872), aided his father in carrying out the project for the railway from Stockton to Darlington in 1819 and 1820. The draft advertisement of the opening of the line, dated 14 Sept. 1825, in his autograph, is preserved by the company. Upon the extension of the railway to Middlesbrough in 1828, the mineral owners offered powerful opposition. Pease consequently purchased a coal-mine in the neighbourhood in order to prove the value of the new mode of conveyance. Four years later the colliery owners were convinced, and admitted their obligations to Pease for conquering their prejudices. After the passing of the Reform Bill in 1832, Pease was returned for South Durham, and retained the seat till his retirement in 1841. He was the first Quaker member who sat in parliament, and on presenting himself on 8 Feb. 1833 he objected to take the usual oath. A select committee was appointed to inquire into precedents, and on 14 Feb. he was allowed to affirm (HANSARD, Pr/. Dcb.xv. 387, 639). He was a frequent speaker on matters of social and political reform, always avoiding the use of titles when addressing the house, and retaining his quaker dress (cf. Notes and Queries, 3rd ser. ix. 153). In addition to business of various kinds and politics, he devoted himself to philanthropic or educational work, aiding Joseph Lancaster and acting as president of the Peace Society from 1860. Before 1865 he became totally blind, but, with the aid of his secretary, republished and distributed many Friends' books; and he had the 'Essays, Moral and Religious,' of Jonathan Dymond translated into Spanish, for which service the government of Spain conferred on him (2 Jan. 1872) the grand cross of Charles III. He died on 8 Feb. 1872. At the time of his death there were nearly ten thousand men employed in the collieries, quarries, and ironstone mines owned by him and his family, who also directed the older woollen and cotton manufactories. Pease married, on 20 March 1826, Emma (d. 1860), daughter of Joseph Gurney of Norwich, leaving five sons and four daughters.

of this development was twofold: first, to undermine the dominance of Tyne and Wear exporters in the London coastal market for coal; and, second, to lay the foundations for the emergence of Teesside as an outstanding centre for the production of iron. The latter was facilitated by Pease's in numerous railway projections in the north-east of England, all of them designed to open up the heavy mineral wealth of the region.

After the passing of the Reform Bill in 1832, Joseph Pease was elected MP for South Durham, and retained the seat until his retirement in 1841. He was the first Quaker member to sit in the House of Commons, and on presenting himself on 8 February 1833 he refused to take the usual oath. A select committee was appointed to inquire into precedents, and on 14 February he was allowed to affirm (Hansard 3, 15, 1833, 387, 639). As a 'worldly' Quaker, Joseph Pease was a frequent speaker on matters of social and political reform, always avoiding the use of titles when addressing the house, and retaining his Quaker dress.

Joseph Pease married, on 20 March 1826, Emma (d. 1860), daughter of Joseph Gurney of Norwich, and their surviving children comprised five sons and four daughters. Joseph Whitwell Pease (1828'961903), the eldest son, who was created a baronet on 18 May 1882, was MP for South Durham from 1865 to 1885, and subsequently for Barnard Castle. Arthur Pease (d. 1898), the third son, was MP for Whitby from 1880 to 1885, and for Darlington from 1895.

In addition to commercial and industrial issues, Joseph Pease devoted himself to philanthropic and educational work, aiding Joseph Lancaster, and acting as president of the Peace Society from 1860. Before 1865 he became totally blind, but, with the aid of his secretary, republished and distributed many Friends' books; and in 1870 he had the Essays on the Principles of Morality of Jonathan Dymond translated into Spanish, for which service the government of Spain conferred on him (2 January 1872) the grand cross of Charles III.

Joseph Pease died on 8 February 1872 at his Darlington home, Southend, from heart disease. He was buried in the Quaker burial-ground in Darlington on 10 February. At the time of his death Pease's industrial concerns employed nearly ten thousand men in collieries, quarries, and ironstone mines. In addition he owned and directed woollen manufactories and was a leading shareholder in Robert Stephenson & Co., of Newcastle upon Tyne, numerous Teesside ironmaking concerns, and in the Middlesbrough estate.

Mary (Botham) Howitt, writing to her sister Anna (Botham) Harrison 23 Jul 1843, about her son Claude, "William thought then of taking him to Sir Benjamin Brodie; but that kind, excellent man, Joseph Pease, of Darlington, a very particular friend of William's, begged him first to ask the advice of Dr. Bevan, a Friend, a very clever and conscientious man, whom, supposing Claude were his child, he should employ."

My dear Cousin Joseph Pease,

Though sorry to part with an instrument which has been useful to us beyond all anticipation, we shall nevertheless under a grateful sense of thy kindness in allowing us the use of it so long, be ready to transfer it to the Flounders Institute, upon receiving instructions for its transmission. It is due to thee and to the other gentlemen to whom we are indebted for the loan briefly to mention some of its benefits which we have derived from it. Amongst the chief of these we enumerate the impulse which it has given to the pursuit of astronomical Science in the School, and the consequent taste for such pursuits with which many of our scholars have been imbued, so as to find in Astronomy an instructive and interesting occupation for leisure after they have left school. We have been able to make observations with sufficient frequency to keep true time for ourselves, and we have for some months been the authority for the regulation of the Minster clock, thereby conferring important benefits upon many thousands of persons and giving to the instrument a very extensive sphere of usefulness. We had hoped that the Flounders Institute would be provided with more complete provision for Astronomical observation than that of which a moveable or portable transit instrument would form a part, and we trust such provision will in time be made. Meanwhile in the possession of our old friend (if we really must part with him) the Institute will have an excellent and valuable instrument though we may reasonably question whether its benefits will be some satisfaction to those to whom we are indebted for the loan, to be assured that it has been turned to good account. Awaiting thy instructions for the transmission of the Instrument,

I remain thy obliged and affectionate Cousin.

(signed) JOHN FORD 20 Bootham. 11 mo. 7 1849

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1810-1813 in Leeds, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Josiah Forster's school, Tottenham.
- He worked as a Woollen Manufacturer in Darlington, County Durham.
- He resided at Southend in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Railway promoter. Treasurer of the Stockton & Darlington Railway in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Tees Conservancy Commissioner 1852 to 21 Jun 1862.
- He worked as a Quaker Elder in 1855 in Darlington MM.
- He worked as a President of the Peace Society in 1860-1872.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1864 in Darlington MM.
- He worked as a Partner in J & JW Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.

- He worked as a founder of Middlesbrough.
- He worked as a Treasurer to the Consett Iron Company after 1847.
- He worked as a Treasurer to the GNER Railway.
- He worked as a Secretary of the Board of Trustees, the Flounders Institute.
- He was awarded with Knight of the Grand Cross of Charles III of Spain in 1871.
- He worked as a supporter of the British and Foreign Bible Society.
- He worked as a supporter of the Foreign School Society.
- He worked as a the First Quaker MP elected to Parliament. MP for Durham 1832 To 1841.
- Joseph married **Emma Gurney**, 6,7,8,9,10,11,66,71,77,81,83,85,86,87,88,89 daughter of **Joseph Gurney**^{8,10,66,69,74,85,88,89,125,164,165,166,167} and **Jane**

Chapman,^{8,66,85,88,89,166,167,168} on 20 Mar 1826 in FMH Norwich. Emma was born on 27 Sep 1800 in Lakenham Grove, Norwich, Norfolk, died on 11 Apr 1860 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham at age 59, and was buried on 17 Apr 1860 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had 12 children: Jane Gurney, Joseph Whitwell, Emma Gurney, Rachel, Elizabeth Lucy, Edward, John Henry, Arthur, Gurney, Alfred, Charles, and Francis "Frank" Richard.

General Notes: 11 April 1860, Wed: Received a note early this morning from my father saying Jane Gurney Fox (née Backhouse) had died at Pau. Rode into Darlington and met Edmund Backhouse at Southend; He poor fellow seemed to feel Jane's (his sister's) death deeply. He starts for London by express to go abroad if needful. To the Stockton & Darlington Railway office; long chat with Ralph Ward Jackson, Henry King Spark and Isaac Wilson; On reaching our office I found Minnie who said my mother had had another attack upon her breathing. I went up home with her at once. On entering her room I felt sure hope was at a very low ebb. It seemed that about 2 o'clock a.m. an attack came on which gave way to stimulants and about 3 o'clock, my father had laid down. At 10 o'clock sshe was nicely again and continued so until about 1.30 p.m. when a very strong spasm came on, had Jane not poured ether into her mouth there is little doubt she would have passed away before medical aid arrived. My father and Dr. Piper were sent for; most anxiously we watched the result of continued doses of ether, brandy, champagne and most hopelessly we saw no revival of pulsation took place. For awhile she breathed laboriously but to my father's question she had no pain, but so faint amidst this she she ejaculated 'My God!, my God! help! 'take me' take me' her breathing became quieter and gradually she sunk away till at last her spirit freed from its tenement of clay returned to Him who gave it - gone to join the just of all generations washed with the blood of Christ from all stain of sin - this was at about 5.30; words can never describe our feelings turned from the sad, sad present to the memories of the past rejoicing in the thought of her love and all that it has been to us, then to our loss, and most of all to our Dear Father whose lone state touches us most of all.

12 April 1860, Thurs: After breakfast, sat awhile with my father, his tender sorrowing resigned state is very touching - walked with him in the garden - he telling me many of the pleasant thoughts about my dear mother, how happy they have been in their lives, especially lately. Edward and Rachel Leatham returned from Ben Rhydding and Wakefield at 2, Elizabeth Lucy Fowler at 6. o'clock, letters and messages come in fast.

13 April 1860. Fri: Busy with arrangements all day: Elizabeth walked out with my father. Minnie to Neasham to bring in the children : a busy day with letters - up to Green Park to see them and the little Leathams ; evening wrote Bessie Gibson Fry, Uncle and Aunt Pease here; a little uneasy about the remains but all seems right and comfortable, so I leave it.

14 April 1860, Sat: A fine bright day, morning at arrangements and walking in the grounds. At 3.20 Aunt Gibson and Frank and Henry & Ann Fowler came, dinner soon after four o'clock, letters keep pouring in showing great sympathy and much affection. I thought it better that my beloved mother's remains should be closed this evening . H. & A. Fowler saw them, it was my last look. 17 April 1860, Tues: Some minutes conversation with my father on arrangements which he approved as made (Staindrop monthly meeting this morning) dinner (lunch) about 1.30 after which we kept in the quiet until about 3.30 when we assembled in the library and drawing room round the remains of Her so justly and inestimably dear to us. At four we left the house, the family servants acting as bearers the crowd all the way to the meeting house was very great, the shops were all closed many of those remaining closed all the day. There were more people, it is said, went away from meeting than got in. After a long solemn pause Cousin Katherine Backhouse made a few remarks, then a few works from J. B. Braithwaite and then into meeting. A prayer from John Ford, then a sermon from Edwin Octavius Tregelles and a sermon and prayer from J. B. Braithwaite. Then home round the garden with Henry Birkbeck - about 95 people to tea in the evening, then a sitting, read the VIII Chapter Romans, a payer from Isaac Sharp, then a most beautiful address from Uncle John, a few flat words from E. O. Tregelles. Soon after, we broke up. This morning at reading an exquisitely beautiful prayer from Ann Fowler. A day ever to be remembered, very full of feeling as to the great loss but full of comfort in Her infinite happiness. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Quaker.
- She worked as a Quaker Elder.

6-Jane Gurney Pease⁸³ was born on 10 Jan 1827 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 5 Apr 1894 in Wroxhall, Torquay, Devon at age 67, and was buried on 10 Apr 1894 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Jane Gurney and Emma Gurney, two maiden aunts aged 36 & 33 respectively in 1863. My father called them 'the girls' till death separated them in 1894 when Aunt Jane died. Aunt Emma died the following year at Southend, These two aunts 'ran' Southend for my grandfather, cared for him and provided for the large house's hospitality. Aunt Jane was large and

handsome and given to poetry and serious pursuits and became a Minister in the Society of Friends. She was clever and had a natural gift of voice and language - dignified - very Protestant - read and believed 'The Times' daily, kept up a nice discipline and with Aunt Emma kept the house in perfect order and cleanliness and everything of the best. Aunt Emma was less austere and a jolly, stout, kind practical soul. Aunt Jane's laugh consisted mostly of a pretty smile and a long hiss - Aunt Emma's was almost a real one. but restrained to the extent that it made her eyes roll in her head with pleasure. They had good appetites, took chiefly carriage exercise, drank coffee and tea and kept up family 'Reading' in the evening with the servants after my grandfather's death. When these dear ladies died it was the end of Southend, and I am sure they have turned in their graves if they have heard that Southend is now a Popish Convent (Note JGP. and now, 2008, a hotel with 60 bedrooms viz:) Aunt Jane preached, and Aunt Emma practised charity - Aunt Jane was a little masculine sometimes in her dignity and would sit with legs crossed and show her white stockings! Uncle John Pease himself the most elegant in language and the most eloquent in preaching used to say "for elegance and purity of diction, my niece Jane surpasses all" or words to this effect. (Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. - notes)

5 April 1894, Thurs: Packing up and to Darlington at 8.40. To frame Ridley's picture. To Harrisons and to Coachbuilders about wagonette and dog cart . Finance, no Consett and very little N.E.R. monies. Colliery meeting, better sold than last week but at low figures 7/3, 7/6, f.o.b.in the Tyne 10/4, 10/4 at ovens for coke. Mill meeting, nothing very fresh. Then lunch and to York, Albert to meet the Duke of York, at Newcastle. To York, N.E.R. Traffic Committee, sat late ! On going to the Hotel there came a telegram from my brother Arthur that my sister Jane died at Wroxhall, Torquay about 6 o'clock. So ends a life very close to my own, with much talent and sense & sympathy and power of expression lost for want of a good husband. But we shall miss her very much. Telegraphed to put off my appointment at Sheffield with Wilson M.P., and Ellis, M.P. on Opium.

9 April 1894, Mon: At my letters, and then to Darlington, met Arthur at Middlesbro', very glad to have him back again, he says he has been very well and lost a stone with the heat. It seems they have reported against Opium in Burma and against smoking very [sic *every*) where - if this is put in strongly enough it will answer our purpose as where is the China trade then. With Samuel Hare on funeral arrangements, and then with Arthur going through my analysis of all our accounts. We do want 2 years of good times or a good sale of our effects ! To the Burial ground; Jane's grave leaves one space between it and my Darling wife's - Albert desired it to be reserved. Then to Southend, saw the very neat and handsome coffin - 66 years nearly we have known each other and now one in heaven and one on earth who tries to look up. Saw Black about decorating the grave and then to Woodside. They all seem cheerful - but the a/cs of Harold are, I fear, very unsatisfactory. Home walk with the girls to Keepers, kennels &c.

10 April 1894, Tues: Another most lovely morning; at my letters; looked at the 8 hours miners question. Then a walk towards the village with Lottie and Claudia, then up the Middle Gill, looked at the wood thinnings and chatted with the men; with Lottie to Woodside, lunch, W*illiam* Fowler there and then to Southend. My dear sister Jane's funeral, a very nice gathering of relations – but my generation begins to be sadly lacking Arthur & I, Emma & Rachel, all of 12 children and 2 parents once at Southend; we left the house on foot at 3.15 and after some nice words from Stansfield Wilson, Samuel Hare and especially from Arthur on Jane's saying when very ill that her Trust was in the Resurection &c. Back to Southend, tea, a very nice gathering and home by the 5.08 train.Self, Lottie, Maud, Albert, Arthur, Mary, 3 sons, 4 daughters, William Fowler, Katherine, Wilson, Harold, Katie. Arthur Francis's wife, J.A.P's wife, Lloyd, Aunt Henry, Reg and Frank, Elizabeth Fell and Walter, Edmund & Charles Backhouse, and SirTheo and Lady Fry, Miss Lury, Jane and Emma's companion Joseph Fryer and the Edward Mounseys. (The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.- unpublished)

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister.

6-Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease 1st Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{6,7,8,9,10,11,14,34,72,73,74,77,80,86,95,119,121,143,169,170,171,172,173,174} was born on 23 Jun 1828 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 23 Jun 1903 in Kerris Vean, Falmouth, Cornwall at age 75, and was buried in 1903 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Created 1st Baronet of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe in the County of York. 1882

Pease, Sir Joseph Whitwell, first baronet (1828–1903), industrialist and banker, born at Darlington on 23 June 1828, was the elder son of Joseph Pease (1799–1872), railway company promoter and industrialist [see under Pease, Edward], and his wife, Emma (d. 1860), daughter of Joseph Gurney of Norwich. Edward Pease was his grandfather. In January 1839 he went to the Friends' school, York, under John Ford. Entering the Pease banking partnership at Darlington in 1845, he became largely engaged in the projection of railway enterprise and in the management of the woollen mills, collieries, and iron trade with which the firm was associated. He was soon either director or chairman of the Stockton and Darlington Railway, the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd, Robert Stephenson & Co. Ltd, Pease & Partners Ltd, and J. and J. W. Pease, bankers. In 1894 he was elected chairman of the North Eastern Railway, after serving as deputy chairman for many years. He also farmed extensively, having purchased a 3000 acre estate at Hutton Lowcross in the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1867. He read a paper, entitled 'The meat supply of Great Britain', at the South Durham and North Yorkshire chamber of agriculture, on 26 January 1878.

He married in 1854 Mary, daughter of Alfred Fox of Falmouth. She died on 3 August 1892. They had two sons and six daughters. The elder son, Sir Alfred Edward Pease, second baronet, MP for York (1885–92), and for the Cleveland division of Yorkshire (1897–1902), was resident magistrate in the Transvaal in 1903. The second son was Joseph Albert Pease, Lord Gainford, the Liberal cabinet minister. In 1865 Pease was returned as Liberal MP for South Durham, which he represented for twenty years. After the Redistribution Act of 1885 he sat for the Barnard Castle division of Durham county, until his death. He strongly supported Gladstone on all questions, including Irish home rule, and rendered useful service to the House of Commons in matters of trade, particularly in regard to the coal and iron industries of the north of England. He was president of the Peace Society and of the Society for the Suppression of the Opium Traffic, and a champion of both interests in parliament. On 22 June 1881 he moved the second reading of a bill to abolish capital punishment, and his speech was separately printed. In 1882 Gladstone created him a baronet (18 May). No Quaker had previously accepted such a distinction, although Sir John Rodes (1693–1743) inherited one. In 1886 Pease unsuccessfully attempted to persuade Gladstone to defer his first government of Ireland act. During the course of 1902 the family banking partnership, J. and J. W. Pease, became insolvent, the product in large measure of a court settlement against Pease in the matter of the administration of the estate of his niece (the countess of Portsmouth), for which he had acted as trustee for many years. Drained of capital, and dependent on secured and unsecured loans to meet the dividend payments of leading industrial concerns, including the Consett Iron Company, Pease & Partners Ltd, and the North Eastern Railway, the bank was absorbed by Barclay & Co. on disadvantageous terms. Although Pease and his

sons were saved from bankruptcy proceedings by the receipt of generous financial support from business associates both in London and in the north-east of England, the settlement with Barclay & Co. entailed the forfeiture of the bulk of their estates. Pease died at Kerris Vean, his Falmouth home, of heart failure, on 23 June 1903, his seventy-fifth birthday, and was buried at Darlington. Charlotte Fell-Smith, rev. M. W. Kirby

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with JP DL Bt. (1882).
- He was a Ouaker.
- He was educated at Lawrence Street School (later to become Bootham School) in Jan 1839-Dec 1840 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Ironmaster & Industrialist.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J.W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Chairman. Stockton & Darlington Railway.
- He worked as a Chairman. The North Eastern Railway.
- He worked as a Director of Robert Stephenson & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd.
- He worked as an Executive committee member of The Mining Association of Great Britain.
- He worked as a President of The Peace Society.
- He worked as a Tees Conservancy Commissioner 21 Jun 1862 to 1 Feb 1903.
- He worked as a MP for South Durham 1865 To 1885.
- He worked as a MP for Barnard Castle 1885 To 1903.
- He had a residence 1866 To 1868 in 33 Prince's Gardens, London.
- He had a residence 1868 To 1870 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London.
- He had a residence from 1870 in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London.
- He worked as a President of The British & Foreign School Society 1877 To 1883.
- He worked as a President of The Foxes football club in 1881.
- He worked as a President of the Society for the Suppression of the Opium Trade.
- He resided at Hutton Hall in Guisborough, Yorkshire.

Joseph married **Mary Fox**,^{8,9,10,14,73,95,121,136,171,174} daughter of **Alfred Fox**^{8,9,10,40,86,106,110,113,115,121,129,133,139,175,176} and **Sarah Lloyd**,^{8,9,10,40,106,110,113,115,121,133,175,176} on 23 Aug 1854 in FMH Falmouth. Mary was born on 11 Aug 1835 in Falmouth, Cornwall, died on 3 Aug 1892 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 56, and was buried on 6 Aug 1892 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had eight children: Emma Josephine "Effie," Alfred Edward, Sarah Charlotte, Joseph Albert, Maud Mary, Helen Blanche, Lucy Ethel, and Agnes Claudia Fox.

General Notes: Known as Minnie Fox

Noted events in her life were:

• She was Quaker.

7-Emma Josephine "Effie" Pease^{27,73,171,177} was born on 25 May 1855 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 23 Jun 1888 in Folkestone, Kent at age 33, and was buried on 27 Jun 1888 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: 7 Feb 1880, Tues: Letters, riding &c - had a long interview with Mr Hamlyn who asks for Effie, he seems to have an allowance of £300 a year, expectancy of £4,000 under his grandmother's will, and £3,000 from his father's Estates strictly entailed. I hear his 2 brothers are mauvais subjects. Saw Sir Stafford Northcote who tells me that his father, Mr Hamlyn is a highly respected Devonshire Squire taking a leading part in Devonshire matters; the man you like to have near you at Quarter Sessions and at elections, was Whig is Tory.

The (unpublihed) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Emma married Vincent Waldo Calmady-Hamlyn,^{14,73,171,177} son of Shilston Calmady-Hamlyn and Sarah Carter, on 17 Nov 1880 in St. Nicholas Church, Guisborough, Yorkshire. Vincent was born on 6 Aug 1854 and died on 2 Sep 1897 in Bridestowe, Devon at age 43. They had one daughter: Mary Sylvia.

Marriage Notes: **17 Nov 1880, Wed:** A much finer morning but the day was dull and cold. Our Darlington visitors came down by special train to Guisboro' Church, their carriages by the train before them. All arrangements seemed to work out well, the Church was crowded, the Bridesmaids the Bride's 5 sisters, Lucy Marwood, Minnie Fowler, 2 Miss Hamlyns and Ella Pease. We sat down 68 to the breakast, Robert N. Fowler proposing the happy pair, they left at 3.20 for Pinchinthorpe & York amidst old shoes & rice; we had a lot of people at the At Home, Minnie upstairs!, and sat down to dinner, 34 - we broke up about 11, a long interesting day 34-40 at the At Home. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by the Rev. Dr. Mandell Creighton, 17 Nov 1880.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Barrister, Lincolns Inn.

8-Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn^{73,177} was born on 9 Aug 1881 in Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 10 Jun 1962 in Pearoc Vean, Buckfast, Devon at age 80, and was buried in Buckfast Abbey, Devon.

General Notes: "I'm sure I mentioned before, that for 5 or 6 years before her death in 1962, I had a racing correspondence with Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn -I have all her letters. She told me much about the Hutton and London homes she remembered from her childhood, - and I kept asking for more and more anecdotes - and from her account, the style of living reads as somewhat extravagant - especially when viewed from today's standpoint of simple meals - poached eggs, shepherds pie or sausage and mash. Nevertheless, I had also to allow that her judgement was tinted by the fact that she had no great love for her grandfather - a jaundiced view (explained to me by Lavender Medlicott) because Joseph Whitwell Pease never took any notice of her - she loved Hutton, Pinchinthorpe and all Cleveland but disliked the regime - a born rebel. In one letter she said:

"There are few however who had the freedom of the world's champion fruit in endless - and free to us - variety, and I shall never forget it - MacIndoe was a great man -recognised as such & himself took the great collection of fruit to Chicago to win the World Championship Medal. How he did it by rail & sea leaves one wondering - but he did. " In another excerpt writing of Hutton she said:

"The waste of money that there must have been in the running of that kind of establishment - hardly bears thinking about. MacIndoe was the one really efficient person on the estate - & he had world wide appreciation & was held one of the six best gardeners in Britain. Harry Veitch of Exeter told me that after I returned to Devon, himself one of the six - himself for shrubs & plants - MacIndoe of course supreme in fruit of all kinds but grapes, specialist. His only daughter ran away with the foreman gardener & wrecked MacIndoe 's happiness. His wife was blind. " In yet another letter:

"The last few years I often ordered the meals" (at Hutton) "they had to be exactly to pattern - e.g. nothing on the table that our grandfather didn"t like even if he never ate it & other people would have! Very typical - Sunday evenings - <u>always</u> the same - dinner with waiting - Clear Soup (must on no account be anything floating in it such as shredded carrot or pasta shapes &c) Shoulder of Mutton -'Rice pudding & Apple Tart (Summer) or Mince Pies (Winter) & glorious desert - Figs - Melons - Apricots -Peaches ~ Nectarines - Plums - Pears - Apples - Pineapples & the world famous Grapes (I have never met their equal) in probably 4 varieties - only water ever or Barley Water - Lunch - whether for 3 or 30 the same idea - Roast - 3 vegs - made up dish - Pudding - Stewed Fruit and some sweet - Sideboard <u>cold</u> Pheasant, Game Pie -Tongue or Brawn & a vast York Ham - never to be touched by anyone except Butler and Grandpapa - Except for shooting parties, I don' think anything on the sideboard was ever touched so the Room and the Servant's Hall must have done well. It was equally there at breakfast, & sometimes Ham was eaten ~ other hot dishes - Porridge always - Bacon & Eggs - Fish in some form - Kidneys - Mushrooms - Scrambled Eggs & other forms of egg - Sausages (imported from Cornwall) -probably two dishes if we were alone - parties, Malf-a-dozen hot, and boiled eggs - often -wanted - was my job to boil in an egg boiler on another sideboard': Tea - plain lea cakes - bread & butter - plain cakes - small cakes - very often mostly uneaten when we were alone latterly ~ 3 of us & vast increases for parties, Xmas - Summer & c - Practically incredible in these days. Add, by each bedside at night - 'Hutton Buns' famous and very, good & milk, at in of biscuits & a 'veilleuse' containing Soup added if considered necessary, so there was little risk of starvation before more buns - bread & butter & tea when called in the morning - I wonder what amount the staff got through too? Oh! More buns & milk at 12 o 'clock after a huge

Because her home at Bridestowe was destroyed by fire in the late 40's I think, all her personal records were destroyed by fire. She had then to rely entirely on memory in regurgitating her early history which, at odd times, she did get things a bit muddled, but don't we all when relying entirely on memory. At the time of her death, she was about half way through writing her autobiography which had been urged upon her by some publisher she knew. What became of her part finished M/S is something of which I have no knowledge. Her Calmady-Hamlyn relations seemed not disposed to entering into correspondence on any matters after her death - she had little time (so she told me) for her Calmady-Hamlyn relations anyway." *Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.*

The elusive letters trascribed Yahoo/Archive

J PEASE <gurneypease@btinternet.com> To:CHARLES E. G. PEASE Thu 7 May at 10:35

LETTERS FROM SYLVIA

Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn, MBE, JP.

Born 9th August, 1891at Hutton Hall, Guisborough, NR of Yorkshire

Died 10th June, 1962 at Pearoc Vean, Buckfast, Devon

Sylvia was one of my first cousins, a relation with whom I had a rather special relationship - gained almost entirely through our common love of letter writing.

For about six years between 1956-62, we fell into a compulsive racing correspondence, at times exchanging letters at the pace of two per week. She gave me some delightfully descriptive, often inaccurate and often most cynical accounts of life at Hutton, 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, 44 Grosvenor Gardens and the houses of the London rich and famous in the days of her minority. Through our correspondence, I afforded her the opportunity to trawl and dredge through her memories of the past, in which she revelled, and it seemed, there was none other than me as the most willing recipient of her regurgitated past, and she could never satisfy my craving for more - and more. Her letters, written in an upright stylish and flamboyant hand,

An illustration of one of Sylvia's letters

the size of her capitals exaggerated, and of the small letters, the upper part of the horizontal stroke of her r's was carried with a flourish across the top of the word she was writing which gave an addional pleasing quality to the appearance and substance of her letters.

For me, her letters had a drug-like quality for their humour, cynicism and turn of phrase, all of which conveyed great depth of colour to what she was writing, and with the only photograph of her I had ever seen (p. 123 the Wilson Pedigree book), that of her as a child with her mother (my Aunt Effie), I could vividly imagine this young girl scampering about in and about the homes and countryside so familiar to me, during the time (but much later) of my own childhood upbringing.

Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn with her mother

Sylvia, with a straight shortish thatch of hair, and a rather nice well proportioned boyish face, conjured up in my mind a picture of someone who, if the excellence of her letters was anything to go by, might possibly have carried her pleasing looks through to old age. But that was not really so.

On the one occasion I met her, I found her to be short, rotund, a rather battered fiercesome creature, so that I had to revise somewhat the image of the Sylvia I had carried in my mind. She was though, a superb combination, like the very best of matured wine laid down years before, poured out from an old musty rot-labelled bottle.

The story that lay between the most pleasing looking girl of the photograph and the woman of old age who wrote with style and flourish was one of fascinating revelation to me. So I have kept all her letters, extracts from which are to be found in the following pages.

The Sylvia I eventually met but knew well through correspondence, was a very formidable no-nonsense woman. She invited me to call (for an afternoon) at Buckfast in the autumn of (I think) 1958 when I was at Torquay at the Liberal Party Conference. Buckfast people were terrified of her I was later told by one who lived there, but the Buckfast Abbey Monks loved her.

Travelling by bus via Newton Abbot I called. She was quite eccentric. The approach to her tiny half timbered bungalow, lead from the road by a very narrow weedy track bordered by long grass, which stood tall at about eighteen inches high on either side of the pathway. Greeting me at the door, she announced that she had ordered me a taxi for a set time, to take me back to Newton Abbot at

the conclusion of our meeting.

Her sitting room I found to be carpetless, just rough bare boards with a black stained edging to a depth of perhaps a foot or so from the walls all around the perimeter of the room. The old worn and torn chintz covers on the furniture were all sprinkled white with dog hairs - which I didn't mind a bit - from her three or four all-jumping-about Maltese terriers with brown watery eves and the smell of dogs everywhere. To stifle the smell of kennels I asked at once "Please might I smoke?" "Yes - do - I love it," but so far as I know she didn't herself smoke.

The sitting room walls from end to end, top to bottom, sprouted winning Dartmoor pony rosettes - prizes in different colours - reds, yellows and blues. I spent two hours with her under crossexamination - much as had I gone for a job interview, with "Are you more like your father or your mother?" kind of calibre of questioning. She was kindly, most interested in everything ("How fares the name of Pease in the north?") but brusque in manner with one question following immediately upon the heels of the last without pause, and almost before I'd got my answers out.

The complete absence of even simple comfort in her surroundings was unmistakable. She had no need to live as she did, she simply chose to.

The allotted span for my two hour 'interview' over, she let me out via her kitchen with its single small window which threw scant light upon the dim surroundings, and where the shelves (like old mother Hubbard's I noticed), were bare except for a single tin of sardines, pilchards or some such.

From this I judged, her cooking was limited. She appeared to have only an old black kerosene cooking stove of ancient vintage set upon a box which, having two funnels behind smoke-darkened perspex through which to view the flame, and judge the temperature for a pan above.

Though financially secure, in the 1940's or 50's she had been left a fortune of £90,000 by a friend with whom she had lived - and spent the lot building a chapel tacked on to Buckfast Abbey. She lies there now in the Abbey grounds - I think the only woman buried with the monks.

Her entire life as I judged it, was some kind of reaction, an expression of revolt against the extravagant display of her Hutton and London childhood days, where books on shelves were seen in countless rows, but in exaggeration she said, went unread, and mealtimes marked by menu choice in French which no one understood, and sideboards groaning with alternative fare for those with faddy taste impossible to satisfy.

So strange. More strange still that what she hated she also loved with equal passion. She really loved Hutton and Cleveland with a great intensity expressed to me so many times. But I think she had, in many ways, been a sad and most unhappy child. She told me her mother didn't like children, and in any case would rather have had a son than a daughter which seemed a rather bad beginning. Her father always called her 'Jimmy' when she was a child - perhaps that's why with her hair kept fairly short, it fits with the rather boyish look of the Sylvia of the photograph. But whatever, living at Hutton after losing both her parents young, her chief childhood companion appears to have been Christopher (my half-brother), at any rate where riding was concerned.

In her final years, she said she wanted to come north once more to recapture something from a distant past but which I knew had long since disappeared. I told her that to come north again would serve her no real purpose and would contaminate her memory, the clarity of which was untarnished by all the real changes that had taken place at, and all around Hutton - so I persuaded her against that. Maybe I was wrong - but she was not a person of weak will, and would have come if she hadn't really thought the same.

At some time in the late 1940's, Sylvia (with her yearning for Cleveland), proposed a scheme to my mother whereby my mother would look for a farm in Cleveland, and she and Sylvia would run it jointly; Sylvia breeding Dartmoor and Exmoor ponies while my mother bred Cleveland Bays. The scheme came to nothing and almost certainly would never have worked. They were both too much people of strong minds and the result would have been a disastrous clash of wills.

I remember with absolute clarity my writing to Sylvia in 1960, saying 'Do you realise, it is now 21 years since Father died?' - and now, as I cross the boundary into year 2000, it is almost 38 years since Sylvia died. The passage of time is relentless and gathers speed with age. I am already one year older than was Sylvia when she died.

As will be apparent from the extracts, Sylvia never liked her grandfather JWP. As to why, had always puzzled me. Though I could have, I never asked directly though I read between the lines, and she never volunteered any particular reason - except that after her grannie (JWP's wife, Minnie) died, a great light went out of her life and all Hutton conversation became dull, grandfather's friends were ditto e.g. Sir David Dale whom she disliked intensely, as did my father. She had no interest in business affairs and lived for her ponies and followed rural interests. She had for a long time been a governor of the Seale Havne Agricultural College in Devon.

When in 1988 I saw my half-sister, Lavender Medlicott for the last time (then aged 99), I asked what was the real reason for Sylvia's dislike of our grandfather. Quick as a flash she replied "Well because he never took any notice of her!!". As to why this was so, was another puzzle. Was it, I asked myself, because her father wanted her to be brought up not as a Quaker in a Quaker household, but as a church-goer in the established church? Whether in this there might have been cause and effect, I do not know. It might be that the young, boyish looking Sylvia was a mostly silent rebel, and that is why no notice was taken, or it might have been the other way round i.e. that because no notice was taken she became a quietly rebellious and cynical child. Another factor in this conundrum, was that she harboured a deep-seated resentment, claiming (to me) that her mother's death was in no mean measure attributable to the fact that her grandfather, with his wealth, had kept his eldest daughter (Effie) 'short' with a settlement income of £400 per year. I have no means of telling if this was so. To translate such a figure into today's (year 2000) terms, it should be multiplied by a factor of about 60 at very least. Thus £400 in the 1880's might equate with £24,000 equivalent today but possibly more.

Sylvia's attitude, whether justified or not, her developing jaundiced view of her grandfather and some of her aunts was greatly softened by her intense love for her surroundings, resulting in a forceful conflict and clash in her mind.

Sylvia's father (Vincent Waldo Calmady-Hamlyn) at the time her mother died, was a young London barrister trying to establish himself. His elder brother who had inherited the Calmady-Hamlyn estate in Devon, died young from drink, and Vincent Hamlyn inherited the estate but only after he became a widower.

Before her mother's death, Sylvia's London and Devonshire home upbringing was very frugal - so she said. Not for a moment do I believe that my grandfather (a dominating but still compassionate man), had he thought his eldest daughter was living in straitened circumstances, would have neglected to do anything about it. If Sylvia's mother Effie, had found it difficult or was too proud to speak to her father about such matters, she would have found it less difficult to have spoken to her mother who would have made matters right. But this further contrast in Sylvia's eyes, the wealth of the one and the (relative) penury of the other, added more colour to her young impressionable mind.

Edward (my half-brother) despite the consequences of revolt, and except for the usual 'other times, other manners' separating the generations, was very fond of his grandfather. My half-sister, Lavender thrived and flourished at Hutton when there, while Sylvia developed a love-hate relationship. Losing both parents while still a child, and knowing her mother didn't like children, but having one, would rather the child had been a boy, when Sylvia came to know of it must also have tainted her outlook.

With few exceptions Sylvia despised her Pease relations though kept up with my father and mother, and our cousin Joe - but I don't know about her aunts and Uncle Jack; she additionally had little time for the Calmady-Hamlyn line. She heaped scorn on the Quakers, chucked the C of E of her upbringing and became a Roman Catholic; conversion at Assisi she said, about which she would one day tell me, but with so much else to tell never quite got round to it before she died.

With a passionate hatred of wealth she became an active socialist for a time. Nevertheless, she moved in Devonshire county circles counting many aristocrats among her friends. Between the wars she was invited to stand as Labour Candidate for Tavistock, but didn't, though only because her Dr had said her heart could never stand more than six months in a House of Commons atmosphere. The following extracts I leave to speak for themselves, but in some passages, I have felt it necessary to insert my own comments which I print in italics.

Extracts from Sylvia's letters

29th Jan. 1957. ... There is much to be said for the large happy families of long ago, & nothing for being an only as was my fate ... I have been re-reading - with some care - Uncle Alfred's copy of 'Edward Pease's Diary' - which is in parts extremely interesting - & his struggle to balance the acquisition of wealth with the old spiritual values of the Friends creed - of plainness and unworldiness - he found it very bothering - & was very apprehensive of the future of the Society, if & when it became too immersed in worldliness as he saw it . And a great deal of what he foresaw has happened. The old Friends did manage to keep the balance of their decidedly difficult creed - if to be lived in ordinary worldly conditions - but thereafter, very many lost it.

The Plymouth Brethren are not an attractive body - very narrow and Calvinistic & now very scarce - In the First World War I was the appointed woman - for the section of Devon County Tribunal for military appeals that sat at Plymouth, & I made a special study of many of these odd creeds - claiming conscientious objections - chiefly to be able to protect genuine Friendss, since my eleven men conferring, took les than no interest in CO's & the Chairman - a very good old man by whom I sat, mostly left it to me as to whether a CO was genuine or not.

Qua creed, I decided, only Friends & Christadelphians were really ready to defend their anti-war beliefs at any cost, but there were some poor Friends also from time-to-time.

The Xtadelphians were few in number & complete cranks, but genuine. We sat 3 days a week from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. in the Guildhall - a case about every 20 minutes for about 2 years - & I learnt a great deal - about human reactions to fear & the starin & stress of married men - with comfortable salaries but no capital - who had to leave wives & families - towards the end.

I was offered every sort of bribe on Sundays at home - to try to get off some "indispensable" son or other such as a pair of cart horses - a blank cheque - a brace of pheasants weekly (in season presumably) for life!! And sometimes threats instead - That was the time of belief in "War to End War" ...

Undated: ... I expect you know the story Augustus Hare told, of our grandmother being asked to stay at Raby (Castle) in early days, so that "poor Mrs Pease might have a few days at a pretty place away from awful surroundings" - not in the least realising that Hutton was far more beautiful than Raby. Which, Augustus Hare realised very well. Incidentally, he wanted to marry my mother. I saw him in London when I was a girl - supposed to be a noted bore, so she was lucky ...

me at the time

When Father & I were staying at the Fortescues in North Devon (I aged 12 & very shy) & I said "Daddy please do go first down the staircase to dinner" - & he said "No my child, women go in first in front of men, not behind them." Old Lord Fortescue of that time - 1893 was a typical rather alarming cultured nobleman of the old school - now non existent & I realised that the rest of the company were old & highly critical! But they were all very nice to me - & my alarm went.

3rd Oct. 1957 I am sure Dorothy Ward is older than I am - I am 76 - Janet was

I think my age - & married George Trevelyan about the same age.

(This was an aside comment made by Sylvia after I mentioned that Dorothy Ward who was G M Trevelyan's sister-in-law, had called on us at Dungeon Ghyll, Great Langdale. She (Dorothy Ward) remembered Hutton and JWP from her early days and staying at the Hall).

21,1,58. Thank you for an ever welcome letter - I think I got all I wanted out of the notes - & much remains a mystery, the cause of which is I think largely due to J.W.P.'s aloofness & concentration of everything in his own hands - more particularly at an age quiet unsuitable for such a strain - He was always having what were called "glimmers" & then entirely out of action. I imagine now it was what is called "blood pressure" today. (No, more in the nature of a sick headache from which JWP's father also suffered & who also used the term 'glimmer' to describe it).

And the kind of sanctity - he & his doings & his possessions - were wrapped in - all added to it, I suddenly remembered a. typical example - When I was 16 - mad keen on hunting & devoted to Willie Wharton - I was literally astounded when he said to me out of the blue "You are a good child - & have never got in my way - but have opened gates for me (he never jumped if he could help it!) or ridden over corn or done any of those things, & I am going to give you my Hunt Collar & buttons to come to my opening meet at Skelton in, but you must put up your hair & wear a topper!!" I was so excited -- that I very foolishly & ought to have known better - from bitter experience - told Aunt Maud when I got home - & she promptly shutted me flat as was her wont - & said -- "Oh! that's only because your grandfather has the biggest coverts - you didn't think it is any merit of yours but only to honour him."

Actually, the Hutton coverts were very popular. They were so vast - & full af foxes that rarely went away - I see there is a meet at Hutton this week - & feel very sentimental. It boiled down to the fact - that he never could do wrong - or make mistakes - until it was too late to remedy the many terrible mistakes in a position unknown to anyone but himself. I haven't the least idea why he wasn't made bankrupt - perhaps not worthwhile?

I was most interested in the facts about the purchase of Pinchinthorpe - I always loved the place dearly - and how often I saw those yearlings opposite the house when riding by - in winter generally in a bog of mud - galloping down to the gate - At one time I used to go over to Pinchinthorpe by train for lessons - & back by the 4 train. I can hardly imagine that line without trains.

I thought of another curious trait of J.W.P.'s. He rode every day he was at home. Generally at 12-1.00 for one hour & had to be accompanied. He was terribly nervous - &

our horses were so stuffed full of corn & under exercised that it was a nerve racking job to try to keep them quiet. - & not give him blue fits - He had two entirely reliable old cobs - until about 1896 - one was ridden by the groom against orders in London &

fell & broke his knees & was discarded - & the other was left out at grass in the South Park with horned cattle & gored to death, Both perfectly unnecessary & just careless. After that he never got anything quiet - nor did we - for with only me to ride them (Aunt Maud detested riding & was also highly nervous) there were about six riding horses all short of exercise except 'Cynthus' given me by Uncle Alfred which I always rode for choice. Very expensive horses were supplied by Ward & whatever they might be J.W.P. always said "Will it carry me? I can't buy it otherwise" - knowing full well that nothing would have made him try. Quite rightly. I vividly remember the last couple - bought about 1899 - @ £250 apiece, I was told to come out into the cricket field & ride them - both were about 16 hands - one was spared from racing & had no mouth - at all - & as it was bought, it was the only one of two horses that nearly ended over the "Khyber Pass" & once in the Row near the Cavalry Barracks (On the once rough but passable road from Hutton to Kildale, there is a particular short, 'narrow' stretch on Kildale Moor, which we always referred to as the 'Khyber Pass'). It (the horse) was a beast. The grooms I think, always led it - they certninly couldn't have ridden it. The other was a lovely ride - but I knew something was wrong - (It was probably doped for the occasion) it too was bought, but Uncle Alfred hearing of it - came over furious & said no-one must ride it - it was an incurable rearer & he had seen it with Ward rearing for a mile, at a time on the Pinchinthorpe road - of course he wasn't listened to, but when it threw itself over backwards if asked to go anyway it didn't like, was eventually returned to Ward & became a show jumper ! Both bought under the label of suitability for J.W.P. The next effort of Harry Long - Coachman & a great friend of mine, but entirely incompetent as a buyer of horses - & just a pawn for dealers - was a green roan cob from Walton - (a) dealer (from) Guisborough that distinguished its knowledge & never consulted in any way - & just the same we may conclude in matters of finance - or indeed in any of his projects all kept rigorously to himself. The waste of money that there must have been in the running of that kind of establishment - hardly bears thinking about. MacIndoe was the one really efficient person on the Estate - he had world wide appreciation & was held one of the six best gardeners in Britain. Harry Veitch of Exeter told me that, after I returned to Devon, himself one of the six, - himself for shrubs & plants - MacIndoe of course supreme in fruit of all kinds but grapes, specialist. His only daughter ran away with the foreman gardener & wrecked Macindoe's happiness. His wife was blind.

lst Jan. 1956 ... & Petch the M.F.H. who said to our grandfather when he put up Uncle Alfred (as candidate) for Cleveland unknown to him (AEP was away in Somaliland and knew nothing of his selection for Cleveland) "Me not vote for Alfred? Whatever sort of fool do you think I am? - coolers isn't in it - 'tis the finest horseman I'Cleveland" - and well I remember the declaration of the poll - at over 5,000. I don't think it is possible

for you to realise the immense, comfortable & well organised luxury we lived in - very

conventionally & stodgily - but very fine in its way. Christopher & I who were rebels used to escape & "chuck this beastly being rich" & travel 3rd (class) (Anathema) to explore Whitby & Middlesbrough (which appalled us), or go miles on bicycles to remote places and try & puzzle out the perplexities of life - there are few however who had the freedom of the world's champion fruit in endless - and free to us - variety and I shall never forget it - MacIndoe was a great man - recognised as such & himself took the great collection of fruit to Chicago to win the World Championship Gold Medal. How he did it by rail & sea leaves one wondering - but he did. I shall never forget the look of Middlesbrough platform as we ran through in a "Special" (train) - late of night - every day during the Barnard Castle elections - it haunted me. The last time Christopher & I came down from Barnard Castle in the tail Observation car, with us was our Grandfather's Agent, Arthur Henderson, professed Liberal - and we both mistrusted him - directly our grandfather died, he went in for Labour & had kept the seat warm for that. In London my pals were all young Liberals & we thought we were going to reform the world & make a great thing of it - Charles & George Trevelvan for instance & the Hugh Bells & many others. After the first World War I was asked to stand for Tavistock for Labour - the very Liberal west having collapsed entirely - & I would have - only I had smashed up after 5 years super strenuous War jobs - the Doctor gave me six months to live as the maximum in the H of C atmosphere, Then I spoke & worked for Labour & didn't like their outlook. Tried to like voting Tory & hated it & myself, & won't again ... Pinchinthorpe always had a wonderful atmosphere - totally different from that of conventional self satisfied Hutton - & it was always an ideal to me - & to very many others. Really interesting people stayed there - & Hutton in my day was stagnant as to pople. When the smash came - straight out of the blue - & I had no home just 21 - and asked quite naturally to sign away my Mother's money in the Darlington Bank - I went down to Bethnal Green & lived there & worked in Whitechapel to see if I could understand anything about life - ~I had some pretty rude shocks - as I bad never been allowed out in London without a maid, or footman & all in that line - But I am glad I did it. I certainly learnt a lot in the months I was there (about 9) when I broke down & still had no home go & had to concoct one. I am glad you have told me not to go back to Hutton for I hadn't realised it was as bad as that (changes between 1902-1956) & in the old days the place itself & the woods & moors were quite lovely & entirely remote from the glare of Middlesbrough which showed beyond Eston at night, It was the quickest transformation possible from the squalor of Middlesbrough to the quiet peace of Hutton Gate - *if rather haunting*.

21st Feb. 1957 ... I used to ride in the Row with Derick Amory and went to dancing classes at their huge house in Belgrave Square ... I so well remember the day when I met Uncle Alfred - looking very worried saying he had just been offered the dream of his life by Lord Roseberry - The Ministry of Agriculture (No, Sylvia's mistaken. The offer was as Roseberry's Private Secretary) & he could only refuse as he had to take Aunt Nellie to a dry climate. I long wished he hadn't had to refuse it for he would have been

excellent. Then I suddenly became a top class Civil Servant in the first World War with the terrible title of "Travelling Inspector of the B of A Food ProductionDept"! Chiefly to organise a then non existent department. I worked under 3 different Presidents - Lord Olivier, Lord Selbourne & far the best Lord Ernle(?) writer of fascinating books on agriculture. I was offered the Directorship - to work in London but I felt it wasn't my line & that I should be more useful out about in the country - I had every official privilege - including bundles of official telegraph forms - & told not to tire myself writing letters except through my secretaries in each County - do everything by telegram. Rather comic & very bad for anyone who took, himself seriously - I didn't ! Now if it would be any interest to you, I shall be delighted - if you will ask me any & every question you like - about the Hutton smash - and previously to that the Portsmouth case - so far as I know it, because I was at Hutton all through it - and heard all sorts of points of view - The whole thing was very extraordinary and briefly my opinion is that our grandfather was a very misguided - ill old man - & not the villain some thought.

The quite unpardonable things he did - were - I think mistakes of stupidity & super- belief in himself & the rectitude of his judgement, I knew him very well - & frankly never liked him although we got on all right. He had an odd craze. That someone must always travel with him - and for the last three years when Aunt Maud & I were the only two left, one had always to be in attendance - And no notice was given - just told at breakfast that one had to accompany to - for instance - London, Glasgow or Timbuctoo. He once congratulated me on a journey to Glasgow - & I had no idea what about - On not speaking once 'En route' - which was what he liked. He had a valet, & I found we were in a suite of rooms in the Station Hotel - apart from all - & he was going to a two day "Peace at any price" Meeting - & I had to amuse myself as best I could - that was typical.

If he said at breakfast he wished to ride for an hour - I couldn't hunt - whether I had intended to or not! I don't think it ever occurred to him that he could do or be wrong - Years before, when his wife was alive - and fascinating she was - I think she could keep him in order & was the leader - I knew the Portsmouth's point of view well - also because my people (Effie & Vincent C-H) had always been friends, and Father asked me never to desert Beatrice in her unhappy marriage. Portsmouth was an absolutely odious character - eaten up with conceit & horribly spoilt as a boy - in spite of having 11 brothers & sisters. The next brother, Jock Wallop was a perfect dear - & we were firm friends.

Portsmouth & Beatrice swam in money - & the only gifts I got were a pocket knife regularly each Xmas!! The fact they had no children was a great tragedy for her, & made her life nearly unbearable with him. They brought the present Portsmouth (Gerard, 9th Earl, b. 16 May, 1898, d. September, 1984) over to lunch with me - as a very small boy - the week he had arrived in England (from the USA.) to be brought up as the heir. A terribly shy & unhappy small boy in painfully new - English clothes. I have never seen him since - but I believe he is quite nice (yes - very). I do not think he has the slightest right in equity - apart from the findings of the law - to the Pease money. So when you have time & care to ask questions categorically - I will answer them as accurately as I can, & my memory is still very fresh of those far off days.

3rd Mar. 1957. I have made the best job I can of my memory of those unhappy far away days when everything crashed in a moment - but I may not be accurate in my dates about the case - only about the crash date because Aug 9th, 1902 was my 21st birthday, and it was then - You know, no doubt about all that happened thereafter to Uncle Alfred & family so I have left that out - How Uncle Jack remained a rich man (but he did) is unfathomable - The crazy expenditure on Nunthorpe Hall was going on right up to the crash - & I rode there one day with Grandpapa & he was visibly overwhelmed & horrified at the cost, but seemed powerless - in Aunt Elsie's hands but it was always like that. They paid her bills - & paid them.

SYLVIA'S ACCOUNT OF THE SMASH.

(Though very imaginative and entertaining, the following account so far as the way in which the smash came about is concerned, it is wholly and wildly inaccurate).

This what I know of it or could deduce from various sources, I was never told anything at Hutton.

Beatrice Pease was an only child & as an orphan at 16 & was taken to live et Hutton. She was not happy there & took the first chance to get away - also of course flattered by Lymington wanting to marry her & quite unaware of his search for an heiress. She was always stupid but very nice with a pleasant voice & adapted herself to her different life very well indeed. Lymington was at Balliol with my Father - & I think at the Creightons for reading - where he met your father & Uncle Jack & so got to Hutton. He first of all made love to Aunt Blanche, & Uncle Jack - always the cynic told him "You're onto the wrong one, that isn't the heiress" & he switched over at once & eventually they were married with great ecl«t & entire approbation of Lord & Lady Portsmouth. His Mother always viewed him as the comming Prime Minister. Others didn't! He had brains - but conceit beyond description. They had no children, & that made him increasingly impossible & latterly I knew Beatrice had a bad tinme & was terrified of him - In about 1899 things were reputedly rocky in the North - actually Beatrices father had left his affairs in an awful muddle and our grandfather straightened them out, & caused Beatrice to be made an heiress (his own daughters had meagre marriage portions) - my mother £200 a year - your father £10,000 (this is wildly inaccurate), & Portsmouth (as he had become) got wind of this & insisted that Beatrices share should be allocated & taken out. (No. This is nonsense. Portsmouth wanted Beatrice's fortune out of the collieries especially because he didn't like the nature of such a fluctuating investment - which in itself was a perfectly reasonable point of view to take - but it couldn't be done) - I was told that was about 1/4 million & no trouble was made over that (but there was!). The shares were so valued & I believe, the sum about to be paid over (was paid over) - then our Grandfather without consulting his sons in any way (wrong) - went to London & launched a prospective company with his shares. (In point of fact, it was my father who urged his father to work at a scheme to buy out Beatrice) leaving out Beatrice's share as then valued to be paid over. It was an unexpected success & the share value proved far higher than the value of Beatrice - that had been offered & agreed. Portsmouth, and a great many other people I am sorry to say, found this sharp practise & started a case for more money for Beatrice's share. Had our Grandfather had the sense to wait until the Settlement had been completed - nothing could have been done, but in his invincible belief in himself (& he was an old tired man) he committed this act of supreme stupidity - or as most of the world viewed it, crooked cunning. I had heard from Aunt Claudia about two years before that things were very rocky - a revelation to me - aged 19 - We were riding past Wards (High Farm) Pinchinthorpe at the time - Dates are difficult to remember - but then came the "Portsmouth Case" & Grandpapa proved a shocking bad client in the case & refused to defend himself on the grounds that he wouldn't speak against his brother's child. I can only suppose the verdict came later because in 1902 he & Aunt Maud went to shoot in Scotland as usual, leaving me at Hutton knowing absolutely nothing of what was likely to happen. They had hardly got there (Scotland) when I got a telegram "Coming home meet us at the station - do not speak" I met the train - plus gamekeepers dogs etc all returned & we walked in silence to the house - not in itself unusual but I realised something was up - my grandfather disappeared to his study - & Aunt Maud said "We are ruined - everything gone." I gasped & said "What do you mean?" "You'll find out quick enough - We have no money & no cheques on the Bank are valid & nothing here is ours." Apparently, when the added amount ordered to be paid over to Beatrice after the case, it couldn't be realised. (No. This is fiction). nor of course could the new proposed Company be floated (It had already been floated in 1898 i.e. 4 years earlier). But so far as I could understand, a big Bank in Londonhad promised backing - I can't remember which (Barclays) - & they went to Scotland quite happy and confident - then almost immediately they refused to carry out the backing - and the complete crash had come & all assets were taken over Barclays. The evening they came back, I telephoned Christopher to come and have a ride. We rode saying nothing until we got to the low hung gate on the road to the moor - always bad to open (I think this would be the iron gate near the village reservoir) & Kit said "What damned bad gates Barclays keep" - a very unusual explosion for him, & then we talked, & he told me "Father says it means just everything." Uncle Alfred took it very hard, & they had to live on bread & b utter & no cake & the horses were immediately entered for York & every possible discomfort was the order of the day there - At Hutton I was told "credit had to be kept up for a time" & we lived 6 miserable weeks minus any cash -and pretended all was well. Of course all the staff knew what was up & Oliver, the really ideal butler told me he could no longer bicycle into Gisbro' for his daily glass of beer - his one relaxation because of all they were saying against his master. Not even a glass of beer was allowed at Hutton! He was the soul of devoted loyalty & went to Falmouth with them as boot-boy so to speak. The Arthur Pease's (Herbert Pike P., Arthur Francis Claud & Co.) told me I ought to leave in protest & I snubbed them & said I didn't leave a sinking ship so long as I was useful. What was I going to do I hadn't the slightest idea & the position was horrible &, incidentally, I loved Hutton with all my heart - My 21st birthday was on the 9th August & I was asked to sign a paper foregoing my Mother's money of (the) Darlington Bank

Scanned copy of entry in list of credit balances at J & J W Pease & Co Bank as at 22nd August, 1902

(Exors Vincent Waldo C-Hamlyn £316. 0s. 2d and [with a 'X' placed against it, signifying 'postponed'] Mary Sylvia Calmady-Hamlyn £1,152.10. 6d)

This of course I did to the subsequent fury of my remaining Trustee in Devon who found it illegal as it was in Trust until I was 25, & wished to prosecute. This, thank goodness I stopped him doing. Our grandfather had to go to London for some legal business & we just managed to collect £5 & after that borrowed from Oliver - still living this to me horrible & idiotic pretence of business as usual, & it must have wasted a lot of money - The Arthur Pease's were ghastly bitter, but poor Aunt Arthur made it her business to pay off all small amounts at the Bank she could, & I eventually, 2 years later was sent £30 - with which I bought my first ponies - all I had to spend. Several years ago (but recently), I met man who was on the N.E.R. Board at that time & said they had been very lenient to Grandpapa & had let him off a debt of £10,000 due to the Board - partly out of pity - & partly for services rendered - but not impressed. I was very surprised to learn from my Devon Trustee in that stormy interview that £900 a year had been paid by him for my keep at Hutton - a largish sum for a girl in those days since my father's death (in his Will) & it was generally held I was there in kindness - or as the servants said, I heard later "on charity" because they worked you so hard - they did - but I liked & always like work - but I should have liked to have known the position those six years - But altogether it is strange story, Long before this, my father made me promise always to keep up with Beatrice because she had a rotten life with Portsmouth & he had befriended her. So I stayed with them now & then - and realised what she had to get on with - I tackled her about the smash - and blamed her - & she said "Portsmouth made me," & I knew then she hadn't the character to stand against him. He liked me - we got on well but I did not like him & spoke quite plainly, which he didn't mind. Whatever she did wrong, Beatrice paid a terrible price & had no compensation - of course the world thought Portsmouth was perfectly right to expose the attempt to defraud his wife as they viewed it. As you will have gathered I did not like our grandfather but I have always believed it was an old man's conceited stupidity that carried him away and not fraudulent intention. Uncle Jack went abroad - to Brazil (No. Mexico) & returned a very rich man - of that I can give you no explanation - just fact. Presumably he lost everything as Uncle Alfred did - so how explain? (Mexico had nothing to do with Uncle Jack's financial subsequent standing. He, just the same as my father, had lost all his directorships, and went to Mexico to investigate mineral workings at the invitation of Pease & Partners. Uncle Jack's financial recovery came through Aunt Elsie's [Havelock-Allan] fortune and nothing else - there was no mystery about that).

Grandpapa & Aunt Maud went to live at Falmouth in a charming little house that belonged to my grandmother, left to Aunt Maud with some money on which they lived until he died. (Not strictly true, though possibly it did once. It had been given to Aunt Maud at a time after Minnie's death in 1892). They had a rough trip there - as the Fox relations who never got on with them were very aloof & disapproving (that I think is nonsense. JWP, even after Minnie's death visited and was visited by her Fox relations). Aunt Ethel very monied through the Brewery (Truman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co.) thought to make it pleasant for him by buying or leasing - I don't know which - the Steam Yacht 'Roseberry' - on which he had spent so many happy days. But public feeling was outraged - while so many were ruined by the Bank smash - and it had to be quickly given up, & he then lived on quietly - for a short while - & died - mostly I think of a broken heart completely baffled. (JWP's diaries reveal nothing about this supposed yacht drama. JWP had been living mostly at Gerald and Ethel Buxton's at Birch Hall, Theydon Bois until going to Falmouth on 8th April, 1903, where he found Kerris Vean "as sweet as ever". Sylvia C-H, who had been on holiday in Normandy, went to Kerris Vean briefly on 28th April. A month later [22nd May] JWP went back to Birch Hall and returned to Falmouth on 30th May and died there three weeks later.

You must understand he had always been taken as a Prophet in Israel & it was all beyond him - I was living in Devon then - but went up to his funeral at Darlington & was lodged out in some dreary house & it was most melancholy- except actually at the funeral. 'Eton Joe' (Joseph Pease, later 2nd Baron Gainford) was my companion & was at his naughtiest & got convulsions of suppressed giggles quite understandably - An old Mrs Mounsey preached for ages - & it was too much for both of us - I don't remember anything else about it except its extreme dreariness - and the joy of getting back to my tiny bit of remote Devon with grass & flowers & simplicity - certainly devoid of every particle of Hutton luxury.

When I was taken by our Grandmother to live there (24, Kensington Palace Gardens) & at Hutton at the age of six at my Mother's death, it was all most magnificent & a place that has always stood in London for, so to speak a Jews Riches - and here I will interlude something personal, My mother elected to marry a moneyless man - third son of a country squire - & refused some Peer or other who they wanted her to marry & several other "eligible" men - Hence the miserable £200 a year for a woman who had lived in extreme luxury & affluence, & when she discovered what poverty meant she was too proud to take anything from them - still less ask for it. Father was starting at the Bar, & successfully, but there was little money to be earned at the start - & he worked seven days a week to keep their tiny house on Camden Hill going - & I found a pathetic letter from my mother saying "We find it difficult to get enough milk for Sylvia". She became very ill & died & too late called in every specialist & was told "Your daughter has died of neglect & you could have saved her ". Father didn't know what to do with me & our grandmother asked him to let her have me for her own until I was old enough to be of use to him. She then told our grandfather that she was to have whatever she wanted for me - and proceeded to lavish everything imaginable on me "Grannies most precious treasure" & "Joseph, remember thy promise" if he demurred at all about anything! And thus it went - until she died when I was 11 - My father went abroad - unexpectedly inherited his father's places & when in London shared charming rooms with Lord Milner - & I very rarely saw him. I remember being told that things weren't quite so rosy - & there were then 3 footmen instead of 4. But nothing else seemed indicated. Palace Gardens house was sold as too far from the House & a probably more expensive & an extremely inconvenient house rented in Grosvenor Gardens entered on. Why it amused him to make Beatrice an heiress I don't know - but he professed great affection for her father. (There was nothing amusing about it. JWP was only carrying out to the very best of his ability, the conditions of his brother Edward's Will, and to bring Edward's affairs round from a probable state of insolvency into one of order and value). The £10,000 was a yearly allowance to your father (It was £1,000 p.a. not £10,000) - not a capital sum - Indeed he could never have done all he did on any less sum, & I think Pinchinthorpe was Aunt Nellies and more money also (No this is nonsense - Had Pinchinthorpe been Nellie's it could not have been touched in the crash - and when that came, Nellie had near nothing except £200 to throw in with other borrowings from Elfreda Fowler & Aunt Maud) I should imagine that when the Portsmouth case came on there might have been 1/2 million - 1/4 million allocated to Beatrice before the case & the bulk of the balance 1/4 million allocated in the case judgement (It isn't clear from this passage, to what Sylvia was referring). But when Portsmouth heard of this company flotation in London, he saw as red as his own red hair - (which he wore long) & took instant action probably with universal approval & won the case hands down. Why Uncle Jack went to Brazil (Mexico) specifically, I don't know, or what money he

took to invest, as I always understood his wife had none (see above: Jack didn't take money to invest - he hadn't any - except what Aunt Elsie had. Sylvia is just building suspicion upon suspicion. The London house in Mansfield Street was in Aunt Elsie's name. Headlam Hall Gainford [bought c. 1904/5] might or might not have been in Uncle Jack's name, I don't know about that). But whatever he did, he brought it off as all other things in his life - But unfortunately I do know that when he continued in the H of C rose to speak on finance "We don't want to hear from you - sit down" met him - & his answer "But you will someday soon" & sat down - after which he was Minister of Education, P.M. General, Chairman of the Federation of British Industries & the BBC (before it received its Charter, and Vice-Chairman under Lord Reith) & other trifles of that nature - and a peerage! There never were two more diverse brothers than Uncles Alfred & Jack - in every possible way. (I would agree with that statement, but Jack was a good and kind uncle to me).

I think I said before, that the expenditure on that would-be Palace at Nunthorpe went into an enormous figure - Just before the smash & I should be sorry to hazard what Aunt Elsie cost JWP altogether. Once we had to have them living with us at Gros. Gardens for 2 or 3 years - She had so outrun the constable in their own house & a ghastly time it was as JWP couldn't stand up to her for a moment & was like wax - impressed with "the smart & delightful Mrs Jack Pease" in all the Court Circulars & such like daily - Christopher & I used to play a spotting game of how many references we could find! It would be impossible for you today to realise what a startling - I might say preposterous person she was, to be introduced into our very conventional circle, obviously only cultivated for the £.s.d, of her "bourgois relations"! Her father had a distinct streak of insanity latterly & both her brothers drank but spent money like water & always expected more - and got it. Sir Henry Havelock-Allan used to walk in the middle of the Row in the days I rode there - leading his horse & reading his Bible - a most tiresome obstacle to other riders - At that period he refused to see "the grocer's children" & on their rare visits Joe & Miriam had to be hidden. Why Grocers? ('grocer's children' was meant to be a disparaging term accorded by Sir Henry Havelock-Allan to Jack and Elsie's three children Joe, Miriam and Faith Pease - but it just as probably applied more generally, to embrace all members of the Pease family). What a strange thing you should have been sent near Hurstbourne Park. (I wasn't sent near Hurstbourne Park, I was sent to it! - But strange, yes).

I stayed there several times & remember awful explosions of Portsmouth's temper over such incidents as "pepper in my soup" shouted at Beatrice despite strange guests at dinner. But more often I went to Eggesford in N Devon - the old Portsmouth place - now a ruin - It was within driving with a pony distance, There I met quite interesting literary people & was kept in my 22 year old place by Portsmouth. To my amazement, the breeched & long haired flunkey - always in waiting - and later in the day powdered - announced one for breakfast - Portsmouth looked at me coldly & said "Sylvia - You are late - and kindly remember you are the commoner amongst us & be punctual" I might have retorted, but didn't, that Beatrice & I were both "grocer's children"! And what a life she must have had & with no strong character at all to stand up to it & no imagination. If she had had the latter - she couldn't - shortly after the smash - have bought George Stephenson's watch and sent it to Uncle Alfred for Christopher ! He promptly returned it - being sore beyond description at their loss of home & standing & all else.

He (Alfred) went to Barberton & made a very good job of being R.M. there until his heart & the altitude knocked him about - and Christopher went miserably into lodgings in Darlington - got some sort of job (at Pease & Partners) & the Johnson's were very good to him - hence I suppose his very understandable marriage.

Christopher came to see me at Bridestowe just before the war - the last time I saw him - and between the wars your father & mother came here & were quite delightful & obviously very happy & I was so grateful to her for I loved Uncle Alfred very much - and chased the tail of his horse across Cleveland

for many years. I wish you could have seen him popping over fence after fence as if they didn't exist. He was a thousand times the most popular man in Cleveland & indeed everywhere & had the most charming of friends always at Pinchinthorpe - He rarely came to Hutton - & he hated it - & there at long last discovered the reason from the diaries Joe sent

me to read about 2 years ago. (A reference probably to Father's discovery that JWP had expressed his intention of making Jack, and not he, an eldest son - thereby fulfilling an undertaking given to Alice, Lady Havelock-Allan when Jack and Elsie married, reinforced by Edward [1880-1963] enlisting for the Boer War - But JWP in fact made no changes, and after the crash, the whole thing became a matter of complete indifference to my father).

I went over to Pinchinthorpe by road or rail, often the latter as there were trains every few hours on the doorstep. And how I think you will agree heartily with me, how much happier we are - who live simply, devoid of all the multiplicity & trappings great riches & possessions bring instinctively in their train.

17th Mar. 1957. ... (referring to Middlesbrough) it's an unpleasant place created by our ancestors! I refer to think of the quiet cell at the mouth of the Tees - belonging to Whitby Abbey - & the well farmed land of Tom Parrington - bought by Gt, Grandfather accompanied by Grandpapa for a port for Middlesbrough. In your father's account of the happening he quotes a wonderful view from the farm all over the Cleveland hills - and the sea full of shipping the other side.

You certainly chose a cold spot in Captain Cook's Monument (we had taken a walk there) - I have often shivered there out hunting in winter, but have never been on foot. I still imagine I could find my way blindfold all over that country, but I probably couldn't & ICI would obviously defeat me outside Hutton Gate.

Aunt Blanche's husband, Lloyd Pease, had two brothers, Reg & Frank - Reg I knew - had a rich wife & lived in Durham & (I)sent a show pony once to them for their boy Philip to ride - & eventually had it back again about 1913 - he is now on the Royal Ag. Society's Council & quite a nut in the horse world. Frank I just knew by sight & presumably this is his son, but I know nothing about them. They lived at Pierremont, Darlington.

I was very devoted to Uncle Lloyd, a very quiet reserved man - always trying some invention or other & suggested the use of slag for basic & nearly but not quite invented asbestos sheeting for building. He came regularly to London in the season on business - & took me out to dinner & a play always - only the very best of plays & actors - such ass Sarah Bernhardt, Ellen Terry, Irving etc etc. Once we did a whole week of Irving plays, very unusual for a Friend - which he was.

He made & built 'Hurworth Moot' a somewhat dreary spot with a 3 mile long drive so the wretched children saw nobody when out walking & were very shy - but it was a comfortable house - & Aunt Blanche was the best of good sorts & a splendid mother. If you ever got to the end of the drive you could watch the Scotch Express going into Darlington Station which it did then ...

20th Mar. 1957. Please don't thank me for writing & telling you what I can? - it is a very great pleasure to me to find that you care to hear what those old days were like & possibly what they connoted - & your letters are a true joy to me in what is necessarily a lonely old age - I have no relations I care for down here - only 3 of alien blood & not very satisfactory & you are the first of my real cousins to tell me about the north & to write quite delightful letters to which I look forward quite immensely. I have met Miriam (Uncle Jack's dau,) once, & she was friendly & promised me papers about Uncle Jack - never sent anything - and there it ended. Ditto Mary Mounsey who came here & promised much & disappeared! Then Joe has had spasms of really affectionate letters, then vanished - but your mother has always been most kind teling me things about you all & Cleveland - And now there is the totally unexpected & new found joy of correspondence with you ... I never forget a certain lovely sunny afternoon in the midst of the trouble - when we were having tea in the Hall -Aunt Ethel being there, & JWP coming in late from the train - looking grey & wretched & burstirig out that "they say I may be in gaol" & Aunt Ethel saw a footman was there and saying "Be quiet Father - for heaven's sake" and from what I heard outside, then & later, I imagine, he was very lucky to escape. But with the universal conspiracy of silence kept up - I was never told anything beyond the stark feeling that it was complete ruin & in those remaining weeks I stayed there with them, I didn't go beyond Pinchinthorpe or talk to anybody except Oliver - I suppose the Judge let him off on his life's record & old age. I am thankful he did. Yes Aunt Elsie was certainly violent & had an awful temper & used plenty of language unknown otherwise at Hutton! In London when they shared 44 Grosvenor Gardens with us for two seasons she was quite awful - took all the best rooms lived on our grandfather - & didn't know any of us in public, if met her riding in the Row for instance, we were all cut. She had very smart & none too reputable Society friends who came there - but didn't acknowledge us ! Oliver wouldn't wait on her & she had their own man always on tap & standing behind her chair at meals, who got sworn at freely, as did Uncle Jack - I also remember vividly a Xmas Eve - when we were as usual a huge party - about 40 or 50 in the house, and again we were having tea in the Hall above which, was the best spare room which she & Uncle Jack had, when there was an awful crash - & a flood of water came steadily through the ceiling onto us! A terrified Aunt Maud went up to see what had happened - & she (Elsie) had hurled the Water Jug at Uncle Jack & missed! & it smashed ! Why did they stand all that kind of thing? I think I know the answer ... (As mentioned above, Sylvia made an oblique reference [to JWP not fulfilling the 'honourable undertaking given to Alice, Lady Have; ock-Allan to make Jack his father's heir in place of Alfred.')

it's all past & done with and you have your happy home without the tie of great possessions, & now have your own ideal of life's true values. Yes I expect there are embassies now at Palace, Gardens - the houses are too huge for anything else - or millionaires these days - just like big country houses with gardens, tennis courts & stables in JWP's day - It took him 1 hour in a hansom from the House which is why we moved to the noisy 44 Gros. Gdns. in the middle of the Victoria Station traffic & with embassies & Peers of the Realm on both sides of us! Yes, I think 'grocer's children' covered us all; What the Communists today call the "Boorzhwahzee" in their handbook about hatred of them. Anyway, she made full use (Elsie that is) of the Grocery Stores! I remember JWP's fury when towards the end - he told me she had put down a new saddle for

Miriam to his a/c in London - without asking him. He didn't often let fly to me - but he did that time - on the same ride to Nunthorpe - to view the vast Palace a'building - & he exlploded again there . I expect he didn't know where the money was coming from to pay for it all.

Mother & c I used to walk on Sundays (I aged about 5) to lunch at Palace Gardens when they were in London, &I simply loved it. Sat by Grannie & saw life & eat nice things - & was deeply offended when in I suppose a moment of bitterness my mother said to me walking home afterwards, that I was "a beastly little snob for liking luxury so much." She was ill - & had wanted a boy but didn't like children - or, I should surmise, our living conditions. My father worked all day at Lincoln's Inn - on Sundays too - & I only remember seeing him twice as I had gone to bed before his return, I was a very unhappy child then & mostly ill - & then was swept into the sunshine of our grandmothers - I can only say - adoration & gradually found life very pleasant & loved

living in the country.

29th Mar. 1957. You cannot tell your children too much of Uncle Alfred's unique character & abilities & charm - very few men of his calibre have lived & I only wish I could paint him for you in all the early days - someday I will try for you & yours, Now I must go back some way - for

background - for the to me inexplicable action of JWP. First you must realise that he had a perfect mono-mania against soldiers "hired assassins" & sailors - an atmosphere I had to endure after my return to Hutton as "an orphan & a ward" which was how he always introduced me - even a week after my Father's tragically sudden death - I had better give you an example - Aunt Lottie was in command - until her late

marriage -- she was a very kind, good, loving woman - but fanatically a "plain friend." My father shared rooms with Alfred Milner & I used to go to pour out tea for him there when he had friends - & when I was about 14, - Aunt Lottie was driving me there & going up Pall Mall - said "Darling - I have something very terrible to tell you about your poor father - but you must learn never to judge." I gasped - & she continued - "He has joined the North Devon Yeomanry ...". He had, & loved it & was attached to the Scots Greys for training - one of the few happy times in his very lonely life. He

said to me "Jimmy," (his pet name for Sylvia) "I do hope they haven't been filling you up with rot about the army have they? Well it seems best for you to live at Hutton until you are old enough to cone to me but for Heaven's sake don't learn to be a prig - promise me." Then when Christopher & I used to go with JWP for election meetings at Barnard Castle where he was worshiped by the constituents - we used to sit and listen to the most astounding statements about the wicked expenditure on the Navy which oughtn't to exist & we used to bet on what figures he'd give next & have them swallowed whole. I remember our saying "Why not cut the cost of every ship in the Navy at a cost of a billion pounds at least!"

(There is a strange incompatibility about what Sylvia says and the real facts. JWP was an out and out pacifist. He nevertheless would have hated it, as my father said, had Britain not had a strong Navy. He invariably went each year to witness the Naval Review),

Incidentally, we left Hutton each day at 12, arrived Barnard Castle about 4 - Had at least 3 Ham & Egg Teas & triumphal entries with Silver Bands - & meetings - Left Barnard castle by the last train for Darlington & from there ran straight through to Hutton by "Special", & the faces on Middlesbrough platform late at night used to haunt me & incredible - only 10 miles & the still beauties of a Hutton night - smell of pines - peace & the wine like quality of North Country air - Well, that is the background - which is the only help I can give. About the middle of that period - was the S. African war & "our brother the Boer" was always prayed for at family prayers taken by JWP at length. One day Edward was missing - (It must have been holiday time from Winchester) & there was a terrible hue & cry - I suppose it was several days but I cannot be accurate - as usual deadly silence & I could ask nothing - then - he was found - a private in H.M.'s Army at York having given a wrong age - Yorks. Reg't. I think - He was removed under the blackest of clouds - & had he murdered everyone possible it could not have been more terrible & mustn't be mentioned in any way and in the Diary I found that a will was made disinheriting Uncle Alfred, making Uncle Jack the heir - so far as I could gather on the grounds of Edward's disgrace, If it weren't so tragic it would be funny - But a nemesis that Joe should have been a Lovat Scout at Gallipoli with SUCCESS. (The change of his will by JWP, was an expressed intention, never carried out)

When I read it first I couldn't believe it - & the I recalled all that crazy fanatical background & tried to make some sort of picture of it - an absolutely inexcusable action on any grounds whatever - & there were no grounds - I wrote to your mother about my discovery - & she was aware of it & told me it had preyed very much on Alfred's mind & made him very bitter - but she had been able to get him to try to forget it all, and put it out of his mind -- But I now know his extreme bitterness at the time of the smash, I haven't, the slightest idea whether Edward knew anything about it before he read the Diaries, which I presume he did (Yes, he did. Edward wanted to go down in family history as a 'rebel', but not a 'feeble rebel') - ... I haven't any idea either whether JWP told your father what he had done - I can hardly hardly believe he had the courage. (JWP did tell Father before he went off to Abyssinia - Sylvia must have read that and forgotten). That I do know is that if our grandmother had lived - it could not possibly have happened. Uncle Alfred was her Darling & she alone could manage JWP - & did. I was at school for the relief of Mafeking - & suppose the Will was somewhere about 4 or 5 years before the smash (The incident was in 1900) Another light for you - maybe in the very abnormal atmosphere that had grown up at Hutton - that after I was living at Bridestowe - Munt Lottie's son John rowed for Cambridge - in the Boat Race & very well - She wrote to me to ask John to come & see me - because she & John's father (Howard Hodgkin) could give him no sympathy or approval in striving for a crumptitle crown - but they realised that it was hard on him & would be grateful if I would give him sympathy! John was a fine chap - rather surprisingly, & went out to New Zealand - married, did very well I believe. Do please realise what an extraordinary hotch-potch all this was - all wrapped up in almost indescribable comfort & luxury - super food - super horses (far too many as only I rode them) the best of ugly c

6th April, 1957. (In answer to one of my queries) I find it very charming of you to find time to write me such splendid letters with so much really important work that has to be done on hand, & I appreciate it quite immensely - And now that I cannot do the active work here I have been so used to, letters are of great value, particularly when of the quality of yours. To answer several points in a former letter of yours. The gate on the Kildale road is not yet settled - there always was a wooden field gate - on the road going to Hutton Village left, & Kildale right - the high road in fact & think it was green but am not sure. Then the road went up the hill - right - to Kildale etc, & quite shortly there was an iron gate - low hung connecting on the left with a fence going down the hill to the Hutton village road & fencing off where in those days a plantation began. Perhaps none of that now exists.

There was another of those nasty to open gates, where the small drive road from Hutton opened onto the farm field, (West Park - that would be what was called the 'milk walk gate' to the Home Farm) and small one by the terrace opening into the South Park in front of the house. My special m³/₄tier was 'gate opener' so I have got them well painted on my mind!

(The first gate [wooden] just before the divide between Hutton Village & Kildale Roads, has now gone, but when I don't know - it was there certainly about the time I was married in 1953 just as Sylvia described it, except I think by then over-painted white - The iron gate on the Kildale road in a decaying state when last seen by me, has probably now gone, but I remember it, and the fence which fell away to the left and came down to George Gull's house, opposite which was Miss Booth's house (both OME tenants), and only a few feet immediately beyond which, in the direction of the village, there was another iron gate which hung [like the one up the Kildale Road] from narrow fluted metal stoops with rounded heads - I think that gate too has long since gone). There was once yet another gate at one time before the South Park was all fenced off from the road. This was a wooden gate and stood about 200 yards beyond where the Hutton Hall front drive commences, at the point where there is still a small clump of trees on the rhs of the road going in the direction of the village. Village children (and tramps) used to stand at this last mentioned gate and collect coppers from motorists as reward for opening the gate - though there must have been some very long waiting periods between vehicles in those pre-war days.

(In my letter to Sylvia, for which this was her reply, I had made reference to some red velvet curtains with brass stars - now (1999) very faded by the sun to a ruddy-brown colour, and worn out, but which I refuse to throw away). Those red (velvet) curtains with the metal star spangles were in the Hall & are a strong association with many incidents - Footmen drawing them at dusk - children getting scratched on them and yelling - & a distinct background for that awful tea - when JWP talked about prison - & a footman was between him and those curtains. In summer, the tea table was in that bay - quite close to the curtains & the windows. In winter (tea was served) opposite the great stone fireplace carved with local ferns. If you ask me my opinion, I don't think Uncle Jack had much

conscience - harried by his wife's perpetual debts - & their combined social ambitions - climbing & political & I feel pretty sure Brazil (Mexico) stood for something very odd (It didn't at all) - but as I said to you before, he lived it (the crash) down & got to the top of his success. I remember JWP saying to him when they were living at 44 Gros. Gdns. with us - & Uncle Jack announced he was in "Who's Who" "Albert, I don't know why you got everything I wanted" & Uncle Jack said "I know Father, & I always told you when you refused a peerage you were finished - You must never refuse anything if you wish to rise - & you refused a peerage twice, so what can you expect?" JWP said "But I didn't want a peerage, but I did want to be a P.C. more than anything else & you - not I - have got it." (In point of fact this last statement attributed to JWP has to be wrong because Uncle Jack didn't become a Privy Counsellor until 1908 - i.e. 5 years after JWP's death - Uncle Jack had sked Asquith to make him a P.C. - see Volume I, p.21 'A Liberal Chronicle, Journals and Papers of J A Pease 1908-1910' Edited by Cameron Hazelhurst and Christine Woodland, published 1994 by The Historians' Press ISBN 1 872273 00 9). I also remember Aunt Elsie at Hutton saying when he was contesting Rotherham (Sylvia possibly meant Saffron Walden - he [Jack] didn't become MP for Rotherham until 1910) which he lost (Jack lost Tyneside and Saffron Walden but not Rotherham) & said he would lose because he wouldn't give them certain promises. "You fool Jack - promise everything & afterwards you can break it all when you are in." (This is obviously a statement which Sylvia attributed to Aunt Elsie - well, possible, but questionable). Well he didn't promise & he was a defeated & had to go carpet bagging to Safron Walden (Rotherham) & she screeched & screamed at him all the more than ever! The way in which he kept his temper with her was a thing to be marvelled at . They dined out practically every night - and she was always late - & the beginning of our

Yes, I think you are right, that after his wife's death, JWP was only interested in himself & was encouraged by sycophants to regard himself as a great Prophet in Israel, and lived in a peculiar blind world of adulation - and after Aunt Maud became vicereine, he was made a positive idol -

28th April, 1957. Two delightful letters from you to thank for with true thanks & the Hutton postcards which recall so many old days & frequent visits to the village with soup in pots in little baskets - various messages & sales of work in the Mission House, & Xmas teas at old Nanny's house (Sarah Wilson) - a very spoilt & distinctly cross old person with a devoted & kind relative living with her. She adored your father, & the rest in varying degrees. And chiefly Christmas mornings when from 10 a.m. until 12.30, Christopher & I delivered parcels from my little pony & cart as hard as we could, starting with the Railway Cottages & working back to the village - struggling to get done in time to array ourselves in Sunday best for the terrific family luncheon at 1 o'clock. We were for ever changing our clothes in those days, as we had to appear in clean conventional attire for the public occasions - Such a dinner every day - even if no-one there "If you can't dress properly for dinner you had better go to bed" was the latter day regime!

A gift parcel for every household on the Estate which was one of my jobs to tie up - at least a weeks' work - had to be delivered by us. I was once grudgingly told that if I had to earn my living, I could do it by making parcels top grade! Some of my minor jobs were - doing al the flowers - took about 2 hours 3 times a week - putting out & replenishiing all the stationery in all the rooms - Maybe 20 bedrooms at Christmas & such - Printing Menu's - 1 to each 2 people every day & always. Kit & I had fun over this since we knew their French was very non-existent, & we invented wonderful dishes to see if they were spotted - they were not!

(Sylvia continues with recalling her other domestic tasks). Feeding the chickens in all weathers before breakfast & then change into tidy breakfast clothes (9 a.m.). Write all the stable orders on a white slate for Long without asking any questions (Long was JWP's groom) - largely an effort of the imagination as Grandpapa might or might not decide to ride, and till he had, no-one else might! Feed the peacocks with maize out of a purple lustre jug, see the dogs had their meals, and finally take charge of all the middle sized cousins who came in bulk for Xmas & summer visits. From early dawn till dusk, invent occupations - take them out riding & possibly hunting, tobogganing, skating when on, & stop all the quarrels & fightings of small boys! Joe (later 2nd Baron Gainford) got very fierce indeed when the others called him the "little gentleman" because of his very posh school (Eton), commonly known as the Dukeries (the Edens were there with him) & his super tidy clothes - insisted on by his Mamma (Elsie)!

I wasn't allowed to get out of bed until my maid had put out all the clothes I had to wear - no choice - and I was timed to only 20 minutes to dress for dinner - hair being done included - and ditto for riding. A curious regimented form of ultra conventional life, almost incredible to look back on. Yes, I was devoted to the 'Pond' in summer & winter - the ice was excellent some winters and we played much violent hockey - the deep end was genrally dangerous by the Boat House &, I imagine, the stream flowed in under that end coming from the moor. In more solitary summer days, I used to read in the boat & taught myself a certain amount of Spanish from Hugo - enough to read it more or less. If discovered, which it wasn't if I could help it - it was called "affected" and "pity you can't do something useful" - so there is another facet for you arising from Post Cards of Hutton Village ... Time does indeed fly & I hadn't realised that it is 18 years since Uncle Alfred died - & the world has been so very much poorer for his absence, & I so often wish I could still know his views on this extraordinary world of ours - He was never without strong ideas & convictions & never afraid to state them.

12th May, 1957. Thank you for the photographs & for your as ever interesting letter & how greatly I prefer your present home (Carlton Garth, Aldborough St John, Richmond, Yorks) to the pretentious ugliness of modern Hutton. From the air it only suggests an institution & an ugly one at that, but I look at the nursery window which was once mine when Granny took me there aged 7 after my mother died, & at the bedroom window above it which was also my view point for many years, & conjure up pleasant days in the past - and ignore its present fate & the hideous flagging, and why was all the glass taken out of the conservatory (it wasn't taken out - it dropped out after years of neglect) where lovely camellias & (next word I cannot recognise - might be Palmaes or Paliavanas or something else) & such like grew happily.

In the billiard room we acted l; ittle French plays, Kit, Lavender & I written by Mademoiselle Koene, & Kit & I surreptitiously played Fives on the billirad table where we were not allowed to play billiards - very naughty of us - and we were always terrified of cutting the cloth - My mother was good at billiards & her cue was preserved - but we were not allowed to learn! She seems to have been good at most things & went to Queen's College in London - very advanced in those days & had once a Report of hers on which the markings were astonishingly high (likely all those kind of records consumed in the fire c. 1946/7 when Sylvia lived at Bridestowe) - She joined the C of E - a great family tragedy & Uncle Alfred wrote sadly of the first betrayal of the family tradition, but very much later followed suit to my very great astonishment - Whether she (Sylvia's mother, 'Effie') was happy there or not, I have no means of knowing.

Yes there were immense cellars at Hutton but I didn't know there was a Wine Cellar and the purpose thereof I can't fathom - There was a Turkish Bath all right & a cooling & weighing room in which latter we held our great Christmas Ceremony at 6 p.m. of all presents in a Bran Tub - then dinner - & then the Servants Bran Tub at 9 p.m. (I think). Always the same ritual very carefully observed - The Turkish Bath wasn't often used in my day - only by Uncle Jack or some such - about Xmas time after hunting. Habits etc were washed & boots cleaned in a large cellar room & many were full of luggage.

JWP. which once entered on NER precincts of York arrived anywhere to which directed without any further trouble - it was etiquette to leave all to the NER and it certainly never failed.

We were once asked if we would mind being on Hutton Station when the trains came in - as some passengers disliked being kept waiting!!! They generally whistled for us at Guisborough junction & Pinchinthorpe Bank - to avoid our having to start too early for the station - such were the times - We always walked too from the station except when nurses & babies arrived when the carriage with a pair met them & they drove by the long drive back ...

Aunt Claudia used to give me & Kit (when he was at Hutton) - Bible lessons & readings from "Why we children are Friends" at 9.30, & at 10 a.m. my governess had to give me a C of E lesson at my father's wish, & one of the Fry's taught me in the Meeting House in London & read a book called "Agathos", what about I haven't the faintest recollection -

By (age) 21 (in 1902), when I had to go out into the world, I had few illusions left about anything - & found that nothing that helped me to my belief in my plunge into Whitechapel & Bethnal Green completely ignorant of life. Ultimately - I found what I had been searching for - in an empty Church in Assisi - How, I'11 tell you

someday. (Sylvia joined the Roman Catholic Church but never got round to telling me how her conversion came about) - I had been brought up in rampant prejudice against the Scarlet Woman & the whole subject was taboo both at Hutton & in Devon - I knew no Catholics nor if there were any (Catholic) churches in England - other than that, Kit & I had watched Westminster Cathedral a'building from Gros. Gardens & dismissed it as "beastly cheek." However 51 Years ago I made up my mind as to what I had to do - a happy decision for me - It's rather strange that Aunt Claudia who was very prejudiced & tried hard to instruct Kit & me in the terrors of Rome, should have had children going the way they have (open revolt) - As you probably know, her best beloved youngest son is now a fully fledged Jesuit; Deborah, husband & children are all Catholics, & the son Christopher is a Benedictine Novice at Downside - Peter married a Catholic but isn't one, nor are Marjory or Violet - & Joy went off on some 'Free Love' ramp I believe. It's very strange how lives work out.

June, 1957. (I cannot remember to what this next opening passage referred). What the men said to you reminded me of one day at Darlington Station travelling with Grandpapa. The Wheel greaser (Scotch Express which then stopped in the Station) came to the carriage windows & said "Sir Joseph - will you come & let me explain to you what is wrong in our system of greasing - I have tried & tried to get our officials to take action - quite useless & I know you will." Grandpapa got out had a good look at the grease box & listened most carefully & said it should be remedied - the greaser one wreath of smiles "I knowed it would be all right with you Sir Joseph." Whatever Grandpapa did or did not like - he adored quite literally the N.E.R. & it was a very fine Railway indeed. He allowed that the G.W.R. was almost as good, the M.R just below, & the rest, also rans. From the moment any one of us reached York from the south it was tradition to say "Pease - Hutton" about luggage & not bother any more and it always appeared at Hutton Station. Small wonder that we grew up thinking travelling by N.E.R. cost nothing & was perfect!

22nd June, 1957. ... I was once very fond of the Marske Peases (JWP's brother's family, the Arthur Peases) but not after the Hutton smash - when they took such a pharisaical line Winnie (Winifred Pike Pease who was mother to George Jenvns of The Timber House, Hutton - I liked her) then was a dear - but they didn't ever like Hutton. Not at all surprising - for like your father they were very popular & lively vital & the Hutton outlook was the reverse, self centred, stupid., stodgy, intensely conventional & very narrow. Something happened there when I was about 17 - about 2 years after my father's sudden death which I have always found it hard to forgive - and your mother is the only person I have ever told it to. My father's trustees, your father & the old Exeter

lawyer firm with whom my Hamlyn side had dealt for centuries, put all Father's papers - letters - photographs etc. etc chiefly from his rooms in Duke Street London into a box, had it corded & sealed & instructions made it was to be handed to me at 21. I was told it was stowed in the box room near my bedroom (next the cistern room). One day, obviously without telling your father, Aunt(s) Maud, Ethel & Miss Bassett (who was she, the latter?) raided it - read his diaries - didn't like what they read there & had the whole thing burned including 2/3rds of the MSS of the 'History of the Ottoman Turks' which he was writing for the "Story of the Nations' series. They hen told me they had done this (with what explanation?) - & I was far too afraid of them to dare say anything or tell anyone just an addition to my burden of misery. I had lost the father I adored - & nothing mattered - indeed, who could I tell? Your father was mostly abroad (Had he known about any of this, I feel absolutely certain he would have been -outraged in every particular - as I would too! That the question about the box and contents wasn't raised at the precise time that Sylvia reached 21 years - i.e. 9th August, 1902 - would have been - I can only suppose - because of the frenetic activity concerning the merger with Barclays Bank and making figures fit - a week (9th-16th August) of which my father wrote "Near the end of this awful week of worry & anxiety ... I have nothing to remember but masses of figures & puzzles and the reams of paper consumed in working out financial problems at Darlington

& Hutton" and was wholly unable to focus on anything else. In the aftermath of the crash, the question of the whereabouts of Sylvia's father's papers must have been overlooked - what other explanation is possible? These were far from normal times - and within days of the crash, Sylvia had left Hutton for ever and never once returned. By the end of May, 1903 Sylvia was between Whitechapel and Devon while Father was on his way to South Africa and a new start as a Resident Magistrate - and since nothing had been said by Sylvia to my father as one of her two trustees, he must have 'assumed' she had all her father's stuff down at Bridestowe. A perfectly monstrous and unforgivable episode - And yet we three of Father's second family, were all very fond of Aunt Maud, always the favourite loving aunt with us - who died at Pinchinthorpe in that awful winter of 1947. Aunt Claudia I hardly knew) After the smash, the Exeter trustee lawyer sent for me absolutely furious at my having been asked to sign away my mother's money in my current a/c on my 21st birthday with no reference to him from my "Guardians"!! He wanted to go for your father & we had an awful row - & I won - I told him the box & all papers had been destroyed by fire by my aunts several years before but that I insisted that everything should be washed out - as I absolutely refused to be a Beatrice Portsmouth on a miniature scale, I still remember coming out into the lovely sunshine in the Cathedral Close - with the rooks cawing in the then very peaceful Exeter, & thinking what a baffling thing life was. Your mother & you alone now know of that surely very remarkable action by my aunts.

Undated, most probably 1957. ... and thank you for the two postcards - the somewhat dreary "Bible woman's House" as I knew it (The Mission house at the high end of Hutton Village) & what I imagine is the top of Hanging Stone - it seems to be the feint view of Hutton down below.

To continue the Hutton Saga first - the last few years I often ordered the meals & they had to be exactly to pattern - e.g. nothing on the tablethat our Grandfather didn't like - even if he never ate it & other people would have! Very typical - Sunday evenings - always the same - dinner with waiting - clear soup (must on no account be anything floating in it such as shredded carrot or pasta shapes &c) shoulder of mutton - rice pudding & apple tart (summer) or mince pies (winter) & glorious dessert - figs - melons - apricots - peaches nectarines - plums - pears - apples - pineapples & the world famous grapes (I have never met their equal) in probably 4 varieties - only water ever, or barley water - Lunch - whether for 3 or 30 the same in idea - roast - 3 vegs - made up dish - pudding - stewed fruit & some sweet - sideboard cold pheasant, game pie - tongue or brawn & a vast York ham - never to be touched by anyone except butler & Grandpapa so as not to scoop it out at all (this last mentioned Sylvia must have been thinking about Stilton cheese). Except for shooting parties I don't think anything on the sideboard was ever touched, so the room and the servants hall must have done well. It was equally there at breakfast & sometimes some ham was eaten - other hot dishes - porridge always - bacon & eggs - fish in some form - kidneys - mushrooms - scrambled eggs & other forms of egg - sausages - probably two dishes if we were alone - parties, half-a-dozen hot & boiled eggs - often wanted - was my job to boil in an egg boiler on another sideboard!

Tea - plain teacakes - bread & butter - plain cakes - rich cakes - small cakes - very often mostly uneaten when we were alone latterly -3 of us & vast increases for parties, Xmas - summer & c - practically incredible in these days. Add by each bedside at night - "Hutton buns" famous & very good & milk, a tin of biscuits & a "veilleuse" containing soup added if considered necessary - so there was little risk of starvation before more buns - bread & butter & tea when called in the morning - I wonder what amount the staff got through too? Oh! more buns & milk at 12 o'clock after a huge breakfast & an ample lunch at 1 to come. I often smile over it as I sit at my kitchen table for a cup of tea & 3 wheatmeal biscuits so save time & trouble ... & I do miss good spring or well water. Some of the best ever came from that spout direct from Highcliffe - outside the back yard which we drank upside down as it were - heads under the spout. I don't think any words of mine can really describe the amplitude of super fruit - always to hand & without limit - always in the dining room, & that we often ate about 11 o'clock! Strawberries at Xmas worth 2/6 apiece & not worth eating - forced - another item. Xmas middle day dinner - Uncle Gerald's (Gerald Buxton) brewery turkey 40 lbs & over & roast beef & of course the cold sideboard! The nursery when visited had excellent separate meals & likewise the Schoolroom party - the middle sized cousins waited on by one footman - pheasant - chicken - mince pie etc & sweet & fruit. Mid-day lunch with the grown ups - some of the children well behaved - others shouting all the time what they did & didn't like & not smacked! Sausages were imported from Cornwall so as to insure the best - Fish came by train from York - why, I don't know - There's an exhaustive description of food for you - never I hope to be experienced again in its appalling waste & cost.

(I mentioned the names of Joseph (Joss) Howard of 13 Hutton Village, and Charlie Howard who lived at 21 Hutton Village in case Sylvia had a memory of that family). Howard suggests a man (possibly Joss's father) I knew, but not clearly. I think he was in the Carpenters Shop & lived in the less good row of cottages on the left side of the village going up to it. I probably taught his children in the Sunday School where Aunt Claudia & I I functioned somewhat unwillingly - directly after a huge Sunday lunch &

meeing t Guisborough before that - we sang revivalist Moody & Sankey hymns & I taught nothing in particular but the children were friendly & nice & it probably helped their mothers to have them out of the way in the afternoon. One hymn was "Cast away the gin pot, cast away the beer, water is the drink for me -e-e-e" &c to a dragging tune, & there was clearly no risk of either in Hutton Village or environs. Directly after Sunday School we had to take off Sunday clothes - put on tweeds & go for a lengthy family walk - led by Grandpapa - first of all sweets had to be eaten in the hall my job to keep the silver box full of those approved - to the farm & elsewhere - until tea at 5, before which we had to change back in Sunday's & go later to the evening service in the schoolroom then change for dinner - Family prayers about 10 p.m. & eventually - joyfully to bed.

21st July, 1957. ... I don't know Goathland - only our Hutton & Gisbro' moors & Dales below Westerdale - Baysdale - Danby etc & our moors here are rather different with range after range of Tors with granite tops & clutters of granite on many & deep valleys between, down to the various rivers ...

My father had a large bit of the most beautiful & remote moor - compulsorily acquired by the War Office for ranges (shells & bullets), & Norah's father a large bit on this southern side of the valley of the Dart, now the hunting ground of trippers not bullets ... Yes I agree - the smash would make good if tragic copy - No, I didn't want my dream of Hutton smashed - for I loved the place, I bought 2 or 3 stoneware jugs in the Auction for sentimental reasons - which were in the Hall - where also hung very many stags heads from Corndavon & books as well - never read - In a book case (JWP frequently refers to books he was reading). I think that (Corndavon) was only rented - & it was given up when I was about 12, I think, & I never went there - it was only a tradition of how they sat

just behind the Royalty in the Kirk on Sunday's - all in kilts! There was a "Pease tartan" so described - a dull affair chiefly green & obviously an effort of the imagination (Yes I agree - it was a super dull small green check). What happened to the Hutton & London things at the Auctions I have no idea, or who bought them - There was a stained glass window in the back Drawing Room at 44 Grosvenor Gardens put up by Grannie (dedicated) to her Mother, G(t), Grandmother Fox - a strange thing to do & I imagine it is still there - unless destroyed. (No. It was removed to Pinchinthorpe from where I collected it in 1979). Behind it was the dreary well of white brick which gave some light & air to the back rooms of that inordinately high house - it took me about 10 minutes to climb the stairs to my bedroom in the servants quarters at the very top - when Uncle Jack & Co. occupied the better part of the house. The luckless servants went down at 5- a.m. and never could return until after dinrer, say 10.30 pm. because "the quality" might be using the one and only staircase - no back stairs after the first drawing room floor, incidentally furnished by our grandmother - shortly before she died - ours was said to be prettiest drawing room in London - just beautifully clean - chintzes & masses of flowers - always my job to do them after I left school & was there - took me two hours twice a week after the G.N.R. bus had arrived off the night train to Kings X - done in the subterranean Servant's Hall where also the footmen slept in box-in-the-wall beds - where they washed I can't conceive - and from which quarters were carried for dinner parties for say 24, everything up narrow (about 4ft wide) stone stairs in the dark into the back hall - again how, I can't imagine & everything was perfect. The kitchen was more impossible still & the greatly (next word indecipherable) cook got £100 p.a. even in those days. As I told you the head kitchen maid, Alice, who did the bulk of the cooking & all the baking when at Hutton, asked to come to me in Devon for nothing "If you can't afford to pay me," & had a shock when I offered her f30 to do everything which she did including dogs & milking goats! I begged her to take a good cook's job but she wouldn't.

No. 44 Grosvenor Gardens, in the middle slightly larger - No. 46 (towards Victoria) Lord & Lady Herschell. He was then Lord Chancellor - friends of Father's - but not of 44's. While he was alive I went to his friends. The girls, Mag(? Or Meg) & Freda & I were great friends and went to the park every day hand in hand accompanied by our Govies. No. 48 (Grosvenor Gardens) Lord & Lady Susan Fortescue & Sir Michael & Lady Hicks-Beach & Sir M then Chancellor of the Exchequer (son-in-law). Lady Susan was Father's greatest friend & used to take me out a lot to see pictures & Churches etc etc. Not known by No. 44, I rode with the Hicks-Beach girls. No 42 (towards Gros. Place) the Francis Buxtons - known to No 44 but not friendly-I went out with the 4 girls & the boys when there. No 40, the Netherlands Embassy, and those were the surroundings.

After my father died, they didn't attempt to stop my going to the Herschell's & Fortesques but in Yorkshire I wasn't allowed to go to Father's friends, notably the Pennyman's because they didn't, & were I suppose, ignored (That really isn't so!) That was generally the trouble & the same at Falmouth where Christopher & I were popular - & they most definitely were not, & we were stopped going even to relations unless they were asked too. I can see Christopher's face now - for he was only accustomed to great popularity with your father. I suppose it was (a) that they had an air of rich importance which the Fox's ridiculed - (b) that they were very dull & the Fox's had plenty of brains & interests - but not in \pounds .s.d. or politics.

28th July 1957. I am glad the Pease tartan amused you - but I never saw it in action as a kilt - these were reserved I expect for Corndavon. We had it in the form of skirts & capes & such like - & very ugly it was (Yes it was) - Did you ever see a photograph of Alfred & Jack as kilted boys - languishing on a rustic bridge in Perthshire I presume? (Yes, somewhere & another one taken in a studio). I can well imagine that after a very luxurious & spoilt early youth they found the then aridities of their Quaker school intolerable & bolted never to return - Yes I think we all had confused religious early years. Things didn't seem to fit at all - and actually they didn't fit.

I don't suppose you ever went to the large Friends Meeting at Westminster where the competition to speak & "testify" was so heated as to make it very difficult to get any meaning? And young & earnest Friends nearly died of shyness & self consciousness in their efforts. At the time I was about 11, the great contralto of that day "Madame Antoinette Sterling" whose fee was £100, had a passion (no less) for our Grannie & electrified things by coming to Westminster Meeting & suddenly bursting into "Abide with me" in suitable volume for the Albert Hall &, I believe, a hymn had never been sung in a meeting before so what action met the position?! I don't think she ever came again but she came to lunch at 44 G.G. & suddenly sang a ballad in the middle of lunch, & Grandpapa & the footmen were struck dumb with astonished disapproval of such heresy to convention. She was also a Christian Scientist & temporarily swaved Grannie & her daughters, but not permanently. I was sent to play with her boy & girl in a bare ugly house & found my job was to pull them about in an orange box on wheels, The boy became a singer and the girl a very attractive 'diseuse'- I used to read about them but never saw them afterwards.

I think Guisbro' Parish Church was as dreary as Guisborough Meeting in my day, and dreariest of all, the services in Hutton schoolroom rattled through by a curate from Guisborough (Morgan?), & one of the three was compulsory, plus Sunday School & Grandpapa's evening service also in the schoolroom which he conducted & expounded the Scriptures according to his lights, and last of all, rows of tired servants sitting on hard benches trooping into the hall for prayers at 10 p.m. - and of course at 9 a,m.

I was forbidden to look at the 'Northern Echo' which Christopher & I always wanted to, before Grandpapa had read it & finished with it - but with our faces buried in the sofa, we could always gather what "Our brother the Boer" in the South African War had been up to in the last 24 hours, from the extempore prayers Grandpapa affected - & indeed about other matters at times. We also had to sing a hymn in the disused drawing room where the grand piano was & lots of gimcrack pseudo French gilt furniture - between prayers & breakfast on Sundays - possibly because there was no Northern Echo that day - a thought that has only just struck me. It was indeed an odd mixture and difficult for the young mind to sort out ...

When they first came back from their long sojourn abroad, Christopher & Lavender could only talk French fluently & a little English, & this irritated Grandpapa beyond endurance. Christopher used to blush miserably when found fault with & beg me in whispers to tell him the words in English. Lavender - always "apiece" chatted defiantly to her French governess - "What is it - what is the child saving?" stormed Grandpapa. What the child was saving in French was "Pay no attention to my Grandfather he is just a droll" - not easy to translate to him! I met, them at Victoria Station & took them to 44 G.Gdns - Lavender asked in French "Is it permitted to play with the toys of this hotel of my grandfather's?" And when poor Kit went to his prep school, he was laughed at for his good French.

and his Report commented on his affected French accent!!

6th Aug. 1957. ... The hand pumping (of water at Hutton Hall) of my childhood was a weary job - and each bath brought added work - We had gas at Hutton very early on brought by Uncle Jack who ran (or owned?) the Guisborough Gas Works & the flare of light as one entered the would-be Gothic Hall is a very pleasant memory at the end of a long long journey from my father's Devon home where we spent 3 summer months - an old damp lightless house. Much later it was changed for electricity - much pleasanter - for the amount of gas used was very smelly &used up the air. Yes, Newton is a lovely little church, and I used to drive my pony over there on Sundays - when allowed - and no one was going to Guisborough, but it was violently High Church and not at all approved. Actually, the then parson there was a fanatic & nearly over the mental border. As you probably know, my mother is buried there in an ideal spot looking towards Roseberry. I always thought I should like to live in Newton Village!

I am very surprised that Beatrice left any money to her relations (Beatrice Portsmouth left Aunt Blanche a legacy - no one else - of £10,000). I don't think Portsmouth would have allowed it, but I suppose she had a free hand after he died. Her great interest was the YWCA of which she was president.

14th July, 1957. ... I have not been to Yorkshire since I left Hutton in 1902 - in the autumn, & curiously enough I haven't the faintest memory of that last journey to King's X.

As I told you, I went to Darlington for Grandpapa's funeral & straight back to Devon. After I started on my own with a very slender income, I had to decide if I wanted a small home, that I could not travel or go abroad any more - & then I decided on a job of work with ponies - doing the work myself - which is the only interesting or constructive way - which I'm still doing until I can't any longer.

I travelled ceaselessly in the First War at the expense of the Min. of Ag. - but didn't go north at all on the job. For 22 years I had a perfect life of friendship with Norah Dawson, & we motored a great deal as she loved it and had big cars, but again we didn't go north or very far from home. She had travelled a great deal - all round the world - & had loved fishing in the New Zealand lakes, & was very keen of salmon fishing - they owned the best on the Dart.

She wasn't at all strong - & loved an outdoor life & ponies & books - in fact all good things. In 1945 she died of cancer - after 6 terrible months of nursing as best I could - for nurses were unobtainable then, or any sort of service. She was heroic to an incredible degree - & insisted on helping to work until she literally couldn't.

Life has been very solitary since - & in 1946 I lost everything I possessed, & all the things she had left me, by fire which mattered little except for letters, photographs & little personal things, none of which remained. But her last wish was that I should keep on the ponies - & I have, although it was very bitter at first. No I am almost always at home.

25thAug. 1957. ... Yes I have a copy of the Christopher book - I love it & read & re-read it - you see I loved Christopher very dearly & we understood each other - & looked quizically at the strange Hutton conventional life ... Yes, undoubtedly church going of any sort was frowned upon by JWP. My father wished me to go to church and I mostly went drearily to Guisboro', & when I could, to Newton (where my mother is buried) - but always under ridicule & I hated the position & it added greatly to my unhappiness & loneliness.

(JWP at times - especially when in London - did attend church services, but there were obvious limits to this e.g. I have found instances in his diaries (as when attending weddings), he would clear off out when a certain point in the ceremony was reached)

22nd Sept. 1957 I knew Winnie Jenyns very well & was very fond of her (Winifred Pike Jenyns lived at Bottisham Hall, Cambridge which we visited in 1939 when we - Vincent, Mother & I - had a holiday in London, and while there, stayed one or two nights in Cyril Pease's flat [wherever it was], then at the Cumberland Hotel, Marble Arch. Anne at that time, was with her school visiting La Rochelle). & used to go over to Marske fairly often - They were always friendly & human and not tied up in a narrow circle of interests. So was my father, & they used to ride together in the Row - she used to come to see me here a few years when she was down for a Mother's Union Congress at Exeter, & she came to my WI ditto at Exeter in about 1923.

They had a terribly trying time with their mother (Arthur Pease's widow) who had acute religious mania & nerves of all sorts - quite impossible to live with. She used to shut herself upstairs if they had a party & systematically starved herself & regarded us all as hopelessly plunged in worldliness!! Her husband was saint-like to her & would have had better results with a stick before the condition became chronic. She used to steal about & come in on us & say we were discussing her behind her back - whereas we were trying only to forget her - poor demented soul. But she behaved nobly in paying all she could of J & JWP's Bank debts to small people, & gave me the £30 my share with which I bought my first ponies, & owe her great gratitude. It was Winnie, when she was last here told me that JWP. is supposed to haunt Hutton. I hope such a fate is not true (JWP haunt Hutton? Not in the least likely - in any case, JWP died at Kerris Vean, Falmouth).

I knew Dorothy Ward well - but she is older than you think & must have stayed at Hutton in our grannie's life - never when I was at Hutton - but in London we constantly met, & Mrs Humphrey Ward took me to my first dance (after dinner at their house) at the Hugh Bells in Sloane Street. At tha time, she was writing about a novel a year (mostly 3 vols) & sensationalised London

with Robert Elsemere & its attack on Christianity. My Father had a pleasant story of dining there, and someone asking Humphrey Ward if the book had had an effect on Christianity, & the reply "Effect? - It has destroyed it!" Exactly typical of the seriousness with which they took themselves - devoid of all humour - She used to receive guests in Royal manner with Dorothy as Maid in Waiting, always devoted attendant on her mother - immersed in all her plans & projects in "slum" London, & very good they were - She was very nice & friendly but heavy - the younger one 'Janet' was the reverse - good company & a fine mimic - She electrified us by marrying George Trevelyan who was heaviness itself & a great bore (G M Trevelyan stayed on a great many occasions at Dungeon Ghyll & would speak with no one except my mother-in-law. On one occasion GMT & Robert Spence (an RA and highbrow, but human) were the only two staying at the New Dungeon Ghyll. Robert S tried to strike up a conversation with GMT & was rebuffed. At the time that I met Dorothy Ward, she had become terribly waffly. She owned 'Robin Ghyll' at Harry Place, Great Langdale).

But I believe they got on well. He often fell to my lot in our heyday parties - very fast & advanced in 1901 in which we indulged. Once after bicycling in great gloom he said "Do you read the Westminster?" "Yes" "Then thank God we have something in common!" I liked his brother Charlie who married my particular pal Molly Hugh Bell - they live in Northumberland and as you probably know, he splashed about in politics & ended up nominally Labour - & gave the place to the nation & lives in it - I can imagine you wouldn't like Lord Simon. (Ld Simon of Wythenshawe - No I didn't - a Socialist snob). I have never seen him. (His son Prof. Brian Simon who was on the executive of the Communist Party, was a pleasant enough fellow, chatty & friendly enough as was his wife, Joan Simon - and as were all their pals like Howard Hill [Yorkshire Area Organising Secy. for the Communist Party, John Tarver P.P.COM.C. for Oxford at one time et.al.]. Brian Simon once told me a story that gave him some amusement. After the war, Stalin in his generosity to the people of Poland, built for them a massive Palace of Culture in Warsaw - Russian architecture - the top often obscured by clouds. Cocking a snook at the Russians, the Poles ensconced a Catholic priest at the top of this building. It was always said that Warsaw was best viewed from this building, because it was the one place from which you couldn't see the Palace of Culture). I

17th Nov. 1957. ... It always amused me that Jack & Portsmouth landed up next to each other in Mansfield Street (off Park Lane). I lunched there several years afterwards with Beatrice, & Portsmouth appeared as Henry VIII for some pageant or other - Certainly it wasn't a cheap neighbourhood for the bankrupt & how Uncle Jack pulled it off I do not know, & I doubt if Joe knows anything either. (There really is no puzzle about this).

6th Jan. 1958. ... I don't agree with Joe that Uncle Alfrerd was ever jealous of Jack - disgusted he may have been & had every right to be but jealous - never - He was the most popular & widely befriended person I ever knew everywhere, from Lord Rosebery & such down to every man-jack in Cleveland. Such a statement is absurd but it is no possible use to argue the point with Joe! Uncle Jack was very definitely not popular. (Most certainly my father was without a grain of jealousy in his being, but to say that Jack was 'very definitely not popular' is very much overstating things. Alfred & Jack were different in so many ways, but they had many political friends in common. They also had very diverse interests. Jack a keen cricketer and golfer, neither of which were of the slightest interest with my father, who much more a horseman and hunter of everything, including big game. Sylvia then continues by producing some evidence that Jack did have popularity) although the late Lady Fortesque - a very great friend to me - shortly before they both (she & Jack presumably) died, that he was the most charming man she had met. So I suppose his society manners were very different from his family manners! (Lady Vioilet Bonham-Carter said something very similar about Uncle Jack). He (Jack) was a sort of impenetrable character & few would have stood Aunt Elsie's ways & conduct. She was once described as "the galloping snob of modern civilisation" in about 1896, but the press gave the "well known, beautifully dressed Mrs Jack Pease" every possible adulation. I can't imagine that Joe had anything to learn about her ghastly tempers & shoutings - definitely mad on those lines like her father. He (Joe) suffered enough from them as did anyone near her & she turned Miriam as a child into a hysterical bag of nerves - her shrieks also used to resound through Hutton when they were staying there. (All this may be so, but my mother would never hear a bad word said against Elsie who had never shown her anything but friendship and kindness. When I told this to Veronica [Joe's widow], she [Veronica] said that her mother-in-law could be very charming to people even if she considered them non-U - but my mother was no fool and was an excellent judge of character). ... For JWP to tell your father his wasn't a good life! & his proved to be a very good one - I was so often puzzled by his (Father's) hatred & scorn of Hutton - its stuffiness & expenditure - At last I have the solution of the puzzle & I find it the most extraordinary thing that such a posdition could possibly have been made by the father of such an outstanding son, about whom there could be no illusions as to his popularity, & various abilities & worth. There have been few such men in the world, & everyone else knew it & appreciated it. But after all, JWP let my mother practically die of lack of care due to their poverty - merely because he didn't like her marrying a poor 3rd son to him unknown - I told you he gave her £400 a year (No - in an earlier letter it was £200) & at that time he was a millionaire and the smash removed that.

Undated: Probably Jan. 1958. ... My great recollection of Uncle Alfred's bitterness at being ruined - without having been consulted in any way - or being aware of the desperate conditions. The notes suggest he did know & I feel convinced he didn't & both sons were kept outside and not allowed to interfere until too late. I should say JWP was always secretive & intensely obstinate. Also I always understood that the National Provincial made an offer of support which came too late, it was certainly told me at the time, but I suppose the position was all too hopeless by then for any offer to help. Probably Barclays preferred to have the Bank than let the NP have it?

(i. The National provincial Bank said, but only after the crash, "Why didn't you come to us; we would have helped you?" ii. Barclays were interested in winning one or two large bank accounts [esp. the NER account] held with J & J W Pease).

I find the list of guarantors an extremely generous one - & great credit to past credit, don't you? ... (The Guarantor subscribers offered funds subject to Pease creditors abandoning bankruptcy proceedings, and to so ensure that at least a proportion of the Bank and other debts were settled. The subscribers to the Guarantee Fund did indeed show extreme generosity). ... Of course I knew

Beatrice couldn't stand against Portsmouthwho was a horrible character - & she was terrified of him - He only married her for her money - later was furious when they had no children and bullied her outrageously & before people. It is strange we should only know these things so very long after - & I am very glad to have this knowledge - such as it is - & then it had best go into oblivion, and those who have risen above it, & carried on the good name of Pease be remembered - chief among them your father who paid most dearly for it all, and remained always his respected self whether rich or living on dry bread as they did for a while - literally & symbolically at Pinchinthorpe directly after the smash, when we at Hutton were outwardly going 0n as usual for a good many weeks "to keep up credit" I was told - a bit late in the day. But we had no cash at all since we had no bank, & I have often wondered what paid for things in those weeks? Oliver (JWP's butler) lent JWP cash for he was absolutely devoted to him, touchingly devoted & so remained until JWP died -& what became of Oliver I never heard. The perfect example of faithful servant ... (Oliver died Feb. 1925)

My own summing up, not necessarily right, is that JWP started with a sort of patriarchal idea of of family money, & felt he had a sort of divine right to keep it in his own hands, particularly when it was a large amount, & he had built up Beatrice's fortune to that, & really resented anyone else handling it. Anyone would have told him what Portsmouth was - & everyone knew he had married her for her money - & if JWP had been able to overcome his desire to handle it - any wise man would have resigned the trusteeship years before the trouble began. He had not got that passionate devotion to look after the very small portions doled out to his daughters, but very definitely had to Beatrice's fortune. (It might be true to say, that so long as JWP held the reins of power, he was much sought after, and able to bask in the status and adulation that goes with such power - of family and political and business friends alike. Hand over that power to his sons and his own status would have been diminished. Having held the reins of power almost exclusively since a young man, and having been courageous with it, [it must be said], facing great financial and business difficulties at many times, and encouraged by others, he became convinced of his own supreme invincibility. He was not the first man and will not be the last, to fall victim to excessive belief in his own invincibility).

... Beatrice, a good but very stupid woman, was flattered (by P), & our grandmother was always ambitious. I had - before my fire - a letter from the old (5th) Lord Portsmouth to my grandmother after the engagement which made odd reading - in view of later events ... I remember well on mu luckless 21st birthday, a public discussion before me - not particularly tactful - whether I could be given a small pendant they had al subscribed to give me (my mother had practically nothing), or whether it belonged to the creditors. Finally it was decided to give it to me - as only the married & Aunt Maud had contributed!!

30th Jan. 1958. ... You have given me much to reflect on, for the people you quote were well known to me & I can't see why any of them had any claim to be desirable - in a financial capacity - & am very surprised at one or two & will take them separately.

Wilsons - in my day living in the old Nunthorpe Hall - quite a small house by the roadside - I always understood in impoverished circumstances - their niece was May Beaumont Pease - relatively an heiress - married for her money quite young, Cyril Butler, uncle of R A Butler of today. Her governess (a heavenly woman to whom I owe an immense debt - she is now dead), came to me as governess when May married - & she & I very often drove over to see the Wilsons - and the married son - Theodore - living in a small villa at Marton - I always understood their finances had gone smash, & they were simple unassuming folk - very nice - but why Theodore should have been "Managing" is beyond me (Managing what? Wilson Pease & Co?). As to the Butlers, their father and mother were at Trinity, Cambridge - Dr Butler - wife Agneta Ramsay - first woman urangler - & again very nice quiet people who I used to see at Cyril & May's house in London - they had 3 brilliant sons - Sir Harcourt Butler, Governor of the Central Provinces India, Sir Montague Butler, Gov. Burma both until given up - & Sir Cyril Butler who devoted himself to money making - with May's fortune & had (a) high civilian position in the First War, & he and May had a vast estate near Swindon & went in for pictures, objects of art & prize cattle.

Edwin Fox was a loud voiced swaggering ostentatious man - I always detested - living at Pinchinthorpe Hall - & I should imagine, a highly dubious character financially. What was he doing in the pie?

When I was first taken to Hutton to live after my mother's early death - aged 7 - the dales were very much to the fore - what Sir David's job was I don't know, because after some years they disappeared from our lives - I think they must both have died (Sir David Dale died 1906) ... Sir David was an ugly dull little man - might easily have been a Jew but was probably an industrial magnate of sorts. Anyway they disappeared completely, as I am bound to say, did most of Grannie's friends (Grannie & Lady Dale [Annie, the first wife] were great friends) for she (Grannie) was the attraction of life at Hutton. After her death - it became super dull & heavy & very few people came - & none of any interest - the latter went to Pinchinthorpe in numbers.

Uncle Lloyd (Pease) to whom I was devoted, steadily lost money - he was always inventing things which just didn't come off - I remember my father who knew nothing of business, being induced by him to invest in some sort of what today would be called prefabricated building, of material that proved not to be watertight - or practical. He did however, I believe, go far towards 'basic slag' production, from the slag tips but I don't know whether he made money ...

No I don't think Aunt Elsie ever intended to keep Hutton, for she loathed the place & didn't hesitate to say so. I remember that very distinctly, while Nunthorpe was in the early stages of being built to rival Blenheim! I think I told you I rode over to Nunthorpe alone with Grandpapa one summer day very near the end - & he let fly about it all as I had never heard him before, quite without restraint. If only the restraint had been forthcoming - very much earlier - long before such a horrible enterprise to satisfy the inordinate ambitions & absurdities of a quite uncontrolled woman.

10th Feb. 1958. ... Lady Alice (Havelock-Allan) was a ghastly old snob & did much I think to stir up trouble always - I only remember her once staying at Hutton - However, she was fond of

Miriam & Joe & smuggled them into their house when (their) Grandpapa (Sir Henry Havelock-Allan) wouldn't have the "grocer's children" in the pace, & they weren't allowed to show lights at night in case he might discover their presence.

15th April, 1958. I have had a long & interesting letter from Fairfax-Blakeborough, & he has exactly caught the spirit of the Hutton days I knew & lived in, when he says "in the days when the Peases were looked upon almost as deities - in many respects they justified the regard in which they were held, & the pedestal on which they were placed - their name still lives in a sweet savour." That is pleasant reading - He writes a paregynic of your father who, as you know, he rightly worshipped as his beau ideal of a gentleman, sportsman, scholar, politician & judge - a very good summing up of a very unique man - I have never met his like.

25th Feb. 1959. I always found a certain thrill in the glare of the furnaces over Middlesbrough at night & still see pictures of a little man looking down on white hot streams of molten metal as the train ran through that arid area between Darlington & Middlesbrough ...

24th May, 1959. He (Alfred) & Lord Rosebery both suffered from thin skins & a hatred of criticism & the rough of politics - so different from Uncle Jack's exceptional tough hide - & complete indifference to anything in order to get what he wanted. I suppose I must admit - his unscrupulousness - to be honest - the correct make up for the ambitions in the political world & elsewhere, as evident in the financial affairs of today ... I remember vividly Aunt Elsie coming into the drawing room at 44 Gro. Gdns. Full of that dreadful Margot's engagement to Herbert Asquith - it would have taken a lot to down Aunt Elsie, but I think Margot could outfight her anywhere, & was equally without scruple, & clever, which "the charming & well dressed Mrs Jack Pease" was not - adroit perhaps in her climbing powers, but definitely not clever in the Asquithian sense.

19th Nov. 1960. Referring to Liberal Radicals: ... I remember one agitator who came to Bridestowe to urge the 'people' to claim their rights to the village playing fied - being annexed by the Tory vicar - I was forbidden to speak to such a wicked & subversive man which puzzled my child's mind considerably - as my life when not there - was at Hutton, strictly & comfortably Liberal. But there there was no Tory vicars or squires & a general well-being amomong the estate folk. I well remember the first three socialist (Labour) MP's coming to stay for the week-end - quiet pleasant men - far from agitators - one an ex-mason from Norfolk, another a Newcastle Railway employee & the third I forget - Christopher & I expected them to be rugged & exciting. They were well fed - quiet & pleasant - travelled first (class)! ...

28th Nov. 1960. We used to call - what you call Bousdale Cottages - the Railway Cottages - & they were always the last call for Christopher and me to make on our whole Christmas Day occupation of leaving a parcel on everybody on the estate. We started at 10 A.M. - with my pony 'Icilcle' in the queer little cart - made at the farm workshop, & did the village & outliers - leaving a parcel in turn - then dressed up for a sumptuous lunch from 1 - 2, probably about 20 people (family) - then took off glad rags & started the other way - ending at the Railway Cottages about 4 - then glad rags for tea in the hall & copious children crawling & rambling everywhere after their nursery tea & at 5 P.M. our Bran Tub in the cooling room in the cellars, followed later by the staff's ditto - after we had had had a quick dinner & the children had gone to bed - It was my job to do all the parcels up which took about a week & I didn't choose - what objects were to be - sometimes almost impossible parcel however lavish with paper & string.

Bouquets seldom came my way at Hutton in Aunt Maud's days, but she gave me one - "At least if you can't do anything else you'll be able to earn your living doing up parcels!!" Once or twice we press ganged Lavender to come & help us but she wouldn't pull at all - You have made no reply as to that very astonishing Cousin Timothy Beaumont - Did you see the Guardian article on him? Joe wrote me that now I should see for myself why he (Tim Beaumont) left Eton for Gordonstown. He is certainly making 'Time & Tide) a very remarkable publication - like himself ...

29th Nov. 1960. Your second most interesting letter has come & I will continue your most interesting subjects. Your description of the London Streets & what that means has come in the same week with a letters from a young friend in Sussex - mother of 4 children under 12 - she says she has just been talking to her cousin - Lady Rachel Davidson (the Duke of Norfolk's sister) who has been launching her one daughter (17) in London Society - & has found the moral conditions there amongst the young - quite horrible & is aghast. She gave details which, however, Miranda Emmet (another sister of the Duke of Norfolk & friend of Elizabeth Adams sometime chief chemist at Horlicks) said she couldn't write on paper to me. So if this goes through everywhere, what is to be the future? I was startled when I heard that statement in the radio play - & was amazed that they had passed it (I don't know to what this referred). Recently I have often thought the BBC to be sailing far too near to the disgusting & coarse - Probably few of your "married couples" are married - at least from my experience of the Show World & others I have met in the last twenty years.

Marriage has largely become a farce - divorce after divorce sometimes just to keep in with the law. Apparently - if from the moment you leave school, unless you fall to these ways & object to promiscuity, you are written off as odd & more or less ostracised, particularly in Chelsea Art student circles & many of the would-be-intellectuals.

My only cousin on my father's side got bored with having no heir & carried on with his girl groom until his wife divorced him, & he married the girl - & had a daughter!

I confess I cannot see how Timothy Beaumont's (Now Lord Beaumont, a Clerk in Holy Orders, owner of 'Time & Tide' magazine, Sylvia's & my 2nd cousin) exhibitionist dress, & great riches fit in

with any real Christian ideals - or in fact typify a very worth while Liberal! Time & Tide is clearly in transition & time alone can show the nature of its evolution. (It ceased publication as best I remember)

I only once in my life went down to Wards (from Bousdale Farm) by the old cow path you say is now bulldozed into a road.

The day after I got back from Devon (always a summer exile for me) in October (hence the reason Sylvia was never at Corndavon), probably about 12 y.o., we went, why I have no idea, blackberrying & mushrooming - over Bousdale & down that way to Pinchinthorpe - probably for tea, & I was enjoying life vastly & rejoicing in the north - although the blackberries were poor & hard compared to Devon! There were always good mushrooms in those fields round Pinchinthorpe (I can confirm that) but again, not so prolific as Devon. The last time I was in my pet mushroom field of my father's - was - it being large - taken over quickly for Labour Corps soldiers rescued from Dunkirk - & I was called on to go help entertain them all Sunday, provide sweets & cigarettes and religious services - as they were angry men - and talk to them - they were very RED indeed - but melted by ciargettes & friendly talk & didn't attend the RS's! It was a curious scene in that remote country with the long line of the northern Tors above us & the main line trains between. I often wonder what became of them all - they were a very rough lot & had had an awful time. In those days I saw Indians detrain their mules at Bridestowe & let them graze & drink on the moor - before "proceeding".

28th Mar. 1961. ... In my young days, Great Aunt Gurney Pease lived at, I think, Woodside, Darlington & had 3 children (No, 5). Her husband (Gurney Pease, JWP's brother) was dead. The eldest son was Wilson (No) who did nothing in particular (He was a barrister) - the second (Harold) was mad & married a girl (Gwen Butler, whose parents lived at Ayton Hall) he certainly shouldn't have (I was a bridesmaid) & subsequently tried to kill her in the Grosvenor Hotel & he was shut up again, & she came down west to live. Her brother & sister were also mad & were shut up. Their mother was a Leatham - was very masculine & wore a billycock & smoked - I always remember when she did this horrible deed in the hall at Hutton where nop smoking was, except "for gentlemen" in the billiard room, & that under protest & disapproval - & our grandfather came in unexpectedly ... (JWP was President of the Anti-Tobacco League - while my father smoked 1,000 Egyptian cigarettes per month)

The children of Gurney & Katherine Pease in correct order of birth was:

1. Harold Gurney Pease 1864-1928 who married Gwen Butler 1876-1957

2. Katherine (Katie) M Pease 1866-1935 who married William S Routledge 1859-1939

3. Wilson Pease 1867-1923 who married Caroline Joanna Fowler 1864-1922

4. Lilian Pease 1869-1949 who married Charles Leslie Fox 1865-1933

5. John Henry Pease 1871-1939 who married Louise Lambert 1871-1959.

22nd Nov. 1961. I do appreciate your offer to type (the first part of Sylvia's autobiography unfinished before she died within 6 months of this date) - but the enthusiast who came down to see me said I needn't bother to have it typed as he could read my writing quite easily. I have got all the information I want in my head, such as it is - & I am doing it as advised - ib sections - it falls easily into 7 year period(s) & they are keen on the early periods as that apparently is fashionable today in memoir books!

So far I have tried to be 1-7 years old & 7 - 14, not quite finished & 14 - 21 brought the greatest changes. If it ever eventuates its name will be Zig-Zag, but it is a moot point whether I shall live long enough to complete, but I can but try. I find it very nostalgic trying to re-live the early happy Hutton days - when such a downfall as that of 1902 would have seemed entirely beyond belief. As Christopher & I often said, even in the last years 'anyway there is always Hutton' - and with no warning whatever to us it crashed in one day of our lives. Business was never talked about & we literally knew nothing of impending possibilities - & then everything crashed about our heads, bang - I don't think even Uncle Alfred had any real idea of what was coming.

I preume Uncle Jack had, as he managed to have funds outside England & quickly became rich again, always a very mysterious happening (This is just a further development in Sylvia's conspiracy theory which has no basis in fact)...

I have been reading a remarkable article by Timothy (Beaumont) in the 'Bristol Weekly' - a paper new to me but published for seventy years - He is certainly prolific in putting forward his ideas strange & otherwise - but I wish he didn't add a Rolls-Royce & a perpetual carnation button hole to his version of Christianity -

I often wonder what his wife is like - & if she approves it all.

Joe has relapsed into one of his silent zones -

Further Notes by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Secretary, Dartmoor Pony Society.
- She was awarded with MBE. JP.
- She worked as a Governor of Seale Hayne Agricultural College, Devon.
- She was Church of England then Roman Catholic.

7-Sir Alfred Edward Pease 2nd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{10,14,26,35,59,73,74,121,122,171,178,179,180,181} was born on 29 Jun 1857 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 27 Apr 1939 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 81, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sir Alfred Edward Pease, FRGS, FZS, 2nd Bt. was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge University, Cambridge. He held the office of Member of Parliament for York between 1885 and 1892. Lieutenant of the City of London. He held the office of Member of Parliament for Cleveland between 1897 and 1902. He held the office of Lieutenant of City of London. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of 2nd Baronet Pease, of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchinthorpe, co. York [U.K., 1882] on 23 June 1903. He gained the rank of officer in 1914 in the service of the Army Remount Service. Publications: Cleveland Hounds, 1887. Biskra and Oases of the Zibans, 1893. Hunting Reminiscences, 1898. The Badger, 1898. Ex Umbris, 1900. Horse Breeding for Farmers, 1902. Travels and Sport in Africa, 1902.

A Private Memoir of Sir Thomas Fowler Bart., 1905.

Rachel Gurney of the Grove, 1907.

The Diaries of Edward Pease, 1907.

15 Books of Old Recipes as used in the Pease and Gurney Households in the XVIIIth Century, 1912.

The Book of the Lion, 1914.

My Son Christopher, 1919.

Memoir of Edmund Loder, 1922.

Travelled Asia Minor 1891. Algenia, Tunisis and Sahara, 1892-1893-1894-1898. Somaliland, 1895-1896-1897. Abyssinia, 1900-1901. Sudan, 1906. BEA and Uganda, 1907-1908-1909-1911.

Pease, Sir Alfred Edward, second baronet (1857–1939), politician and sportsman, was born at Woodlands, Darlington, on 29 June 1857, the second of the eight children, and the eldest son, of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, first baronet (1828–1903), businessman and Liberal MP for Barnard Castle, co. Durham (1885–1903), and his wife, Mary Fox (d. 1892). He was born into an established Darlington Quaker family which figured prominently in the politics and economy of the region. His father, uncle, and grandfather were all Liberal members of parliament, and both he and his younger brother Joseph Albert (Jack) Pease, who became Baron Gainford (1917), followed in this tradition. Pease was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, and entered Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1876, graduating BA in 1880 (MA, 1883). On 10 February 1880 he married Helen Ann (Nellie) Fowler (1858–1910), third daughter of Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler, first baronet, banker, and Conservative politician; they had two sons and a daughter. Pease entered business and became a director of the family firm, Pease & Partners Ltd, and of the National Provident Institution. He was an alderman of the North Riding from 1889 to 1937, and a deputy lieutenant for both the North Riding and London.

In 1885 Pease was elected Liberal MP for York, which he represented until his defeat at the 1892 general election; he was defeated there again in 1895. In January 1897, while travelling in Somaliland, he was elected for the Cleveland division of the North Riding and sat until 1902, when he accepted the Chiltern Hundreds. Though designated a Liberal, Pease preferred the appellation 'whig', and defended with gusto the principle of a ruling class whose members were born and bred in the traditions of government. At the same time he admired Gladstone and steadfastly supported Irish home rule, free trade, and temperance. Much happier in the Victorian political world than in the Edwardian, Pease opposed the 'people's budget' of 1909 as a 'socialist' measure. Believing that Asquith was 'out for the "Labour" vote' and had taken 'Lloyd George and Limehouse to his bosom', he severed links with the party of 'neo-Liberalism' (Pease, Elections, 301).

By this date, however, Pease's political career was over. During the 1890s the family textile business had gone into decline; when its failure became public in 1902 Pease resigned his seat. It was a humbling turn of fortune for one whose coming of age in 1878 had been celebrated with a party for 800 at his father's mansion, Hutton Hall, in Yorkshire. Although Pease avoided bankruptcy, only desperate measures enabled him to save Pinchinthorpe House, his Yorkshire home, from the creditors. In straitened circumstances he sought employment abroad and he was wryly amused when help eventually came from a political opponent and not from a political friend.

In 1903, the year that Pease succeeded to his father's baronetcy, Lord Milner, of whom he had been highly critical during the South African War, appointed him resident magistrate in the Barberton district of the Transvaal. After a period of service there in 1903–5, he pursued several speculative business ventures, including an ostrich farm in Africa, before settling again in England. Although none of his money-making schemes took off, Pease was able to live the remainder of his life as a gentleman of means. After the death of his first wife he married on 28 September 1912 Laure Marianne (1868–

1922), daughter of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny. There were no children. During the 1914–18 war he served with the remount service and in September 1918, after his younger son had been killed in action, he joined the Church of England. His second wife died in January 1922 and on 1 August of that year, to the mild scandal of his friends and family, he married his nurse, Emily Elizabeth Smith (1897–1979), forty years his junior; they had three surviving children, two sons and a daughter.

In his memoir Elections and Recollections (1932) Pease has left a candid record of political life at the end of the nineteenth century. He had scant regard for the reputations of some famous contemporaries and wrote of John Morley: 'With all his historical and literary attainments, I never knew a distinguished man so destitute of any understanding of our race, or indeed any other' (Pease, Elections, 97). The book reveals Pease as an unflinching advocate of condign punishment: he was convinced of the deterrent value of heavy sentences— what he termed 'the mercy of severity'— and supported flogging.

A fine horseman and an ardent fox-hunter Pease wrote an entertaining history of the hunt to which he most commonly rode: The Cleveland Hounds as a Trencher-Fed Pack (1887). Hunting inspired some of his best writing, and his Half a Century of Sport (1932) recounts diverse exploits abroad, including the pursuit of lion in Africa, ibex in the Pyrenees, and Barbary sheep in Algeria— Pease rated the latter as one of the most difficult game to hunt. In England he found time to shoot, stalk, and follow otterhounds, and his Hunting Reminiscences (1898) has detailed chapters on hare, fox, cub, and badger hunting. Although Pease had no qualms about digging for badger, he denounced badger-baiting as 'a cruel and brutalizing sport'. He believed that 'all genuine sportsmen have something of the naturalist in their composition', and in parliament advocated an extension of the legislation to protect wild birds (Pease, Hunting Reminiscences, 236). Pease's attachment to the countryside of the North Riding is conveyed strongly in his Dictionary of the Dialect of the North Riding of Yorkshire (1928), an authoritative account on the subject. Pease died at his home at Pinchinthorpe in Guisborough, Yorkshire, on 27 April 1939.

Mon 10 April 1882 - (EASTER) Hounds finished the season as usual on this day, but I had to go to Darlington with Father; We went to West Lodge, and there we found Henry Fell, Dale & Fletcher seated round the dining room table, there we agreed to turn the Collieries and Ironstone departments into a Limited Company to be called Pease & Partners, to consist of as original partners Joseph Whitwell Pease, Arthur Pease, Henry Fell Pease, David Dale, E.H. Pease, Alfred Edward Pease & Joseph Albert Pease Capital £2.250m & so forth in detail. I only hope- they will turn it into a public company and father will get rid of some of his shares. He has been looking about & pulling up his expenditure the last day or two as we have shown him that his financial condition is not very satisfactory. Got £10 from Lord Queensberry as the balance of the price I asked (£150) for 'Jerry-go-Nimble' more than a year ago, This was to be paid on condition he won a race value £50 - & he won the Melton Town Purse on 31st March carrying Lord Q. 13 stone.

Tues 22 Dec 1891 - To the Canon Street Hotel where I lunched with the N.P.I. Board after my election by the Policy Holders & a speech in wh. I referred to the Instn. being originally founded by Quakers, my being the youngest member of the Board.

It is not always easy, I have been told, work harmoniously with a colleague of the same

way of thinking in the Joint representation of a single constituency. Pease and Lockwood never found any difficulty, and were as devoted to one another as brothers ought to be. Sir Frank Lockwood-A biographical sketch. Augustine Birrell.

Pease, Alfred Edward.

Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 7, 1876. [Eldest] s. of Joseph Whitwell [M.P.], later [1st] Bart. [of Pinchinthorpe] and of Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorks. (and Mary, dau. of Alfred Fox, of Falmouth). B. [June 29], 1857, at Darlington.

School, Grove House, Tottenham, London (private). Matric. Michs. 1876; B.A. 1880; M.A. 1883.

M.P. for York, 1885-92; for the Cleveland Div. of Yorks., 1897-1902.

Succeeded as 2nd Bart., 1903.

Resident Magistrate in the Transvaal, 1903-5. An early settler in Kenya; Head of Native Affairs.

Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Remount Service). Of Hutton Hall and Pinchinthorpe, Yorks.

Married (1) Feb. 10, 1880, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart. (and sister and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Fowler, 2nd and last Bart.), and had issue; (2) Sept. 28, 1912, Laure Marianne, yst. dau. of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny; (3) 1922, Emily Elizabeth Smith, adopted dau. of James Smith, of Thornaby-in-Cleveland. A Quaker.

Lieut. for the City and D.L., London.

J.P. and D.L. for the N. Riding of Yorks.

F.R.G.S.; F.Z.S. Breeder, big game hunter, and all-round sportsman.

In his youth rode in point-to-point races, and won steeple and hurdle races in S. Africa.

Author, The Book of the Lion; The Badger; Horse-breeding for Farmers; A Dictionary of the Dialect of the N. Riding of Yorkshire; Half a Century of Sport; etc. Died Apr. 27, 1939, at Pinchinthorpe House.

Brother of Joseph A. (1878); father of Edward (1900). (Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who in Local Government; Who's Who; The Turf's Who's Who; The Times, Apr. 28, 1939.)

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with DL JP FRGS FZS.

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He was educated at Trinity College in Cambridge.
- He worked as a Sportsman, Politician, Author & Diarist.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J.W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Member of the Guisborough Board of Guardians before 1881.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for York in 1885-1892.
- He worked as a Director of the National Provident Institution on 22 Dec 1891.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cleveland in 1897-1902.
- He was Quaker then Anglican on 3 Jul 1916.
- He worked as a JP for the North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Lieutenant for the City of London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) London.
- He worked as a Deputy Lieutenant (DL) North Riding of Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Alderman for the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1889-1937.
- He worked as a Resident Magistrate 1903 To 1905 in Barberton, Transvaal, South Africa.
- He resided at Villa Mercedes 3 Nov 1905 to 29 Apr 1906 in Capri, Italy.
- He resided at Kitanga 1908 To 1912 in Machakos, Kenya.
- He had a residence in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire.

Alfred married Helen Ann Fowler, ^{10,26,73,121,181} daughter of Sir Robert Nicholas Fowler 1st Bt^{9,10,73,121,136,181} and Sarah Charlotte Fox, ^{9,73,121,136,181} on 10 Feb 1880 in Corsham, Wiltshire. Helen was born on 4 Dec 1858 in Tottenham, London, died on 4 Nov 1910 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 51, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. They had three children: Edward, Christopher York, and Lavender Mary.

Marriage Notes: **10 Feb 1880 Tues:** Alfred's wedding day; (word unclear) morning - but it came out a beautiful day. He & Albert & Creighton were at Corsham, all went off as well as could be. Nellie made a sweet Bride she had 6 sisters in blue velvet, six of our own girls in red velvet. Albert was solitary best man, Creighton who married them gave them, a beautiful exhortation instead of that out of the Prayer Book, from Church we all went to Elm Grove and were soon at Dejeuner; of my own people in addition to Bridegroom, Albert & 6 girls & wife, Jane & Emma Pease, Arthur & Mary, John, Helen & Ella, Joseph & Marianna Fox, Howard & Blanche Fox, Mr & Mrs J.C. Dimsdale, Linton, the Vicar, Creighton, Philip D. Tuckett, John E. Fowler & Emma Mary, Robert Fowler, Alfred & Bessie Waterhouse; John William, proposed their health, Alfred responded quietly, "Jack" did his best, Robert, Philip, Creighton, Linton & I were also up. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Married by Rev. Dr. Mandell Creighton, 10 Feb 1880, Corsham, Wiltshire.

8-Sir Edward Pease 3rd Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{73,121,178,182} was born on 15 Dec 1880 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 14 Jan 1963 in Hutton Lowcross, Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Sudan Civil Service 1903-1911. Resigned in 1911 and the 2nd KEH. Wounded in Flanders 1915. 2nd Lt. Staff Mesopotamia 1917. 1st Lt. 6th E. Lancs. Regt. Salonika, 1918-1919. Club-Brooks.

Pease, Edward.

Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 25, 1900. [Eldest] s. of Alfred Edward (1876), later 2nd Bart., of Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorks. (by his 1st wife, Helen Anne, dau. of Sir Robert N. Fowler, 1st Bart.). B. there [Dec. 15], 1880.

School, Winchester (scholar). Matric. Michs. 1901; Scholar, 1902. In the Sudan Civil Service (Nile and Red Sea), 1903-11.

Farming in East Africa, 1911-14.

Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Trooper, King Edward's Horse, 1915; wounded; Second Lieut., 1917; Lieut., 1918; Assistant Police Officer, 1917-19). Succeeded his father as 3rd Bart., Apr. 27, 1939. Married, Nov. 20, 1919, Ida Mary, dau. of J. Lawrance, of Cambridge. Of Lowcross Gate, Hutton, Guisborough, Yorks., in 1952. (Winchester Coll. Reg.; Burke, P. and B.; Walford, County Families; Who's Who; Kelly, Handbook.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester. Trinity, Cambridge.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a member of the Sudan Service in 1903-1911.
- He worked as a Farmer in 1911-1914 in Kitanga, Machakos, Kenya.
- He worked as a Trooper in the King Edward's Horse in 1914-1917.
- He worked as an officer of the King Edward's Horse in 1917-1919.

Edward married Ida Mary Lawrence,⁷³ daughter of James Lawrence and Emma Elizabeth Clark, on 20 Nov 1919. Ida was born on 21 Apr 1887, died on 27 Jan 1980 in Lowcross Gate, Hutton Lowcross, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 92, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

8-Christopher York Pease^{73,122,178} was born on 24 Jun 1886 in 24 Kensington Palace Gardens, London, died on 9 May 1918 in Givenchy, France. Killed in action. at age 31, and was buried in Mazingarbe Cemetery, Pas de Calais, France. Grave III.C.8.

General Notes: Educated at Horris Hill and Winchester. Director of Pease and Partners Ltd. Gazetted 2nd Lt. 1st Yorkshire Hussars 23 Sept 1914. Promoted Lt. 1 jun 1916. Attached to the West Yorkshire Regiment in August 1917 and killed in action near Givenchy, 9 May 1918.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Ouaker.
- He was educated at Horris Hill School in Newbury, Berkshire.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners.
- He worked as an Officer of the Yorkshire Hussars Yeomanry.
- He had a residence in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

Christopher married Margaret Phillipa Johnson,⁷³ daughter of Walter Johnson³⁴ and Margaret Florence Bell, on 20 Dec 1910 in Arncliffe Church, Northallerton, Yorkshire. Margaret was born on 6 Apr 1887 in Rounton Grange, Northallerton, Yorkshire and died on 10 Jun 1959 in Northallerton, Yorkshire at age 72. They had two children: Rachel Hebe Phillipa and Ingram Edward.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in The Hollins, Rounton, Northallerton, Yorkshire.

9-Rachel Hebe Phillipa Pease⁷³ was born on 19 Dec 1911 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died on 6 Sep 1999 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 87.

General Notes: "I heard yesterday of the death on 6th Sept. in Hobart, Tasmania of my half-niece Rachel Smith aged 87. She was the daughter of Christopher York Pease (k. 1918), Father's second son by his first marriage. We had corresponded over many years, and most recently over the Alfred Waterhouse table mystery. Over the last two or three years, she had suffered a couple of what she called mini strokes, which appeared (from her writing) not to have seriously incapacitated her, and which she dismissed in much the same light vein as though she had had a cough. What she didn't tell me, was that she had been operated on for cancer and had more recently developed secondary cancer which was inoperable. She died though within two or three hours of suffering a massive stroke without regaining consciousness, which mercifully, spared her from a slow death from cancer. Her husband who is three years younger, will be bereft and summoning the courage to carry on in a void, most difficult." Note, Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Rachel married Prof. Richard Selby-Smith, son of Selby Smith and Anne Rachel Rawlins, on 3 Aug 1940 in Northallerton, Yorkshire. Richard was born on 13 Jun 1914 in Barming, Kent and died on 22 Oct 2005 in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia at age 91. They had two children: Christopher and Peter.

General Notes: Professor Selby Smith was a Classics Master at Milton Academy, Massachusetts, USA, 1938-39; Classics Master at Sedbergh School, Yorkshire, 1939-40; worked with Kent

Education Committee, 1946-50; Deputy Chief Education Officer, Warwickshire Education Committee, 1950-53; Principal of Scotch College, 1953-1964.

During World War II, Professor Selby Smith served in the Royal Navy from 1940-1946. Having enlisted as an Ordinary Seaman, he was commissioned as a Lieutenant Commander in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve in 1944.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Deputy Chief Education Officer, Warwickshire Education Committee 1950 To 1953.
- He emigrated to Australia in 1953.
- He worked as a Principal of Scotch College 1953 To 1964 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.
- He worked as a Professor of Education & Founding Dean of the Faculty of Education, Monash University 1964 To 1971 in Victoria.
- He worked as a Principal of the Tasmanian College of Advanced Education 1971 To 1973.
- He worked as a Professor of Education and Dean of Faculty, University of Tasmania 1974 To 1978.

10-Professor Christopher Selby-Smith was born on 29 Jul 1942 in Tunbridge Wells, Kent and died on 15 Sep 2007 in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Scotch College, Melbourne 1953 To 1960.
- He worked as a Director Australian Council for Education.

Christopher married Joy Miriam McGeehan. They had two children: David Richard and Hugh Thomas.

11-David Richard Selby-Smith

11-Hugh Thomas Selby-Smith

10-Peter Selby-Smith

Peter married Joan Holroyd, daughter of John Holroyd. They had three children: Anne Jane, Andrew, and Robyn Clare.

- 11-Anne Jane Selby-Smith
- 11-Andrew Selby-Smith
- 11-Robyn Clare Selby-Smith

9-Pilot Officer Ingram Edward Pease⁷³ was born on 28 Feb 1914 in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Feb 1939 in Bishop Hill, Kinross, Scotland (Flying Accident) at age 24, and was buried on 22 Feb 1939 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

General Notes: City of Edinburgh Fighter squadron He was killed whilst flying Hawker Hind, K6819 of No 603 Sqn AuxAF when he flew into Bishop Hill near Kinross in bad visibility.

No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron. Ingram Edward PEASE is granted a commission as Pilot Officer, -11th Jan. 1939.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Sandroyd School in Cobham, Surrey.
- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford University.

- He was educated at Studying Veterinary medicine in Edinburgh University.
- He worked as a Pilot Officer with No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland.

8-Lavender Mary Pease^{73,183} was born on 24 Jun 1889 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 25 Apr 1989 at age 99, and was buried in Cremated. Edinburgh Crematorium.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at Northlands, Egham, Staines, Middlesex.

Lavender married Capt. Walter Sandfield Medlicott,^{35,73,178,183} son of Henry Edmondstone Medlicott and Kate D'Oyley Gale, on 5 Oct 1910 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Walter was born on 28 Aug 1879 in Sandfield, Potterne, Wiltshire, died on 24 Jun 1970 in Old Fodderlie, Hawick, Roxburghshire at age 90, and was buried in Edinburgh Crematorium. They had four children: Dionysia, Helen Victoria, Rosemary, and Stephen.

General Notes: MCC. Estate Agent. Was with his future father in law, Sir A E Pease in 1909 in BEA and with ex-President Theordore Roosevelt. He was in the Harrow XI in 1897 and 1898. He hit 87 in the first innings at Lord's, where Eton, having followed on 163 behind, were beaten by nine wickets. He gained his Blue at Oxford in 1902 and for a number of years assisted Wiltshire.

"To reach the Partridge Hill house, you had to leave the car about two fields away and reach the house on foot - there was no road, and there was no electricity. Old Fodderlie too was a very basic home, but did have the advantage of access via a terrible very deep rutted farm road to creep along at 5 mph taking care not to scrape the exhaust pipe off ones vehicle - no home refinements like central heating, and I think like Partridge Hill the only lighting was from paraffin lamps. In my childhood memory, my half-sister appeared to be a perpetual invalid - like her mother, she had TB in her younger vears - but was cured after a spell at Levsin in Switzerland, and lived to within two months of her 100th birthday. Her husband, Sandy M, lived to almost 91 y.o. - and he smoked Woodbine cigarettes!" Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Harrow.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford.
- He worked as an officer of the Northumberland Hussars.
- He worked as a Land agent.
- He had a residence in The Farm House, Normanby, Scunthorpe, Lincolnshire.
- He had a residence in Partridge Hill, Goathland, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Old Fodderlie, Hawick, Roxburghshire.

9-Dionysia Medlicott^{73,183} was born on 30 Aug 1914 in Normanby, Doncaster and died in 1998 in Jedburgh at age 84.

General Notes: "Until arthritis took a great hold, Diny used to come down each spring and do a round of calls on relatives. She was always chatty, loved her horses, and cared nothing in the slightest for the fancy things in life. She lived frugally, and didn't feed herself properly, 'a boiled egg will do' attitude, and had her meals (such as they were) always outdoors if fine, and in her little greenhouse if wet - For her 80th birthday, her niece (Rosemary's daughter) gave her two bean bags for each of her two dogs, and when she called to see Diny she found two dogs on one bean bag and Diny on the other. When her aunt Molly died (1980) and she was a beneficiary of half Molly's estate, she went over to Hutton and was asked by Molly's executor if she would like to take anything she particularly wanted. Yes, but there were only two things she said she would like. One was Molly's old bath sponge, the other her dressing gown! Not a book, not a bit of silver or even a chair. That was typical of Diny, a really splendid sort."

Note by Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Sparrow Hall, Rutherford, Kelso, Roxburghshire.

9-Helen Victoria Medlicott^{73,183} was born on 4 Jun 1916 in Devizes, Wiltshire and died on 4 Mar 2010 at age 93.

Helen married Walter Mark Johnson,¹⁸³ son of Lt. Col. Walter Lyulph Johnson^{34,36} and Alice Hilda Lupton,³⁴ on 6 Sep 1939 in Goathland, Yorkshire. Walter was born on 24 Aug 1915 in Hutton Rudby and died on 3 Sep 2003 at age 88. They had four children: David Mark, Martin Stephen, Walter Sandy, and Alan Philip.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Rutherford Farm, Kelso, Roxburghshire. TD5 8NP.

10-David Mark Johnson

David married someone. He had three children: Nicola, Sarah, and James.

11-Nicola Johnson

11-Sarah Johnson

11-James Johnson

10-Martin Stephen Johnson

Martin married Ruth. They had two children: Harriet and Olivia.

11-Harriet Johnson

Harriet married **Al Busby**. They had three children: **Nell, Iris**, and **Arthur**.

12-Nell Busby

12-Iris Busby

12-Arthur Busby

11-Olivia Johnson

10-Walter Sandy Johnson was born on 5 Nov 1947 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died in 1967 in Australia. In a riding accident at age 20.

10-Dr. Alan Philip Johnson

Alan married Louise. They had three children: Emily, Camilla, and Settno.

11-Emily Johnson

11-Camilla Johnson

11-Settno Johnson

9-Rosemary Medlicott¹⁸³ was born on 10 Nov 1922 in Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire and died in May 1990 in Isle of Ske. Drowned in the sea having fallen from rocks. at age 67.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Motorcycle ambulance outrider in 1940 in France.

Rosemary married Maj. Edward Godfrey Bird,¹⁸³ son of Capt. Frederick Godfrey Bird RN and Elizabeth Whitlock, on 6 Apr 1946 in Goathland, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 4 Feb 1915 in London and died on 22 Jun 1959 at age 44. They had three children: Charles Godfrey, Harmony, and George Godfrey.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They worked as a Farmers in West Fodderlie, Bonchester Bridge, Hawick, Roxburghshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

10-Charles Godfrey Bird

Charles married Patricia Goodsir. They had four children: Jennifer, Julie, Rona, and Hayley.

11-Jennifer Bird

11-Julie Bird

Julie married Patterson. They had three children: Skye, Corrie, and Hector.

12-Skye Patterson

12-Corrie Patterson

12-Hector Patterson

11-Rona Bird

11-Hayley Bird

Hayley married someone. She had two children: Rosie and Kaya.

12- **Rosie**

12- Kaya

Charles married Dawn.

10-Harmony Bird

Harmony married William Henry Richardson. They had two children: Kiri Anne and Edward Robert.

11-Kiri Anne Richardson

11-Edward Robert Richardson

10-George Godfrey Bird

Rosemary next married Charles Douglas Scott on 17 Feb 1961 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Charles died in 1989. They had two children: Alexander William Douglas and Walter Stephen Douglas.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in Falla, Jedburgh.

10-Alexander William Douglas Scott

Alexander married Wendy Wilson. They had two children: Finlay and Millie.

11-Finlay Scott

11-Millie Scott

10-Walter Stephen Douglas Scott

9-Stephen Medlicott⁷³ was born on 23 Apr 1925 in Goathland, Yorkshire, died on 7 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire at age 1, and was buried on 9 Dec 1926 in Goathland, Yorkshire.

Alfred next married Laure Marianne Sugnet de Montmagny, daughter of Louis Philippe Sugnet de Montmagny and Henriette Lina Jomini, on 25 Sep 1912 in Hotel de Ville, Lausanne, Switzerland. Laure was born on 10 Nov 1868 in Yverdon, Switzerland, died on 25 Jan 1922 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 53, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

Alfred next married **Emily Elizabeth Smith**,⁷³ daughter of **Unnamed** and **Rosetta Smith**, on 1 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham. Emily was born on 26 Feb 1897 in Thornaby on Tees, County Durham, died on 26 Mar 1979 in Guisborough Hospital, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried on 28 Mar 1979 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. They had four children: **Anne Phillida**, Judith, Alfred Vincent, and Joseph Gurney.

General Notes: Daughter of Rosetta Smith and father unknown. Adopted by her maternal grandparents aand raised as one of their own. She trained as a nurse and in 1922, when she was nursing both Alfred and Laure Pease through pneumonia, Laure died. Alfred recovered sufficiently well, that he married Emily Elizabeth, (who was always known as Betty), on the 1st August that same year.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a JP.
- She was nominally Church of England.

8-Anne Phillida Pease

Anne married **Major Edward Mark Chetwynd-Stapylton**, son of **Richard Chetwynd-Stapylton** and **Vera Helen Maitland-Makgill-Crichton**, on 20 Feb 1946 in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire. Edward was born on 23 Nov 1919 in Red Lodge, Berkhamstead, Hertfordshire and died on 1 Jul 1995 in Lewes, East Sussex at age 75. They had three children: **Judy Anne, Phillida Helen**, and **Joanna Elizabeth**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Magdalene College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an officer of the King's Royal Rifle Corps on 1 Oct 1939.

9-Judy Anne Chetwynd-Stapylton

Judy married John Trevor Lambert. They had two children: Sophie Alice Doanda and Hannah Madelaine Harriet.

10-Sophie Alice Doanda Lambert

Sophie married Leo Mowat Chesterton, son of Andrew Venn Mowat and Joanna Mary Warcup. They had two children: Matilda Daisy and Rafferty Lambert.

11-Matilda Daisy Chesterton

11-Rafferty Lambert Chesterton

10-Hannah Madelaine Harriet Lambert

Hannah married Thomas Michael Leybourne Parker, son of Evan Parker and Elaine. They had one son: Freddie Zebedee Lambert.

11-Freddie Zebedee Lambert Parker

9-Phillida Helen Chetwynd-Stapylton

9-Joanna Elizabeth Chetwynd-Stapylton

Joanna married Kim Stephen Fuller. They had one daughter: Jessie Alison.

10-Jessie Alison Fuller

Joanna next married Nigel John Boyce Armstrong.

8-Judith Pease⁷³ was born on 16 Jan 1925 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 11 Apr 1925 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, and was buried in Newton under Roseberry, Yorkshire.

8-Sir Alfred Vincent Pease 4th Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe^{9,13,69,73,119,184,185,186,187} was born on 2 Apr 1926 in Pinchinthorpe House, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 23 Sep 2008 in Nunthorpe Hall, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire at age 82, and was buried in Ashes scattered at Roseberry Topping & Newton under Roseberry. He had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Bootham School.

8-Sir Joseph Gurney Pease 5th Bt. Hutton Lowcross & Pinchinthorpe

Joseph married Shelagh Munro Bulman, daughter of Cyril Gounod Bulman^{188,189} and Sarah Jane Armstrong,¹⁸⁹ They had two children: Charles Edward Gurney and Jane Elizabeth Gurney.

9-Charles Edward Gurney Pease

Charles was the partner of **Dr. Theresa Wade**, daughter of **Trevor James Wade** and **Mary Hasney**, in 2004-2015. Theresa was born on 26 Apr 1986 in Southern General Hospital, Glasgow, Renfrewshire, Scotland, died on 28 Oct 2015 in Craignure, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland at age 29, and was buried on 12 Nov 2015 in Suidhe Cemetery, Bunessan, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland. The cause of her death was tragically, in a road traffic accident.

General Notes: THERESA'S EULOGY (or Testament) NOTES

Theresa was born on the 26th of April 1986, and raised by her loving parents, Trevor and Mary within the heart of this community of Bunessan, where she was soon joined by her two sisters, Rosie and then Louise.

She attended the primary school here and flourished in her own singular way, surrounded by her small group of childhood friends, whom she cherished so very much. Her singular determination to study was noted from an early age, and fostered and encouraged within the home environment as soon before the age of 10, she expressed her first desire to be a vet..... on Mull. Presumptive perhaps, but a bold ambition for one so young.

Her care and compassion for animals was first revealed by the presence of hamsters in her life, and it was a source of great delight to indulge with her friend Michelle, the art of hamster racing in the living room. A small beginning.... perhaps, but of later significance.

Soon, the appearance of cats within the household, added another dimension to her life, for they were her companions during the day..... and at night, was never happier than to breach protocol and provide a night-time bed for her furry friends.

Given that she was disposed to asthma, made no difference at all, for her animals were to be cherished, despite the fur and whiskers.... or should I say in spite of the fur and whiskers..... for indulgence became a byword for her nature.

From Bunessan, she removed to Oban High school as a weekly boarder, as still that determination to study persisted. Initially she was cautious, never wishing to be seen to be excel, for such amidst her friends, may have been divisive. Much later however, this had to change and in examinations, anything graded less than A, took upon itself the nature of a national disaster, requiring the finest diplomatic skills to restore the status quo.

And sometimes the sweet little angel, sometimes sprouted horns and growled, but only as a response to what she saw as her failings. It was often a delight to witness these transitions, which later would resolve in laughter all around.

By then, she had gained a pony..... Skerry..... who though adored beyond measure, never marginalised the needs of the remainder of the family menagerie. But a day when Theresa might not be found cantering about Ardtun with her friends and sisters, Rosie and Louise, was a poor day indeed.

Music too, was another aspect of her life, for she was encouraged by Trevor and Mary to learn to play an instrument. She chose the violin. In later years she found cats had little empathy with her sterling efforts, and frequently fled the house. Clearly cats for all or their feline interests, have no musical appreciation.

But her singing enchanted all. More later still she learned to value and appreciate more contemporary music, most particularly that of these provinces. The band Skipinnish was perhaps her favourite of recent years and may be illustrated here today.

Ceilidh dancing too was a particular joy to her. The more vigorous the dance, the better it was. Seldom was she happier than when she bested her partner and sent him skittering across the floor into the furnishings. Perhaps some gentlemen here today might bear the scars. Be sure to treasure them. Anyway.

Throughout these years, both Mary and Trevor continued to foster and encourage their children in all that seemed to them appropriate. A love of the outdoors and the encouragement to seek and appreciate the world about them, often resulted in extended walking expeditons, often in other parts of Britain and sometimes beneath canvas. All the while these lessons were being absorbed, they learned of those attributes that make a person fit to enter into the wider world. Self-confidence, honour, integrity, truthfulness and compassion but above all, love.. We have long known that they did it well.

Academic excellence was a byword for Theresa, and as the young girl blossomed into a young woman, the attractiveness of her kinder nature, was complimented by the most enchanting outward loveliness that touched so many.

Then at the conclusion of her final year at Oban High, her efforts exceeded even her own expectations, culminating in the award of the Dux prize for academic achievement, and later, acceptance into the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine at the University of Glasgow.

Again the unremitting studies remained her focus, whilst at home, she returned to her devotions to the animals, whom she loved unconditionally as being her equals. Beween times, she worked away the summers earning money, to pack away for times when needed on this strenuous journey that she had embarked. Cautious and yet pragmatic, she ever seemed to climb these foothills into the higher regions of bold ambition, with ease. Never stopping, save to reflect upon the view, yet never taking her eyes off those whom she held so dear to her. And then, a decade past, whilst engaged in Summer employment at the Kinloch in Pennyghael, one who had long been fascinated by her constancy in all that she touched, had come find a warm affection had turned to that fateful prospect of having fallen quite in love with her.

That the chemistry of many years of having known each other, was as it was, who can declare? But it was one fateful evening, that both Theresa and myself came to the realisation that our companionship was acceptable to both and committed the one to the other.

At this juncture, we must pause to consider the inner being and not the outward physical manifestations of the person, for Theresa held a deep and personal spirituality that didn't often reveal itself to the outward world. She held her communions to be a powerful and private thing. She wore little of it upon her sleeve.

For her that knowledge was the sublimation of all that mattered and a truth that to her was self-evident. That was the foundation; the anchor upon which we built our lives together. She was as constant to those truths as the evening star.

Returning to her studies, she attacked with a sense of greater urgency still, the need to excel and bring closure to her academic years. Intermediate awards were earned by her, which helped encourage her further...

That she was awarded her Bachelor's Degree in Veterinary Medicine was always, to those of us that watched, an inevitability. That it was an Honours degree, was the icing on the cake..... with of course, lots of cherries. It would be an understatement to say that she had made her parents and sisters proud. Her success was shared by so many in this her island home. All too swiftly, she sought and obtained her first appointment as a veterinary surgeon, working alongside the late Mr. Chris Evans of Fort William, who mentored her through the first real-world life of a mixed practice vet. Happy does not begin to describe the feelings she had at that time, for now from the higher ridges of her ambition, the view had become immeasurably greater. Chris, according to his wife Fiona, tells me that he often spoke of Theresa as being being, "Tough." . I think that that would have delighted her.

Alas, the practice changed hands when Chris retired, and to her horror, became management led and that which had been joyful to her, had suddenly taken upon itself a quiet shade of grey. Worse still, they took away from her, her beloved Land-Rover, and told her to use a van instead!!

In consolation, she found the weekday companionship of two kittens, whom she named Oliver and Uisken, who travelled home with her each Friday night via Oban where she would visit her beloved parents and sisters, before returning home to Mull on the late boat and then, to return once more on Monday mornings, via the first boat out from Fishnish to Lochaline, to Fort William, to start another week.

But still there are miracles within this world, as though we hadn't seen enough already, for Theresa, had upon occasions, been invited to gain a little further experience now and then, in the practice of Mr. Jimmy Wilson. It took a little out of the weekend leisuretime..... though for her, it probably amounted to the same thing, but once again she found in Jimmy, a mentor whose experience on home ground was of immeasurable value.

Whether he was ever once aware of a younger girl staring at him with little beady eves, in hope of following in his footsteps, we cannot say, but the thought appeals. We may say however, that Jimmy saw within the woman that Theresa had become, a potential that was worthy of his faith and trust and one day, by chance, met Theresa in the passing at Craignure. He ventured on the spot, that since he had expectations of retiring, he wondered if she might wish to consider taking over his practice and to think it over. How can we even begin to imagine how she felt, to suppose she were considered a worthy successor to all that she had ever wished to hold, that of being our vet.

It needs be said, however, that Jimmy's trust in her ability was not misplaced, and that it was HE who showed her the final pathway to her summit of ambition, seems so apposite and so apt, for their minds were not so very different in the broader outlook.

Never did anyone resign a position more willingly, the day that she elected to leave Fort William. If tragedy there was, it was the loss of the companionship of her many friends that she had made there. But friendship in the truer sense, ever endures, for Theresa never ceased to remember those whom she loved. She was constant, and ever faithful. For twelve months, Theresa worked in practice with Jimmy, learning the ropes as it were and steadily establishing herself as his trusted successor, and gaining the so-essential trust of those who may at first sight have had reservations for one so young..... and she knew she had to prove herself to others, in what can be a physically demanding profession. How many of our farming brethren witnessed Theresa suppressing the wild determinations of an irate tup or ewe or watch amazed to see her confront cattle with a confidence that was unsettling, we cannot say. But they came to love her as she wrapped them oh so very gently round her fingers, with a smile. And I don't mean the livestock.

In July last year, she finally reached the summit of her life's ambition and formally established her company and took over the practice on this her island home. All that was left, was to improve and better herself and secure her reputation as one who would dedicate her life to the beloved animals who were her cause for being.

And so the days passed. She would often return home, sometimes a little battered and exhausted, but always happy to show the battle scars of the day and solicit a freely given comfort over her supper. No days were bad for her at all and her tomorrows were always ones of brightest expectation. Dogs, cats, pigs, birds too..... and much the more besides, all were part of her concern for their welfare.

Not long since, she returned home to tell of something most remarkable, for Mr. Hugh MacPhail had informed her that the farming community had accorded her a very great dignity indeed..... she was known privately to them, it seems, as the "Mighty Atom". This she delighted in, for she held it as a measure of the acceptance that she had proved herself. It was a badge of honour awarded by her own, for she was ever proud of being a Mulleach.

The all too tragic circumstances of her passing and our loss, would be diminished if we did not pause to reflect upon their consequences.

I must remind you again of the bedrock upon which her life was built, for it was unimpeachable. It was both the anchor and the chain that made all things good to her, that however great the storm, all would be well. The chain still holds, indeed grows stronger. The anchor, secure.

Now, we bear witness in our grief, to that far more precious measure of the human condition... the condition of love that is given unconditionally. It has surfaced over many recent days and in many

differing forms, as we each reach out to one another in order that we accord one another comfort in this, a truly bitter trial. We have seen the entirety of an island community draw close as we mourn our loss, and hope for her sake, that the lessons will not be lost. For Theresa, this life was, in the greater scheme of things, but a port of call, it was never the end. Now her destination lies upon another shore. It was a short time we had her we know. But she burned so very brightly, that we shall not forget. For her, this moment was never the end of the journey, but the beginning. Be strong, for the anchor still holds..... and until that other day."

Notes used by Charles E. G. Pease, (Theresa's partner), at her funeral service on the 12th November 2015 at the Bunessan Hall, Isle of Mull.

"My father and I had the practice on Mull and lona for over fifty years. Neither he nor I wished to work anywhere else but here. Theresa followed in our footsteps. It was her dream to work on the island where she was brought up and for the time that was given to her, she lived her dream.

There is phoned me up one Friday evening in 2009 to tell me that she had just qualified. I congratulated her and asked her what she was doing the next day. Nothing she said. So I said that she could come and do the Saturday surgery. There was a bit of a silence and then she said she would phone me back. Within a short time the phone rang and she asked if I would be there so I said that I would be in the house but that Dot [Dorothy MacLean, the practice nurse from Salen] would keep her right. And so she had her first clinical experience on Mull as a fully qualified vet. She was young, clever, enthusiastic and a brilliant vet. Occasionally she gave me my place as the senior vet and would come to me with a question. She waited until I had thought about it and once I said what I would do about it, she would nod and then go off and do it her way.

She came to the practice three years ago next month as a shy girl but recently she came into her own and had her day in the sun. When I first discussed the Sheep Veterinary Society coming to the island in September I asked her if that was alright with her. She was surprised and puzzled that I was asking her, she had forgotten that this was now her practice. She had made it her own. Her stamp was on it. She was committed to the island and its people and their animals both large and small that was why she wanted to come back to Mull to serve the community here. The Sheep Veterinary Society held her in very high regard and the visit was followed by very many letters and emails saying how much they had enjoyed their visit to her practice and how they had been impressed by Theresa. They thought that she was very brave to take on a solo veterinary practice and very impressed with her commitment to her clients and their animals both large and small. She was given the nick name "the Mighty Atom" at that meeting and it summed her up: nothing daunted her and she always persevered to the end of a task. Someone once said that it is not the time that we are given that is important but what we do with that time. There was where she wanted to be, doing the job she loved in the place she loved. Mr. James Wilson. Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona, from whom Theresa bought the practice, and who used these notes, as he spoke of Theresa at her funeral. _____

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with BVMS (Hons.) MRCVS in Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Glasgow.
- She was educated at Bunessan Primary School in Bunessan, Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.
- She was educated at Oban High School in Oban, Argyll, Scotland.

- She was educated at Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Glasgow in Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon in 2009-2013 in Fort William, Highland Region, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona in 2009 in Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.
- She worked as a Veterinary Surgeon to the Isles of Mull and Iona in 2013-2015 in Isle of Mull, Argyll, Scotland.

9-Jane Elizabeth Gurney Pease

Jane married Colin Charles Bright, son of William Charles John Bright and Doris Sutton. They had three children: Lucy Emma Jane, Thomas Edward, and Olivia Lucy Kate.

10-Lucy Emma Jane Bright¹⁸⁴ was born on 14 Nov 1990 in Berne, Switzerland, died on 17 Nov 1990 in Berne, Switzerland, and was buried in St. Catherine's Church, Eskdale, Cumbria. General Notes: Lucy was cremated in Switzerland and her ashes were later interred with those of her Great-grandparents, Cyril and Sally Bulman.

10-Thomas Edward Bright

Thomas married Marsaili Isabel Lara Gunn, daughter of Prof. George Gunn and Laura. They had one daughter: Sophie Alice.

11-Sophie Alice Bright

10-Olivia Lucy Kate Bright

7-Sarah Charlotte Pease^{9,14,73} was born on 1 Sep 1858 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 18 Apr 1929 in Godalming, Surrey at age 70, and was buried in FBG Reigate.

General Notes: Mon 22 April 1929 - Motored to Howard's sister's at Reigate, a beautifully sunny day & we laid my dear sister's body in the pretty burial ground there (Reigate) - a thrush sang loudly during the time at the grave - Had some talk with Howard - poor man, he looks a wreck - we lunched at the Brewery on our way there - Cyril Pease returned with us to Birch Hall. *The* Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Sarah married Howard Hodgkin,^{9,73,190} son of John Hodgkin^{10,29,40,90,91,102,136,139,140,141} and Elizabeth Haughton,^{10,40,90,136,139} on 17 Feb 1897 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Howard was born on 11 Apr 1857 in Bruce Grove, Tottenham, London, died on 11 Apr 1933 in Godalming, Surrey at age 76, and was buried in FBG Reigate. They had one son: Andrew John.

General Notes: While we were there we got the news of Howard Hodgkin's death on his birthday 11th April (on the anniversary of our little Judy's death, Easter Eve 1925) - he was buried by Lottie at Reigate on the 14th - I had written to him for his birthday - I shall miss him very much, & his & Lottie's home comes to an end - he was about 2 months older than I am . He had a stroke on April 4 -" *Detail from the Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease. April 1932.*

Hodgkin, Howard.

Adm. pens. (age 18) at JESUS, Oct. 1, 1875. [6th] s. of John [barrister-at-law, of Lewes, Sussex]. B. [Apr. 11, 1857], at Tottenham, Middlesex. School, Grove House (a Quaker school), Tottenham. Matric. Michs. 1875; (Hist. Trip., 1st Class, 1878); B.A. 1879; M.A. 1882. Adm. at Lincoln's Inn, Jan. 14, 1879. Called to the Bar, Nov. 17, 1882. Practised as an Equity Draftsman and Conveyancer. Principal Clerk in the Charity Commission. Closely concerned with the Society of Friends. Died Apr. 11, 1932, at Farncombe, Surrey. Buried at Reigate. (Inns of Court; Foster, Men at the Bar; Law Lists; The Times, Apr. 12, 1932.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Barrister Lincolns Inn.
- He worked as a Principal Clerk for the Charity Commission in London.
- He had a residence in Hillcroft, Claygate, Surrey.

8-Andrew John Hodgkin⁹ was born on 14 Jan 1899 in 38 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington, London, died on 9 Sep 1980 in Dunedin, New Zealand at age 81, and was buried in Crookston Cemetery, Roxburgh, Central Otago, New Zealand.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1919.
- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Farmer in New Zealand.

Andrew married Nancy Milner Broadbent,⁹ daughter of Capt. Frederick Milner Broadbent and Cecilia Wilkinson, on 3 Sep 1932 in Peel Forest, New Zealand. Nancy was born on 8 Jul 1906 in Osborne, Isle Of Wight and died on 29 Dec 1995 at age 89.

Andrew next married Nancy Stewart Alcock, daughter of Albert Clarence Alcock and Marjorie Martin Monro, on 22 Sep 1945 in Dunedin, New Zealand. Nancy was born on 20 Jan 1916 in Dunedin, New Zealand, died on 9 Mar 2010 in Dunedin, New Zealand at age 94, and was buried on 15 Mar 2010 in Crookston Cemetery, Roxburgh, Central Otago, New Zealand. They had three children: Howard John, Eliot Neil, and Philippa Marjorie.

9-Howard John Hodgkin was born on 15 Dec 1946 in Dunedin, New Zealand and died in 1970 at age 24.

9-Eliot Neil Hodgkin

Eliot married Vyvienne Isabel.

9-Philippa Marjorie Hodgkin

Philippa married John Bell.

7-**Rt. Hon. Joseph Albert Pease 1st Baron Gainford**^{9,10,14,73,74,136,171,178,180,191} was born on 17 Jan 1860 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Feb 1943 in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham at age 83, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Joseph Albert (Jack) Pease. Always known to family as Jack.

Pease, Joseph Albert [Jack], first Baron Gainford (1860–1943), politician, was born at Woodlands, Darlington, on 17 January 1860, the younger son of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, bt (1828–1903), industrialist and banker, and his wife, Mary Fox (d. 1892). Jack Pease, as he was known, enjoyed an early life of wealth and privilege in one of Britain's most prominent Quaker industrial and political dynasties. Like his older brother, Alfred Edward Pease, he was educated at Grove House, Tottenham, a Quaker school. He was afterwards privately tutored by Mandell Creighton before following Alfred to Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1878. He took an undistinguished BA in 1882, but shone as secretary of the amateur dramatic club, was master of the university drag hounds, and represented the university at polo, rugby, and putting the weight. He captained the Trinity cricket eleven, was twelfth man for the university, and was then a founder member and captain of the Durham county side. Wisden records that he continued to play until, at the age of seventy-four, his inability to take quick singles persuaded him it was time to retire.

Cambridge friends such as J. M. (Harry) Paulton and Eddie Tennant (later Lord Glenconner) shared enduring interests in sport and politics. Tennant's sister Margot, whose passion for riding to hounds matched Pease's, was also to become a lifelong friend. Her marriage to H. H. Asquith drew Pease into the upper social circles of the Liberal Party. Comfortable berths in the family coal and banking enterprises had afforded him sufficient leisure to embark on a career in politics. A Durham county councillor from 1887 until 1902, Pease was mayor of Darlington during 1888– 9 (Britain's youngest mayor). Elected MP for Tynemouth in 1892, he was parliamentary private secretary (1893– 5) to John Morley as chief secretary for Ireland, a post to which he aspired himself in the latter years of Asquith's premiership.

Made a whip in 1897, Pease faithfully understudied Herbert Gladstone. In opposition he made well-publicized noises about not being a pro-Boer without ever aligning himself unequivocally with the Liberal Imperialists. A more serious impediment to his advancement when Campbell-Bannerman came to power was the collapse of the Pease fortunes (1902), a calamity largely attributable to his father's improvident management of the family businesses. Generous friends rescued him from the brink of bankruptcy, but Pease's reduced circumstances were to make personal financial concerns a continuing distraction thereafter.

Pease's formidable wife Ethel (Elsie; d. 1941), whom he had married on 18 October 1886, was particularly irked at the curb on her social ambitions. The daughter of Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan, Bt, and granddaughter of the hero of Lucknow, Sir Henry Havelock, Elsie's hopes for her son and two daughters were as undisguised as her ambition for her husband. His elevation as Asquith's patronage secretary to the Treasury in 1908 brought limited satisfaction. Successful reorganization of the Liberal Party machinery and unobtrusively effective parliamentary management during the budget turbulence of 1909 impressed the prime minister. Asquith brought him into the cabinet as chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster notwithstanding the loss of his Saffron Walden seat in January 1910. A move to Rotherham gave him a constituency that was safe as long as the local miners did not unite behind a Labour candidate.

Pease's promotion to the cabinet mystified colleagues such as Walter Runciman, Edwin Montagu, and Lloyd George (who blamed him for the Liberals' poor showing in the January 1910 election). But Asquith, appreciating his loyalty, saw him as the man to carry forward the government's programme of franchise and electoral reform. When Pease's Franchise Bill foundered on the rocks of women's suffrage in January 1913, his dismay, like Asquith's, was tempered by relief that votes for women had been thwarted without splitting the government. A bigger disappointment was his failure as president of the Board of Education to enact major educational reforms. His appointment in October 1911 coincided with the departure of the permanent secretary, Sir Robert Morant. Pease reshuffled the senior staff of the ministry, choosing a team led by L. A. Selby-Bigge that responded well to a competent, congenial, and considerate chief. With George Newman, Pease greatly expanded school medical services. He strengthened the board's relations with teachers and improved professional training. When war came he encouraged his new parliamentary secretary, Christopher Addison, in mobilizing the nation's scientific and industrial research resources.

Remaining in the cabinet which made the decisions for war with Germany in 1914 was deeply troubling for Pease. He tried unavailingly to dissuade his son from enlisting, and was an early supporter of the Friends' Ambulance Unit. But he resigned from the presidency of the Peace Society and thenceforth publicly defended the government's position. Pushed to the margins of high policy making, he undertook relief co-ordination tasks and introduced educational and leisure activities in army training camps, overcoming ill-judged resistance from Lord Kitchener. A casualty of the May 1915 coalition, Pease served as an unpaid member of the War Claims Commission in France. He was embarrassed by the need to seek a political pension, but by late 1915 he had secured a £2000 a year consultancy by placing his coal industry expertise and political connections at the disposal of his old friend Christopher Furness.

An invitation to rejoin the government as postmaster-general (outside the cabinet), following Sir John Simon's resignation and Herbert Samuel's promotion in January 1916, delayed Pease's return to active business life. But revived hopes of political advancement were effectively extinguished by the formation of the Lloyd George coalition. Ennobled (3 January 1917) as Baron Gainford in the Asquith resignation honours, Pease became a leading figure in the post-war industrial world. He spoke for the Mining Association of Great Britain before the coal industry commission in 1919 and was elected president of the Federation of British Industries for 1927– 8. As a 'prominent public man unconnected with any of the constituent companies' (Gainford MSS) he was asked to chair the infant British Broadcasting Company in 1922. He became a radio enthusiast, and was deputy chairman and a governor of the corporation from 1927 to 1932.

Well known in his retirement for his fishing (and a related concern for water conservation), hunting, shooting, and embroidery, Pease made faltering attempts to write his memoirs. His journals from 1908 to 1915, unknown to scholars for fifty years, are a revealing chronicle of Liberal politics. He died at his home, Headlam Hall, Gainford, co. Durham, on 15 February 1943.

Cameron Hazlehurst

Pease, Joseph Albert.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 1, 1878. [2nd] s. of Joseph Whitwell [M.P.] (1st Bart.), of Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorks. [and Mary, dau. of Alfred Fox, of Falmouth].
B. [Jan. 17], 1860, at Darlington, Durham.
School, Grove House, Tottenham, London (private). Matric. Michs. 1878; B.A. 1882; M.A. 1885.
Of Headlam Hall, Gainford, Durham.
Mayor of Darlington, 1889.
Private Secretary to the Rt. Hon.
John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, 1893-5. M.P. for the Tyneside Division of Northumberland, 1892-1900; for Saffron Walden, 1901-10; for Rotherham, 1910-16.

Junior Whip, 1897-1905; Junior Lord of the Treasury, 1905-8. P.C., 1908.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, 1910-11.
President of the Board of Education, 1911-15; Postmaster-General, 1916.
Created 1st Baron Gainford of Headlam, Durham, Jan. 3, 1917.
On Claims Commission in France and Italy, 1915-20.
Interested in a number of industrial companies, including Pease and Partners, colliery owners.
President of the Federation of British Industries, 1927-8. Chairman of the B.B.C., 1922-6; Vice-Chairman, 1926-32.
Member of Advisory Committee to Board of Education on the Victoria and Albert Museum.
Married, Oct. 18, 1886, Ethel, dau. of Lieut.-Gen.
Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan, 1st Bart., V.C., G.C.B., M.P., and had issue.
Died Feb. 15, 1943, at Headlam Hall.
Brother of Alfred E. (1876).
(Schoolmasters' Directories; Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who; The Times, Feb. 16, 1943.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker.
- He was educated at Grove House school in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Partner in J. & J. W. Pease, Bankers in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington 1889 To 1890 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a MP for Tyneside 1892 To 1900.
- He worked as a MP for Saffron Walden 1901 To 1910.
- He worked as a Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury 1908 To 1910.
- He worked as a MP for Rotherham 1910 To 1917.
- He worked as a Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster 1910 To 1911.
- He had a residence in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham.
- He worked as a President of the Board of Education 1911 To 1915.
- He worked as a Served on the committee of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1919.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 8 Hertford Street, Mayfair, London.
- He worked as a Postmaster General in 1916.
- He worked as a Chairman of the BBC 1922 To 1926.
- He had a residence in 1940 in 18 Mansfield Street, London.

Joseph married Ethel Havelock-Allan,^{9,10,73,178,191} daughter of Lt. General Sir Henry Marshman Havelock-Allan 1st Bt.^{36,73} and Lady Alice Reynolds-Moreton,³⁶ on 19 Oct 1886 in Darlington, County Durham. Ethel was born on 1 Nov 1868 in Montreal, Quebec, Canada, died on 22 Oct 1941 in Headlam Hall, Gainford, County Durham at age 72, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: Miriam Blanche, Joseph, and Faith Muriel.

8-Hon. Miriam Blanche Pease^{73,178,191,192} was born on 22 Aug 1887 in London and died on 30 Jan 1965 at age 77.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in 37 Chester Row, London.
- She worked as a Deputy Superintendent, Midland Division, HM Inspectorate of Factories.
- She had a residence in North Berwick, Scotland.

8-Maj. Joseph Pease 2nd Baron Gainford^{178,191,193} was born on 8 Mar 1889 in Hutton Hall, Guisborough, Yorkshire, died on 23 Sep 1971 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll at age 82, and was buried in Carsaig Cemetery, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Ouaker.
- He was educated at Eton College.
- He worked as an officer of the Lovat Scouts 1914 To 1918.
- He worked as an Engineer.
- He had a residence in Swale House, Richmond, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.
- He had a residence in Duntaynish, Tayvallich, Argyll.

Joseph married Veronica Margaret Noble,^{178,191,193} daughter of Sir George John William Noble 2nd Bt. and Mary Ethel Walker-Waters, on 3 Feb 1921 in London. Veronica was born on 3 Mar 1900, died on 5 Nov 1995 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll at age 95, and was buried in Carsaig Cemetery, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll. They had three children: Joseph Edward, George, and John Michael.

General Notes: Veronica, Lady Gainford; born March 3, 1900, died November 6, 1995 VERONICA Gainford, had a remarkable memory - what sometimes seemed like total recall; of the books she read, of the volumes of poetry she learnt as a girl, of the appearance of the world in which she grew up and of public events throughout this century. It is difficult to conceive that an event as utterly remote as the death of Edward VII in 1910 could be vividly recalled by someone alive until ``yesterday''; or the sinking of the Titanic, or seeing Pavlova dance and theatre productions by Granville Barker. Memories of being taken as a little girl to call on Florence Nightingale, of having Baden-Powell as a god-father; of being taught to fly by Val Baker, who also taught Amy Johnson. She recounted her childhood and youth in a compelling memoir privately published in 1992. She was the only child of Sir George Noble, 2nd Baronet of Ardmore and Ardarden, elder son of Sir Andrew Noble, who came from Dunbartonshire and who became chairman of Armstrong Whitworth on the Tyne. Her mother, Molly Waters, was one of a large Irish family; another of the girls married George Noble's younger brother John. Veronica Noble grew up with lots of cousins and her descriptions of life in the large houses of well-to-do Edwardians make fascinating reading, particularly her accounts of holidays spent at her grandfather's houses, Jesmond outside Newcastle and Ardkinglas on the shores of Loch Fyne. "Twelve Nobles are always talking at once, six can't hear and the other six won't listen," she said described fairly well the family meals. Her parents seem to have believed in education, even for a girl, and she had a succession of governesses as well as attending St Paul's and the famous Northlands, kept by Sophy Weisse, a woman of German extraction who had been at school with Robert Louis Stevenson and whose father had settled in Edinburgh as the ``only truly liberal town" in Europe. At Northlands games were not of high importance but Ellen Terry came to talk about Shakespeare and Mme Suggia to play her cello. The First World War spelled the end of a certain way of life but in 1919 George Noble took his daughter by air to Paris in a Handley Page bomber done up to accommodate passengers with mauve satin brocade and wicker armchairs. During the war, at the age of 17, she had learnt to drive a car and in 1916 got to ride in one of the first tanks, made at the Armstrong factory at Elswick. She also learned dairy farming, book binding, spinning, embroidery, and knitting; her knitting skills were exceptional, as was her knowledge of the traditional Highland crafts. Later she collected and published a book of patterns for kilt hose which ran to four editions and has now been taken over and re-published by enthusiasts in the United States. Following her marriage in 1921 to Joseph Pease, of the Yorkshire mine-owning family, whose forebear had backed George Stephenson's Stockton and Darlington Railway, she went to live in Yorkshire at Swale, Richmond. Her three sons were born in 1921, 1926, and 1930, and family life was combined with what sounds like a somewhat hectic social whirl, revolving round the racing calendar and the sporting seasons. Veronica herself enjoyed fishing, stalking, and swimming. In 1935, while staying at Glen Fyne Lodge for the fishing she saw, fell in love with, and bought Taynish near Tayvallich and by the autumn she and her family had moved in. They lived in this magic place until the terrible fire in 1955; three miles of pot-holed track to the nearest telephone didn't help extinguish the flames quickly. After the Second World War the two older Pease boys resumed their studies in Edinburgh and visits to Taynish became a keenly anticipated pleasure for their friends. Joe (who succeeded to the title in 1943) and Veronica Gainford worked very hard to provide a warm welcome, plentiful home-grown food, including milk, eggs and vegetables, and endless activity and laughter. Changed circumstances and post-war austerity had not diminished the skills of such generous hosts. Veronica Gainford took an active part in the life of the village and country during the 60 years she lived there. She was a member of the central council of the SWRI for many years and for a period chairman of the Argyll federation. Later she published a book on Tayvallich and Taynish which is a mine of information on local history, families, farming, buildings, flora and fauna. The Taynish peninsula itself is one of the largest remaining oak woods left in Britain. Much of it was acquired by Scottish National Heritage and since 1977 has been run as a national nature reserve. Veronica Gainford had friends of all ages and a wide range of interests. She loved company but needed solitude for spiritual nourishment. For a number of years she was interested in the teachings of Ouspensky and the ideas of the great Jesuit palaeontologist Teilhard de Chardin. Until last year she made an annual visit to Iona; in the special qualities of the island she found spiritual and physical replenishment. She asserted that after being there a few days she could walk right across the hilly island which she couldn't do on arrival! In her 80's she took part in a 12-mile sponsored walk from Lochgilphead to Tayvallich. She led the reels at her crowded 90th birthday party and we were all confidently looking forward to her 100th. Only a few days before her death she was alert and enjoying a dram and a joke with friends or relatives but her 20-year battle against cancer was finally lost on November 6. The Herald. 2 Dec 1995

For several years, from the time when I took over the Kinloch Hotel on the Isle of Mull in January 1991, Veronica would stay with me; principally as a member of the family and treated as such, but with the respect accorded to a guest. This would also incorporate a visit to the Isle of Iona where she would also stay. I would only say that she was a delightful and fascinating lady, for whom I had the utmost respect and my remembrance of her, is one of great affection and delight. She had stayed here before, in the days when Frank and Shelagh Bennett owned it. I too had stayed here at a

later time, before ever supposing that one day it would be my home. Charles E. G. Pease

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Taigh na Seanamhair, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll.

9-Joseph Edward Pease 3rd Baron Gainford^{69,191} was born on 25 Dec 1921 in London and died on 4 Apr 2013 in Marlow, Buckinghamshire at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at West Downs Preparatory School in Winchester, Hampshire.
- He was educated at Eton College in 1934-1937.
- He was educated at Gordonstoun in 1938.
- He was awarded with FRGS.
- He worked as a Served as Sergeant with the RAFVR in 1941-1946.
- He worked as a Surveyor. Hunting Aerosurveys Ltd. In 1947.
- He worked as a surveyor with the Directorate of Colonial Surveys in 1951.
- He worked as a Surveyor. Soil Mechanics Ltd. In 1953.
- He worked as a President of the 230 Squadron Association.

Joseph married Margaret Theophila Radcliffe Tyndale,^{69,191} daughter of Henry Edmund Guise Tyndale and Ruth Isabel Walcott Radcliffe, on 21 Mar 1953 in London. Margaret was born on 28 Jan 1925 in London and died on 14 Dec 2010 at age 85. They had two children: Joanna Ruth Miriam and Virginia Claire Margaret.

10-Hon. Joanna Ruth Miriam Pease

10-Hon. Virginia Claire Margaret Pease

9-George Pease 4th Baron Gainford

George married Flora Daphne Dyce-Sharp,⁶⁹ daughter of Dr. Neville Alexander Dyce-Sharp and Flora MacDonald, on 18 Jan 1958 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Flora was born on 23 Nov 1924 in London and died on 3 Dec 2010 in Naemoor Gardens, Rumbling Bridge, Kinross at age 86. They had four children: Olivia Daphne, Adrian Christopher, Matthew Edward, and Samantha Rachel.

10-Hon. Olivia Daphne Pease

Olivia married Dr. Stephen Langford, son of Roy Langford. They had two children: Rachel Veronica and Esther Rebecca.

11-Rachel Veronica Langford

Rachel married Luke Catley. They had one daughter: Hannah.

12-Hannah Catley

11-Esther Rebecca Langford

10-Hon. Adrian Christopher Pease

10-Hon. Matthew Edward Pease

Matthew married Barbara Griffiths, daughter of E. R. John Griffiths. They had four children: Felix George, Clara Jutta, Verity Flora, and Silas John.

11-Felix George Pease

11-Clara Jutta Pease

11-Verity Flora Pease

11-Silas John Pease

10-Hon. Samantha Rachel Pease

Samantha married Peter Baker. They had one daughter: Nicola.

11-Nicola Baker

9-Hon. John Michael Pease^{69,191,193} was born on 22 Sep 1930 in London and died on 4 Jun 2007 at age 76.

General Notes: It is strange how the passage of years comes to explain aspects of the past. In June 1016, still reeling from the death of my beloved Theresa, I found myself helping to manage her veterinary practice, here on the Isle of Mull, I had the pleasure of meeting Margaret Lister, a locum veterinary surgeon, who gave some of her time to assist the practice. Her home was near Lochgilphead, and recalled John Pease well, the more especially when he was both a child and a young man. She spoke well and spoke kindly of him. Such seems the perfect epitaph that we all might claim in our actions. I am always comforted by the thought that I live in a small world.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wester Elchies Prep School in Aberlour, Moray, Scotland.
- He was educated at Gordonstoun.

John married Margaret Shaw,⁶⁹ daughter of Duncan F. Shaw, on 1 Jun 1962. The marriage ended in divorce in 1997. Margaret died on 24 Nov 2006 in Oban, Argyll and was buried on 2 Dec 2006 in Taynish, Tayvallich, Lochgilphead, Argyll. They had three children: David Michael, Andrew Joseph, and Daniel John.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1997.

10-David Michael Pease

David married Pauline Reid. They had two children: Victoria Helena and Emily Iona.

- 11-Victoria Helena Pease
- 11-Emily Iona Pease

10-Andrew Joseph Pease

10-Daniel John Pease

Daniel married Joanne McBrearty. They had three children: Tianna Trinity, Cairn Macaulay, and Senan Isaac.

- 11-Tianna Trinity Pease
- 11-Cairn Macaulay Pease
- 11-Senan Isaac Pease

8-Hon. Faith Muriel Pease^{178,191} was born on 4 Jun 1902 in London and died on 15 Feb 1935 in London at age 32.

Faith married Major Michael Wentworth Beaumont,^{77,191} son of Hon. Hubert George De Burgh Beaumont and Elisa Mercedes Grace, on 29 Feb 1924. Michael was born on 8 Feb 1903 and died on 19 Dec 1958 in Harristown House, Brannockstown, Co. Kildare at age 55. They had one son: Timothy Wentworth.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a MP Aylesbury.
- He had a residence in Wotton House, Wotton Underwood, Buckinghamshire.

9-Rev'd. The Rt. Hon. Timothy Wentworth Beaumont 1st Baron Beaumont was born on 22 Nov 1928 in London and died on 8 Apr 2008 at age 79.

General Notes: The Rev. The Rt. Hon. Timothy Beaumont. Lord Beaumont

Timothy married Mary Rose Wauchope, daughter of Lt. Col. Charles Edward Wauchope and Elaine Margaret Armstrong-Jones. They had four children: Hubert Wentworth, Alaric Charles Wentworth, Atalanta Armstrong, and Ariadne Grace.

10-Hon. Hubert Wentworth Beaumont

Hubert married Katherine Emma Abel-Smith, daughter of Col. Richard Francis Abel-Smith and Marcia Kendrew. They had four children: Amelia May, George Wentworth, Richard Christian, and Michael Patrick.

11-Amelia May Beaumont

Amelia married Simon Peregrine Gauvain Murray, son of Ormiston Gauvain Nigel Murray and Shirley Arbuthnot. They had two children: Matilda Alice and Archibald Peregrine.

12-Matilda Alice Murray

12-Archibald Peregrine Murray

11-George Wentworth Beaumont

George married Katherine Hannah F. Fitzpatrick.

11-Richard Christian Beaumont

11-Michael Patrick Beaumont

Hubert next married Noella Murphy. They had one daughter: Isobella.

11-Isobella Beaumont

10-Hon. Alaric Charles Wentworth Beaumont was born on 22 Apr 1958 in Hong Kong, China and died on 2 Dec 1980 in Road Accident at age 22.

10-Hon. Atalanta Armstrong Beaumont

Atalanta married Dr. Stephen Francis Bungay. They had two children: Felix Nicholas and Caspar Stephen.

11-Felix Nicholas Bungay

11-Caspar Stephen Bungay

10-Hon. Ariadne Grace Beaumont

Ariadne married Mario Calvo-Platero, son of Guido Calvo-Platero. They had three children: Oliver Guido, Milo Alaric, and Clio.

11-Oliver Guido Calvo-Platero

11-Milo Alaric Calvo-Platero

11-Clio Calvo-Platero

7-Maud Mary Pease^{9,73} was born on 18 Jul 1862 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 28 Feb 1947 in Pinchinthorpe, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 84, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Helen Blanche Pease^{9,36,73,95} was born on 18 Nov 1865 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 16 Mar 1951 in Darlington, County Durham at age 85, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Helen married **Edward Lloyd Pease**,^{14,73,95,121} son of **Henry Pease**^{8,9,10,14,41,82,95,121,130,194,195} and **Mary Lloyd**,^{8,9,10,14,95,121,195} on 15 Jan 1890 in FMH Guisborough. Edward was born on 4 Mar 1861 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Mar 1934 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 73, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: **Michael Lloyd, Cyril, Mary Cecilia, Henry Alfred, Robert**, and **Helen Maud**.

General Notes: Pease, Edward Lloyd.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 1, 1880. [2nd] s. of Henry [M.P.], of Pierremont, Darlington [by his 2nd wife, Mary, dau. of Samuel Lloyd, of Wednesbury].
B. there [Mar. 4], 1861.
School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough.
Matric. Michs. 1880; B.A. 1884.
A Director of Pease and Partners, Ltd.; etc.
Of Hurworth Moor, Darlington.
Married, 1890, his cousin, Helen Blanche, dau. of Sir Joseph W. Pease, 1st Bart., of Hutton Hall, Guisborough.
Died Mar. 15, 1934.
Brother of John F. (1884). (Burke, L.G.; The Times, Mar. 16, 1934.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Partner in Ashmore, Benson, Pease & Co. In Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of the Weardale Steel, Coal, & Coke Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the Cargo Fleet Iron Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.

8-Michael Lloyd Pease was born on 10 Jan 1891 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1968 at age 77, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a member of the Cargo Fleet Iron Company in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

8-Cyril Pease was born on 11 Dec 1891 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Jul 1950 in London at age 58, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

8-Mary Cecilia Pease^{6,102} was born on 12 Dec 1892 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Jul 1975 in 20 Bridge Road, Blackwell, Darlington, County Durham at age 82.

9-Dorothy Helen Mounsey was born on 10 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Jul 2012 in Darlington, County Durham at age 89, and was buried on 27 Jul 2012 in Memorial meeting, FMH Darlington.

9-Priscilla Mary Mounsey

10-Richard John Nunn

G Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. vell, Darlington, County Durham at age 82. d was buried on 27 Jul 2012 in Memorial

9-Anthony Edward Mounsey

10-Anthony Michael Mounsey

10-Nicola Marian Mounsey

9-David Reginald Mounsey

10-Helen Margaret Mounsey

10-Catherine Mary Mounsey

9-Margaret Lucy Mounsey

10-Christopher David Woodford Pratt

10-Rosemary Priscilla Pratt

8-Henry Alfred Pease was born on 24 Apr 1894 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 4 Nov 1926 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 32, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

8-Robert Pease was born on 12 Jun 1898 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Oct 1937 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 39, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

8-Helen Maud Pease was born on 8 May 1901 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 Sep 1929 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 28, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Lucy Ethel Pease^{9,34,73,95,180,196} was born on 12 Jul 1867 in Woodlands, Darlington, County Durham, died on 24 Jul 1940 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 73, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

General Notes: Mrs. Gerald Buxton on "Phroso" is another of those who are able to share the pleasures of Fox-hunting with a partner equally fond of it. She has inherited all the love of the sport which runs in the Pease family, and is sister to Mr. A. E. Pease, who wrote the "History of the Cleveland Hounds" and other sporting books, and of Mr. J. A. Pease. Both brothers have won the House of Commons Point-to-Point. "Phroso," the animal upon which she is depicted, is a fair type of the class of horse which, with perfect seat and good hands, she rides with so much judgment and discretion with hounds.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with OBE.

Lucy married **Gerald Buxton**,^{34,36,73,95,180,196,197} son of **Edward North Buxton**^{73,197} and **Emily Digby**, on 3 Dec 1890 in Guisborough, Yorkshire. Gerald was born on 30 Oct 1862 in Knighton, Buckhurst Hill, Essex, died on 2 Mar 1928 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 65, and was buried on 6 Mar 1928 in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex. They had four children: **Blanche Emily, Edward North, Rebekah Mary**, and **Joseph Alfred**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP. DL.

• He resided at Birch Hall in Theydon Bois, Essex.

8-Blanche Emily Buxton was born on 15 Nov 1891 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died in 1971 at age 80, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

8-Lt. Col. Edward North Buxton³⁴ was born on 7 Feb 1894 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 10 Sep 1957 in London at age 63.

Edward married Sybil O'Neill,³⁴ daughter of Hon. Arthur Edward Bruce O'Neill and Lady Annabel Hungerford Crewe-Milnes, on 6 Jun 1924 in London. Sybil was born on 15 Dec 1902 and died on 26 Jul 1946 in High Beech, Loughton at age 43. They had two children: Morna Annabel and Mark Gerald Edward North.

9-Morna Annabel Buxton

Morna married **Dr. Clive Ernest Arkle**, son of **Alexander Septimus Arkle** and **Lilian Octavia Glynn**, on 3 Feb 1951 in High Beech, Essex. Clive was born on 11 Jun 1922 in Liverpool and died in 1991 at age 69. They had four children: **Alexander Edward Buxton**, **Bridget Aycliffe Buxton**, **Alwyn Gerald Buxton**, and **Ann Daphne Buxton**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB.
- He worked as a Surgeon.

10-Alexander Edward Buxton Arkle

10-Bridget Aycliffe Buxton Arkle

10-Alwyn Gerald Buxton Arkle

10-Ann Daphne Buxton Arkle

Ann married Stephen Derek Pitts.

9-Mark Gerald Edward North Buxton

Mark married Leucha Daphne Mary Warner, daughter of Col. Sir Edward Courtenay Thomas Warner 2nd Bt. and Hon. Nesta Douglas-Pennant, on 19 Jul 1962. Leucha was born on 24 Jan 1929 and died on 7 Feb 2012 at age 83. They had two children: Edward North and Terence Mark.

10-Edward North Buxton

Edward married Fiona Helen Shaw, daughter of E. Nicholas Shaw, in 1992. Fiona died on 17 Jun 2014. They had one son: Nicholas Edward North.

11-Nicholas Edward North Buxton

10-Terence Mark Buxton

Edward next married Daphne Rosemary Munro, daughter of H. N. Munro.

8-Rebekah Mary Buxton¹⁹⁶ was born on 21 Jan 1900 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 24 Jul 1985 at age 85.

Rebekah married **Col. Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke**,¹⁹⁶ son of **Col. Stephenson Robert Clarke**¹⁹⁶ and **Edith Gertrude Godman**,¹⁹⁶ on 15 Dec 1921 in Theydon Bois, Essex. Ralph was born on 17 Aug 1892 in London and died on 19 May 1970 in Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex at age 77. They had three children: **Anne Stephenson, Robert Nunn Stephenson**, and **Simon Edward Stephenson**.

General Notes: Colonel Sir Ralph Stephenson Clarke held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.). He graduated with a Master of Arts (M.A.). He was invested as a Knight Commander, Order of the British Empire (K.B.E.). He was decorated with the award of Territorial Decoration (T.D.). He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) (Conservative) for East Grinstead between 1936 and 1955. Will was proved 10th June 1971DL (1932), Lord of the Manor of Briddlesford and Wootton, and Patron of the living of Shanklin, Isle of Wight, memb E Sussex CC from 1934, Alderman 1953, chm 1958-61, MP for East Grinstead div. of E Sussex 1936-55, Col TA, late Lt-Col cmdg 98th (Surrey and Sussex Yeo), Q.MO Field Bde RA, TA, served in WW I 1914-19 (wounded), and in WW I 1939-44 (despatches), Hon Col 344th (Sussex Yeo), L.AA/S.L. Regt, RA, TA 1947-58, Citizen and Clothworker of London (Assistant from 1949, Master 1962-63)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL MP.
- He was educated at Eton.
- He resided at Borde Hill in Cuckfield, Haywards Heath, West Sussex.
- He resided at Brook House in Ardingly, Sussex.
- He worked as a MP East Grinstead 1936 To 1955.

9-Anne Stephenson Clarke¹⁹⁶ was born on 1 Mar 1923 and died on 13 Oct 1967 at age 44.

9-Robert Nunn Stephenson Clarke¹⁹⁶ was born on 17 Apr 1925 in London and died in 1987 at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

• He resided at Hoathly Hill in West Hoathly, Crawley, Sussex.

Robert married Juana Nidia Gereth Bickersteth-Wheeler,¹⁹⁶ daughter of Lt. Col. John Bickersteth-Wheeler and Bianca Santhez Lozano Hidalgo Vergara, on 23 Apr 1949 in Highbrook, Sussex. The marriage ended in divorce in 1967. Juana was born on 9 Jun 1928 in Santiago, Chile, died on 8 Apr 2013 in Halliwell Care Home, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 84, and was buried on 25 Apr 2013 in All Saints', Highbrook, West Sussex. They had three children: Marylynn Jane Stephenson, Roland Rafael, and Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with RCM (Hon).

10-Marylynn Jane Stephenson Clarke

10-Roland Rafael Clarke

Roland married Joanna.

10-Andrewjohn Patrick Stephenson Clarke

Andrewjohn married Eleni Charalambos. They had one daughter: Jay Robin Stephenson.

11-Jay Robin Stephenson Clarke

9-Capt. Simon Edward Stephenson Clarke¹⁹⁶ was born on 5 Sep 1926 in London and died on 12 Nov 2001 at age 75.

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Sandown House in Sandown, Isle of Wight, Hampshire.
- He resided at Manor House in Lindfield, West Sussex.

Simon married Jill Maureen Voss,¹⁹⁶ daughter of Harry Voss and Doris Diana Looms, on 21 Oct 1953 in London. Jill was born on 10 Mar 1927 in London and died in 1996 at age 69. They had four children: Christopher Stephenson, Caroline Stephenson, Alison Stephenson, and Rupert Stephenson.

Marriage Notes: 1952 also given

10-Christopher Stephenson Clarke¹⁹⁶ was born on 7 Dec 1954 in London and died on 27 Sep 2018 in Isle of Wight, Hampshire at age 63.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Cridmore Farm, St Helens, Newport, Isle Of Wight.

Christopher married someone. He had one daughter: Rebecca.

11-Rebecca Clarke

Christopher married Jan. They had two children: Edward and Alexandra.

11-Edward Clarke

11-Alexandra Clarke

10-Caroline Stephenson Clarke

Caroline married Hugo Bertram De Klee, son of Col. Murray Peter De Klee and Angela Moira Jean Stormonth-Darling. They had seven children: Elizabeth Storm, Katherine Emma, Thomas Bertram, Patrick Edward, George Frederick, Nicholas Alexander, and James Henry.

11-Elizabeth Storm De Klee

Elizabeth married William Oliver Franks, son of Ronald J. Franks and Carol M. Nichols. They had two children: Hugo Stormonth and Rafferty Stormonth.

12-Hugo Stormonth Franks

12-Rafferty Stormonth Franks

11-Katherine Emma De Klee

11-Thomas Bertram De Klee

11-Patrick Edward De Klee

11-George Frederick De Klee

11-Nicholas Alexander De Klee

11-James Henry De Klee

10-Alison Stephenson Clarke

10-Rupert Stephenson Clarke¹⁹⁶ was born on 20 Nov 1959 in London and died on 25 Jul 1986 at age 26.

General Notes: Died by suicide

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Farmer in Cridmore Farm, Chillerton, Newport, Isle of Wight.

8-Joseph Alfred Buxton was born on 22 Jan 1904 in Theydon Bois, Essex, died on 9 Oct 1913 in Theydon Bois, Essex at age 9, and was buried in St. Mary's churchyard, Theydon Bois, Essex.

7-Agnes Claudia Fox Pease^{9,73} was born on 14 Apr 1870 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London and died on 22 Jan 1955 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 84.

General Notes: 14 April 1870, Thurs: An active night having to send for Dr. Hewitt and Mrs Smith, however all went on well and at about 3.35 a little girl was born, (Agnes Claudia Fox Pease), Minnie being much less exhausted than I have usually seen her. The Dr. left about 5 o'clock and I laid down beside her and we both slept for an hour or two. I then got up and saw Joshua Fayle; Alfred, Albert, Blanche, Ethel off to King's Cross - telegraphed to Newcastle, Cornwall & Darlington; wrote letters, rode with Effie and had a good afternoon's rest by Minnie - she seemed going on very well. The *Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt. (Unpublished)*

Agnes married Alfred Wilson,^{9,10} son of John Edward Wilson^{8,9,128} and Catharine Stacey,^{8,9,128} on 29 Nov 1898 in FMH Guisborough. Alfred was born on 13 Nov 1865 in Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 25 Apr 1924 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 58. They had eight children: Alfred Peter, Catherine Claudia, Marjorie Mary, Joy, Deborah Pease, (No Given Name), Edith Violet, and Noel John.

General Notes: Fri 25 April 1924 - Claudia's husband Alfred Wilson died this night very suddenly from pelvic aneurism after a few hour's illness - she found him dead in bed beside her -He was a very serious & devoted Christian, rather severe in his attitude to things generally but a fine character & a great naturalist – his knowledge of British Birds was thorough. Mon 28 April 1924 - I went to Edgbaston meeting Blanche en route was met at Birmingham by Maud - we went to stay at the Tangyer (sic) [Tangyes?] - Claudia very brave & herself, Ethel there – I enjoyed meeting all Claudia's children – Peter pleased me very much indeed & they are all dear young people - As Alfred was cremated there was no funeral & it was a little curious having nothing of the sort & no grave nor point of contact with his death – On Tuesday there was a meeting corresponding with a Memorial Service – I thought rather a distressing ordeal – one walked in midst stares & silence, did not know what or when anything would happen - & a long meeting with persons saying what they chose to say, go as you please & it included a woman relating some spook experience - Quaker weddings & funerals are not nice - Ethel sat by me & hated it – I got home to Betty & Anne on the 30th

The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at Mason College, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Longfield, Alvechurch, Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

8-Alfred Peter Wilson^{9,198,199} was born on 28 Sep 1899 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1912-1917 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1919.
- He worked as a Chemical Manufacturer.

Alfred married Winifred Alice Bedwell,^{9,198,199,200} daughter of Lt. Col. Edward Parker Bedwell and Anna Elizabeth Storrs, on 5 Jul 1927 in St. James, Spanish Place, London. Winifred was born on 19 Jul 1906 in Exeter, Devon.

Marriage Notes: WILSON-BEDWELL.-On July 5th, in London, Alfred Peter Wilson (1912-1917), to Winifred Bedwell, of London. **GOLDEN WEDDING**

WILSON-BEDWELL.-On 5th July, 1927, at St. James, Spanish Place, London, Alfred Peter Wilson (1912-17) to Winifred Alice Bedwell.

8-Catherine Claudia Wilson⁹ was born on 9 Jun 1901 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Catherine married John Charles Newport Eppstein,⁹ son of Rev. Dr. William Charles Eppstein and Margaret Beatrice Bolton, in 1922. John was born on 26 May 1895 in Reading, Berkshire. They had three children: John Sebastian Bolton, Peter Maurice Pease, and Michael Myles Wallis.

General Notes: Chevalier of the Order of Leopold. John Charles Newport Eppstein, Honorary Captain, American Red Cross, Director for Belgium.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of the British Society for International Understanding in 1953.

9-John Sebastian Bolton Eppstein

9-2nd Lieut. Peter Maurice Pease Eppstein was born on 14 Dec 1926 in Reading, Berkshire, died on 1 Nov 1947 in Gibraltar. (Drowned at sea) at age 20, and was buried in Brookwood Memorial, Woking, Surrey. Panel 2. Column 2.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

9-Michael Myles Wallis Eppstein

Michael married Margaret Anne Searle, daughter of George Herbert Searle and Kathleen Cecila Abrahams.

8-Marjorie Mary Wilson⁹ was born on 7 Dec 1903 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

8-Joy Wilson⁹ was born on 29 Jan 1907 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 13 Mar 1980 at age 73.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.

Joy married **Dr. John Peregrine Francis Lloyd**,⁹ son of **John Eliot Howard Lloyd**⁹ and **Florence Louise Armstrong**,⁹ on 18 Aug 1932 in Barnt Green, Birmingham, Warwickshire. John was born on 24 Aug 1907 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 19 Dec 1985 at age 78. They had three children: **Antony John Eliot, Kerin Howard Seton**, and **Diana Armstrong Pease**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB FRCS.
- He worked as an Opthalmic Surgeon.
- He had a residence in Waterstock Close, Waterstock, Wheatley, Oxfordshire.

9-Antony John Eliot Lloyd

Antony married Helen Jean. They had two children: Fiona Caroline and Simon John Eliot.

10-Fiona Caroline Lloyd

10-Simon John Eliot Lloyd

9-Kerin Howard Seton Lloyd

Kerin married Wendy Susan Lee Boyd, daughter of Winnett Boyd.

9-Diana Armstrong Pease Lloyd

Diana married Lars Sederholm. They had three children: Tina, Annelisa, and Annika.

10-Tina Sederholm

10-Annelisa Sederholm

10-Annika Sederholm

8-Deborah Pease Wilson^{9,10,77,177,201} was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died in 1986 at age 76.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Roman Catholic.
- She had a residence in Minia, Livesey Road, Ludlow, Shropshire.

Deborah married **Prof. Arthur Hilary Armstrong**,^{9,10,77,177,201} son of **Rev. William Alexander Armstrong**^{10,201,202} and **Emily Mary Cripps**,^{10,201,202} on 29 Aug 1933 in Warwickshire. Arthur was born on 13 Aug 1909 in 56 Tisbury Road, Hove, Sussex and died on 16 Oct 1997 in General Hospital, Hereford, Herefordshire at age 88. They had five children: **Christopher John Richard, Orfilia Bridget Mary, Moreen Teresa Catherine, Julian Peter Benedict**, and **Agnes Nicolette**.

General Notes: Emeritus Professor: University of Liverpool, since 1972; Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, since 1983 EDUCATION Lancing Coll.; Jesus Coll., Cambridge (MA)

CAREER Asst Lectr in Classics, University Coll., Swansea, 1936–39; Professor of Classics, Royal University of Malta, Valletta, 1939–43; Classical VIth Form Master, Beaumont Coll., Old Windsor, Berks, 1943–46; Lectr in Latin, University Coll., Cardiff, 1946–50; Gladstone Professor of Greek, Univ. of Liverpool, 1950–72; Vis. Prof. of Classics and Phil., Dalhousie Univ., Halifax, NS, 1972–83. Killam Sen. Fellow, Dalhousie Univ., 1970–71

PUBLICATIONS The Architecture of the Intelligible Universe in the Philosophy of Plotinus, 1940, repr. 1967 (French trans. with new preface, 1984); An Introduction to Ancient Philosophy, 1947 (American edn, 1949, 4th edn, 1965, last repr. 1981); Plotinus, 1953 (American edn, 1963); Christian Faith and Greek Philosophy (with R. A. Markus), 1960 (American edn, 1964); Plotinus I-VII (Loeb Classical Library), 1966–88; Cambridge History of Later Greek and Early Mediæval Philosophy (Editor and part author), 1967, repr. 1970; St Augustine and Christian Platonism, 1968; Plotinian and Christian Studies, 1979; Classical Mediterranean Spirituality (Vol. 15 of World Spirituality) (Editor and part author), 1986; Hellenic and Christian Studies, 1990; contribs to Classical Qly, JI Hellenic

Studies, Jl Theological Studies, etc.

Armstrong, (Arthur) Hilary (1909–1997), classical scholar, was born on 13 August 1909 at 56 Tisbury Road, Hove, Sussex, the son of William Alexander Armstrong, a Church of England priest, and his wife, Emily Mary, née Cripps. His father was a high-church tory, and Armstrong was given a devout Anglican education and a traditional classical education, which by his own reckoning he was one of the last to receive, at Lancing College and Jesus College, Cambridge. After graduation he became a librarian in the classics faculty library. He also became a convert to Roman Catholicism. On 29 August 1933 he married Deborah Pease (b. 1910/11), daughter of Alfred Wilson, a chemical manufacturer, from a family of midlands Quakers. They had two sons and three daughters. At Cambridge, Armstrong began working on the then most unfashionable ancient Greek 'mystic' Plotinus, the founder of Neoplatonism. In 1940 he published his pioneering work The Architecture of the Intelligible Universe in the Philosophy of Plotinus; in it he sought to establish that Plotinus was a philosopher on the level of Plato and Aristotle, who attempted to elucidate his meditative experience by means of rigorous philosophical argument. In 1936 he was appointed assistant lecturer in classics at University College, Swansea. The same year he showed in an article for the Classical Quarterly (in opposition to the French plotinisant E. Brehier) that Plotinus's philosophy did not derive from Indian thought, but could be completely understood through the Hellenic tradition. From 1939 to 1943 Armstrong was professor of classics at the University of Malta in Valletta. When Malta was besieged, a friend who was an Orthodox priest chanted Greek prayers during bombing raids, an experience that Armstrong still described in his late correspondence. After returning to Britain in 1943, he taught classics at Beaumont College, Windsor, until assuming a lectureship at Cardiff in 1946. In 1947 his influential An Introduction to Ancient Philosophy appeared; many years later it was still in print.

In 1950 Armstrong was appointed Gladstone professor of Greek at Liverpool University, where he remained until 1972. In this creative period his gift for scholarly collaboration led to the publication first of Christian Faith and Greek Philosophy (1960, with R. A. Markus), and secondly of the seminal Cambridge History of Later Greek and Early Medieval Philosophy (1967), which he edited and to which he contributed the chapter on Plotinus. Recommended to the Loeb Classical Library by his friend E. R. Dodds, he undertook the seven-volume English translation of Plotinus's Enneads; the first volume appeared in 1966 and the last in 1988, though completed long before that. It was a formidably learned accomplishment and a landmark of Neoplatonic scholarship. Better known on the continent than in England, Armstrong formed lasting friendships with P. Henry and R. Schwyzer, who produced the first critical text of Plotinus, from which he worked. In 1970 he was elected a fellow of the British Academy, an honour of which he was deeply proud.

This might have been enough for another scholar, but in 1972 Armstrong took early retirement from Liverpool to become visiting professor of classics at Dalhousie University in Halifax, Nova Scotia, a post he held until 1982. In this position he became a focal point for Neoplatonic scholars all over North America, whom he greatly influenced. He also helped to found the journal Dionysius, for the scholarly discussion of late Greek philosophy and Christianity. These years saw a prodigious output of articles, the editorship of Classical Mediterranean Spirituality (1986), and two collections of essays, Plotinian and Christian Studies (1979) and Hellenic and Christian Studies (1990). His article in the latter, 'The divine enhancement of earthly beauties', was perhaps the best introduction and analysis to date of Greek and Platonic religious/aesthetic sensibilities. A Festschrift in his honour, Neoplatonism and Christian Thought, was published in 1981. Significantly, Armstrong's growing disagreements with the Roman Catholic church led him eventually back into the Anglican church.

Armstrong 'kept the altars of Plotinus warm' (Eunapius, Lives of the Philosophers, 455.42) in an era when metaphysical ideas of any stripe were all but ridiculed in Anglo-American philosophical circles. In his later years the revival of mysticism and the lively interest in religious thought made his work more relevant than ever. In addition to his ground-breaking Neoplatonic scholarship, he wrote on the historical (and contemporary) problems of religious pluralism and tolerance. He was open to the valid religious expressions of other traditions. Temperamentally opposed to dogmatism, intolerance, or triumphalism of any kind, he insisted that 'it is permissible to disagree' on religious and philosophical issues, and said that the 'temple of Greco-Roman Isis' in our world that he would actively honour, if he should come upon it, would be a Hindu temple (personal knowledge).

Armstrong favoured the 'way of unsaying' or 'apophasis' commonly known as 'negative theology': the one (first principle, 'God') is not this, not that, and it is not not this, not not that. In the end all our formulations, including our negations, must be negated. Hence all dogmas were to him, at bottom, provisional. That they led to people getting hurt or killed was intolerable. The modern Christian, thought Armstrong, should be an 'idoloclast' but also an 'iconodule' (Armstrong, 'Negative theology', Plotinian and Christian Studies, 24, 1979, 189): the natural world is to be welcomed as a 'theophany' or image (icon) of the three transcendent Plotinian realities, one- intellect- soul. Furthermore, he considered the church's 'churchiness' and neglect of the natural world one of the culprits in the global environmental crisis.

Contemporary students of religion learned from Armstrong's notion that Neoplatonism, because of its compatibility, was of crucial importance in the philosophical discussions between east and west. Although involved in these and many other spiritual concerns, he eschewed the title of guru and always claimed to be 'of the college rather than of the coven' (personal knowledge). He was a generous friend to many of his students and colleagues, often helping them with their professional careers and engaging in lively personal and intellectual discussion. He was among the greatest of the 'Cambridge Platonists'.

Armstrong's creativity continued unabated after his retirement to Ludlow in Shropshire, and even after he suffered a stroke in 1989. Before this it remained hard to keep up with him on a vigorous walk around the countryside he loved, while he discussed the virtues of those Neoplatonists who gave a positive valuation to nature and to the body. He enjoyed gardening and proudly showed his flowers transplanted from the Black Sea area, a connection with ancient Greek Christianity. His taste in music ranged from early to late classical: his favourite composers were Monteverdi, Mozart, and Mahler. In the 1990s he continued to publish, and his correspondence with friends, scholars, and students never faltered. As his body declined he became frustrated by his increasing immobility; he loved to be taken out for a pub lunch. He died at the General Hospital, Hereford, on 16 October 1997, after another stroke. He was survived by his two sons, one a Church of England priest and the other a lawyer, and a daughter; his wife and two daughters predeceased him. Although a great reader of Plato's Phaedo on the immortality of the soul, and a Christian Platonist who had returned to the Church of England, he had come seriously to doubt the notion of personal survival.

Jay Bregman

Sources J. Bregman, 'Memorial: A. H. Armstrong', Alexandria, 5 (2000), 451–2 · J. Bregman, 'The contemporary Christian Platonism of A. H. Armstrong', Alexandria, 4 (1997), 181–95 · The Independent (22 Oct 1997) · The Guardian (20 Oct 1997) · The Times (5 Nov 1997) · WWW · personal knowledge (2004) · private information (2004) · b. cert. · m. cert. · d. cert. Wealth at death under £180,000: probate, 27 Jan 1998, CGPLA Eng. & Wales © Oxford University Press 2004–14

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Jay Bregman, 'Armstrong, (Arthur) Hilary (1909–1997)', Oxford Dictionary of National Biography, Oxford University Press, 2004 [http://www.oxforddnb.com/view/article/68471

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with Fellow of the British Academy.
- He was Roman Catholic.
- He worked as a Professor of Greek, Liverpool University in 1950-1972.

9-Rev. Dr. Christopher John Richard Armstrong

9-Orfilia Bridget Mary Armstrong was born on 26 Apr 1937 in Swansea, Glamorgan, Wales and died on 20 Jul 1954 at age 17.

9-Moreen Teresa Catherine Armstrong

9-Julian Peter Benedict Armstrong

9-Agnes Nicolette Armstrong

8-Wilson³⁶ was born on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Oct 1910 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham. (Stillborn).

General Notes: Wed October 5th 1910:- Claudia had twins a day or so ago, one still born - the other little girl & Claudia doing well. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Alfred wrote this, on the same day as his daughter Lavender's marriage to Sandy Medlicott

8-Edith Violet Wilson⁹ was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Edith married Michael Buffery, son of Frank Ernest Buffery and Lucy Newton. They had two children: Philip Michael and Anna Lucia.

9-Philip Michael Buffery

9-Anna Lucia Buffery

8-Noel John Wilson^{9,44,177} was born on 17 Dec 1912 in Woodcroft, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1922-1926 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1930 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Engineer.
- He was Jesuit.

6-Emma Gurney Pease was born on 17 Dec 1829 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 3 Jul 1895 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham at age 65, and was buried on 6 Jul 1895 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Jane Gurney and Emma Gurney, two maiden aunts aged 36 & 33 respectively in 1863. My father called them 'the girls' till death separated them in 1895 when Aunt Jane died. Aunt Emma died the following year at Southend, These two aunts 'ran' Southend for my grandfather, cared for him and provided for the large house's hospitality. Aunt Jane was large and handsome and given to poetry and serious pursuits and became a Minister in the Society of Friends. She was clever and had a natural gift of voice and language - dignified - very Protestant - read and believed 'The Times' daily, kept up a nice discipline and with Aunt Emma kept the house in perfect order and cleanliness and everything of the best. Aunt Emma was less austere and a jolly, stout, kind practical soul. Aunt Jane's laugh consisted mostly of a pretty smile and a long hiss - Aunt Emma's was almost a real one, but restrained to the extent that it made her eyes roll in her head with pleasure. They had good appetites, took chiefly carriage exercise, drank coffee and tea and kept up family 'Reading' in the evening with the servants after my grandfather's death. When these dear ladies died it was the end of Southend, and I am sure they have turned in their graves if they have heard that Southend is now a Popish Convent (Note JGP. and now, 2008, a hotel with 60 bedrooms viz:) Aunt Jane preached, and Aunt Emma practised charity - Aunt Jane was a little masculine sometimes in her dignity and would sit with legs crossed and show her white stockings! Uncle John Pease himself

the most elegant in language and the most eloquent in preaching used to say "for elegance and purity of diction, my niece Jane surpasses all" or words to this effect.

6-Rachel Pease^{8,9,10,29} was born on 15 Jun 1831 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 24 May 1912 in Rocklands, Tunbridge Wells, Kent at age 80.

General Notes: Rachel was the liveliest of my aunts and pretty when young and always good looking. She was a good painter of animals in oils, delighted in horses and riding - She married Charles Albert Leatham 6th March, 1851 and had one son who died when a baby and 5 daughters who all grew up and married. These five girls were our constant playmates as long as my father kept his house at Darlington (up to 1866-7) - My grandfather built Gunnergate Hall (*Note JGP. Middlesbrough and long since demolished [2008] to make way for a modern housing estate*) for my aunt and her husband, and it was completed for them by February, 1858. My uncle Albert Leatham lived up until then at Southwood Lawn near Middlesbro'- he was a clever Engineer - he died 11th March, 1858 (?& before) getting into Gunnergate Hall which was sold to Tom Vaughan, and on his failure sold to Bolckow and let to Sir Raylton Dixon - The last 15 or 20 years it has been empty until the present War (1917) when it is now a barracks -

Rachel Leatham married again 21st Sept 1875 William Fowler M.P. (His 3rd wife) and after his death she lived at Rocklands Nr Tunbridge Wells. She died there in 1912 at the age of 8-? (81) being the last of my father's family (like Gurney, Charles & Edward) she was deaf the latter part of her life - my father also was deaf the latter part of his life - this tendency comes with the Gurney cross.

After Aunt Leatham became a widow till 1875, she lived at Uplands, Darlington, built for her by her father.

14 August 1907:- Aunt William (Rachel) Fowler arrived for a few days visit. She is very deaf, very cheery & we enjoyed chatting together over old times - it was about 30 years ago she was last here! She is the only survivor of my father's generation & about 76 years old. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1858-1875 in Uplands, Darlington, County Durham.

Rachel married **Charles Albert Leatham**,^{8,9,123} son of **William Leatham**^{8,13,48,106,203} and **Margaret Walker**,^{8,13,48,106} on 6 Mar 1851 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Charles was born on 20 Sep 1825 in Heath, Wakefield, Yorkshire, died on 11 Mar 1858 in Ben Rhydding, Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire at age 32, and was buried on 16 Mar 1858 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had six children: **Rachel Mary, Emma, Margaret, Elizabeth, Jane Gurney**, and (**No Given Name**).

General Notes: **6 Mar 1858 (Sat):**so to Station and by train to Arthington (about 3 miles east of Otley), (travelled with W Skinner from Thirsk), thence by cab to Ben Rhydding. Shocked to find on arriving there that Charles Albert Leatham had shown decided mental aberrations during the day, the present seemed familiar to him, the past quite in clouds. Dr Macleod tried mustard poultices. He knew me perfectly, but it was very affecting to see the chaos of his mind as regards the past. Agreed with Dr Macleod to send for Caleb Williams through the night. **7 Mar 1858 (Sun):** After a night somewhat disturbed, being on the qui vive about poor Albert, was glad to find he had had a fair night and was much the same. Caleb Williams came about 9:30 and after consultations with McLeod (sic), told me that they considered it a most serious case "critical" they thought, that there was disease of the spinal cord which was of long standing, and from which arose that inertia which had grown upon him, and that tendency to require food. They were afraid that the case might terminate speedily with coma or convulsions, or that it might linger out into a state of chronic though gradual softening of the brain. Under these circumstances Dr Williams recommended nothing should be done for a few days until the symptoms were more developed one way or another, but his strength harboured as much as possible. Letters we sent to all his relations. I forwarded a parcel to Darlington begging my father and mother (what??). During the morning, four leeches were applied, two to his temples and obtained him some relief, but a mustard plaster down the spine at last gave him the the required ease which made the evening pass more easily.

8 Mar 1858 (Mon): With Albert early, found he'd passed a fair but restless night. He seemed in less pain but wandered more. Walked out to the racquet court with Rachel and Minnie then in again. My father and mother had arrived which was a great comfort. The day passed quietly with our dear patient. Joseph Gurney Barclay [1816-1899] came in the evening which was a great comfort to us all. [Joseph Gurney Barclay was married first in 1842 to. Mary Walker Leatham. She was sister to Charles Albert Leatham. She died 1848 and J G Barclay married 2ndly in 1857 to Margaret Exton.]
9 March 1858 (Tues): On going to see Albert this morning, found him sunk and low, in fact he seemed losing consciousness very fast. Dr MacLeod was evidently much alarmed. Caleb Williams was sent for to come with as little delay as possible. MacLeod proposed to my father to place a blister at the back of CAL's head. This was done. During the time that his hair was being removed, he took no notice at all. The Dr followed the blister with ½ grain of calomel every half hour for 12 hours. The treatment brought relief and during the evening and afternoon he recognised those around him and appeared much better. I went to bed arranging with Dr MacLeod, that I would sit up from 2 o'clock, he taking the watch till then. Caleb Williams came in the afternoon, approved of everything except the calomel.
10 Mar 1858 (Wed): Was called by Dr MacLeod at 2 o'clock, He said Albert was so nicely that I need not sit up. Went about 7 to Charles Albert Leatham; found him looking worse. He was more sunk, less connected in his wanderings. Staid (sic) a good deal with him till 12.30 when Ninnie and I left for home. The Drs evidently think much worse of him today. Met John and Margaret Elizabeth Bright's 2nd wife) on the road. Told them of the sad history. Chadwick of Leeds was sent for at the Leatham's suggestion. William Henry Leatham being too ill to come out & Margaret (Elizabeth) Leatham bad with a cold.

11 Mar 1858 (Thurs): The account this morning from Ben Rhydding is much the same as when we left......At 4 o'clock, parcel from Ben Rhydding arrived; the account as poor as can be, just alive, but in his last fatal sleep. Home to dinner after calling on my grandfather.

12 Mar 1858 (Fri): The a/c this morning of poor dear Albert as low as can be, hours only seemed to remain A telegraph about 10 o'clock. Charles Albert Leatham died last evening at 6 o'clock. It seems he had passed away most quietly, Elizabeth Bright and my father watching over him. Poor dear Rachel, how one feels for her! Walked round by Southend and Woodlands to communicate the sad tidings........ Isaac Wilson settled with John Harris, the feeling of sympathy with dear Rachel universal. Rachel seems to bear up well; calm. The remains were brought home at 8 o'clock and placed in the library. I sat awhile with Rachel who spoke freely of dear Albert , his illness, her fear &c. She hinted at her wish to live at Darlington & to give up her house at Gunnergate, poor child*[at this time aged 26]*

13 Mar 1858 (Sat): To Southend. The "shell" enclosing poor Albert's remains was opened, the whole expression pleasant, but the likeness to life gone. It is a touching sight to see a man thus taken in the very prime of life, leaving a little flock and a widow.

14 Mar 1858 (Sun): Up rather late. A breakfast thence to Southend. A nice morning sitting there, meditations on the fleeting nature of all earthly things, on poor, dear Rachel's desolation, on Albert's quiet, guarded walk. A few nice words from my father, then in garden with Rachel and Minnie. Alfred & Rachel (nee Barclay) Backhouse called. Beaumont (Pease) took him to see the remains, the features more sunk than yesterday - surely it is a teaching lesson. A walk, tea and to meeting. A few words in prayer from Uncle John. Read this afternoon letters of condolence to Southend. Very kind full expressions.

16 Mar 1858 (Tues): Monthly meeting and poor Albert's funeral day. A mild morning with some heavy rain. Went to Southend - left there 9:30. J G B [*Joseph Gurney Barclay 1816-1898 who 1st m. Mary Walker Leatham*] and Rachel [*Leatham, widow*] chief mourners - a long train of relations and a very long concourse of neighbours, Middlesbrough people, workmen and others. At the graveside, Cousin Katherine Backhouse said a few words, Aunt Pease offered up a prayer, the grave was exceedingly neat, firebricks and cement. At meeting a sermon from Uncle John "Who knoweth the things of a man &c"; Walked about the Southend grounds till dinner time, talking to John Bright &c John Fowler came down, he looks worn & thin . I doubt his making much progress with his affairs. Tea and an increase of company, the Gilkes', Isaac & Anna Wilson, Beaumont Pease &c. Had some talk with Isaac who is exceedingly kind. Read the 103rd Psalm then a sitting Katherine Backhouse said a few words, then Uncle John , glad to get home, soon to bed - on the whole a most quiet, comfortable day. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Ironmaster of Darlington and Middlesbrough.

• He had a residence in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

7-Rachel Mary Leatham⁹ was born on 8 Mar 1852 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 25 Jul 1933 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 81.

General Notes: 23 Oct 1873, Thurs : Travelled down to Middlesbro' with R achel Leatham; [his sister] she told me of Rachel Mary's engagement to a Mr Theobald Butler of Leeds, a thing that has been on the way for some time. Agreed to meet her at Hutton at 5.30. To Middlesbro' Estate office; went through various papers with Dunning & Ball and settled various matters. Home, then drafted letter from Rachel to Butler and worked till I was about tired. *The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Rachel married John Theobald Butler,⁹ son of John Octavius Butler and Anne Snowden, on 22 Apr 1874 in All Saints, Ennismore Gardens, London. John was born on 30 Jul 1843 in Kirkstall, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 6 Mar 1927 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 83. They had three children: Sybil Mary, Gwendolen Margaret, and Ormonde Beecroft Leatham.

Marriage Notes: **22** April 1874 Wed : Rachel Mary Leatham's wedding day, a beautiful day. To Church, a nice party there and at the Breakfast; Bridesmaids, Emma, Lizzie, Margaret & Jennie L & two Miss Butlers Leatham, a Mr Oatas best man; Alfred, young Leathams & grooms men. We had J oseph G urney Barclay, John & Mrs Bright, Edmund Backhouse, Juliet & Julie & Charlie, Col.& Mrs Ackroyd, Mr & Mrs Bolckow & c & c, sat down 50 and at dinner we again assembled 22 in number, in the meanwhile I had a drive in the park with the Leatham girls. The happy pair left about 3.20 o'clock. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

General Notes: "I cannot say what John Theobald Butler was doing at the time of his marriage in 1874, but he and his wife lived at Ayton Hall, Great Ayton, Middlesbrough until 1912. In that year they went to live at Saltburn-by-the-Sea and later removed to Cheltenham. Wilson Pease (a barrister) in an entry he made 8th Feb. 1893 said of Theobald that he, "...has no business & does nothing except occasionally write stories." (Sir Joseph Gurney Pease Bt. Notes)

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Writer.
- He resided at Ayton Hall before 1912 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Saltburn, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

8-Sybil Mary Butler was born on 16 Mar 1875 in Leeds, Yorkshire and died in 1966 in Exeter, Devon at age 91.

Sybil married Roland Stuart Turner, son of John Turner and Barbara Esther Shotbolt, on 21 Nov 1933 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. Roland was born on 24 Dec 1887 in Ipswich, Suffolk and died in 1981 in Shepway, Kent at age 94.

8-Gwendolen Margaret Butler was born on 7 Sep 1876 in Burley, Leeds, Yorkshire and died on 8 Jun 1957 in Brant Broughton at age 80.

8-Ormonde Beecroft Leatham Butler was born on 26 May 1880 in Torquay, Devon and died on 1 Nov 1946 in Oxford, Oxfordshire at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Engineer.

Ormonde married Maud Anne Butler, daughter of John Butler and Bertha Evena Leigh, on 8 Jul 1911 in London. Maud was born on 12 Jul 1882 in Bolton-le-Moors, Lancashire and died on 30 May 1930 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire at age 47.

7-Emma Leatham^{9,95} was born on 22 Feb 1853 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Jul 1925 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 72.

Emma married **Rev. Alfred Richardson**,^{9,95} son of **Joshua Pim Richardson**²⁰⁴ and **Susan Lecky Pim**,²⁰⁴ on 11 Aug 1875 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Alfred was born on 5 Feb 1853 in Lamberg, Co. Antrim and died on 22 Sep 1925 in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire at age 72. They had four children: Emma Muriel, Audrey Gurney, Frances Rachel, and Alfred Terence Leatham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Corfe Down, Bath.

8-Emma Muriel Richardson was born on 6 Oct 1878 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

8-Audrey Gurney Richardson⁹ was born on 13 Feb 1885 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire.

Audrey married Robert Walter Campbell Shelford,⁹ son of Thomas Shelford and Flora Hastings Lawrie, on 25 Jun 1908 in Bath, Somerset. Robert was born on 3 Aug 1872 in Singapore and died on 22 Jun 1912 in Margate, Kent at age 39.

General Notes: British entomologist and museum administrator and naturalist, with a special interest in entomology and insect mimicry; he specialised in cockroaches and also did some significant work on stick insects.

Noted events in his life were:

- · He worked as an Entomologist.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 7 Clarendon Villas, Oxford.

8-Frances Rachel Richardson was born on 6 Jan 1888 in Wells, Somerset and died on 22 Jan 1892 at age 4.

8-Capt. Alfred Terence Leatham Richardson was born on 12 Jun 1892 in Brislington, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 6 Nov 1917 in Palestine. In Action at age 25.

7-Margaret Leatham⁹ was born on 9 Apr 1854 in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died in Sep 1902 in Woking, Surrey at age 48.

Margaret married **Rev. William Macdonald Bottome**,^{9,95} son of **Rev. Dr. Francis Bottome** and **Margaret MacDonald**, on 27 Oct 1875 in Holy Trinity, Darlington, County Durham. Rev. was born on 8 Oct 1852 in Meridan, Connecticut, USA and died on 26 May 1913 in Bromley, Kent at age 60. They had five children: Margaret Wilmott, Mary Mcdonald, Christian Albert Leatham, Phyllis, and George MacDonald.

Marriage Notes: 27 Oct 1875, Wed: To Darlington with Minnie, Effie having gone up the night before to Margaret Leatham's wedding to William MacDonald Bottome which took place at Trinity Church by Mr Hughes; after it to Fothergill the dentist, then to Colliery meeting; prices lower a little; dinner, then to a cold collection at Rachel Fowler's, Uplands, pretty but cold & feelingless, a damp seemed on everyone. To Southend via Woodside with Kate, a gathering there, very pleasant. Home at 9.35 train. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Vicar of Over Stowey in Somerset.

8-Margaret Wilmott Bottome was born on 9 Nov 1876 in Manningham, Yorkshire and died on 25 Jan 1902 at age 25.

8-Mary Mcdonald Bottome was born on 21 Mar 1878 in Chertsey, Surrey.

8-Christian Albert Leatham Bottome was born on 28 Aug 1880 in Borstal, Rochester, Kent and died on 21 Feb 1881 in Borstal, Rochester, Kent.

8-Phyllis Bottome was born on 31 May 1882 in Borstal, Rochester, Kent and died on 22 Aug 1963 in London at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Novelist.

Phyllis married Capt. Alban Ernan Forbes Dennis, son of George Beauchamp Gore Dennis and Mary Forbes, on 31 Dec 1917 in Paris, France. Alban was born on 17 May 1884 in Bridgerule, Devon and died in Jul 1972 in Brighton, East Sussex at age 88.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They worked as a School-owners in Kitzbühel, Austria.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Diplomat in Marseilles, France.
- He worked as a MI6 Station officer in Vienna, Austria.

8-George MacDonald Bottome was born on 10 Sep 1887 in Fawley, Berkshire and died on 11 Jun 1972 at age 84.

George married Marjorie May Beall, daughter of Philip Libby Beall and Hannah Chew, on 11 Dec 1913 in Beckenham, Kent. Marjorie was born on 14 May 1886 in London and died on 15 Nov 1960 in Hook Heath at age 74. They had two children: Philip MacDonald and Nigel Leatham.

9-Philip MacDonald Bottome was born on 26 Sep 1914 in Bromley, Kent.

Philip married Vera Frances Locock, daughter of Sir Charles Bird Locock 3rd Bt. and Christine Maria Bennett. They had one daughter: Patricia Ann.

10-Patricia Ann Bottome

Philip next married Alice Mary Duckitt, daughter of William Ferdinand Duckitt and Alice Egidia Alston. They had one son: George Mcdonald.

10-George Mcdonald Bottome

9-Sqn. Ldr. Nigel Leatham Bottome was born on 21 Jun 1920 in Bromley, Kent, died on 14 Feb 2012 at age 91, and was buried on 1 Mar 2012 in St. John's Crematorium, Woking. Nigel married Barbara Muriel Jackman. They had one daughter: Judith Lee.

10-Judith Lee Bottome

7-Elizabeth Leatham³⁶ was born on 9 May 1855 in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 23 May 1930 in Bletchley, Buckinghamshire at age 75.

General Notes: 29 Aug 1880, Sun: A beautiful day to Crathie Church, Minnie with us, Queen not there. A pleasant walk to the Shepherd's huts; read the Life of Bunyan to the servants. Heard of Lizzie Leatham's engagement to Leonard Pelly.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Elizabeth married **Maj. Leonard Pelly**,³⁶ son of **Percy Leonard Pelly** and **Eliza Ann Rigge**, on 28 Oct 1880 in All Saints', Woodford, Essex. Leonard was born on 19 Sep 1856 and died on 22 Sep 1913 in Ashdon, Essex at age 57. They had two children: **Christabel** and **Eric Percy Leonard**.

Marriage Notes: **28 Oct 1880, Thurs:** Lizzie Leatham's wedding day, a cold wet morning. To All Saints Church (Mr Leonard Pelly's) at Woodford with Alfred & Emma Richardson. The affair went off well; Bridesmaids all in blue & buff and half in white & gold. A distinguished company - back to Forest House, about 70 at breakfast. The Bride bolted when I proposed her health; attended to Settlement with Percy John Pelly, gave it J. G. Barclay to get W, L. Barclay 's signature, a walk and chat in the damp & rain with Arthur after ricing the Happy Pair. Dinner and then a Mr Durkin recited capitally, Dickens, Hood & his own; Minnie came down a while, but she could not stand it and left for her room again - all tired and to bed at 11 o'clock. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

General Notes: Sun 29 Aug 1880 - Lizzie Leatham engaged to one Leonard Pelly

Tues 21 May 1907 – I went to London & took my Rachel Gurney to the publishers (Headley Bros), got a saddle at Whippy's for Edward to give Kit next birthday & caught a train for Cambridge & then on to Bartlow (JGP: abt 15 miles S.E. of Cambridge) – I spent this night with Len & Lizzie Pelly at Waltons, a nice old place - I thoroughly enjoyed being with Lizzie very much, I feel so at home with the friends of my youth, especially my first cousins –

On Thurs 23 May 1907 she took (me) through Saffron Walden & pointed me out the Gibsons houses &c & saw me off to Broxbourne (JGP: abt 7¹/₂ m N.E. of Potters Bar) from Audley End – I met Nellie there & we then went to High Lea to spend a night with Robert & Ellen Barclay - Again a very pleasant renewal of old acquaintance - & he showed me his old family things, his pedigree &c.

mshire at age 75. e of Bunyan to the servants. Heard of Lizzie The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Essex Imperial Yeomanry.

8-Christabel Pelly¹⁸⁰ was born on 4 Sep 1881 in Ongar, Essex and died on 29 Apr 1952 in Hawkhurst, Kent at age 70.

Christabel married Leigh Udall Kent on 27 Apr 1909. Leigh died in 1919. They had one son: Wilfrid Robin Leigh.

9-Wilfrid Robin Leigh Kent was born in 1910.

Christabel next married **S/Ldr. William Herbert Mackenzie** in 1920. The marriage ended in divorce. William was born in 1880 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada. They had one daughter: **Esme Jane**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were divorced Divorce in 1929.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with AFC.

9-Esme Jane Mackenzie

Christabel next married Arthur Leslie Moore.

8-Eric Percy Leonard Pelly was born on 26 Nov 1894 in Ashdon, Essex and died on 14 Feb 1978 at age 83.

General Notes: Sat 24 May 1930 – Empire Day – our flag up - I had a wire from Eric Pelly saying his mother Lizzie Pelly died yesterday – I have been her Trustee for more than 50 years; of all that family of girls, only Mary Butler survives – so the playmates of my childhood & my generation passes away – *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

Eric married Helen Marjorie Wade, daughter of Edmund Richmond Wade and Mary L. Hill. They had one daughter: Rosamund Ann.

9-Rosamund Ann Pelly

Rosamund married **Maj. Elliott Merriam Viney**, son of **Col. Oscar Vaughan Viney** and **Edith Annie Merriam**, on 3 Jun 1950 in Pennsylvania. Elliott was born in 1913. They had two children: **Diana Susan** and **Amanda Louise**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MBE TD FSA.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Buckinghamshire in 1964.

10-Diana Susan Viney

Diana married Hugh Scrimgeour, son of Robin Scrimgeour. They had three children: Daniel, Alexander, and Sophie Rebecca.

- 11-Daniel Scrimgeour
- 11-Alexander Scrimgeour
- 11-Sophie Rebecca Scrimgeour

10-Amanda Louise Viney

Amanda married Tom Deakin. They had two children: Jack Elliott and Charley.

11-Jack Elliott Deakin

11-Charley Deakin

Rosamund next married Christopher Patrick Grant Chavasse in 2004. Christopher was born in 1928, died on 21 Apr 2013 at age 85, and was buried on 2 May 2013.

7-Jane Gurney Leatham²⁷ was born on 16 Feb 1857 in Gunnergate Hall, Marton, Middlesbrough, Yorkshire and died on 10 Mar 1917 in Exeter, Devon at age 60.

General Notes: **26 Feb 1878, Tues:** To Middlesbro' to try & settle the plan for John Dunning's conveyance - nearly lost my temper over him - pitched into him hard, got nothing done but we were to see Rocliffe and see how far they would be inclined to alter the boundary - attended to other matters at the Estate Office - then on to Darlington - where I went through financial arrangements with Charles R. Fry - then off to Town, travelled with Raylton Dixon to York, then on alone. At King's Cross found Alfred - he & I dined together & then took a trap to Forest House which we reached soon after nine o'clock - dinner had been in a tent where we found John Bright, William Fowler, Robert Fowler, Capt. Pelly, Jack Pelly (the bridegroom) &c &c &c &c - the evening was soon over and we went to bed. **27 Feb 1878, Wed:** Jennie Leatham's wedding day - a few of us breakfasted in the tent - Bridesmaids and Bride had some difficulty in getting theirs in the billiard room. Walked most of the way to Woodford Church with Edward Leatham; the ceremony went off well and prettily - 5 maids in pink & 5 in blue; back to Forest House with Sam Howard; took Mrs Percy Pelly into breakfast - speeches from self, Pelly, William Fowler, John Bright & Richard Pelly. Then off to the House with Edward Leatham where we voted with E.H. Knatchbull-Hugessen (*Lib Sandwich*) on his Colonial Marriages Bill, majority against Government 15; back to Forest House to dinner, & then on to Monkhouse where there were some capital juvenile theatricals, very good & then a little dance; home by 11.40. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Jane married John Richard Gurney Pelly,²⁷ son of Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly^{34,196,205} and Katherine Jane Fry, on 27 Feb 1878 in Woodford Green. John was born on 25 Mar 1855 in London and died on 4 Nov 1940 in Epping, Essex at age 85. They had four children: Elaine, Vivian Gurney, Kathleen, and Eustace Gurney.

8-Elaine Pelly was born on 22 Dec 1878 in Chigwell and died on 8 Aug 1956 in Sawbridgeworth, Hertfordshire at age 77.

8-Vivian Gurney Pelly was born on 5 Jun 1881 in Chigwell and died on 1 Dec 1949 in Lindfield, West Sussex at age 68.

Vivian married **Dorothy Penrose Sewell**,¹⁸⁰ daughter of **William Henry Sewell** and **Ellen Starbuck**, on 22 Jun 1907 in Epping, Essex. Dorothy was born on 12 Apr 1885 in Epping, Essex and died in 1972 at age 87. They had one son: **Douglas Gurney**.

9-Douglas Gurney Pelly was born on 30 Apr 1910 in North Weald, died on 5 Jan 2001 in Essex at age 90, and was buried on 16 Jan 2001 in St Marys, Widdington, Essex.

Douglas married Monica Tate, daughter of Lt. Col. Arthur Wignall Tate and Violet Elaine Few, on 14 May 1935 in London. Monica was born on 7 Feb 1912 in London and died on 18 Nov 2000 at age 88. They had three children: John Gurney, Claire Rose, and William Henry.

10-John Gurney Pelly was born on 3 Jun 1938 in Kensington, London and died on 20 Nov 2015 at age 77.

John married Vanda Joan Allfrey, daughter of Col. Hubert Mortimer Allfrey and Joan Bullock-Marsham. They had three children: Sam Gurney, Jamie Rupert, and Guy Wignall.

11-Sam Gurney Pelly

Sam married Susannah Lennox. They had three children: Melocina, Mirella Mary, and Juno Mary.

12-Melocina Pelly

12-Mirella Mary Pelly

12-Juno Mary Pelly

11-Jamie Rupert Pelly

11-Guy Wignall Pelly

Guy married Elizabeth Alleen Wilson, daughter of Charles Kemmons Wilson II and Norma Carruthers Thompson.

10-Claire Rose Pelly

Claire married Henry George Charles Alexander Herbert 17th Earl Pembroke, son of Sidney Charles Herbert 16th Earl of Pembroke and Lady Mary Dorothea Hope, on 20 Jan 1966. Henry was born on 19 May 1939 and died on 7 Oct 2003 at age 64. They had four children: Sophia Elizabeth, Emma Louise, Flora Katinka, and William Alexander Sidney. 11-Lady Sophia Elizabeth Herbert

Sophia married Alexander Patrick Murray-Threipland, son of Stuart Wyndham Murray-Threipland and Belinda Mary Musker. They had one son: Finnian Wyndham.

12-Finnian Wyndham Murray-Threipland

11-Lady Emma Louise Herbert

11-Lady Flora Katinka Herbert

11-William Alexander Sidney Herbert 18th Earl Of Pembroke

William married Victoria Bullough, daughter of Michael Bullough. They had two children: Alexandra Eloise Ekaterina and Reginald Henry Michael.

12-Lady Alexandra Eloise Ekaterina Herbert

12-Reginald Henry Michael Herbert Lord Herbert

Claire next married Stuart Wyndham Murray-Threipland.

10-William Henry Pelly

William married Anne Byrne, daughter of Francis Byrne. They had two children: Henry Francis and Rupert Alexander.

11-Henry Francis Pelly

11-Rupert Alexander Pelly

Vivian next married Hilda Victoria Cole, daughter of John Henry Cole, on 7 Sep 1946 in Haywards Heath, West Sussex. Hilda was born on 15 Nov 1899 in Wotton under Edge, Gloucestershire.

8-Kathleen Pelly was born on 8 Dec 1883 and died on 10 Jul 1957 at age 73.

8-Eustace Gurney Pelly was born on 3 Jul 1886 in Loughton and died on 13 Feb 1954 in Torquay, Devon at age 67.

Eustace married **Dulcibella Eden**, daughter of **Robert Hildyard Henley Eden** and **Maud Effie Mary Von Guttenburg**, on 1 Dec 1924 in Southampton, Hampshire. Dulcibella was born on 23 May 1891 in Alfreton, Derbyshire.

7-Leatham died in Died in Infancy.

Rachel next married **William Fowler**,^{8,9,10,24,29,66,73,90,91,92,93,94} son of **John Fowler**^{8,10,27,92,206} and **Rebecca Hull**,^{8,10,92} on 21 Sep 1875 in FMH Guisborough. William was born on 28 Jul 1828 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 16 Sep 1904 in Folkestone, Kent at age 76, and was buried in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

General Notes: James Butler, a relation - possibly a brother - of John Theobald Butler, was in the steel business in (I think) Leeds. At any rate, Butlers' steel works seems to have functioned in close collaboration with John Fowler & Co (steel plough & later traction engine manufacturers of Leeds) of which company William Fowler was chairman, succeeding his brother John Fowler, the founder of the company who had died at an early age from tetanus poisoning. (*Sir J. Gurney Pease Bt., notes*)

Fowler, William (1828–1905), financier and politician, born at Melksham, Wiltshire, on 28 July 1828, was the fourth son of John Fowler (1792–1861) and his wife, Rebecca Hull (1799–1842), daughter of William and Jenny Hull of Uxbridge. His family were zealous members of the Society of Friends (Quakers) and his grandfather Robert Fowler (1755–1825) was for many years a Quaker minister having a 'concern' for the people of Ireland and France. In 1790 he had married Rachael Barnard (1767–1833) of Coalbrookdale. This union had provided links with the great Quaker dynasties— the Wilsons of Kendal, the Peases of Darlington, the Waterhouses of Liverpool, the Lloyds of Birmingham, and the Gurneys of Norwich.

After receiving a rudimentary education in Melksham (1836–45), in 1845 Fowler was sent to University College in London. He was always regarded as the brightest of John Fowler's five sons and in 1849 at the age of twenty obtained a BA with honours in classics and mathematics. In 1850 he graduated LLB and became a fellow of the college. He then joined the chambers of Hugh Cairns, later lord chancellor, and became an equity draftsman and conveyancer. In 1852 he was called to the bar at the Inner Temple. In 1856 he joined Cuncliffe Alexander & Co. of Lombard Street. Alexanders, Overend and Gurney, and the National Discount Company constituted at this time the 'big three' bill brokers in the City. After 1860 Overend and Gurney became involved in a series of unfortunate transactions. There was a run on the banks, precipitated not by the size of the firm's losses but by the ensuing publicity, and they were ruined. The great crash, known as 'black Friday' came on 11 May 1866. British credit sustained a severe blow which took many years to recover. Fowler, then a partner in Alexander & Co., was at the centre of this disaster which left him financially embarrassed

for many years. He published The Crisis of 1866: a Financial Essay (1866). On his retirement from Alexander & Co. in 1877 Fowler was appointed a director of the National Discount Company and various other City institutions.

In November 1868 Fowler stood for parliament as a Liberal candidate, and won the Cambridge seat, which he held until defeated in February 1874. He took a particular interest in the concentration of landownership; a Cobden Club essay by him on the laws affecting the tenure of land was published in 1872. His parliamentary speech on the Contagious Diseases Acts was also published (1870). He was a patron of the Howard League for prison reform. After standing unsuccessfully for Northampton in October 1874, he regained his Cambridge seat in April 1880 but lost it again in November 1885. Declining to follow Gladstone's Irish home-rule policy, he unsuccessfully stood for Perth as a Liberal Unionist in July 1886. He remained a keen supporter of free trade. His essay on the appreciation of gold was published by the Cobden Club in 1886; an essay by him on Indian currency appeared in 1899.

Following the death in 1864 of his elder brother John Fowler, 'father of the steam plough', William Fowler became a junior partner with his younger, unmarried brother Barnard Fowler (1833–1882) in the manufacturing business founded by John in Leeds. Their elder brother Robert Fowler (1825–1888) was senior partner. When the company became incorporated in 1886, the three brothers, together with their nephew Robert Henry Fowler (1851–1919), son of Henry Fowler (1823–1880), the eldest of the Fowler brothers, became directors. William Fowler was chairman of the company from 1888 until his death. He took little part in the day-to-day management of the company, but regularly attended board meetings and social events such as the foreman's annual dinner. His last appearance was at the company's seventeenth annual general meeting, held in Lombard Street in December 1903.

Fowler married three times. First, on 9 August 1855, he married Rachel Maria, daughter of Robert Howard of Ackworth in Yorkshire, a manufacturing chemist. Her mother was one of the Birmingham Lloyd family. They had four sons and four daughters before she died in 1868. Second, in 1871 he married Elizabeth Fox, daughter of Francis Tuckett of Frenchay, near Bristol. She died later the same year. Third, in 1875 he married Rachel, née Pease, widow of Charles Albert Leatham of York and daughter of Joseph Pease MP [see under Pease, Edward]. Her younger sister Elizabeth Lucy Pease was the wife of William's brother John. William Fowler died in Folkestone, Kent, on 16 September 1905 and was buried in Tunbridge Wells four days later. Several obituary notices described him as a man of remarkable powers, with a tender heart.

Michael R. Lane

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1852.
- He worked as a Banker, Cuncliffe Alexander & Co. In 1856 in Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a partner in the bank, Alexander & Co. In Lombard Street, London.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cambridge in 1868-1874.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Cambridge in 1880-1885.
- He worked as a Mountaineer.
- He had a residence in Moor Hall, Essex.

6-Elizabeth Lucy Pease^{8,9,10,36,195,207,208} was born on 21 Jan 1833 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 4 Oct 1881 in Uplands, Darlington, County Durham at age 48, and was buried on 8 Oct 1881 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Elizabeth Lucy "Aunt Bet" a sweet gentle kind girl . She was born Jan 21st 1833 and died of Bright's disease 4th Oct 1881 a widow. Her husband who she married 30th July, 1857 was John Fowler who died 4th Dec 1864 from *lockjaw* (tetanus) having broken his arm out hunting. He was the elder brother of William Fowler (vide supra). She had by him one son John Ernest Fowler whom I buried at Algiers he having died there of Bright's disease 21st April, 1884, aged 21 – the 4 daughters all married except Edith who died in Dec 1895 aged 35 or 36. She was our favourite cousin in this family – They lived at Woodside, Darlington till 1875 or so and then at Uplands. The journals of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. (Note JGP. Woodside long since demolished, became the home of Katherine Pease, widow of Gurney Pease. It stood between the bottom of Southend Avenue and Blackwell Grange, General Sir Henry Havelock-Allan's home)

Thurs., Aug. 6. This day the marriage of my beloved Grand-daughter Elizabeth Lucy to John Fowler. The meeting very large the ministry of John Dodshon, John Pease and the supplication of Isaac Sharp . . . pertinent to the occasion and instructive. The Diaries of Edward Pease

Elizabeth Lucy Fowler, Darlington. 48 4 10 mo, 1881

Widow of John Fowler.

Elizabeth Lucy Fowler was the fourth daughter of the late Joseph and Emma Pease, of Southend, Darlington. As a member of a large family circle, her early associations almost necessarily involved the cultivation of warm sympathies in the interests of those around her. The discipline of life further nurtured that with which she was thus already endowed. To "rejoice with them that do rejoice, and to weep with them that weep," was, with her, less an effort than the element in which she delighted to move. When a child she sought to help those younger than herself by her good example; she threw the same affectionate interest into her school life, and, as the circle of her influence widened, as a Sabbath-school teacher, a wife, a mother, the head of a household, and a minister of the Gospel, this capacity for unselfish sympathy became a leading characteristic, embracing the best welfare of all who were associated with her. Blessed by the religious influence of her parents, and by the Scriptural instruction which was a marked feature in her home training, she was early brought to accept Christ as her Saviour, and to seek for heartfelt communion with, and guidance from, her Heavenly Father, through the Holy Spirit. The following extracts from her diary when at school, written when about fourteen years of age, will illustrate this : -

"Second month 28th, 1847 : - In the evening meeting such a sense of the love of my Heavenly Father, such a feeling of love for all the human family, and such a sweet solemnity covered my spirit, that I could scarcely refrain from tears."

"Tenth month 31st.- Oh ! Heavenly Father, may I be found faithful to the gentlest intimations of the still, small voice. Oh ! may I dedicate my youth and the vigour of my days to Thee and Thee alone. ' Now is the accepted time, now is the day of salvation.' Oh ! Heavenly Father, help me by Thy Spirit to resist temptation. Keep Thou the door of my lips. May I set a good example to my schoolfellows and all those about me; may I follow Thee with full purpose of heart: and in the end of days receive me into Thy kingdom of unclouded rest and peace, arrayed in robes washed and made white in my Saviour's blood. Oh that I may be made like unto Thee, when I shall see Thee as Thou art, if I ever reach that blessed heavenly country."

"Twelfth month 4th. - How forgetful I am of Him who died for me, the just for the unjust, that He might bring me to God ! Oh, how I wish I was one of His lambs ! Oh ! that I served Him with all my soul and with all my strength; for if I have yet many years to live, how much happier would they be, spent in His service than in that of the l cruel adversary and if I am soon to leave this world, shall I ever repent having dedicated my youth to Him whose sufferings for me I can never repay? Shall I regret upon the bed of languishing, when Heaven appears before my longing eyes as a rich reward, shall I then regret that I had taken up my daily cross, and followed Him whithersoever He had led me? But not for works of righteousness which we have done, but through His mercy hath He saved us. 'By grace are ye saved through faith, and that not of your- selves; it is the gift of God.' But, oh ! may I possess both that faith without which it is impos- sible to please God, and those works without which faith is dead; faith in the atoning efficacy of my Saviour's blood, and His all-important office of Mediator between God and man, and also those works which, men seeing, may glorify my Father which is in heaven. Would not this be the perfection of Christianity?"

On her return from school she endeavoured earnestly to cultivate her mind, and to improve every talent, whilst she also entered into the work of First-day school teaching, the establishment of a Girls' British School, and other philanthropic interests, with a conscientious desire to do what she could.

In 1857 she was married to John Fowler, Jun., who was then and afterwards so well known as the inventor of the steam plough; and deeply she sympathised with him in his anxieties and in his successes. They were closely united as "heirs together of the grace of life," and for seven years the cup of happiness seemed given her to drink in full measure; but it was suddenly dashed from her lips, her husband having met with what proved very soon afterwards to be a fatal accident, and she was thus left a widow with five young children. "Now she that is a widow indeed and desolate, hath her hope set on God," was strikingly fulfilled in the experience of E. L. Fowler; and that she did not hesitate to acknowledge His faithfulness to her is apparent from the following quotations from her private letters, some of which were addressed to those in a similar position : -

"All my experience does indeed go to prove that He is a God nigh at hand, and not a God afar off that He does hear and answer prayer, not only our own, but those of others for us I think the more we look at the things which are not seen, the more life does seem 'but for a moment'; and things seem only to be of importance as they bear upon one relation, or that of others, to the things that are not seen. There is another view of that text that sometimes comforts me; it seems to make it possible for our dear ones in heaven to be looking down upon us, and yet for their joy not to be lessened; for as they are looking at the things not seen, they would see that it was but a light affliction,' and ' but for a moment,' as compared with the l far more, exceeding and eternal weight of glory,' which it is intended to work out for us."

On another occasion she writes : - " What a glorious day it will be when all is revealed ! Is it not well to dwell on these things ? for it is while we look at things which are not seen, that the affliction is to work for us a 'far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory'; and it is only as faith shows us the superiority of the gain in eternal things, and the transitory nature of all things here, that we can feel that what blights our whole earthly life is ' light,' and ' but for a moment.' "

A month or two later she writes : - " I have felt from the very beginning a dread of leaning too much on any human helps, knowing that they could not last to the same extent as they might be granted me at first I had hoped from the abundance of happiness, love, and home blessings, to have been a help and blessing to others. The Lord has ordained it otherwise; and now I am so thankful for being loved and tended so kindly myself. Sometimes I do trust that tribulation works patience, as well as experience and hope; for I have indeed found that man's extremity is God's opportunity,' and oh what a blessing that 'He knows our frame and remembers that we are dust '! Oh, pray for me that my faith fail not."

Thanking a sister for her sympathy, she says : "Though some things do rest heavily at times, when there is anything that needs to be decided, yet it would be untrue to the love that so shelters and helps me not to add that sometimes I hardly feel to have any cares, and that I am quite trustful about the future.... Then our talks about the past, and reading dear 's letters, have seemed to throw rays of brightness and sweetness from the past over the present, till I may well count up my blessings in having had such a past, in being so cared for in the present, and, may I not add, in the hopes for the future, when all life's changes w r ill be valued only in proportion as they have helped one on, and increased one's capacity for the enjoyment of heaven and its inconceivable blessedness." In 1873 she writes : - " Does not each year which has passed over of the lonely life bring ns one year nearer that joyful reunion, and give us one year more of the tender loving kindness of our God to praise Him for in heaven together? For surely if those already gathered home are not even now watching over us, and praising Him for all He is doing for us (which I love to think), we shall at any rate be able to speak of it together in heaven. If the song there is to be the praise of Him that has loved us and washed us on earth, surely all the ways in which He has led us about and instructed us, and prepared us for that home, will be added to that song of praise."

The two following letters were written on the anniversary of her husband's death : - " I wonder whether the date of this will 'strike thee. How it would have helped me ten years ago to know how tenderly I should have been as it were, 'shod with iron and brass 'for the rough, the very rough, places I have had to pass through. The idea of ten years nearer a reunion does seem such a blessedness ; and yet I feel that I can wait now, and should like to do a little good before my time comes." And, two years later : - " I was this morning thinking of the twelve past years, and those lines seemed to come to me Still learning from all need below, Depths of the heart of God; when brought me thy lines. There surely can't be twelve more years for me ! The thought that it is improbable makes all present trial and anxiety easier to bear, but what a blessing that with that we have nothing to do; and when we feel what the Husband of the widow has been to us in the past, and is to us in the present, we may well leave the future with Him. Oh ! how He sometimes takes all our burdens and gives us His perfect peace, till it seems as if we ought to be blessing and praising Him, far more than I at any rate do." During the seventeen years of her widow-hood, whilst fulfilling the duties of a devoted mother, it may truly be said of her that, " as she had opportunity, she did good unto all, especially to them that were of the household of faith."

Many will remember the persuasiveness of her manner, and the sweetness of her voice in her public ministry; but its value was greatly increased by the way in which she threw her heart into her religious interest for others, out of meetings, by loving words let fall as it were by the wayside, by her practical help in the every- day affairs of life, and by her letters. "She had a fellowship with hearts to keep and cultivate,', and this gave her access, as well as made her accessible to many.

The next extract is from a letter to one who was about to enter upon a religious engagement amongst those not Friends :- " I cannot doubt that the Lord is putting thee forth ; if so, He will go before thee, as well as with thee, and open the way in the hearts of all involved. ... I do tenderly feel for thee in all it must involve; but thou hast an Almighty Helper, who never yet forsook those who trusted in Him, and never yet, I believe, gave one of His servants a message, without preparing some heart or hearts to receive it. How else are we to understand, ' My word shall not return unto Me void,' &c, and ' Ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord '? Canst thou not believe that He sees the yearnings of many young hearts after a clearer, simpler, more loving Gospel than that they are taught, and that therefore He is sending thee ; - that the call has come round by Heaven from their hearts to thee, as it were. Whether thou ever hears of any results on earth -or not, I cannot but believe that thou wilt in heaven ; and that meantime, both before and at the time, the precious evidences that thy Lord is with thee will be given thee, above all thou canst ask or think. May the Lord bless thee and establish His own work in thy hands ! ""

The spring of 1880 was spent by E. L. Fowler abroad, where she accompanied her brother Edward Pease, and cheered and helped him during the last weeks of his life. His illness and death at Lucerne were a great strain on her already feeble health. During the winter her weakness caused her family considerable anxiety, but in the summer she improved. Again her strength declined. She was aware of the solemnity of her position, and to an intimate friend, who called a few weeks before her death, she said that at one time she had extremely felt the prospect of leaving her children ; but since she had been enabled to rest all on God, she could adopt the words, " Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on Thee ; because he trusteth in Thee."

Thus trusting she met the approach of death with unshaken calmness; and when during the last hours of consciousness she was asked whether her Father had not kept her in perfect peace, she replied, "Yes, yes; perfect peace ! wonderful peace ! "On the text being quoted, "My peace I give unto you," she responded, "Sweet peace ! sweet peace ! "and amongst the last words which could be distinguished were "praise," "all joy," "rest for ever and ever."

Can we conclude this notice better than by quoting one of the last letters she was able to write, addressed to a relative who was in sorrow? - " How well I can picture you now with the solemn hush over you, as if living at the very gate of heaven, and only longing that you could really see inside. The eye of faith is dim ;' and dwelling on all that is revealed to us of the blessedness which a loved one is sharing seems the best consolation for the wounded heart, and the best answer to the faithless questionings that will sometimes arise - Why are such valuable lives cut short ? We shall know some day. Now, cannot we repose on the knowledge that our Father knows best ; that He does not afflict willingly, but to increase the capacity of His afflicted ones for rejoicing in the joys of heaven ; yes, even in the blessings granted here."

21 Sept 1881, Wed: up to Southend [Darlington]. Jane & Emma take a very serious view of dear Elizabeth Lucy Fowler's condition; went up to see her. She was mentally much as ever loving & sweet, but every symptom of serious illness about her, brightness of eye with rigidly white lips shortness of breath, her bedroom, to be downstairs. Minnie Beaumont was there.
4 Oct 1881, Tues: Up to Darlington; a telegram from Minnie at Middlesbro' saying E.L. Fowler was much the same, quite unconscious. I went to Darlington with Albert; on arriving there found the office blinds down; after a little chat with David Dale, went to Uplands. Elizabeth had passed quietly away at 8.45 this morning. Saw the girls (Jane & Emma), telegraphed to various relatives & friends threw up my Middlesbro' Jubilee engagements, helped the girls with the funeral arrangements and walked to the office; attended to letters and so home. Met Henry Birkbeck & Ethel at Middlesbrough, he as ever just pleasant and cordial.

8 Oct 1881, Sat: Elizabeth Lucy Fowler's funeral day. To Darlington, Henry Birkbeck with us to Uplands and thence to the meeting house. All seemed most solemn and quiet with a sense of that Eternal peace into which dear Elizabeth had entered; a few words from Ann Fowler at the grave, and a few from Jonathan Backhouse Hodgkin in meeting, Tom Hodgkin beautifully, Mary Harris at length, a text from Bessie (Charles), then a long prayer from friend Wood, then back to Uplands , lunch and read the will – it seemed all right so far as we could judge, then a little sitting, I read the 91st Psalm and a hymn – Ann Fowler addressed us on E.L. Fowler's life, Jonathan B. Hodgkin, and then Jane in a beautiful prayer, then home by the 5.05 train, Robert N. Fowler came with us, James Croppper arrived from Newcastle.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Quaker Minister in Jul 1872.

Elizabeth married **John Fowler**,^{8,9,10,92,195,207,208} son of **John Fowler**,^{8,10,27,92,206} and **Rebecca Hull**,^{8,10,92} on 30 Jul 1857 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. John was born on 11 Jul 1826 in Melksham, Wiltshire, died on 4 Dec 1864 in Prospect House, Ackworth, Yorkshire at age 38, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: **Emma Mary, Edith Rebecca, Laura Elizabeth, John Ernest**, and **Lucy Pease**.

General Notes: Fowler, John (1826-1864), agricultural engineer, was born on 11 July 1826 at Melksham, Wiltshire, one of at least four sons of John Fowler (1792-1861), merchant, and Rebecca (1799-1842), daughter of William and Jenny Hull of Uxbridge, Middlesex; his younger brother William Fowler achieved prominence as a financier and politician. His father was a leading member of the Quakers in Melksham. Fowler was at first engaged in the corn trade, but in 1847 he entered the works of Gilkes, Wilson, Hopkins & Co. at Middlesbrough. While in Ireland in 1849 he became concerned at the cost of manual labour used in draining land, and he conceived the idea of a mechanical system. In 1850 he conducted experiments in partnership with Albert Fry at Bristol, which resulted in the completion of a patent drainage plough. It was exhibited at the Royal Agricultural Society's show at Exeter that year. This first drainage plough was worked by horses, but the implement was improved in succeeding years and adapted for steam power. In 1855 he undertook a contract for the drainage of Hainault Forest, Essex. On 30 July 1857 Fowler married Elizabeth Lucy (1833-1881), ninth child of Joseph Pease, MP for South Durham, with whom he had five children.

By the mid-1850s Fowler was turning his attention to the application of steam power to ploughing and field cultivation. After many experiments and trials, he devised a system which fulfilled all the conditions laid down by the Royal Agricultural Society, and he received at the Chester show in 1858 the prize of \pm 500, offered 'for a steam cultivator that shall, in the most efficient manner, turn over the soil and be an economic substitute for the plough or the spade'.

Fowler's steam plough worked by indirect traction. Instead of pulling the plough behind it the steam engine remained on the headland and drew the plough across the field by windlass and steel cable. As the system was developed a second engine, on the opposite headland to the first, was substituted for the windlass. This 'double-engine' system became the most successful form of steam ploughing in Britain and in many other countries. During Fowler's lifetime his steam ploughs were sold to Egypt for work on cotton plantations, and exports to central Europe and other countries followed. The cost of a steam-

ploughing set in the 1860s being £1000'962000, its purchase was beyond the means of most farmers, but through contractors the use of steam ploughs became more common. Ransomes and Sims, of Ipswich, had been makers of some of Fowler's experimental ploughs in 1856. Other devices were made by Robert Stephenson's works at Newcastle, and it was there that the equipment with which Fowler won the prize in 1858 was produced. In 1860 Fowler entered into an agreement with Kitson and Hewitson of Hunslet, Leeds, for them to manufacture his steam ploughs. Business expanded and the new Steam Plough Works was built on neighbouring land at Hunslet. In 1863 Fowler's new firm, John Fowler & Co., was established. In 1864 more than 400 men were said to be employed. Between 1850 and 1864 Fowler took out in his own name and in partnership with other persons thirty-two patents for ploughs and ploughing apparatus, reaping machines, seed drills, traction engines, slide valves, the laying of electric telegraph cables, and the making of bricks and tiles.

By the summer of 1864 Fowler's health was suffering from overwork and he retired to Ackworth, Yorkshire, to recuperate. Being recommended active exercise he began to hunt, and in November 1864 he fractured his arm by falling from his horse; tetanus ensued, from the effect of which he died at Prospect House, Ackworth, Yorkshire, on 4 December 1864. He was survived by his wife.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Engineer. Gilkes, Wilson, Hopkins & Co. In 1847 in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Engineer in partnership with Albert Fry in 1850-1856 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He worked as an Engineer in 1856 in 28 Cornhill, London.
- He worked as a Steel Plough Manufacturer. John Fowler & Co. In 1860 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

7-Emma Mary Fowler^{9,27} was born on 4 May 1858 in Tottenham, London, died on 13 Dec 1939 in Witham Lodge, Witham, Newlands, Essex at age 81, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Emma married Edmund Neville Richard Pelly,⁹ son of Capt. Richard Wilson Pelly^{34,196,205} and Katherine Jane Fry, on 12 Jul 1887 in Harlow, Essex. Edmund was born on 12 Dec 1858 in The Willows, Plaistow, Essex, died on 1 Oct 1931 in Witham Lodge, Witham, Newlands, Essex at age 72, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex. They had five children: John Noel, Edmund Godfrey, Cicely Edith, Hubert Richard, and Denis Edward.

8-Capt. John Noel Pelly RN⁹ was born on 15 Jun 1888 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, died on 6 Jun 1945 in HMS King Alfred, Hove. On Active Service. at age 56, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Commanding officer, HMS King Alfred in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex.

John married Rosalind Gatehouse, daughter of Richard George Gatehouse and Rose Stewart Lindsay Pelly, on 22 Jan 1924 in Bebington, Cheshire. Rosalind was born on 28 Mar 1892 in Birkenhead, Cheshire and died on 9 Sep 1957 at age 65. They had two children: Rosemary Oenone and John Stewart Gatehouse.

9-Rosemary Oenone Pelly

Rosemary married Gordon Nelmes, son of Ernest Nelmes and Mary Black, on 18 Jul 1956 in Little Braxted, Witham, Essex. Gordon was born on 11 May 1926 in Sculcoates, Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire and died in Feb 1992 in Westminster, London at age 65. They had four children: John Pelly, Godfrey Edward, Rosalind Jane, and Edmund Gordon.

10-John Pelly Nelmes

John married Fiona Jane Nalder. They had three children: Flora Mary, Emma Rosemary, and Elizabeth Margaret.

- 11-Flora Mary Nelmes
- 11-Emma Rosemary Nelmes
- 11-Elizabeth Margaret Nelmes
- **10-Godfrey Edward Nelmes**

Godfrey married Judith Oliver, daughter of Norman. They had two children: Oliver Noel Ernest and Luke Godfrey Nicholas.

11-Oliver Noel Ernest Nelmes

11-Luke Godfrey Nicholas Nelmes

10-Rosalind Jane Nelmes

Rosalind married Charles Richard Maurice Bishop, son of Brig. Richard John Bishop and Jane Margaret Chilton. They had three children: Rosanna Emily Margaret, Thomas Richard Chilton, and Victoria Great Oenone Jane.

11-Rosanna Emily Margaret Bishop

11-Thomas Richard Chilton Bishop

11-Victoria Great Oenone Jane Bishop

10-Edmund Gordon Nelmes

Edmund married Rebecca Stephenson, daughter of John Stephenson.

9-John Stewart Gatehouse Pelly²⁰⁹ was born on 10 Dec 1930 in Devonport and died on 10 Apr 2004 in Sudbury, Suffolk at age 73.

John married Helen Josephine Hirst, daughter of Denys H. Hirst. They had five children: Sarah Elizabeth, Jennifer Oenone, Catherine Alison, Rosemary Helen, and Isobel Serena.

10-Sarah Elizabeth Pelly was born in 1963 and died in 1963.

10-Jennifer Oenone Pelly

- **10-Catherine Alison Pelly**
- **10-Rosemary Helen Pelly**

10-Isobel Serena Pelly

8-Lt. Col. Edmund Godfrey Pelly⁹ was born on 10 Oct 1889 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, died on 28 Oct 1939 in London at age 50, and was buried in All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

General Notes: 2nd Lieutenant, DSO, MC, Born 19.10.1889, 2nd son of Edmund Neville Richard Pelly and Emma Mary Pelly, husband of Isabel Amy Pelly née Fowler. He was at Charterhouse [W] 1903 - 1907. In the Great War he served in the RASC, being mentioned in despatches four times, earning the DSO and the MC, and attaining the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. He rejoined the RASC in 1939 but died in London on 28.10.39, aged 50, of illness contracted while serving with the BEF. His younger brother (q.v.) was killed in the Dardanelles in 1915, and his elder brother Captain John Noel Pelly, CBE, RN, commanding officer of the training establishment HMS King Alfred, died suddenly in June 1945. The two older brothers lie buried in a joint grave in the north-western corner of All Saints' churchyard, Witham, Essex.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSO MC.
- Miscellaneous: He died of illness contracted whilst serving with the BEF.

Edmund married Isabel Amy Fowler, daughter of Robert Henry Fowler¹²² and Amy Isabel Ayres, on 24 May 1919 in London. Isabel was born on 17 Oct 1893 in London and died in 1988 at age 95. They had two children: Antoinette Joan and Robert Hubert.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Aug 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

9-Antoinette Joan Pelly was born on 21 Apr 1920 in London and died in 1997 at age 77.

Antoinette married Kenneth William MacLeod, son of Ebenezer Duncan MacLeod and Alice Dalrymple Cooper, on 22 Jul 1942 in London. Kenneth was born on 6 Oct 1907 in London and died in 1983 at age 76. They had three children: Alison Ann, Neil Godfrey, and Flora Margaret.

10-Alison Ann MacLeod

Alison married **Robert Hellett**, son of **Henry Hellett**. They had one son: **Robert Henry**.

11-Robert Henry Hellett

Alison next married Geoffrey Hugh Fellows.

10-Neil Godfrey MacLeod

Neil married Sheila Anne Tyler. They had four children: Steven Kenneth, Amy, Diana, and Jeffrey.

11-Steven Kenneth MacLeod

11-Amy MacLeod

11-Diana MacLeod

11-Jeffrey MacLeod

10-Flora Margaret MacLeod

Flora married Graham Gilbert. They had two children: Kris Graham and Rory Neil.

11-Kris Graham Gilbert

11-Rory Neil Gilbert

9-Robert Hubert Pelly was born on 17 Aug 1923 in London, died on 24 Jan 2016 at age 92, and was buried in Apr 2016 in Leathley, Yorkshire.

Robert married Eirolys Elizabeth Horton-Fawkes, daughter of Maj. Le Gendre George William Horton-Fawkes and Sylvia Louise Mabel Edina Duckworth, on 17 Feb 1951 in Otley, Yorkshire. Eirolys was born on 13 Mar 1928 in Orchardleigh Park, Frome and died on 22 Aug 2009 at age 81. They had three children: Serena Louise, Richard Fowler, and Robert Simon Horton.

10-Serena Louise Pelly

Serena married Stephen John Richards. They had two children: Clare Lucy and Thomas Linton.

11-Clare Lucy Richards

11-Thomas Linton Richards

Serena next married Michael Stevenson.

10-Richard Fowler Pelly

Richard married Michelle Colette Bouteille, daughter of Dr. Henri Bouteille. They had three children: Isabelle, Victoria Sarah, and Mathilde.

11-Isabelle Pelly

11-Victoria Sarah Pelly

11-Mathilde Pelly

10-Robert Simon Horton Pelly

Robert married Rachel M. Hamilton-Ely, daughter of Peter Hamilton-Ely. They had three children: Camilla, Hugh, and Rupert.

11-Camilla Pelly

11-Hugh Pelly

11-Rupert Pelly

8-Cicely Edith Pelly⁹ was born on 16 Jun 1891 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire, was christened on 24 Jul 1891 in Stanstead Abbots, Hertfordshire, and died on 7 Jan 1969 at age 77. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was awarded with JP for Essex.

8-Lieut. Hubert Richard Pelly⁹ was born on 7 Sep 1895 in Newlands, Ware, Hertfordshire and died on 9 Oct 1915 in Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 20.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 7th Battalion, the Essex Regiment.

8-Cmdr. Denis Edward Pelly⁹ was born on 16 Feb 1898 in Twyord House, Bishops Stortford, Hertfordshire and died on 10 Jul 1970 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of The Royal Navy.

Denis married Grace Olympia Laurence, daughter of Percy Edward Laurence and Mary Leigh, on 30 Dec 1925 in London. Grace died on 27 Jan 1951 in Ipswich, Suffolk. They had no children. Denis next married Margaret Mary Turnbull on 19 Sep 1951 in London. Margaret was born on 4 Aug 1909 and died on 26 Aug 1999 at age 90. They had no children.

7-Edith Rebecca Fowler^{73,208} was born on 15 Oct 1859 in Tottenham, London and died on 6 Dec 1895 in Whitehall Court, London at age 36.

7-Laura Elizabeth Fowler^{9,95} was born on 16 Mar 1861 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 11 Oct 1941 in Cappleside, Settle, Yorkshire at age 80. Laura married John Geldard,^{9,95} son of Christopher John Geldard and Frances Anne Openshaw, on 12 Jul 1887 in Harlow, Essex. John was born on 1 Aug 1850 in Giggleswick, Yorkshire and died on 9 Apr 1893 in St. Leonard's, Hythe, Kent at age 42. They had three children: Elizabeth, Nicholas, and Sarah.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP & Barrister.

8-Elizabeth Geldard was born on 12 May 1888 in Cappleside, Settle.

Elizabeth married William Wyamar Vaughan, son of Prof. Henry Halford Vaughan and Adeline Maria Jackson, on 3 Apr 1929 in Rathmell, Settle. William was born on 25 Feb 1865 in London and died on 4 Feb 1938 in Agra, West Bengal, India at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Headmaster Wellington.

8-Nicholas Geldard was born on 31 Oct 1889 in Cappleside, Settle.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP.

Nicholas married **Olga Mary Wilson**,⁹ daughter of **George Edward Wilson**⁹ and **Henrietta Rachel Pease**,^{9,14,121,130} on 2 Jun 1921 in Kidderminster. Olga was born on 26 Apr 1890 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham. They had two children: **John** and **Mary Henrietta**.

9-Lt. John Geldard was born on 30 May 1922 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire, died on 13 Feb 1944 in Killed in a road accident at age 21, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Abberton, Essex. Grave Row 10.L.

General Notes: He was training for the Normandy landings that were to take place in June.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers, 617 Assault Squadron.

John married Margaret Mary Cockett, daughter of Launcelot Cockett and Constance Mary Parke.

9-Mary Henrietta Geldard

Mary married **Philip Humphrey Weston**, son of **Richard Weston** and **Alice Emma Houghton**, on 19 Dec 1948 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire. Philip was born on 6 Feb 1917 in Skipton, Yorkshire. They had three children: **Helen Rosemary, Hugh Nicholas**, and **Christopher David**.

10-Helen Rosemary Weston

10-Hugh Nicholas Weston

10-Christopher David Weston

8-Sarah Geldard was born on 1 Sep 1891 in Cappleside, Settle and died on 12 Jun 1958 in Austwick, Yorkshire at age 66.

7-John Ernest Fowler^{36,73,207} was born on 3 Jan 1863 in Leeds, Yorkshire, died on 21 Apr 1884 in Hotel Kirsch, Algiers, Algeria at age 21, and was buried on 23 Apr 1884 in English Cemetery, Mustapha Supèrieur, Algiers.

General Notes: **18 Oct 1881, Tues:** To see Dr. Kidd about John E. Fowler, he wished to see him this day week; he thinks Australia may be the best place for him - Saw Robert N. Fowler who told me he should consult Fleming about John's seeing Quain;

22 Oct 1881, Sat: At my letters, then to Robert N. Fowler's, found he had gone into the City, followed him; had a chat about John E. Fowler, Robert will see Dr. Kidd about him. After he has seen Kidd on Tuesday, Robert will also get Quain to look at him.

29 Oct 1881, Sat: To see Robert N. Fowler, he was out of Town; John E. Fowler dined with us. At 2, went with him to see Dr. Kidd, John went to Clifton. Dr. Kidd said he'd wonderfully improved in appearance, and if he had not the microscope & the chemist, he should have thought that he had much improved. As it was, he was no better than he was when he came back from Egypt. He very strongly recommended going to Queensland for about 2 years.

5 Nov 1881, Sat: After the cold weather a very warm morning; to Edwin Waterhouse with James Taylor's a/cs to copy; then to Robert N. Fowler's who had gone into the City '96 home, very busy at my letters; Ann Fowler & Priscilla came to lunch when we had a long talk about the Uplands Fowlers, John's plans in going to Queensland and about the girls. Ann suggested their going to Falmouth which I agreed was the best solution of a difficulty as regards over night &c. Walked with Ann to Lucy Birkbeck's who is bad - letters - with Minnie & a quiet evening.
13 Nov 1881, Sun: A beautiful morning - to meeting; a much better a/c of Minnie who has been out for a drive, quite a comfort to me. At meeting, then stables, then wrote to Dr. Kidd & Robert N. Fowler about John Fowler starting on 24th Nov in the Orient boat. After a nap, to Pinchinthorpe, Edward asleep, then to chapel, a little rain falling.

14 Nov 1881, Mon: Letters, and a lot of them, then went to the hounds at Skelton Ellers; Mr N. Hamond, John Fowler & self; they soon found and we ran him up and down a bit, then we came home. Found a telegram from Robert N. Fowler and from Dr. Kidd, both approving of Hamond as John's companion. John E. Fowler went home, Hamond off to London
15 Nov 1881, Tues: Telegram followed by letter from Robert N. Fowler replied by wire as to choice between Oriental, & P & O boat, chose latter with cabin on spar deck.
24 Nov 1881, Thurs: At letters & preparations for leaving; at Fishers about bags &c , sundry shopping and then home to lunch Minnie seemed to enjoy being out. Sophy Fry call was lovely and affectionate as usual, in search of a house. Theodore Fry still complaining of his back but she thinks he is steadily getting better. Had Amato the Courier up made arrangements for stating tomorrow week to Folkestone, a crossing on Saturday, so Paris for Sunday, Marseilles on Monday afternoon. Took leave of John E. Fowler who starts with N. Hamond for Australia this afternoon. Made arrangements with Robert N. Fowler as to the conduct of the family finance.

9 July 1883, Mon:then off to London, travelled with Miss Scurfield and James Edward Backhouse, easy journey to King's Cross - then drove Maud down to Snaresbrook where we met Minnie & Lottie, a pleasant visit to the John Fowler girls. John E. looks thin & delicate their Uncle Barnard is to be buried tomorrow at Wanstead - drove Minnie home in the mail phaeton - a very pleasant evening drive via Tottenham Mills &c &c, roads wonderfully built upp during the last few years.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Sat 19 April 1884 - . visited the Pont du Gard 14 miles drive - very fine and a very fine day for the business, on the Sunday we went to "Friends Meeting" at Jules Paradans - Afternoon saw a good deal of Nimes and Roman remains - On my way back to the Hotel I looked into the Amphitheatre where a French Bull-fight was going on - a meaner spectacle I never saw, 6 or 8 ruffians bullying an anything but pugnacious calf with a board over its horns - much of the brutality. of the Spanish ring without any of the excitement. On getting back to the Hotel was a telegram from my cousin Edith Fowler from Algiers saying "John" (her "brother) "is sinking fast, please come by boat leaving Port Vendres tomorrow." In a few minutes we fixed that Nellie, Lottie and I should start at once .We got to

PERPIGNAN at 3 a.m. and waited till 5.30 a.m. for a train on to Port Vendres, and arrived early only to find that the dirty little boat did not leave till 10 at night, we spent a long day at the filthiest and stinkiest hotel I ever saw and in the vilest town I have ever been in.

Mon 21 April & Tues 25 April 1884 - . spent on board the *General Canrobert* - the only interest being passing Majorca

Wed 23 April 1884 - We arrived at ALGIERS at 4 a.m. - I shall never forget this, my first view of [a] new continent and of this most beautiful Bay and old Arab stronghold - it looked indescribably beautiful at dawn and in the loveliest of hot sunrises - Everything exceeded dreams of oriental beauty and colour [AEP note made 1917 while he was typing - ' No one will ever have the same impression, for no longer do the Arabs sleep with their camels on the quays, the white sails no longer are within the mole, the caravans no longer string past each other in the narrow streets and all is changed save the beauty of the bay, a bit of old Arab town shining white and the blue Djujura mountains.]

The account of our day in Algiers is set out in my journal (no longer survives) We found my cousin John Ernest Fowler aged 21 years had died on the Monday night. With the help of Colonel Lambert Playfair and John's courier Amati, I got the funeral arranged and over and everything wound up in the afternoon, and before noon, eight of us followed the body to the English cemetery at Mustapha Superieur from the Hotel Kirsch, Col. Playfair and the Doctor were there.- We left the same night by "Le Corse" taking Edith with us and Amati. We had a most terribly rough voyage to Marseilles every on« on board being ill -we were battened down the first night - we rejoined our party at MARSEILLES at the Hotel du Louvre et de la Palx. On April 26 -my brother Jack joined us and we went on to CANNES.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. _____

7-Lucy Pease Fowler^{9,77,142} was born on 25 Apr 1864 in Harrogate, Yorkshire and died on 22 Aug 1910 in Toys Hill, Kent. (1909 also given) at age 46.

Lucy married **Owen Fleming**,^{9,77,142} son of **Thomas Fleming** and **Ellen Braxton**, on 31 Oct 1903 in Brasted, Kent. Owen was born on 27 Jul 1867 in Southsea, Hampshire and died on 4 Feb 1955 in Toys Hill, Kent at age 87. They had one daughter: Lucy Margaret.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FRES FRSS ARIBA Hon.MAIA.
- He worked as an Architect in London County Council.

8-Lucy Margaret Fleming^{9,77} was born on 7 Jul 1905 in 14 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, London.

Lucy married Percy Charles Briscoe,⁷⁷ son of Maj. Edward John Briscoe and Emma Sophia Biron, on 25 Apr 1931 in Brampton, Norfolk. Percy was born in Cawnpore, India and died on 5 Nov 1951 in Buxton, Norfolk. They had two children: Annette Moira and Charles Edward.

General Notes: CAREER

Planting in Ceylon 25 years, retired as Managing Director, Rahatungoda Tea Co. Served 1915–19 4th Bn Suffolk Regt, Asst Bde Musketry Officer Halton Camp, 1916; Musketry Adj., Brightlingsea School of Instruction, Australians, 1917; ret. rank of Capt., 1919. High Sheriff, County of Norfolk, 1944-45 RECREATIONS

Shooting, fishing, edging and weeding garden paths

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Hurstpierpoint College.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Norfolk in 1944.
- He worked as a Tea Planter in Sri Lanka.
- He worked as a Managing Director, Rahatungoda Tea Co. In Sri Lanka.
- He resided at Dudwick Hall in Buxton, Norfolk.

9-Annette Moira Briscoe

9-Charles Edward Briscoe

Lucy next married Lieut. Col. Michael Ernest St. John Barne, son of Miles Barne and Violet Ella Orr-Ewing, on 11 Feb 1953. Michael was born on 13 Jul 1905.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a JP.

6-Edward Pease^{8,9,36,86,95,99,195,210} was born on 24 Jun 1834 in James Street, Westminster, London, died on 13 Jun 1880 in Lucerne, Switzerland at age 45, and was buried on 19 Jun 1880 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Edward aged 29 - I remember his bringing home my Aunt Sarah after his wedding in 1862 - he married a little, gentle, timid, kind, very delicate woman Sarah Sturge daughter of Charles Sturge of Bewdley (Shropshire) a pure Quaker family (She died in 1877). My uncle Edward was a very kind good uncle, rather curious and eccentric in some ways and jerky in his manner, but refined and courteous - he became a teetotaller and like all my uncles who did so died young considering the easy life he led. He was supposed to have the Darlington Mills (Spinning and Weaving) under his care with help from his uncle Henry Pease, but he did not, owing to his health, bother much with it after his marriage tho' before, he rode about England and Scotland wool buying &c. He spent his life in good works doing kind things, but mostly in travelling on the continent, fishing in Scotland, walking a great deal and in the social life of his relations. He earned nothing but spent lavishly in breeding mules and he imported the best Poitou, Spanish and other donkey blood, Arab Stallions from India, used to have Cleveland mares and a vast stud - he aimed at proving the value of mules to agriculturists in England. When he died his stock was sold mostly at York and in the south and his great effort ended in nothing - he bought the Bewdley Estates, enjoyed forestry and experiments there, lived a good deal in summer at Greencroft, Darlington, was devoted to my father who kept him financed and got him out of his business neglects and pulled his fortune round from insolvency to wealth for his only daughter (The present [1916] Countess of Portsmouth). I have often wondered what Edward would think of the recompense my father received for his 14 labours of love for him and his. In Scotland he leased Kindrochit at Braemar for fishing &c. We were all very frond of our queer, good kind uncle - who wore a beard and was deaf. The first remembrances of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Edward Pease, 45 13 6 mo. 1880 Darlington. A (Quaker) Minister.

Edward Pease was the second son of the late Joseph and Emma Pease, of Darlington. After some years of careful home training, he received the remainder of his education at Grove House school, Tottenham. He possessed an excellent memory, a very considerable amount of hope and courage, decided self-reliance, and large conversational powers. These general traits were combined with a clear and decided judgment, and a keen discrimination in discerning right from wrong. The testimony of various schoolfellows borne to the effect which his Christian profession and consistency of conduct, as well as his occasional words of caution, produced on their minds at school and during their subsequent lives, writing while at school to one of these who had t, he says, " pray for me, that, shunning all ill examples, I may be enabled to walk in the footsteps of Him who is our perfect example : 1 pray that I may be enabled to ask help and wisdom from Him who is almight to afford them." As a young man, working with working men, when making himself acquainted with his future business, whilst heartily appreciating the story and the joke, he endeavoured to arrest all that was lowering or profane, and by his example to raise the tone of life and the level of conversation in the workshop. While such was his outward life, deeply did he humble himself under the mighty hand of God. Writing in 1854, he says, - " My mind has been much troubled with the reflection that I seem to be doing nothing for my lellow men, and that my heart is not rightly warmed towards them, or else such would not be the case. This induces the awful fear that I am not one of Christ's disciples, not being possessed of that love to the brethren which is their distinguishing badge. I fear that in this reflection there is a mixture of pride, a longing to be distinguished in good works. Lord, grant that whatever I do it may all be done to Thy glory, a willing thank-offering to Him, who has done everything for me." Again in 1856 : - "I have been preserved in sickness and in health, at home and abroad; times of gladness have been given to show the goodness of the Lord, and times of deep sorrow to show that here I have no continuing city. The visitations of Divine love have been from time to time graciously continued; but where is my progress in the Christian course? Six years ago I was favoured with strong convictions of my deep sinfulness and need of a Saviour, and was sometimes contributed to tears at the thought of His love; and still I seem to be halting between two opinions, and as if I dare not say Christ is mine, I seem to sin as often and as deeply as ever, and yet two or three times, when in the pangs of sudden illness I have cried unto the Lord for mercy, the fear of death was taken away, and I had a peaceful trust that for Christ's sake all would be well. But now, in health, I seem to have no living faith. I do not pray believing that I shall receive what I ask for, but rather because I feel myself in the bondage of sin, and could not be satisfied without praying to be delivered from it. Then again, I feel myself to be deficient in that love which is the badge of discipleship. I seem to be almost entirely selfish; pray for others, doubtless; but mostly from a feeling that unless I do so, my prayers on my own account will be of little avail. I wander too, in darkness ; faint indeed is the light that I have as to what to do and what to leave undone ; the Wonderful Counsellor seems well-nigh weary of giving His counsel to such a wilful constant sinner. Thus I go heavily on my way, apparently of no use. I spend my years as a tale that is told. Were it not for the exceeding great and precious promises given to me in the Scriptures, and confirmed by the witness within me, I should indeed 'be in despair. Father, I thank Thee for the assurance that the blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin."

On First day, Eleventh month 8th, 1857, light seems remarkably to have arisen upon his soul. "And now," he writes, "what joy broke in upon me in the evening meeting, for I verily believe the veil was removed, and while seeing my sins and my nothingness in a stronger light than ever before, I was led to feel that Christ died for me, for He has taken my sins; that I am not my own, but bought with a price. the overwhelming sense of his love which took possession of me; that I, the chief of sinners, should be an heir of God, and joint heir with Christ ! During almost all the meeting, I felt as it were lifted from the world, seeing of how little importance it is in comparison with the glory that shall be revealed hereafter. I prayed that God would do with me what He would, and felt that I could not but love Him in return for such wondrous, matchless love. Never, indeed, did I feel such happiness; and though my tears came, they were tears of joy. Long have I wandered in darkness, seeking for light and finding none, going heavily on my way. And now, in His own good time, it has pleased the Lord to lift up the light of His countenance upon me. He has been graciously pleased to give me that blessed evidence of acceptance in the Beloved which is above all price. Bless the Lord, my soul ! "

In 1858, after lamenting his coldness and deadness, owing, as he believed, to not yielding to the promptings felt within to give more time to silent retirement and waiting upon God in prayer, he writes : - " For want of this watching and praying how grievously have I often fallen into sin, and yet I do feel Christ precious, and can at times rejoice in Him as my Saviour. Lord God, I I desire at this time to approach Thee, humbled to the very dust in the feeling of my un worthi- ness, yet looking up with filial confidence through the merits of Christ, and to crave of Thee an increase of faith. that Thou wilt grant unto me Thy Holy Spirit to guide me in the richly blest yet awfully responsible path Thou hast given me to tread. Lord, I look around on a world greatly polluted, and I see multitudes in the misery of sin; and having been graciously permitted to see, - and oh ! I trust, even to feel, in some measure- that in Thee alone is peace and happiness, I would indeed crave that Thy will be done on earth even as it is in heaven. And if, in the accomplishing of this great and glorious work, Thou hast any service for thy poor, unworthy servant, 'Draw me, Lord, and I will run after Thee.' All I have is Thine, and I would cast myself at Thy feet, desiring that Thou wilt make me whatever Thou wouldst have me to be."

"Eleventh month 27th, 1858.- Evening, stayed at home, and was memorably favoured in wrestling in prayer, and felt a clearer evidence of the all-prevailing power of the cleansing blood of Christ than ever before. My soul was bowed in deep humiliation that such a creature should be clothed in the robe of Christ's righteousness, and permitted communion with the King of Kings." "28th, evening. - Again favoured with much enlargement in prayer. Oh ! what an unspeak- able mercy ! Felt indeed how impossible it is to grasp the mystery of infinite love. Was led afresh to cast myself at

the feet of Jesus, and crave that His will may be wholly done in and through me; that I may be emptied of self and : filled with Him. Was enabled to make use of the Lord's Prayer in a fuller sense of its sublimity and comprehensiveness and holiness, than I think I have ever had before."

As a teacher in the First day school, his desires were earnest to bring his scholars to Christ. In First month, 1860, he writes, - "In the afternoon school took the Bible-class (in the absence of their usual teacher), consisting of about sixteen young men. I felt weak and nervous, but I fear that it arose more from that fear of man that bringeth a snare, than from consciousness of my utter inability to teach aright without divine aid. Still I trust my prayers for help, however feeble, were heard, and that I was enabled in measure, though not as I ought to have done, to speak to them of Christ as our Shepherd, the chapter being John X. I believe that when we feel a shrinking from any service that presents itself, we should be careful prayerfully to examine ourselves as to the real motive for such shrinking; for it seems to me that sometimes we, as it were, mentally calculate that our powders of thought and expression are unequal to the task, forgetting that they that wait on the Lord shall renew their strength, and that if any man lack wisdom, and ask in faith, it shall be given him. And with regard to words, we cannot but believe that the promise of our dear Saviour to His Apostles when He sent them forth, was written for our instruction, not to be anxious ' how or what thing ye shall answer, or what ye shall speak.' At other times I believe we are too apt to be considering whether we shall make a good impression as to ability, whether we shall be appreciated, or whether we shall not seem small or ridiculous. that we may more and more rely on the gracious promise that when He putteth forth His own sheep He goeth before them, and know a full willingness to be made as fools for Christ's sake."

Alluding in 1861 to a sermon of Benjamin Seebohm's, in which he felt himself to be specially addressed, as one who was being fitted for further service in testifying of the grace of God more publicly, he says, "0 Lord God, thou only knowest if such conflicts and labours, and oh ! such inexpressible joys, are in store for me. I desire to prostrate myself before Thee in reverent submission ; to offer unto Thee the tribute of praise for Thy unmerited love in Christ Jesus, and for the blessed guidance of Thy Holy Spirit; and to commit my future wholly and unreservedly unto Thee, craving that I may be so baptised into the name and power of Christ, that my meat may indeed be to do the will of my Father, and to finish His work. And, Lord, in some sense of the love of God shed alDroad in my heart, I desire at this time fervently to pray that Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven,"

Thenceforward, step by step, he was led onwards into the work of the ministry of the Gospel, and was recorded by his friends as a minister in 1875. Endowed with natural eloquence, he was yet jealously careful not to take part in this work without a full sense of divine anointing and requiring on each separate occasion. He had also the happy gift of condensing what he had to say in a few well-chosen sentences.

He was married in the Second month, 1862, to Sarah, daughter of Charles Sturge, of Birmingham. Closely united, they travelled on life's pilgrimage together, blessing many by acts of thoughtful kindness, in doing which they were true helpmeets to each other. Strengthened by her sympathy, he took an earnest interest in the work of the Bible Society, in the Temperance cause, in the promotion of education, and in many other kindred efforts for the benefit of his fellow-men; and during the latter years of his life, his mind was especially directed to the evils attendant on the opium traffic. He was earnestly interested in political subjects, and the right government of the country; his one political standard being "right or wrong. He derived much pleasure from nature, closely observing and admiring the varieties in the animal and vegetable kingdoms, as well as exploring her in her grander aspects, and greatly enjoying active exercise among the mountains.

It was his lot to follow to the grave his beloved wife, his parents, and many dear to him, his contemporaries in life. These successive bereavements told much on his sensitive nature. Yet, alluding to his married life and his wife's death, he says, " It is doubtless mysterious that the wise and good should die in their prime, but as I go to one place after another, associated with dear Sarah's illness and pain, I feel almost joyful to think of her, not only free from these, but radiant with eternal health and glory." The state of his own health for several years made him especially alive to the uncertainty of the continuance of his life : but for him death had no terrors. Writing at the close of 1877, the year of his wife's death, he says, - " Looking at the past, looking especially at the memorable year just closing, I may well say, ' Surely good- ness and mercy have followed me all the days of my life,' while through the atoning merits of my God and Saviour, I lay hold of the words, "And I shall dwell in the house of the Lord for ever."

His strength had been from time to time much recruited by journeys abroad, or by spending the winter months in a milder climate. Early in 1880 he went to Cannes in company with members of his family. For a time there seemed to be symptoms of improvement, but as he travelled over the St. Gothard on the homeward journey, it became evident that his life was drawing rapidly to a close. Within two days after arriving at Lucerne the end came. Perceiving his critical condition, he said, "Living or dying - the Lord's." He commended his child to the Lord in prayer. One of his sisters, whilst watching beside his bed, quoted, "When thou passest through the waters I will be with thee," and his response was, "Thou hast compassed me about with songs of deliverance." Very shortly after this he departed, to join, we cannot doubt, through the mercy of God in Christ Jesus, in the everlasting song.

12 June 1880, Sat: At my letters & papers - a telegram from Lucerne says that Edward has got safely there, breathing relieved and more comfortable; went down to [sic] by train to Leyton with Gurney Barclay from Liverpool ?Street Station?.

13 June 1880, Sun: A beautiful morning; to meeting, a good sermon from Theodore Fry; called on Jane M. Barclay afterwards; on reaching Knotts Green found a telegram from Elizabeth Lucy Fowler at Lucerne telling of Edward's death this morning. I was not unprepared, still it was a great shock and one can hardly realise it. Telegraphed Emma at Southend, Charles Sturge & to E.L. Fowler – resolved to return to Palace Gardens, came back, wrote numerous letters, went to bed heavy hearted.

14 June 1880, Mon: A letter from Jane with an a/c of Saturday at Lucerne. Edward had got there with some difficulty but seemed much better than when he was at Brunnen, and they seemed to have been much relieved about him. Spent the morning writing letters, putting off my engagements and our dinner parties, writing family letters &c &c ; then into the town to tailors, hair cutting &c home; a call from Rachel Fowler and Sophie Fry – then a walk with Maud. Arthur & May came in during the evening – a nice mention of Edward in the *Echo* (Northern); his death is paragraphed in *The Globe & Newcastle Chronicle*.

15 June 1880, Tues: Letter this morning from Jane Pease containing the a/c of Edward's quiet death at Lucerne about 6 oclock on Suinday morning, he seems to have been spared much suffering. Arthur came in, talked over arrangements with him.

18 June1880, Fri: Left London for Darlington a 10 o'clock, Jane Elizabeth Fowler, Emma, May, Loo Fowler, John E. Fowler, Minnie & self – to Southend. Edward's remains had arrived at Greencroft yesterday; with Arthur on arrangements for the funeral. To Woodside to see Kate & Bessie Charles, saw Charlie & John Henry in their beds; began to draw a little memorial of Edward for tomorrow evening. Much talk about Beatrice's future home – it looks as if she would come to us.

19 June 1880, Sat: Saturday, funeral arrangements and stuck steadily to my memorial of Edward; about 2 o'clock we all assembled at Greencroft. The coffin was foreign in shape and not like an English one. There was a very large attendance; I heard afterwards even more persons than at my father's funeral. Minnie, Beatrice & I walked together, she was very calm poor child. Fielden Thorpe said a few

words and Jonathan Hodgkin prayed; we went in to meeting where we heard Fielden Thorpe, Watson Binns and a man from Waterford. To Southend where I read a little memoir and a psalm; a few words from Cousin Eliza was all the vocal administration we had. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House school, Tottenham.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Quaker Minister in 1875 in Darlington MM.
- He had a residence in Bewdley, Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham.

Edward married Sarah Sturge,^{8,9,86,95,99,210} daughter of Charles Sturge^{8,24,53,86,95,100,211,212,213,214} and Mary Darby Dickinson,^{8,24,53,95,100,109,213} on 26 Feb 1862 in FMH Birmingham. Sarah was born on 26 Feb 1836 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 14 Jun 1877 in Darlington, County Durham at age 41, and was buried on 19 Jun 1877 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had one daughter: Beatrice Mary.

Marriage Notes: 26 Feb 1862, Wed: Edward's wedding day - a cold morning, very in a carriage with Gurney, Minnie, Sarah & Wilson Sturge to the meeting house where the party soon assembled. The Bride seemed calm and "self contained", Maids were Eliza and Nanny Sturge, Edith Sturge, Sophy Pease, Emma G. Pease, & Maria Sturge, Groomsmen were, Arthur, Gurney, Frank & Charles Pease, Charles Dickinson Sturge (1832-1915) & John Edmund Sturge (1842-1880). Besides these, my father, Charles Sturge, Jane, Frank Gibson, Henry Fell Pease, Lewis & Bessie Fry, Henry, John & Elizabeth Lucy Fowler, and Barnard Dickinson (1809-1896) and the former's wife Miss Darby (*This latter seems a bit muddled*), Uncle John &c, George Lloyd (1824-1903) acted as the Master of Ceremonies. Meeting began with a prayer from Joseph Bevan Braithwaite, then they spoke and spoke well, then a sermon from Uncle John, one from Joseph Bevan Braithwaite, a few words from a young man; walked to Frederick Street with my father and John Fowler and young Joseph Sturge (1847-1934); called on John Edward & Kitty Wilson, they have 3 fine boys. Then dinner which was excellent, sat between Hannah Sturge and Mary George Lloyd (1821-1901); after dinner, lounged about - in the evening, all Birmingham to tea, a few charades, to bed late and tired.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

General Notes: 14 June 1877, Thurs: A telegram from Edward says that Sarah died this morning at 2 o'clock asking us to go to him - At letters, into Town to get the needful things - off at 2.15 for Malvern, arrived 6.33, found Edward, Beattie, Lillie Sturge, Iza and Charles Sturge & Mrs Playen - Edward was quiet and himself - he had been a good deal upset at first on being called, the girls were all done up, Minnie was a great aid, I did my best at arrangements; had a long chat with Dr Kidd after post mortem which disclosed a sad disagonisation of the bowels from long disease & a little stone in one passage. 15 June 1877, Fri: After a fair night's rest, all the Ladies seemed better . Arrangements again; we leave Saturday for Southend. Funeral on Tuesday at Darlington at 3 o'clock; servants & remains to come on Monday; arrangements with House Agents - wrote Dr - & letters &c &c; Wilson Sturge came over & returned with Lilly; wrote Alf red & children.

16 June 1877, Sat: Left Malvern about 9.15 & travelled with Edward & Beatrice to Darlington; It was warm and dusty enough but we got along comfortably, reaching Southend a little before seven o'clock; Jane & Emma were busy enough with letters and preparations.

19 June 1877, Tues: At my letters with Fyle, David Dale's clerk, then arrangements. Poor Sarah's funeral at 3 o'clock, a large party and many friends & neighbours; A prayer from Isaac Sharp, a few words from Theodore Fry at the grave. To Southend after meeting, walked round by Woodside with Henry Dickinson, a large family gathering good time in the Southend drawing room - after they broke up, supper & then to bed tired.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

7-Beatrice Mary Pease^{86,95} was born on 20 Feb 1866 in Torquay, Devon and died on 13 Dec 1935 in Hurstbourne Park, Hampshire at age 69.

General Notes: "It was a wonderful journey after leaving Oxford, on beautiful country roads via Newbury and Abingdon - the sun was out from time to time. As we neared the church at Hurstbourne Priors at 2.30 groups of villagers were standing about. One or two reporters made a dash for me, hoping for distinguished visitors.

"I was shown to a place in the Church, 3rd pew from the top, and gradually the pews in front filled up with members of the Wallop family, and Miss Brownlow came next to me. The Church became more and more packed; the Earl and Lady Portsmouth tried to get members of his famity to join them in the big Portsmouth pew but they would have none of it. I liked the look of the earl best of all the family group, but his wife was less pleasing and over 'American' I could not make out why six pews in front on the other side were kept empty, but found later that the coffin was being dragged on a farmwagon from the house by men on the Estate (as when the earl died.) These farmers or labourers filled the empty pews. Lord Lymington and the Estate Agent followed the coffin from the house and as it was carried up the church, and then Lord Lymington joined the present Earl and Lady Portsmouth in the family pew. Lord-Lymington had taken over detail evidently and according to Miss Brownlow, had settled that the service should be what Beatrice had chosen for her own husband. Everything seemed most appropriate and really reverent and beautiful in an old world way.

"The grave was near the Church door and after the service was over people lingered about talking quietly. I had a few words with Mrs Leverton Harris, who was feeling the occasion a good deal, and was anxious that I should pass on the word how wonderful Miss Brownlow had been. Miss Brownlow asked me to go with her up to the house and took me to her sitting-room and spoke about Beatrice. It is nearly two years since she spoke, and she has been quietly peaceful, her face like a childs for beauty and repose; after death ti're lines of old age appeared. She was able to swallow liquids but often had to be roused up to do so. Last Wednesday she had a relapse but on Thursday morning was better, about 9.30 she was worse again and died at 1.30. I went into the drawing- room before leaving and

spoke with lady Margaret Watney. Miss Brownlow pressed me to speak to Lord Lymington; he certainly has a pleasing manner. He spoke of the illness having lasted since 1929. "I was pressed to stay for tea, but there seemed no sign of it, so I said goodbye. The only representative of the Pease family seemed to be Mrs Buxton and "Phillipa" (?), and it seemed very important to go."

Transcript of a letter by E. Sturge (Not known). Courtesy of Peter Sturge, to Charles E. G. Pease, by e-mail. 23 July 2016

Beatrice married Newton Wallop 6th Earl Of Portsmouth,⁹⁵ son of Isaac Newton Fellowes Wallop 5th Earl Of Portsmouth⁹⁵ and Lady Eveline Alicia Juliana Herbert,⁹⁵ on 17 Feb 1885 in St. Mary Abbot's, Kensington. Newton was born on 19 Jan 1856 and died on 4 Dec 1917 in Hurstbourne Park, Hampshire at age 61. They had no children.

6-John Henry Pease^{6,81,86} was born on 2 Feb 1836 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Apr 1854 in Darlington, County Durham at age 18, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: John Henry who died at 18 in 1854, a hot headed, clever, handsome boy with a passionate temper... but a favourite.

6-Arthur Pease^{6,9,10,74,86,95,103} was born on 12 Sep 1837 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 27 Aug 1898 in Callington, Cornwall²¹⁵ at age 60, and was buried on 1 Sep 1898 in St. Germains Churchyard, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Preached at Samuel Bowly's funeral 1884

Arthur Pease, the next brother was born in 1837, so would be about 26 - as a child & boy I was more in awe of him and his brother Charles than of my other uncles - he was a very tall fine built man of great strength and rather critical - but I grew very fond of him in after years and I am sure no man ever did his duty and walked with a more tender conscience in religious matters. He began life with narrow views, but long before he died, these had given way to larger ones. I did much electioneering with him when he stood for Whitby and the Whitby Division - He like my father wobbled much on the Irish question, but altho' he had gone much further than my father with the Home Rulers, his wife pulled him over to the Unionists while I flatter myself (if it is a cause for self congratulation) that I kept my father with the Liberals, I remember very distinctly Arthur's wife as a girl, Mary Pike coming to Southend with her sister Louisa after they were engaged - a sweet fair pretty Irish girl - I remember being at their wedding in 1864 and signing the marriage certificate in the column of relations at the Darlington Meeting House. Arthur Pease had an excellent business head and my father's constant complaint was that 'Arthur has all the ability to .help me, but never will' He was really very lazy and indifferent about business and would not work at detail, but when he did attend to a question was distinctly good - his was really an indolent nature and he never bothered to write more with his own hand than he could help. He left all worries and difficulties to my father and always said 'Joseph will attend to that' and went off to his Quarterly Meetings, Sunday Schools and Temperance affairs. He preached and was a Minister - he preached and spoke well and quietly and was impressive with a nice voice and earnest manner. One fault he had of staring at you, a sort of religious glare, and he was fond of talking, gossiping and anecdote. He was excellent company, fond of horses and farming and country things. After every good story he told he would stare or glare at you with a smile and say what?... what?... or just stare till you showed you had fully appreciated it. Arthur Pease in the earlier part of his life became also a very strong teetotal advocate. His health suffered as his brothers from this abstinence, and his life prolonged by his having courage to give up this practice, and he lived to be 61 and died of heart disease. He lived at "Hummersknott" built by his father for him. near to "Uplands" built for his sister Rachel when a

widow. The first remembrances of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

Arthur Pease, 61 27 8mo. 1898

Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire. A Minister.

Arthur Pease was the third son of Joseph and Emma Pease, of Southend, Darlington, and was born there on the 12th of Ninth Month, 1837. He became one of a happy family of twelve brothers and sisters, in a home that was well known, not only in the Society of Friends, but in a much wider circle.

As a child he was somewhat delicate, and received that maternal care which happily so frequently attends such children. This produced a very close mutual attraction between mother and son, and made him acutely feel her death in 1860.

He was educated at Tottenham School. Naturally of a quiet and amiable disposition, he passed through this early probation as a favourite with his fellow pupils, and with those who had the charge of his education.

Leaving school in 1853, he entered upon the family business, and became a most useful member of the firm in which his father, uncles, and elder brother were engaged. It is not, however, with his business avocations that a memoir for the "Annual Monitor" is concerned. It is with the history of that inner life which is often hid from the world, but which is revealed in a man's life and works and words. There is no doubt that whilst at school the influence of the Holy Spirit on his young heart led him to abhor that which was evil, and to cleave to that which was good. During his early life, the death of his younger brothers had a decided influence on his character. He was impressed as he stood by their graves, and marked the vacant places at the table and hearth, with the uncertainty of time, the certainty of death, and the need of preparation for the life to come. He evidently felt himself to be " a stranger and a pilgrim," seeking " a better country, that is a heavenly." To those who knew him intimately he always seemed to sit loose from earthly things. He enjoyed life, entering into all its interests, social, municipal, political, philanthropic and religious; but he evidently looked with steadfast gaze on the life beyond, treating things here as temporal, and the things eternal as those that endure.

With this substratum of character - whilst in business he had a most excellent and honest judgment, and in philanthropy and politics a warm interest - he never was absorbed in details, or in those close investigations which would distract his time and thoughts from the higher aims on which he had built his life. It may be said that he was devoted to the endeavour to promote Christ's kingdom on earth. His engagements were numerous. A regular attender, during his early life, at our religious meetings, he took a useful but not a very prominent part in meetings for discipline, acting as clerk at home, and assisting at the desk in the Yearly Meeting, where his quiet, serious manner, his good presence, and well regulated voice were much appreciated. He was acknowledged as a minister on the 12th of Eleventh Month, 1874, and his invitations to accept the grace of God which brings salvation were warm-hearted and sincere. But Arthur Pease's were

no narrow views on religious observances or beliefs. By conviction he was a Friend ; and whilst those most dear to him trod other relgious paths, he held to those views in which he had been early educated and which made him a Friend, without feeling that they were in any way separated in things essential and eternal.

Giving up his Darlington home, he removed for the last few years of his life to a house on the Yorkshire coast, built by his father. It was situated in the Cleveland iron-mining district. He generally attended our meetings in the morning of First-days. In the evening he frequently occupied the pulpits of various denominations in the town or mining village, and occasionally aided the Vicar of Marske in reading the lessons of the day in Holy Scripture. The testimony as to the manner in which these services were received, and as to the real good that was, through the divine blessing, given to the souls of his hearers, is wide and emphatic.

He was elected member for the Borough of Whitby in the parliament of 1880-5. He was not a frequent speaker in the House of Commons, but served most usefully and diligently on public and private Bill Committees. When he did address the House, it was generally clearly to the point on matters with which he was by experience acquainted. In 1895 he again entered parliament as member for Darlington, as a supporter of the Unionist party. His sympathies were intensely with Ireland. . He deplored the condition of the peasantry, and the trials which the sad social state of the country brought upon all classes. To one of his most intimate friends, who was speaking to him of the difference of opinion between himself and others dear to him, he said, " I would give my life for Ireland tomorrow, if the sacrifice would make a happy Ireland." With these views he felt it his duty to dissent from Mr. Gladstone's measures on Home Rule, and to support (not without apprehension that there might occasionally be some tension of his views on other subjects), the Conservative or Unionist party.

He was Mayor of Darlington in 1873-4. He was chairman of the Durham County Council, and for many years chairman of the committee having charge of the County Asylum. In these offices and many others he showed that love to mankind which is begotten by the love of God to men.

He married on the 14th of Fourth Month, 1864, Mary Lecky, the daughter of Ebenezer and Lydia Pike, of Besborough, Cork. His family consisted of three sons and four daughters. They formed, as they grew up, part of that united family circle of their name in and around Darlington, who regarded their father with much affection, and received his love in return. But life here, however pure, however complete, however valuable to family, neighbours, and country, has its end. Arthur Pease's family friends and neighbours could not but feel anxious about a life so dear to them, as they noticed failing health, and a waning physical force. He was quite aware of the fact ; and although able still to discharge his public and private duties, he frequently alluded to his life here as uncertain.

Death in his own family was a sore trial to him. In Tenth Month, 1896, his daughter Rosa, who had been long in delicate health, died in the faith of the humble Christian who confides in a loving Saviour's sacrifice. She was buried in the little churchyard of Marske by the Sea, where the cross over her grave could be seen from her father's windows. He bore the bereavement as a Christian ; but those who loved him noticed how much he felt it. Still he followed his usual occupations with conscientious assiduity.

Late in Seventh Month, 1898, he went to speak at a political meeting at Callington in Cornwall. Whilst there he was seized with a sudden addition to the physical weakness under which he had suffered for some months past. The physicians called in took a serious view of his case ; he knew it and said, " I desire to die as a Christian." All fear of death was taken away from him. Faith in the blood of Christ - the sense that his sins were pardoned - was over all. For many days hope and fear influenced those about his bed. There seemed at one time such a rally, as gave reason to hope that he might at least be removed to his own house by the sea, where he so much longed to be ; but such was not permitted. On Seventh-day, the 27th of Eighth Month he passed, as we reverently trust, to the many mansions already prepared for those that love their Lord.

On Ninth Month 1st he was buried in the churchyard at Marske, beside the child he had loved so well. It was a striking scene ; the open grave, the tributes of flowers, with hundreds of neighbours and friends around the grave. The peer, the peasant, the miner, all came to show respect to one who had shared their labours, and many to bear witness to the power of his ministry. The ministers of the Society of Friends, and those of the Established Church stood side by side at his grave in all harmony, and each spoke that which was given him to say. How beautifully appropriate are the words: "Therefore my beloved brethren, be ye steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Grove House School in Tottenham, London.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington in 1873-1874.
- He worked as an a Quaker Minister on 12 Nov 1874 in Darlington MM.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Whitby in 1880-1885.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Darlington.
- He had a residence in Hummersknott, Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Cliffe House, Marske, Yorkshire.

Arthur married Mary Lecky Pike,^{6,9,86,95,103,215} daughter of Ebenezer Pike^{86,103} and Lydia Clibborn Pike,¹⁰³ on 14 Apr 1864 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Mary was born on 6 Jun 1843 in Bessborough, County Cork, Ireland, died on 14 Dec 1915 in London at age 72, and was buried in St. Germains Churchyard, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire. They had seven children: Arthur Francis, Herbert Pike, Alice Mary, Rosa Elizabeth, Winifred Pike, Claud Edward, and Evelyn Ada.

7-Sir Arthur Francis Pease 1st. Bt.^{9,13,95,182,186} was born on 11 Mar 1866 in Hummersknott, Darlington, County Durham and died on 23 Nov 1927 in Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire at age 61.

General Notes: Times Nov 1927 :- We regret to announce that Sir Arthur Francis Pease, of Middleton Tyas, near Darlington, was seized with illness while attending a meeting of Horden Collieries at Darlington yesterday, and died soon after being taken home. He was 61. DL. JP. High Sheriff Co. Durham 1920. Chairman Durham County Council 1922. 2nd Civil Lord of the Admiralty, Jan 1918-

Self 137

Geo. Kendrew 130- Elected

Ld. Downe 105

Ramsay 77

Hubert Dorrington 65 Thurs 24 Nov 1927 - I heard of Arthur's death just as I started for the meet at Ayton with Sister Welch & Anne - I gave orders for blinds to be drawn down & went there - Some had heard that I had died suddenly in the night & had been "awfully shocked"! His death was not unexpected - He has lived 61 years, been successful in the directions of wealth & importance, has never known sorrow, all his children have grown up & are a particularly nice lot, all his brothers & sisters are living - He had few interests beyond business & hunting & shooting - was a fair shot - & at one time a bold crashing rider, heavy weight - he was full 6 feet high & a big strong man. **The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.**

Pease, Arthur Francis. Adm. pens. at TRINITY, May 12, 1885. [Eldest] s. of Arthur [M.P., Mayor of Darlington], of Cliff House, Marske-on-the-Sea, Yorks. (and Mary Lecky, dau. of Ebenezer Pike, of Bessborough, Co. Cork). B. [Mar. 11], 1866 [at Hummersknott], Darlington, Durham. School, Brighton College. Matric. Michs. 1885; B.A. 1888; M.A. 1893. Chairman and Managing Director of Pease and Partners, Ltd.; a Director of Lloyds Bank; Horden Collieries, Ltd.; the Forth Bridge Railway Co. and the North-Eastern Railway Co.; etc. Prominent during the protracted negotiations arising out of the minimum wage agitation. Second Civil Lord of the Admiralty, 1918-19. Created Baronet, 1920. Chairman of the Durham C.C., 1922-7. J.P. and D.L. for Co. Durham; High Sheriff, 1920. Married, Oct. 1, 1889, Laura Matilda Ethelwyn, dau. of Charles Peter Allix, of Swaffham Prior House, Cambs. Died Nov. 23, 1927, at Darlington. Brother of the next and of Herbert P. (1886). (Burke, P. of all questions connected with the coal trade made Arthur Pease a valuable member of the Durham Coal Trade Association, and he was a member of the owners' side of the Durham Reconciliation Board. He was prominently before the public during the protracted negotiations arising out of the minimum wage agitation, and was one of the three members representing the Durham owners on the Coalowners' committee appointed to meet the Government and the Miners' Federation's representatives. On the formation of the Joint District Board for Durham in April, 1912, under the Minimum Wage Act, he was appointed to state the case of the coalowners. He was also a vice-chairman of the Cleveland Mineowners' Association. He held office as Second Civil Lord of the Admiralty in 1918-19, and was created a baronet in 1920. He was elected chairman of the Durham County Council in 1922, and had done good work on that body as the chairman of the Higher Education Committee. He was a J.P. and D.L. for the county of Durham, and was High Sheriff in 1920. Always a keen lover of sport, he was regularly to be seen with the Zetland Hounds, and on occasions with the other packs hunting North Yorkshire and South Durham. In politics he was an ardent Unionist, and had been president of the Darlington Unionist Association from its formation in 1910. Sir Arthur Pease married, in 1889, Laura Matilda Ethelwyn, daughter of Mr. Charles Peter Allix, of Swaffham Prior House, Cambridgeshire. She survives him, with one son and three daughters. His son, Captain Richard Arthur Pease, who succeeds him in the title, was born in 1890, served in the Great War, married Jeanette Thorn, daughter of the late Gustav Edward Kissel, of New York, and has two sons and one daughter. Sir Arthur Francis Pease (1880), 1st Bart., created 1920; MA (Cantab.); DL; JP; High Sheriff, Co. Durham, 1920; Second Civil Lord of the Admiralty, 1918-19; Chairman, Durham County Council, 1922. From Oatlands he went on to Brighton College and Trinity College, Cambridge ; took his BA (Historical Tripos), 1888 ; MA, 1893. Chairman of Messrs. Pease & Partners, Ltd. Address : Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tvas, Yorks, -----

Pease, Sir Arthur Francis, first baronet (1866-1927), coal owner and industrialist, was born at Hummersknott, Darlington, on 11 March 1866, the eldest son of Arthur Pease, coal owner and MP, and his wife, Mary Lecky, daughter of Ebenezer Pike of Bessborough, co. Cork. He came from a Quaker family which had long been associated with industrial development in Durham and Yorkshire. He was the great-grandson of Edward Pease, railway projector; grandson of Joseph Pease [see under Pease, Edward], also a railway projector, and the first Quaker to sit in parliament; and nephew of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, first baronet, of Hutton Lowcross and Pinchintorpe, who for nearly forty years represented a Durham constituency in the House of Commons. Pease was educated at Brighton College, and at Trinity College, Cambridge, and received a business training in Darlington with the family colliery concern, Pease & Partners. Pease was fortunate to avoid the financial catastrophe which afflicted the family bank, J. and J. W. Pease, in 1902, when negotiations for a takeover by Barclay & Co. revealed the bank to be insolvent. Pease had earlier sold his interest in the business to his uncle, Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease, whose estate was forfeited to meet liabilities in excess of £400,000. A portion of this sum was owed to Pease & Partners and it was owing to Arthur Francis Pease's acknowledged non-involvement in the bank's collapse that he was able to become chairman and managing director of Lloyds Bank and of the London and North Eastern Railway Company. In 1889 he married Laura Matilda Ethelwyn, daughter of Charles Peter Allix, of Swaffham Prior House, Cambridgeshire, who survived him; they had a son and three daughters. Pease became known to the public as a prominent negotiator when an organized demand arose among miners for a minimum wage. He was one of three representatives of the Durham owners who served on the committee of coal owners which was appointed in 1912 to meet the government and the Miners' Federation. Subsequently, when

These were the years of 'Lib-Labism' when organized labour accepted a subordinate position in the hierarchy of liberal capitalism. As a unionist, Pease rejected this philosophy, especially in the years after 1906 when employers and trade unionists in the coal industry began to mobilize on a national basis in the face of declining productivity and profitability. In the great disputes of the 1920s Pease was a firm advocate of the view that, in the event of trade union opposition to wage reductions in response to trade depression, employers should resort to the tactics of the lock-out. Pease devoted much time to the affairs of his native county. He was elected chairman of the Durham county council in 1922 and took an especial interest in education. He was a JP and a deputy lieutenant for the county of Durham, and in 1920 he served as high sheriff. During the First World War he helped to raise the 18th battalion of the Durham light infantry. Preoccupation with business affairs prevented him from seeking election to the House of Commons, but his strong political sympathies induced him to act as president of the Durham Unionist Association from the time of its formation in 1910. He was devoted to all forms of sport and was a regular follower of the Zetland hounds. Pease's health eventually became precarious as a result of overwork, and he died at his home, Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tyas, near Darlington, on 23 November 1927, after a cerebral haemorrhage during a meeting of directors. His son, Richard Arthur Pease, succeeded to the baronetcy.

M. W. Kirby

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1880.
- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at Trinty College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Chairman and Managing Director of Pease & Partners Ltd in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of London & North Eastern Railway Company.
- He worked as a Director of Lloyds Bank Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Horden Collieries Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate Ltd.
- He worked as a President of Mining Association of Great Britain 1913 To 1914.
- He worked as a Chairman and Managing Direcor of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Chairman of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1920.
- He had a residence in Middleton Lodge, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

Arthur married Laura Matilda Ethelwyn Allix,⁹⁵ daughter of Charles Peter Allix⁹⁵ and Laura Agneta Wellington Bevan, on 1 Oct 1889 in Swaffham Burbeck, Cambridge. Laura was born on 14 May 1867 in Swaffham, Cambridge and died on 4 Jan 1936 in Richmond, Yorkshire at age 68. They had four children: Richard Arthur, Mary Ethelwyn, Dorothy Laura, and Elizabeth Frances.

General Notes: Saturday 4th January 1936 - When I came in, there was a message from Dick Pease to say that his mother Ethelwyn had died peacefully this morning – I do not know how old she was (68? 69?) – they were married in 1889 - & Arthur died in 1927 –

From the time that Betty & I married in 1922, neither Arthur nor Ethelwyn took any notice of us socially – which to say the least was mannerless & gratuitously offensive – Even when we lost our little Judy & I had to meet Arthur on business a few days after her death - he never said a kind word or alluded to it – When Arthur was not well, he proposed to come here to talk business with me – but Betty after 4 years

of their insulting attitude said "No!" - & I told Arthur it could not be -

No one else unless it was Mrs Clive Dixon & Alice & Evelyn behaved in this way for a time & Herbert & Claud were quite nice – Since Arthur's death there has been no association whatever – There was a vein of jealousy in Ethelwyn but she was a capable woman & a good mother – but like Arthur had a hard & nasty side – she never got on with Herbert & Alice nor with Jack & Elsie – Elsie however was always nasty to the Arthur Peases especially to Lucy! In old days I had very nice times with Arthur, Ethelwyn & the girls & the change that came over them is rather difficult to understand. Mon 6 Jan 1936 – I went to Ethelwyn's funeral 2.30 p.m. Middleton Tyas & sat with Maud & Blanche & met several relatives I had not seen for a long time – e.g. Betty Wilson from Kenya & Jack Alix – The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

8-Sir Richard Arthur Pease 2nd Bt. was born on 18 Nov 1890 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham, died on 13 Nov 1969 at age 78, and was buried on 18 Nov 1969 in St. Michael's, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

General Notes: Captain Northumberland Hussars Yeomanry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.

Richard married Jeanette Thorn Kissel, daughter of Gustav Edward Kissel and Caroline Roberts Thorn, on 19 Jan 1917 in London. Jeanette was born on 30 Aug 1890 in Morristown, New Jersey, USA and died on 3 Nov 1957 in Richmond, Yorkshire at age 67. They had four children: Arthur Peter, Aline Thorn, Richard Thorn, and Derrick Allix.

9-Arthur Peter Pease was born on 15 Feb 1918 in London, died on 15 Sep 1940 in Maidstone, Kent. Killed In Action at age 22, and was buried in St. Michael's, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire.

General Notes: F/O Arthur Peter Pease served during the Battle of Britain. He was the son of Sir Richard and Lady Pease of Middleton Tyas. Arthur joined Cambridge University Air Squadron and after training, was posted to No 1 School of Army Co-operation at Old Sarum. He was then posted to 5 OTU at Aston Down to convert to Spitfires and from there to 603 Sqn at Dyce. Arthur shot down a He111 on 30 July 1940 and destroyed a Bf109 on 3 September 1940. Just four days later he was forced to belly-land due to damage inflicted on his aircraft and on 15 September he was shot down. Arthur Pease is buried in the family grave at Middleton Tyas Churchyard.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton College.
- He worked as a Flying Officer. No. 603 (City of Edinburgh) (fighter) Squadron in Dyce, Aberdeenshire.

9-Aline Thorn Pease

Aline married Patrick Claude Hannay, son of Claude Hannay and Elsie Dorr, on 1 May 1940 in London. Patrick was born on 16 Oct 1912 in USA and died on 24 May 1940 in Killed In Action Over France at age 27.

Aline next married Kenneth James William Mackay 3rd Earl Of Inchcape, son of Kenneth Mackay 2nd Earl Of Inchcape and Frances Caroline Joan Moriaty, on 12 Feb 1941 in London. Kenneth was born on 27 Dec 1917 in Uckfield, Sussex and died on 17 Mar 1994 at age 76. They had three children: Lucinda Louise, Kenneth, and James Jonathan Thorn.

General Notes: Kenneth James William Mackay. Earl of Inchcape

10-Lady Lucinda Louise Mackay

Lucinda married David Wilson Bogie in 1983. David was born on 17 Jul 1946 in Dundee, Angus, Scotland and died on 9 Dec 1999 in London at age 53.

Noted events in his life were:

He worked as an Advocate Sheriff in Aberdeen.

10-Kenneth Mackay 4th Earl Of Inchcape

Kenneth married Georgina Nesbitt, daughter of Sydney Cresswell Nesbitt. They had three children: Elspeth Pease, Ailsa Fiona, and Fergus James Kenneth.

11-Lady Elspeth Pease Mackay

Elspeth married James Peter Hordern, son of Rt. Hon. Sir Peter Maudslay Hordern and Elizabeth Susan Chataway. They had two children: Tobias Peter Edmund and Iona Frances.

12-Tobias Peter Edmund Hordern

12-Iona Frances Hordern

11-Lady Ailsa Fiona Mackay

Ailsa married Hon. Ralph William Robert Stonor, son of Rt. Hon. Sir Ralph Thomas Campion George Sherman Stonor 7th Lord Camoys and Elizabeth Mary Hyde-Parker. They had three children: Ralph Thomas William Peter, Henry William Robert, and Cecily Isla Mary.

12-Ralph Thomas William Peter Stonor

12-Henry William Robert Stonor

12-Cecily Isla Mary Stonor

11-Fergus James Kenneth Mackay Viscount Glenapp

Fergus married **Rebecca M. Jackson**. They had one daughter: **Leonora Georgina Frances**.

12-Hon. Leonora Georgina Frances Mackay

10-Hon. James Jonathan Thorn Mackay

James married Mary Caroline Joyce. They had two children: Aidan James Turner and Sophie.

11-Aidan James Turner Mackay

11-Sophie Mackay

Aline next married **Thomas Chambers Windsor Roe,** son of **John Valentine Roe** and **Emma Maud Otimer Windsor**, on 4 Jun 1955 in Pully, Switzerland. Thomas was born on 23 Mar 1917 in Hove, Brighton, East Sussex and died in 1988 at age 71. They had two children: **Oriel Mclane Thorn** and **Patrick Rupert Windsor**.

10-Oriel Mclane Thorn Roe

10-Patrick Rupert Windsor Roe

9-Sir Richard Thorn Pease 3rd Bt.

Richard married Anne Heyworth,⁷⁷ daughter of Lt. Col. Reginald Francis Heyworth and Hon. Moyra Marjoribanks, on 9 Mar 1956 in London. Anne was born on 10 Apr 1924 in London and died on 9 Oct 2017 at age 93. They had three children: Carolyn Thorn, Richard Peter, and Nichola.

10-Carolyn Thorn Pease

Carolyn married John Silvester Varley, son of Philip Varley. They had two children: Emma Thorn Anne and George John.

11-Emma Thorn Anne Varley

11-George John Varley

10-Richard Peter Pease

Richard married Cecilie Tholstrup.

Richard next married Kate Chubb. They had one son: Wilfred Richard.

11-Wilfred Richard Pease

10-Nichola Pease

Nichola married Robin Crispin William Odey, son of Lt. Col. George Richard Odey and Janet Caroline Carver. They had three children: Felix Crispin, Sophia Anne, and Maximilian Alexander Tom.

11-Felix Crispin Odey

11-Sophia Anne Odey

11-Maximilian Alexander Tom Odey

9-Derrick Allix Pease was born on 4 Mar 1927 in Richmond, Yorkshire and died on 28 May 1998 at age 71.

Derrick married Hon. Rosemary Portman, daughter of Edward Claud Berkeley Portman 5th Viscount Portman and Hon. Sybil Mary Douglas-Pennant. They had four children: Jonathan Edward, Rosalind Jeanette, Christopher Berkeley, and Arthur David.

10-Jonathan Edward Pease

Jonathan married Mary Moore Dutton, daughter of Francis Moore Dutton. They had three children: Catherine Annie, Victoria Margaret, and Alice Rosie.

11-Catherine Annie Pease

11-Victoria Margaret Pease

11-Alice Rosie Pease

10-Rosalind Jeanette Pease

Rosalind married Evan Robert Hanbury, son of Col. James Robert Hanbury and Sarah Margaret Birkin. They had three children: Susanna Rosemary, James Robert, and William Edward.

11-Susanna Rosemary Hanbury

Susanna married Thomas Michael John Stourton. They had three children: Flora, Marina Polly, and Mary Joanna Rosalind.

12-Flora Stourton

12-Marina Polly Stourton

12-Mary Joanna Rosalind Stourton

11-James Robert Hanbury

11-William Edward Hanbury

Rosalind next married Rodney John Berkeley Portman, son of Berkeley Charles Portman and _____?

10-Christopher Berkeley Pease

Christopher married Mariana Steuart Fothringham, daughter of Robert Scrymsoure Steuart-Fothringham and Elizabeth Mary Charlotte Lawther. They had four children: Edward Robert, Dorothy Elizabeth, Sybilla Mary, and Carola Rosemary.

11-Edward Robert Pease

11-Dorothy Elizabeth Pease

11-Sybilla Mary Pease

11-Carola Rosemary Pease

10-Arthur David Pease

Arthur married Lucilla K. H. Regis.

Richard next married Laura Margaret Martin, daughter of Hughes Martin and Margaret Burroughs, on 19 Apr 1961. Laura was born on 20 Nov 1891 in Cork, County Cork, Ireland and died on 19 Dec 1983 at age 92.

8-Mary Ethelwyn Pease was born on 18 Feb 1892 in Tees Grange and died on 14 Jan 1981 at age 88.

8-Dorothy Laura Pease was born on 21 Apr 1893 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 3 Sep 1971 at age 78.

Dorothy married Lt. Col. John Harold Mousley, son of James Alfred Mousley and Ada Churton, on 6 Sep 1927. John was born on 26 Aug 1885 in New Barnet, Hertfordshire and died on 28 Jan 1959 in Northallerton, Yorkshire at age 73. They had three children: Laura Frances, James Arthur, and Ethelwyn Ada.

9-Laura Frances Mousley was born on 18 Mar 1929 in London and died on 28 Oct 2014 in Cartmel Grange Nursing Home, Grange over Sands, Cumbria at age 85. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Founder member of the St. Leonard's Hospice, York.
- Announcements: Daily Telegraph, 1 Nov 2014.

9-James Arthur Mousley

James married Gro Rieve Kristiansen, daughter of Leif Rieve Kristiansen. They had three children: Kristin Ethelwyn, John Rieve, and Karl Jane.

10-Kristin Ethelwyn Mousley

10-John Rieve Mousley

10-Karl Jane Mousley

9-Ethelwyn Ada Mousley

Ethelwyn married Christopher John Arnold Dixon, son of Hubert John Dixon and Mary Frances Arnold, on 8 Oct 1955 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire. Christopher was born on 17 Aug 1928. They had four children: Anthony John, Phyllida Mary, Timothy James, and Michael Christopher.

10-Anthony John Dixon

10-Phyllida Mary Dixon

10-Timothy James Dixon

10-Michael Christopher Dixon

8-Elizabeth Frances Pease was born on 2 Aug 1894 in Tees Grange, Darlington, County Durham and died on 2 Sep 1974 at age 80.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914.

Elizabeth married Capt. Sir Frank O'Brien Wilson RN, son of Col. John Gerald Wilson and Angelina Rosa Geraldine O'Brien, on 25 Nov 1919 in Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire. Frank was born on 30 Apr 1883 in Cliffe Hall, Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Apr 1962 in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya at age 78. They had four children: Elizabeth Theresa, Richard O'Brien, Arthur Denis, and Dorothy Vivien.

General Notes: Note: In March 2010, my father Sir J Gurney Pease was contacted by Anna Williams of Oxford Scientific films, who had been commissioned to prepare a documentary about Theodore Roosevelt's 1909 expedition to Africa, ruring which time he stayed with my grandfather. Philip Pecival of that era's grandson, was also in contact with Anna Williams upon the same matter. JGP's sister, my aunt, Anne Chetwynd-Stapylton lived in Kenya during the late 1940's early 1950s with her husband Mark. Anne writes to my father on 21. March 2010, "I wonder which of Philip Percival's grandsons is going to contact you. PP's daughter, whose name I can't remember, (might be Peggy) was married to Frank Howden, neighbours of the Wilsons, and our friend Harry Langworthy worked as a pupil for him after we left the Egerton School. I can't remember what other children PP had - a son, I think, and maybe another daughter" The Wilsons farmed at Kilima Kiu - Betty Wilson

was Dick Pease's sister ..."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG DSO JP DL.
- He worked as a Farmer in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya.

9-Elizabeth Theresa Wilson was born on 30 Oct 1920 in Nairobi, Kenya and died on 1 Mar 2007 in Edinburgh Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh at age 86.

Elizabeth married Lt. Col. George Maurice Churcher, son of George Churcher and Ada Minnie Broomfield, on 12 Aug 1959 in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya. George was born on 2 Aug 1893 in Alverstoke, Hampshire and died on 28 Dec 1979 at age 86. They had one daughter: Catherine Elizabeth.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC.

10-Catherine Elizabeth Churcher

9-Richard O'Brien Wilson

Richard married Anne Florence Rowan-Thomson, daughter of John Leslie Rowan-Thomson and Florence Lighton Stubbs. They had four children: Jeremy James O'Brien, Patrick Murrough, Michael Rowan, and Graeme Richard.

10-Jeremy James O'Brien Wilson

10-Patrick Murrough Wilson

10-Michael Rowan Wilson

10-Graeme Richard Wilson

9-Arthur Denis Wilson was born on 1 Sep 1924 in Kilima Kiu, Machakos, Kenya and died on 10 Jun 1990 at age 65.

Arthur married Claire Highton, daughter of Langton Highton and Marjorie Thompson. They had two children: Hilary Frances and Christopher Denis Langton.

10-Hilary Frances Wilson

10-Christopher Denis Langton Wilson

Arthur next married Jillian Hoy Skinner, daughter of George Thomas Skinner.

Arthur next married Judy Maxted.

9-Dorothy Vivien Wilson

7-Rt. Hon. Herbert Pike Pease 1st Baron Daryngton⁹ was born on 7 May 1867 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 10 May 1949 at age 82.

General Notes: He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Darlington between 1898 and January 1910. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for the North Riding, Yorkshire. He held the office of Justice of the Peace (J.P.) for Surrey. He held the office of Deputy Lieutenant (D.L.) of the North Riding, Yorkshire He held the office of Member of Parliament (M.P.) for Darlington between December 1910 and 1923. He held the office of Assistant Postmaster-General between 1915 and 1922. He was invested as a Privy Counsellor (P.C.) in 1917. He was Ecclesiastical Commissioner in 1923. He was created 1st Baron Daryngton, of Witley, Surrey [U.K.] on 12 February 1923. He was Church Estates Commissioner in 1926.

Pease, Herbert Pike.

Adm. at TRINITY HALL, 1886. [2nd] s. of Arthur, Esq. [M.P.], of Princes Gardens, South Kensington, London (and Mary Lecky, 2nd dau. of Ebenezer Pike, of Bessborough, Co. Cork). [B. May 7, 1867. School, Brighton College.] Matric. Michs. 1886. M.P. for Darlington, 1898-1910 and 1910-23.

Liberal Unionist Whip, 1906-10; Unionist Whip, 1910-15. Assistant Postmaster-General, 1915-22. P.C., 1917. Vice-Chairman of the House of Laity of the National Church Assembly, 1917. President, Church Army, 1917. An Ecclesiastical Commissioner, 1923-49, and a Church Estates Commissioner, 1926-49. Raised to the peerage as Baron Daryngton of Witley, Surrey, Feb. 12, 1923. J.P. and D.L. for the N. Riding of Yorks.; J.P. for Surrey. Married, June 5, 1894, Alice Mortimer, 2nd dau. of the Very Rev. Herbert Mortimer Luckock, D.D., Dean of Lichfield, and had issue. Of 65, Onslow Gardens, London, S.W., in 1947. Died May 10, 1949. Brother of Arthur F. (1885) and Claud E. (1893). (Brighton Coll. Reg.; Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Who's Who.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC DL JP.
- He was educated at Oatlands School, Harrogate in 1880.
- He was educated at Brighton College.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Darlington in 1898.
- He worked as an Assistant Postmaster General.
- He had a residence in Merrow Croft, Guildford, Surrey.

Herbert married Alice Mortimer Luckock,⁹ daughter of Very Rev. Herbert Mortimer Luckock and Margaret Emma Thompson, on 5 Jun 1894 in Lichfield, Staffordshire. Alice was born on 5 Jan 1870 in Cambridge and died on 24 Dec 1948 in London at age 78. They had five children: Margaret Alice, Ronald Herbert Pike, Ruth Evelyn, Phyllis Helen, and Jocelyn Arthur Pike.

8-Hon. Margaret Alice Pease was born on 3 Apr 1895 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire and died on 20 Mar 1975 at age 79.

8-Lt. Hon. Ronald Herbert Pike Pease was born on 3 Oct 1896 in Great Ayton, Yorkshire, died on 15 Sep 1916 in Killed In Action France at age 19, and was buried in Guards Cemetery, Lesboefs. Grave XIII.P.2.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Officer of the Coldstream Guards.

8-Hon. Ruth Evelyn Pease was born on 8 Jul 1900 in South Kensington, London.

Ruth married Lt. Cmdr. Norman Ernest Archer,⁷⁷ son of Walter Edward Archer and Alice Lima Hay Murray, on 30 Jun 1925 in Witley, Godalming, Surrey. Norman was born on 27 Aug 1892 in Stavanger, Norway and died on 15 Feb 1970 at age 77. They had two children: Esther Joy and Ronald Walter.

General Notes: EDUCATION RN Colleges, Osborne and Dartmouth

CAREER

Lieut RN 1913 (six 1st class certificates); 1909–20 served in Mediterranean and Home Fleets and attached Russian Navy; Lieut-Comdr (retd), 1921; Colonial Office, 1921; Dominions Office, 1925; Secretary to British Economic Mission to Australia, 1928–29; Admve Asst Sec. Imperial Conferences, 1930, 1932 and 1937; Sec. Office of United Kingdom High Commissioner to Canada, 1932–36;

acting High Commissioner during parts of 1934, 1935 and 1936; Private Sec. to Sec. of State for Dominion Affairs (Mr Eden), 1939-40; Principal Sec., Office of United Kingdom Representative to Eire, 1941 and 1944-48; Assistant Under-Secretary of State, Commonwealth Relations Office, 1948-49; retired, 1949

RECREATIONS Fishing, sailing

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with CMG OBE.
- He resided at White Gates in Longbridge Deverill, Warminster, Wiltshire.
 - 9-Esther Joy Archer

Esther married Robert Blackburn, son of Thomas Henry Blackburn and Mabel Shankey. They had two children: Kari Ruth and Lucy Patricia.

10-Kari Ruth Blackburn

10-Lucy Patricia Blackburn

9-Ronald Walter Archer

Ronald married Catherine Mary Overton, daughter of Marcus Reginald Cholmondeley Overton and Kathleen Ward. They had four children: James Norman, Michael Marcus, Edward John Harold, and Mary Ruth Elizabeth.

10-James Norman Archer

10-Michael Marcus Archer

10-Edward John Harold Archer

10-Mary Ruth Elizabeth Archer

8-Hon. Phyllis Helen Pease was born on 12 Sep 1904 in Merrow Croft, Guildford, Surrey and died in 1987 at age 83.

General Notes: Head Almoner between 1942 and 1965 at St. Stephen's Hospital

8-Rt. Hon. Jocelyn Arthur Pike Pease 2nd Baron Daryngton was born on 30 May 1908 in Merrow Croft, Guildford, Surrey and died on 5 Apr 1994 at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple.
- He had a residence in Oldfield, Wadesmill, Ware, Hertfordshire.

7-Alice Mary Pease was born on 28 Jun 1869 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 1 Feb 1945 in London at age 75.

7-Rosa Elizabeth Pease^{9,103,215} was born on 15 Feb 1871 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 24 Sep 1896 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire at age 25, and was buried in St. Germains Churchyard, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire.

7-Winifred Pike Pease was born on 7 Jan 1873 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 17 Sep 1957 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge at age 84.

Winifred married Roger William Bulwer Jenyns, son of Rev. Charles Fitzgerald Gambier Jenyns and Rose Emily Lytton Bulwer, on 23 Apr 1903 in London. Roger was born on 3 Dec 1858 in

Melbourne, Cambridge and died on 12 Apr 1936 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge at age 77. They had three children: Roger Soame, George Arthur Bulwer, and Edward Thomas Richard.

General Notes: Good Friday 10 April 1936 – Very cold – we stayed quietly at home – Roger Jenyns died this day. Roger was a very nice quiet man with ability but who lived a country gentleman's "life" caring for his property & occupying himself with the more serious duties of his situation. *The Diaries of Sie Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

8-Roger Soame Jenyns was born on 24 Apr 1904 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge and died in 1976 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Assistant Keeper of Oriental Antiquities for the British Museum.

Roger married Anne Thomson Berridge, daughter of Richard Berridge and Eulalia Mary Leslie, on 24 Apr 1941 in London. Anne was born on 13 Jan 1906 and died in 1996 at age 90. They had two children: Roger Gambier and John Fitzgerald Willcox.

9-Roger Gambier Jenyns

9-John Fitzgerald Willcox Jenyns

John married Kathleen Mary Starkey, daughter of Lieut. Col. Lewis Stanton Starkey and Clare Desiree Blow, on 2 Sep 1972. Kathleen was born on 13 Mar 1946 and died in 1994 at age 48. They had one daughter: Clare Eulalia Starkey.

10-Clare Eulalia Starkey Jenyns

8-Maj. George Arthur Bulwer Jenyns was born on 28 Dec 1905 in Bottisham Hall, Cambridge and died in Mar 1991 in The Timber House, Hutton Lowcross, Guisborough, Yorkshire at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with TD DL JP.
- He worked as a Managing Director of the Owners of the Middlesbrough Estate.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Cleveland in 1975.

George married Heather Margaret Spencer, daughter of Huntly Gordon Spencer and Violet Morgan, on 29 Nov 1947 in Doulting, Somerset. Heather was born in 1915 and died on 20 Mar 2008 in James Cook Hospital, Middlesbrough at age 93. They had two children: Hugh Bulwer and Caroline Margaret.

General Notes: Known as Peggy.

9-Hugh Bulwer Jenyns

Hugh married Lesley J. L. Dalzell.

9-Caroline Margaret Jenyns

Caroline married Christopher Edward Jerram. They had one son: George E. J..

10-George E. J. Jerram

8-Capt. Edward Thomas Richard Jenyns was born on 7 Feb 1911 in London, died on 15 Jun 1944 in France. Killed in action at age 33, and was buried in Bayeux War Cemetery, Normandy, France. Grave XI.M.23.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Queen's Royal Regiment (West Surrey).

Edward married Joan Mary Moore McAllen Gillson, daughter of Lt. Col. Robert Moore Thacker Gillson and Ethel Kenworthy, on 2 Jul 1942 in Quetta, India. Joan was born on 2 Oct 1911 in Devizes, Wiltshire and died on 9 Sep 2007 at age 95. They had two children: Sarah Bulwer and Diana Vere.

9-Sarah Bulwer Jenyns

and **Edward Thomas Richard**.

9-Diana Vere Jenyns

Diana married Howard Pearce.

7-Claud Edward Pease was born on 27 Nov 1874 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 Mar 1952 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 77.

General Notes: Pease, Claud Edward. Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 13, 1893. [3rd, and youngest] s. of Arthur [M.P.], of Cliff House, Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorks. (and Mary Lecky, dau. of Ebenezer Pike, Esq., of Bessborough, Co. Cork). B. Nov. 27, 1874, at Darlington. School, Harrow. Matric. Michs. 1893; B.A. 1896. Of Selaby Hall, Gainford, Durham. J.P. for the North Riding of Yorks., 1902; High Sheriff. Served in the Great War, 1914-19 (Lieut., Yorkshire Regt. (T.F. Res.)). A Director of Barclay's Bank. Married, Dec. 12, 1901, Lucy Victoria, 7th dau. of William Clayton Brown-Clayton, of Browne's Hill, Co. Carlow, and had issue. Died Mar. 22, 1952. Brother of the above and of Herbert P. (1886). (Burke, P. and B.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; Walford, County Families; Univ. War List; Kelly, Handbook; The Times, Mar. 24, 1952.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He resided at Selaby Hall in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director and Chairman of Horden Collieries Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Vice Chairman of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Barclays Bank.

Claud married Lucy Victoria Browne-Clayton, daughter of William Clayton Browne-Clayton and Caroline Barton, on 12 Dec 1901 in Stapestown, Co. Carlow, Ireland. Lucy was born on 3 Mar 1878 in Dublin, Ireland and died on 3 Feb 1953 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 74. They had four children: Diana Vere, Lucy Margaret, Olive Mary Caroline, and Julia Victoria.

8-Diana Vere Pease was born on 4 Oct 1902 in Cliffe House, Marske, Yorkshire and died in May 1984 in Darlington, County Durham at age 81.

8-Lucy Margaret Pease was born on 3 Feb 1904 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire and died in 1993 at age 89.

Lucy married Maj. Claud Cecil O'Hagan, son of Claud O'Hagan and Eva Macgill, on 26 Jul 1939 in Kenya. Claud was born on 11 May 1905 in Dublin, Ireland, died on 22 Jul 1943 in Killed In Action at age 38, and was buried in Kandy War Cemetery, Kandy, Sri Lanka. Grave 1.A.15..

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the King's African Rifles.

8-Olive Mary Caroline Pease was born on 16 May 1906 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire and died in 1980 at age 74.

Olive married William Milne Ross-Skinner, son of Sir Harry Ross-Skinner and Annie Janet Milne, on 6 Feb 1929 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham. William was born on 20 Oct 1899. They had two children: Jean Olive and Shelagh Milne.

9-Jean Olive Ross-Skinner was born on 14 Nov 1929 and died on 15 Nov 1929.

9-Shelagh Milne Ross-Skinner

Shelagh married Arthur Cecil Levita, son of Lt. Col. Sir Cecil Bingham Levita.

8-Julia Victoria Pease was born on 22 Jan 1910 in Marske-by-the-Sea, Yorkshire and died on 23 Jul 2007 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham at age 97.

Julia married Maj. Peter Stapleton Buxton, son of Maj. Geoffrey Charles Buxton and Clare Florence Mary Stapleton, on 15 Sep 1934 in Gainford, Darlington, County Durham. Peter was born on 14 Oct 1904 in Beverley, Yorkshire and died on 18 Jul 1944 in Caen, Normandy, France. Killed in action at age 39. They had two children: Anne Victoria and James Geoffrey Pease.

9-Anne Victoria Buxton

Anne married Robin Slingsby Pease, son of Maurice Watson Ridley Pease¹⁹¹ and Kathleen Ida Primrose Gordon Davies,.¹⁹¹ They had three children: Victoria Julia Diana, Peter Gordon Charles, and Annabel Primrose Robin.

10-Victoria Julia Diana Pease

10-Peter Gordon Charles Pease

10-Annabel Primrose Robin Pease

9-James Geoffrey Pease Buxton

James married Meriel Jessica Cowan, daughter of Maj. Denis Joseph Cowan and Hilda Yvette Cowan. They had two children: Rose Emma and Hugh David.

10-Rose Emma Buxton

10-Hugh David Buxton

Hugh married Stacey Louise Smith. They had two children: Eliza Georgina and Hector Peter.

11-Eliza Georgina Buxton

11-Hector Peter Buxton

7-Evelyn Ada Pease was born on 10 Nov 1876 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 3 May 1950 in Cambridge at age 73.

6-Gurnev Pease^{8,9,27,65,66,67} was born on 28 Feb 1839 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1872 in Malvern, Worcestershire at age 33, and was buried on 14 Jun 1872 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Gurney Pease b.28 Feb. 1839 was one of my uncles whom I liked. He also was a fine well built tall man of about 24 at this time, cheerful and kind, with reddish brown hair and reddish whiskers and corker moustache. He died also prematurely at 33 of Bright's Disease - no doubt if he too had obeyed Doctors orders and taken wine, his life would have been prolonged. (Arthur Pease had had the same symptoms but was saved and cured). He married Katharine Wilson of Kendal in 1863 and he died in 1872 the same year as his father (she died 1915). He was no good at business and made a mess of it. The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

9 June 1872, Sun:Just as I was going to bed a telegram came in about 11 p.m. from Edward from Darlington saying they had received an anxious account from Malvern of Gurney, and that Arthur & Mary had left by the MaiI - this made me very uncomfortable about him.

10 June 1872, Mon: Woke in the morning with a bad attack of rheumatism which made me quite miserable - a letter came in from Kate not speaking of Gurney in low spirits; the telegrams from Arthur left me with but little hope at four o'clock.

11 June 1872, Tues: The sad news came by telegram this morning that poor dear Gurney died at Malvern about 9 o'clock last evening; it is most sad for poor Kate & the little ones - how do we all feel for ourselves it is bad enough - for him I trust it is perfect repose! Thought much of him all day - Edmund Backhouse most kind in making arrangements for me - my rheumatism much better - spent my time in winding up in London, postponing engagements &c - a quiet evening - Edwin Lucas Pease kindly called.

12 June 1872, Wed: To Darlington with Effie & Minnie, reached Southend at 4.15 - very touching coming home under such circumstances; a sweet chat with the girls - Arthur & Mary brought Kate & her children home from Malvern, arriving about 6 o'clock - and the remains... More & more do we feel the terrible loss to us all. Arthur by his letter and words told us a great deal; was very interesting ab ou t poor Gurney 's last hours. He did not give himself up to die for some hours after they saw it was hopeless. He prayed earnestly for life, if it was God's will - If not, that God would take charge of the little one that He had given him and Kate - he said good-bye, God bless you all; told Arthur that as far as he could frame his thoughts, he was he felt safe, that all was 'serene', his breathing was hard but he had no pain - So in the wisdom of Him who cannot err, who is too good to be unkind, has terminated a life most precious to us all - God temper the wind to the shorn lamb! 14 June 1872 Fri: The day of poor Gurney's funeral - at arrangements, letters &c then into the garden, then meeting arrivals, dinner (lunch) at one o'clock. Left the house at 2.45, Kate, Minnie, Jane & Elizabeth (Fowler) riding, the rest with a large assemblage of Townsmen and our people on foot; at the grave side we heard J. B evan Braithwaite, and a few words from John Dodshon; in meeting we had a prayer from Isaac Sharp, a long sermon from J. Bevan Braithwaite, a good one from Theodore West (1826-1898) then a few solemn words from John Dodshon, then to Southend. We were a large family party in the evening, I read III & V Chapters of John's epistle, favourites with dear Gurney - all broke up about 8.30; we had supper, then dispersed to bed. A sad & memorable day. We

have yet to feel our daily loss.

16 June 1872, Sun: To meeting - several; allusions to Gurney in sermons & prayers. Preparative meeting, then to Southend, dined, nap, then with Effie to Henry Fell Pease's where we had tea; then to poor Gurney's meeting at Walworth; John Dodshon of Stockton was there & preached most beautifully on the event, it was a very touching time. I spoke to them a little, home to supper, walked homewards with Mary Anna, Minnie with me.

The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant and Teacher in Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in 1872 in Walworth Castle, Darlington, County Durham.
- He died on 10 Jun 1872 in Malvern, Worcestershire.

7-Harold Gurney Pease was born on 19 Aug 1864 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Apr 1928 in Virginia Water at age 63.

General Notes: Harold was mentally ill and was admitted to the Holloway Sanatorium on the 3rd August 1904, at the behest of his wife. He died there on the date as given. _____

Pease, Harold Gurney. Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 12, 1882. [Eldest] s. of Gurney, of Darlington (and Katharine, dau. of John Jowitt Wilson, Esq., of Kendal, Westmorland). B. in 1865. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough. Matric. Michs. 1882; B.A. 1885; M.A. 1890. In business for some time. Master of the Ayton Harriers, 1896-1900; of the South Oxfordshire Hunt, 1900-1. An invalid for many years. Married, 1896, Gwendolen Margaret, 2nd dau. of John Theobald Butler, Esq., of Great Ayton Hall, Yorks. Died Apr. 27, 1928, at Virginia Water. Brother of John H. (1890) and Wilson (1886). (King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Walford, County Families; The Times, May 1, 1928.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Master of the Ayton Harriers in 1896-1900.
- He worked as a Master of the South Oxfordshire in 1900-1901.

7-Katherine Maria Pease^{9,65} was born on 11 Mar 1866 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 13 Dec 1935 in Ticehurst Hospital, East Sussex at age 69.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Anthropologist.
- She was educated at Somerville College, Oxford.
- She was educated at Trinity College, Dublin.
- She had a residence in Ewers, Bursledon, Hampshire.
- She had a residence in Nyeri, Kenya.
- She worked as an Author.

7-Wilson Pease^{9,65} was born on 9 Nov 1867 in Woodside, Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Jun 1923 in 22 Mount Street, London at age 55, and was buried in Writtle, Chelmsford, Essex.

General Notes: Pease, Wilson. Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 4, 1886. S. of Gurney, of Darlington. School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough. Matric. Michs. 1886; B.A. 1889. Called to the Bar, Inner Temple, Nov. 19, 1894. Died June 17, 1923. Brother of Harold G. (1882) and John H. (1890). King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Law Lists.)

Mon 18 June 1923 -Had a letter from Katie Routledge [to] say that Wilson Pease died in his sleep at 22 Mount Street on the Sat 16-Sun 17 night after being in his usual health on the Saturday - The nicest of all deaths, he was 55 & the first of 3 brothers & 2 sisters to go - A most pleasant creature to be with, gentle, sensible & with a turn of wit & taste - He never did any work & had no need to, had few cares & only one great sorrow - *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

The sorrow, was perhaps not simply the loss of his wife, but probably the decision not to have had any children. Charles E. G. Pease

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Barrister at Law, Inner Temple in 1893.
- He had a residence in 22 Mount Street, London.

7-Lilian Pease^{9,27} was born on 21 Mar 1869 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 5 Jun 1945 in Taunton, Somerset at age 76.

8-Beatrice Evelyn Leslie Fox⁹ was born on 8 Mar 1898 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 30 Jan 1959 in Kingston St. Mary, Taunton, Somerset at age 60.

9-Peter Gurney Allen Bucknall was born on 7 Jun 1926 in Henlow and died on 8 Oct 2017 at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Film Producer.

10-Caroline Gurney Bucknall

11-Caspar Bucknall

10-Julian Gurney Bucknall

10-Letitia Gurney Bucknall

8-Hilda Violet Leslie Fox⁹ was born on 31 Jul 1902 in Rumwell Hall, Taunton, Somerset and died on 22 Apr 1945 in Bicknoller, Somerset at age 42.

9-Diana Patricia Selina Cole-Hamilton

10-Joanna Margaret Randle Ford

10-Jonathan Hugo Ford

11-Toby Jonathan Ford

7-John Henry Pease⁹ was born on 6 Nov 1871 in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham, died on 19 Feb 1939 in 31 Queen's Gate, South Kensington, London at age 67, and was buried on 23 Feb 1939 in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

General Notes: Pease, John Henry.
Adm. at KING'S, Oct. 9, 1890.
S. of Gurney, of Darlington [and Katharine, dau. of John Jowitt Wilson, of Kendal].
B. 1871.
School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough; and at Edinburgh University.
Matric. Michs. 1890; B.A. 1894.
Engaged in business.

Of Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Durham, J.P., and of Broadwindsor House, Dorset. Married, 1905, Louisa, dau. of Charles Edward Lambert, of the Manor House, Effingham, Surrey, and had issue. Died Feb. 19, 1939; buried at Broadwindsor. Brother of Harold G. (1882) and Wilson (1886). (King's Coll. Adm. Reg.; Fox-Davies, Armorial Families; The Times, Feb. 20, 1939. £114,499 11s 10d

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Edinburgh University.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a JP for Middlesbrough in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Broadwindsor House, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

8-Rachel Pease was born on 23 Nov 1906 in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham and died in Dec 1993 in Richmond, Surrey at age 87.

8-John Charles Gurney Pease was born on 10 Apr 1909 in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham, died in Apr 1979 in Broadwindsor, Dorset at age 70, and was buried on 26 Apr 1979 in St. John's Churchyard, Broadwindsor, Dorset.

6-Alfred Pease was born on 16 Jun 1841 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Dec 1852 in Darlington, County Durham at age 11, and was buried on 23 Dec 1852 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Alfred a charming boy they said who died from, or after, scarlet fever in 1852 aged 11

Noted events in his life were:

• He died on 20 Dec 1852 in Darlington, County Durham.

6-Charles Pease^{6,8,76} was born on 7 Apr 1843 in Southend, Darlington, County Durham, died on 9 Jul 1873 in 18 Prince's Gardens, London at age 30, and was buried on 14 Jul 1873 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Charles Pease - Uncle Charlie - was rough and boisterous with us as children, and I was frightened of him in the sense of disliking his rough ways with children - he would be 20 in 1863 - but to me he was a big tall strong man. He, like Arthur, married into an Irish Quaker family - he too was a teetotaller and died in our London house in July 1873 (18 Princes Gardens). I remember the awful scenes with his poor widow "Aunt Bessie" (née Elizabeth Bewley) who is still living (1917) - I remember the joke in the family at the time of his marriage in 1871 was that he had married into "The Trade" as the teetotallers call Brewing; Distilling and the Wine trade but he Justified it by saying they, the Bewleys also made soda water and his was that part in the alliance. The Bewleys business came to grief and the family lived much afterwards on Pease money. The Diaries of Sir Alfred E, Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Woollen Merchant in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Banker in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a President of the Darlington Mechanics Institute.
- He worked as a Temperance reformer.
- He worked as a member of the Ackworth School Committee.
- He worked as a Superintendent of Darlington First-day school.
- Miscellaneous: 1872.

Charles married Sarah Elizabeth Bewley,^{6,8,76} daughter of Henry Bewley^{3,8,76,111,174,216} and Anne Pike,^{8,111,174,216} on 27 Sep 1871 in FMH Monkstown, Dublin. Sarah was born on 24 Feb 1844 in Dublin, Ireland, died on 19 Jun 1924 in Willow Park, Dublin, Ireland at age 80, and was buried in Mount Jerome Cemetery, Dublin. They had one son: Charles Gurney.

Marriage Notes: **27 Sept 1871, Wed**: A pouring wet morning for the wedding, however we were soon off for Monkstown meeting house; we had a good meeting, a sermon from J. Bevan Braithwaite a prayer from him & another from J.W. Fisher. The young people spoke well - back to Willow Park and a déjeuner - I proposed the young folks - Uncle Henry the parents, Charles & Henry Bewley replying, then Hodgkin [which one, Tom?], Henry Backhouse Fox (1849-1936), Joe Pike (1851-1929) followed, packed for Charles; got them well off, had a little act of a trial, then a sitting at which Jane Richardson (1838-1934) of May Allen spoke most beautifully - so ended a very memorable and pleasant wedding day. *The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt*. (unpublished)

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Charles Gurney Pease^{6,8,36} was born on 19 Sep 1872 in Greencroft, Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 May 1883 in Willow Park, Dublin, Ireland at age 10, and was buried on 31 May 1883 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: 20 Sept 1872, Fri: Forster Wilson (1847-1910) came to breakfast and aided our plans - we started for the Clyde but found no boat till noon, saw the Cathedral then went down to Greenock - it was windy - the shipyards are not so busy and one discharging men - back by rail, lunch the drove to the two parks, the Museum &c &c, dined and had a quiet evening. On going to the post this morning, got a message from Charles that Bessie was going well with a little boy, born last night about 9 o'clock

The (Unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Sat 26 May 1883 - Was much shocked to get telegrams announcing the death of poor little Charlie Pease at 10.30 this morning, I think he will be eleven years old. To his mother it will be the loss of everything, a fearful blow, for him one cannot be very sorry . a child's death is seldom or never a sad thing for itself for it has been born to the birthright of Heaven without any risk of losing it. Mon 28 May 1883 - Darlington. Went up and talked to the Aunts at Southend about Charlie's death.

Tue 29 May 1883 - Darlington making arrangements for the funeral which will be on Thursday, Uncle & Aunt Arthur have gone over to Dublin to make arrangements for bringing the remains over. **Thurs 31 May 1883** - We went by the early train to Darlington. The funeral started from Southend at 10.15 - We were a small family party, growing less & less in a most impressingly sad manner over & over again have I followed my relations to their graves beneath the trees in the graveyard, & it has come on me more strongly than ever the realization that time flies by, that we live but for a moment, that death is sure & we live as in a doomed city - this feeling without the consolations of hope & Christ would be unbearable - I expressed some thoughts like these in a letter to Vincent & he writes very truly, that the quickened sense of the irresistible passage of life & the inevitable, and of ones own personal existence ought not to tend to despair, that though it is hard to leave life & the men & women & sights of every day that we love, death is after all, very merciful & not vengeful, taking us from sorrows that we might hardly bear, & that our refuge is to feel the pressing duty to do one's best to help the world we live in, not intent on the cowardly principle of saving oneself, sharing its joys & cares - even whilst leaving inwardly to be less of it -It was a very fine morning & there was a considerable crowd to see Charlie laid beside his father in the same grave. Better accounts of his poor mother. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

24 May 1883, Thurs: Up at 4 o'clock, a fine morning, read Lord Laurence [sic] to Falmouth, breakfasted, letters, and then with George Henry Fox, Henry Fox & 2 girls to the Manacles, fished about the Vase & the big wells with fair success, then moved off to (name omitted) Bay, fished again there, did well at first, home. Very poor a/cs of Charlie Pease, the a/c s very hopeless, felt very sad about him.

25 May 1883, Fri: A fine morning - but the wind had got more into the East and the sea more "loppy". To the Gull Rock wth Ethel, Claudia & Blanche, George Croker Fox, Wilson Lloyd Fox, got a bass, Ethel a mackerel - pollock all good. The telegram from Willow Park this morning, very poor a/c - still poorer during the afternoon; Mrs Rogers at dinner, girls playing music for her edification. **26 May 1883, Sat:** At letters &c; into the town, called on Reginald Rogers, agreed with him that I would bid Chatham up to £3,000 that I would leave a margin in his hands, that I would sell him 6 & 1/2 acre field 4 acres wood at 1/5th of the purchase money giving him a right of road to the sea beech, then with 5 girls of my own, "Den" & Fan Rogers & Wilson Fox in the Roseberry to Durgan, lunched there then up to Glendurgan, walked to Carwinion, walked down to the sea va Chatham, Roseberry to Porthgwidden, called, found them out, tea there, then to King Harry - back to docks, landed there, set the Rogers girls to the Station, home; Maud Rogers at dinner most pleasantly. News came this morning of little Charlie Pease's death of scarlet fever, 11 this year. His poor mother, much to be felt for. Telegraphed to Arthur, Alfred, Jane &c. They seem to desire he should be buried at Darlington which seems to me most appropriate.

27 May 1883, Sun: Busy writing letters about Charlie's funeral - it is very sad - wrote to Bessie, to Arthur, to Jane. At letters &c; into the town, called on Reginald Rogers, agreed with him that I would bid Chatham up to $\pm 3,000$ that I would leave a margin in his hands, that I would sell him 6 & 1/2 acre field 4 acres wood at 1/5th of the purchase money giving him a right of road to the sea beech, then with 5 girls of my own, "Den" & Fan Rogers & Wilson Fox in the Roseberry to Durgan, lunched there then up to Glendurgan, walked to Carwinion, walked down to the sea va Chatham, Roseberry to Porthgwidden, called, found them out, tea there, then to King Harry - back to docks, landed there, set the Rogers girls to the Station, home; Maud Rogers at dinner most pleasantly. News came this morning of little Charlie Pease's death of scarlet fever, 11 this year. His poor mother, much to be felt for. Telegraphed to Arthur, Alfred, Jane &c. They seem to desire he should be buried at Darlington which seems to me most appropriate.

27 May 1883, Sun: Busy writing letters about Charlie's funeral. It is very sad - wrote to |Bessie, to Arthur, to Jane - meeting, letters, lunch, a nap, a walk to Penance. Telegram from Arthur that he and Mary propose to go to Dublin & bring the remains to Darlington to bury. Henry Fox in after supper, a pleasant chat with him - packed up for London tomorrow.
30 May 1883, Wed: To the Colliery Office (Northgate) - looked in at graveyard, saw poor Charles' grave opened for his little son! a good deal to attend to at Colliery meeting; to Southend, walked with Minnie to Woodside & thence by Cockerton Lane to Brinkburn where we saw Henry & Lizzie's children & nice place & horses - back to Southend, Arthur & Mary, Richard Goodbody, Ebeneezer Pike jnr. Theodore H. Bewley came in from Ireland to attend the funeral tomorrw. Remains left in the hearse & not brought in to the house at Southend; William & Rachel Fowler also.
31 May 1883, Thurs: Poor little Charlie G. Pease's funeral. Left Southend about 10.15; Minnie & self, Arthur & Mary, Kate, Jane & Emma. Alfred, Nellie, Albert, Aunt Henry & 2 younger sons, William & Rachel Fowler, R. Goodbody, E. Pike, H.F. Bewley, Capt. Richard Pike; it was a beautiful day, dear Charles' grave was decorated with flowers; Harrison Penny prayed beautifully by the grave

anmd in meeting, William Taylor preached in language very suitable and very beautiful, we returned to Southend to lunch. most of the party soon after all seemed to break up and return home. Minnie & I went to Bushel Hill and spent an hour or more with Edwin & Fanny Pease, he seems better though very, very delicate, the new house is charming & complete. Evening quietly at Southend. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

6-Francis "Frank" Richard Pease was born on 6 Dec 1845 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 7 Jun 1865 in 20, Finsbury Circus, London at age 19, and was buried on 13 Jun 1865 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Francis Richard - uncle Frank was my favourite uncle. He was a tall thin elegant boy with a pale refined long face and fine features - looked really well bred, and had a pleasant quiet cheerful way with him. I used often to be in his dressing room at Southend when he was dressing and he used to entertain me by singing me nigger songs such as "so early in the morning" and in whistling. I suppose I am the only one left who loved him and cherish still his memory - and that of the sunny dressing room looking out on the terrace and the park. He died at 21, also of Bright's disease and had an awful death - (in titanic convulsions - opium given at [the] last). The gardens & the Park & the landscape which stretched from Southend to the Tees near Blackwell have gone for ever & it is now a stretch of streets & villas -*The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*. The election was in July. The previous month my favourite Uncle Frank died of Bright's Disease, I think at 20 Finsbury Circus (where my grandfather had permanent rooms) He was buried in the same grave as his brother John Henry at Darlington. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt*.

13 June 1865, Tues: Charlotte and Theodore, the latter going on to Liverpool, the former looking very well and handsome; Lucy and J.B. Hodgkin dined with us, then to Southend; sat awhile with my father and then assembled at 3.30 around poor Frank's remains, a large family party; Edmund, Juliet, Alfred & Rachel and many more. We buried him in brother John Henry's grave; John Dodgson and Isaac Sharp both speaking . We had a good meeting afterwards; Dr . Caleb Williams, Uncle John and Isaac Sharp, a large gathering at Southend at 7 o'clock. I read the little a/c of him which we had drawn up which seemed greatly to interest our visitors . After an hour of worship in which we heard Dr . C.W., Uncle John and Isaac S. and Elizabeth Taylor, broke up at 8.15. *The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Privately tutored by William Scarnell Lean in Darlington, County Durham.
- He died in 1865 in 20, Finsbury Circus, London.

5-Rachel Pease^{8,9,123} was born on 30 Oct 1800 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 22 Feb 1853 in Darlington, County Durham at age 52.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810-1814 in York, Yorkshire.

Rachel married **Richard Fry**,^{1,8,9,31,32} son of **Joseph Storrs Fry**^{10,16} and **Ann Allen**,^{16,22} on 16 Aug 1838 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Richard was born on 4 Jul 1807 in Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 1 Dec 1878 in Darlington, County Durham at age 71.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Quaker Elder.

5-Edward Pease^{6,9} was born on 30 Oct 1800 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 17 Jun 1839 in Darlington, County Durham at age 38, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1814-1816 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

5-Mary Pease^{8,66} was born on 17 Feb 1802 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 30 May 1825 in Darlington, County Durham at age 23, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

5-Elizabeth Pease^{1,8,95,113} was born on 6 Sep 1803 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Jan 1866 in Clifton Grove, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 62, and was buried on 6 Feb 1866 in FBG Saffron Walden.

General Notes: **1 Feb 1866 Thurs**: In bed to breakfast and when up not good for much; laid on the sofa and read for much of the day; down to dinner with *Gurney* and *Margaret* Barclay, they were most truly kind and hospitable. Heard of Aunt Gibson's death at her house, Clifton Grove; she died about noon yesterday of some disorganisation of the bowel **6 Feb 1866, Tues**: Opening of Parliament and Aunt Gibson's funeral; drove Margaret and Minnie up to Monkhams, Chenda was very much like her old self and enjoyed taking us over her beautiful house. Her girls were at Abbey Lodge.

The (unpublished)Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

as buried on 6 Feb 1866 in FBG Saffron Walden. and Margaret Barclay, they were most Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at York Quarterly Meeting, Girls School. (Later became The Mount School) in 1810-1814 in York, Yorkshire.

Elizabeth married Francis Gibson,^{1,8,49,77,95,113} son of Atkinson Francis Gibson^{1,9,109,133} and Elizabeth Wyatt,^{8,9,109,133} on 7 May 1829 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Francis was born on 5 Mar 1805 in Saffron Walden, Essex, died on 19 Dec 1858 in Saffron Walden, Essex at age 53, and was buried on 23 Dec 1858 in FBG Saffron Walden. They had two children: Elizabeth Pease and Francis Edward.

General Notes: 18 Dec 1858, Sat:.....a telegram from Walden gives but faint hope. My parents concluded to go; Uncle John & Henry there; parents left per mail. Another telegram came at 8 o'clock, we fear the worst.

19 Dec 1858, Sun:......After supper Henry Fell Pease called with a Walden telegram, poor Uncle Gibson died this morning about 9 o'clock, just as my parents arrived at Walden, this is a great loss to us all, but how are his own. household to be felt for in it. They must intensely feel it.

20 Dec 1858, Mon:.....Down to office with Edward, he thinks of going with me to Walden on fourth day (Wed 22nd). A beautiful letter from my father from Walden giving a touching a/c of their arrival. Uncle G it seems, had a stroke whilst dressing on the 6th day (Fri) morning - he was for long sensible but gradually lapsed into a state of torpor - he told his brother George that it was a dark valley, but who could fear with a saviour near. Poor Harry Wilson dies yesterday also; how sad are these removals, but each has his turn.

22 Dec 1858, Wed:.....With Uncle Henry, Jane and Edward to Saffron Walden to attend Uncle Gibson's funeral. We had a quiet, somewhat tedious journey over the Eastern counties line, arriving at Walden about 9 o'clock. I read en route "Letters to a Betrothed" and liked the book. I was quartered with Uncle Henry at W.G. Gibson's, Josiah & R. Forster was also there. I had a nice quiet little chat with W.G. Gibson about poor Uncle. They had no idea that his premonitory stroke was anything than symptomatic and quite unprepared for the last and fatal stroke. He said he was in a remarkably amiable and prepared state of mind; his seizure was directly after breakfast on 6th day (Fri) (5th day [Thurs] surely) - after it he was unable to see but for many hours quite sensible till 6th day night when he gradually became comatose.

23 Dec 1858, Thurs: After breakfast a walk with Uncle Fry round the garden talking on family matters. - then up to Uncle Gibson's, saw Frank (the son) who seemed glad to see me but was very much cut up indeed - after awhile Gurney Barclay (1816-1898), Samuel Stacey (1830-1923), Robert N. Fowler (1828-1891) &c came in, the body was moved about 10.45, the ladies rode, we walked in procession amidst pouring rain and on a dirty road, it poured all the while we stood around the grave. We had a few words from Uncle John, then to meeting. Sermon from William Mathews, John Pease. A good respectable attendance, dined at Aunts during the afternoon, had a nice talk with Bessie Fry and Aunt separately, they are all much to be felt for their respective positions -in the evening, we had a tremendously long sitting, William Mathews, P. Green, J.P. Shewell (1818-1891), John Pease (1797-1868), Thomas Beck (1795-1859), Josiah and Rachel all spoke- during the afternoon I had a pleasant walk with Lewis Fry (1832-1921) then with Bowly (William) (1797-1861), to the Garden Picture Gallery &c. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer & Banker in Saffron Walden. Essex.
- He had a residence in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- He had a residence in Balder Grange, Cotherstone, Barnard Castle, County Durham.

6-Elizabeth Pease Gibson^{9,17,77,95} was born on 9 Jun 1830 in Saffron Walden, Essex, died on 27 Aug 1870 in Goldney House, Clifton Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 40, and was buried on 1 Sep 1870 in Kings Weston, Henbury, Gloucestershire.

General Notes: 27 Aug 1870, Sat: just as we were going to bed, a telegram, came from poor Lewis Fry saying Bessie had died, her baby about 4 days old - it is very sad; wrote to him & to my father who was to go to Hutton today.

30 Aug 1870, Tues: Poor E.P. Fry's death seems to have been caused by some stoppage near the heart.

1 Sept 1870, Thurs: A pouring wet morning, no going onto the moors; at letters, a/cs &c, and in the afternoon when it got out fair, rode in to Crathie with Albert & Effie; no war news, troops seem gathering towards Sudan. Poor E. Fry's funeral day. Edward and Uncle & Aunt Henry go there.

The Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt., (Unpublished).

Elizabeth married **Rt. Hon. Lewis Frv.**^{9,17,77,95} son of **Joseph Frv**^{8,10,28,29,30,31} and **Marv Ann Swaine**.^{8,10,28,29} on 29 Sep 1859 in Saffron Walden. Essex. Lewis was born on 16 Apr 1832 in Union Street, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 10 Sep 1921 in Goldney House, Clifton Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 89. They had five children: Lewis George, Elizabeth Wyatt, Francis Gibson, Millicent Mary, and Anna Theodora.

General Notes: Liberal, later Liberal Unionist, MP for Bristol from 1878 until 1886 and from 1895 until 1900. He was Chairman of Parliamentary Committee on Town Holdings, 1886-1892. [20] He was a member of the Privy Council. He was the first chairman of the Council of the University of Bristol.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with PC MP DL JP.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for Bristol 1878 To 1885.

- He worked as a Member of Parliament for N. Division, Bristol 1885 To 1892.
- He worked as a Member of Parliament for N. Division, Bristol 1895 To 1900.
- He had a residence in Goldney House, Clifton Hill, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

7-Lewis George Fry^{77,95} was born on 3 Jul 1860 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 15 Aug 1933 in Stonycroft, Limpsfield, Surrey at age 73.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He was educated at New College, Oxford.
- He worked as an Artist.

Lewis married Agnes Chauncey Salisbury,^{77,95} daughter of Dr. Stephen Salisbury and Elizabeth Parker Clarke, on 16 Oct 1888 in Boston, Massachusetts, USA. Agnes was born in 1859 in Boston, Massachusetts, USA and died on 3 Jan 1921 in Stonycroft, Limpsfield, Surrey at age 62. They had two children: Lewis Salisbury and Agnes Muriel.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They had a residence in Stonycroft, Limpsfield, Surrey.

8-Dr. Lewis Salisbury Fry was born on 30 Aug 1889 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 1968 at age 79.

Lewis married Margaret Mary Mathew, daughter of George Cory Mathew and Annie Hay Hurst, on 17 Sep 1924 in Limpsfield. Margaret was born on 3 Mar 1899 in Liverpool. They had five children: Mary Rosalind, Anthony Lewis Mathew, Elizabeth Ann, Priscilla Margaret, and Bridget Salisbury.

9-Mary Rosalind Fry

Mary married Frederick Henry Crowdy, son of Maj. William Morse Crowdy and Mabel Frances Evelyn Buxton, on 1 Jan 1949 in Epping, Essex. Frederick was born on 8 Nov 1918 in Whitstable. Kent and died in May 1997 in Bath, Somerset at age 78. They had three children: Jane, Martin, and Philip.

10-Jane Crowdy

10-Martin Crowdy

10-Philip Crowdy

9-Anthony Lewis Mathew Fry was born on 6 Jun 1927 in Theydon Bois, Essex and died on 5 Nov 2016 in Wiltshire at age 89.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at The Downs School in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.

• He was educated at Bryanston School in Blandford Forum, Dorset.

- He was educated at Edinburgh College of Art.
- He was educated at Camberwell School of Arts and Crafts.
- He worked as an Artist.

Anthony married Barbara Harris, daughter of Frank Harris and Anna, in 1951 in London. Barbara died in 1968. They had two children: Mark Lewis and Lucy.

10-Mark Lewis Fry

10-Lucy Fry

Anthony next married Sabrina Carver in 1982. Sabrina died in 2013.

9-Elizabeth Ann Fry

Elizabeth married **Cmdr. Gerald Frank Lanyon**, son of **Maj. Louis Frank Lanyon** and **Celia Louisa Ethel King**, on 21 Jul 1951 in Epping, Essex. Gerald was born on 3 Jan 1925 in London and died on 1 Apr 2011 at age 86. They had two children: **Rosalind J.** and **Annabelle E.**

10-Rosalind J. Lanyon

10-Annabelle E. Lanyon

9-Priscilla Margaret Fry

Priscilla married Martin Alexander De Meric, son of Rear Admiral Martin John Coucher De Meric and Carmen Gladys Ingleby Pengilly. They had two children: Nicholas Martin and Caroline Maxine.

10-Nicholas Martin De Meric

10-Caroline Maxine De Meric

9-Bridget Salisbury Fry

Bridget married **Timothy Francis Gibbs**, son of **Gerald Yardley Gibbs** and **Carol Francis**, on 19 Mar 1955 in Theydon Mount. Timothy was born in 1923 in Epping, Essex and died on 9 Aug 2012 in Gerde, France at age 89. They had two children: **William Timothy** and **Chloe**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Landscape painter.

10-William Timothy Gibbs

10-Chloe Gibbs

8-Agnes Muriel Fry was born on 20 Jan 1893 in Bournemouth, Dorset and died on 24 Feb 1929 in Limpsfield at age 36.

7-Elizabeth Wyatt Fry was born on 31 Jul 1861 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 21 Mar 1940 in Parracombe, Devon at age 78.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Poor Law Guadian.

Elizabeth married Eugene Hugo Mallet, son of Rt. Hon. Sir Louis Mallet and Frances Helen Pellew, on 30 Jul 1902 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Eugene was born on 9 Dec 1865 in London and died on 28 Dec 1950 in Bath, Somerset at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

7-Francis Gibson Fry⁴⁶ was born on 25 May 1863 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 4 Jul 1914 in How Caple, Ross on Wye, Herefordshire at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

• He had a residence in Mount Pleasant, Hoarwithy, Herefordshire.

7-Millicent Mary Fry was born on 20 Aug 1866 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 5 Jul 1951 in Awbridge, Romsey, Hampshire at age 84.

Millicent married William Leslie McCandlish, son of John McGregor McCandlish and Mary Sibbald Dalmahoy, on 13 Apr 1899 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. William was born on 5 Nov 1868 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland and died on 29 Jun 1947 in Awbridge, Romsey, Hampshire at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman and Vice-president of the Kennel Club.

7-Anna Theodora Fry was born on 24 Aug 1870 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died on 9 Feb 1930 in Corsham, Wiltshire at age 59.

Anna married Maj. Bertram Henry Matthews, son of Henry Charles Leonard Matthews and Augusta Sophia Ward, on 11 Dec 1900 in Clifton, Bristol, Gloucestershire. Bertram was born on 28 Apr 1874 in Henbury Lodge, Gloucester, was christened on 23 Aug 1874 in Elm, Cambridgeshire, died on 24 Jul 1966 in Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 92, and was buried in Arnos Vale Cemetery, Bristol, Gloucestershire. They had two children: Elizabeth Gibson and Adrian Lewis.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with TD.

8-Elizabeth Gibson Matthews was born on 12 Jan 1902 in Shirehampton, Avonmouth, Gloucestershire and died in Nov 1986 in Torbay, Devon at age 84.

Elizabeth married Col. Eaton Oldbury Burne, son of Oldbury Burne and Maude Eveline Travers, on 14 Aug 1928 in Corsham, Wiltshire. Eaton was born on 24 Oct 1903 in London and died in 1978 in Exeter, Devon at age 75. They had two children: Francis Simon Oldbury and Christopher Peter Oldbury.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the 12th Lancers.

9-Capt. Francis Simon Oldbury Burne was born on 24 Dec 1930 in Alexandria, Egypt, died in Jan 2013 in Compton Bassett, Wiltshire at age 82, and was buried on 13 Jan 2013.

General Notes: REGIMENTAL JOURNAL OF THE 9th/12th ROYAL LANCERS (PRINCE OF WALES'S)

Francis Simon Oldbury Burne was born on the 24th December 1930 in Alexandria, where his father, Colonel E. O. (Peter) Burne, was serving in the Army. The family moved to France and then to North Devon before the outbreak of the Second World War, at which point Francis's then retired father, re-enlisted and later was captured while commanding the 12th Royal Lancers in North Africa. Captain Francis Burne, after Eton and Sandhurst, was commissioned into the 12th Royal Lancers based at Barnard Castle. He served with them for nearly ten years being a very popular officer; his great charm, good manners and sense of fun made setting him apart. In the thick of the emergency dealing with the communist led challenge to British Authority, the 12th Royal Lancers was posted to Malaya with Francis as one of the Troop Leaders of C Squadron. Following the assassination of the High Commissioner, General Gerald Templar was sent out to assume control of both the civil government and military operations and Francis was released to become his ADC. He returned with Templer to London on the latter's promotion to CIGS and continued in his role of ADC proving to be not only very effective but also becoming a close friend of the family. He left the Army to join P&O under the auspices of Lord Inchcape a regimental friend of his father. After sailing the high seas, the call of London beckoned and he joined the Hazlitt Gallery to become a much respected figure in the art world both in London and New York. With his wonderful social energy, he entertained in style, advising a wide circle of friends and artistic colleagues. He promoted many young artists, including Graham Rust, creator of the famous Trompe d'oeil mural of the Hertford family at Ragley Hall. He also played a major role in the restoration of the Theatre Royal in Bath, where his family had a strong historical connection. His great love of dogs and country pursuits were legendry, resulting in a real enthusiasm and talent for carriage driving. A man of superb taste, generous spirit and kindness (he acquired more than twenty godchildren over the years), Francis will be greatly missed by his family and friends.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Eton.
- He was educated at Sandhurst.
- He worked as an officer of the 9th/12th Royal Lancers (Prince of Wales).
- He worked as an ADC to Field Marshal Sir Gerald Templer, Chief of the Imperial General Staff.
- He worked as a member of P & O.
- He worked as a member of the Hazlitt Gallery in London.

9-Captain Christopher Peter Oldbury Burne RN was born on 27 Jan 1932 in Cairo, Egypt and died on 2 Jun 2012 in East Lambrook, Somerset at age 80.

General Notes: Captain Christopher 'Beagle' Burne, who has died aged 80, commanded four ships in the Cold War-era Royal Navy and played a crucial if unusual role in the Falklands conflict. Following the Argentine invasion of April 1982, Burne was appointed senior naval officer of the 45,000-ton luxury liner Canberra, which was converted into a troop transport and incorporated into the Task Force sent to retake the islands. The transformation of the ship into a military vessel was a delicate, complex challenge: Canberra already had an experienced master and 400-strong civilian crew, to which were added more than 2,000 marines and paratroopers.

Burne's task was to impose naval discipline and authority, and to do so under the scrutiny of a dozen sceptical journalists. He was frank with the newspapermen, telling them that he did not want them in Canberra and certainly not in such numbers, though later they agreed that Burne was extremely helpful, particularly after the landings in the Falklands had begun. On May 21 1982, during the landings in San Carlos Water, Canberra's size and white hull made her an obvious target, but disembarkation of troops continued throughout the day until they had been landed without loss or injury. As bombs plunged into the water nearby, it seemed impossible that the vast ship could escape. On deck, Burne met the attacks with unshakeable humour and courage, keeping up a running commentary to the frightened men and women below decks and encouraging gunners to "Engage! Engage!" as enemy aircraft swept overhead. It was a performance in the great tradition of eccentric naval officers at moments of crisis and inspired others on board to emulate his apparent nonchalance in the face of danger. Canberra emerged unscathed from some 60 air attacks. Later she returned to a heroes' welcome at Southampton, and Burne was appointed CBE.

Christopher Peter Oldbury Burne was born on January 27 1932 in Alexandria, where his father was serving in the Army. The family moved to France and then to north Devon before the outbreak of the Second World War, at which point Christopher's then retired father re-enlisted; he was captured while serving with the 12th Royal Lancers in North Africa. In 1945 Christopher entered the Royal Naval College, where his enthusiasm for hunting with the college pack, and a perceived resemblance to his favourite breed of hound, saw him emerge with a nickname that stuck for the rest of his career.

He spent the next decade at sea, until he specialised in 1956 as a gunnery officer. In 1958 he was appointed Field Gun Officer at Devonport, responsible for recruiting and training the West Country crew for the annual, fiercely contested, field gun competition at the Royal Tournament. Burne's leadership inspired a clean sweep of trophies by his team. Then, from 1959 to 1961, he was second gunnery officer of the cruiser Tiger while she was flagship of the Mediterranean Fleet. Tiger was a new ship fitted with fully automatic 6in and 3in guns, but these were temperamental, and Burne dedicated himself to understanding the technology behind them and getting them to work.

In 1962-63 Burne was a divisional officer of Grenville division at Dartmouth before, in 1966-67, taking command of the frigates Tenby and Chichester. This was followed by a rare staff appointment: though he could quote the military strategist Clausewitz, Burne was no gilded staff officer; rather, his penchant was for solving practical problems and inspiring his men. In 1971-72 Burne commanded the Royal Navy's leadership school, HMS Royal Arthur, at Corsham, Wiltshire, where all petty officers were sent on first promotion. In 1973-75 he was second-incommand of the commando carrier Bulwark, and his first appointment on promotion to captain in 1976 was as Director of Naval Physical

In 1978-80 Burne commissioned the new Type 42 destroyer Coventry at Portsmouth. The first commission of any ship is always a testing time, and Burne had the additional task of overseeing first-ofclass trials of the Westland Lynx helicopter.

After the Falklands conflict Burne was given another challenge: the guided missile destroyer Glamorgan had been damaged in the fighting by an Exocet missile. After dockyard repairs, he immediately guided her back into service, evacuating refugees from Beirut during the Lebanese civil war.

Having left the Service in 1985, Burne spent two years training the Sultan of Oman's navy. Afterwards he continued to hunt with the Park Beagles in West Dorset and was a bell-ringer and lay reader at his local church in Somerset.

Christopher Burne enjoyed cycling holidays, and took his bicycle with him on every warship, arguing that it was the cheapest way to explore new ports. He died while cycling to his village's Diamond Jubilee party.

He is survived by his wife, Belinda Coryton, whom he married in 1969, and their two children. Captain Christopher "Beagle" Burne, born January 27 1932, died June 2 2012

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at RNC Dartmouth.
- He was awarded with CBE.
- He worked as an officer of the Royal Navy.
- His obituary was published in The Daily Telegraph on 5 Jul 2012.

Christopher married Belinda Rosemary Sylvia Coryton, daughter of Air Chief Marshal Sir William Alec Coryton and Philippa Dorothea Hanbury. They had two children: Matthew Tobias Corvton and Laura Susan.

10-Dr. Matthew Tobias Coryton Burne

10-Laura Susan Burne

8-Brig. Adrian Lewis Matthews was born on 12 Sep 1904 in Shirehampton, Avonmouth, Gloucestershire and died on 28 Oct 1976 at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was awarded with MC OBE JP.

He worked as an officer of the Royal Artillery.

Adrian married Lady Diana Legge, daughter of William Legge 7th Earl Of Dartmouth and Lady Ruperta Wynn-Carington, on 1 Jun 1946 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Diana was born on 14

Nov 1910 and died on 25 Feb 1970 at age 59. They had one son: John William.

9-John William Matthews

6-Francis Edward Gibson^{27,206} was born on 12 Nov 1831 in Saffron Walden, Essex, died on 21 May 1862 in Florence, Italy at age 30, and was buried on 4 Jul 1862 in FBG Saffron Walden. The cause of his death was A stroke.

General Notes: 20 May 1862, Tues: Got a letter from Charlie from Pisa with a very poor a/c of Frank Gibson who seems altogether in a low desponding way. Met Lord Lonsdale's Agent at Durnfords', then to 14 The Strand from whence I went to the City to my father's lodgings, 20 Finsbury Square . I found that David Fry(1834-1912) had telegraphed a poor a/c of Frank Gibson from Florence and that Lewis Fry had sent the Saffron Walden Doctor off to Florence -

21 May 1862, Wed: ... Two telegrams have been received from Florence, one to say they were about to return at once to England, the other to say the Dr had advised their resting awhile before starting! 22 May 1862, Thurs:met my father who told me another telegram had come from Florence, poor Frank Gibson died yesterday, Apoplexy! It is a most sad thing and seemed quite overpowering ! Wrote a few letters, to William Birkbeck, Minnie &c, and so to meeting with a sad heart;

28 May 1862, Wed: A fine morning, up to Darlington by first train; letters, one from Arthur saying Cha rle s was to be in London early, that Frank G ibson 's remains had to be sent to England by sea from Leghorn: *[Leghorn is known today as Livorno]*

3 July 1862, Thurs: On our way to meeting we met Wyatt George Gibson who said a telegram had just arrived saying Francis Edward Gibson's remains would be at the Station at 10.20; about 12 o'clock they came in a hearse, Lewis, G & G & I saw the outer packing of straw &c taken off the deal case then the cloth covered coffin moved out of the packing case, it was all neat and tidy, but soon evident that it would not do to move them into the house. Letters and arrangements took up most of the day. In the evening I moved to George Stacey Gibson's, Alfred and Mary Waterhouse coming to lodge.

4 July 1862, Fri: Poor Frank Edward Gibson's funeral day. After a walk round George Stacey Gibson's nice garden, breakfast, then to Aunt Gibson 's where I met Alfred Waterhouse who had arrived the evening before, saw the remains placed in the cab, coffin and all made neatly ready; after early dinner (lunch), went up with Alfred Waterhouse to G eorge S tacey Gibson's, found there Uncle Henry, J oseph B evan Braithwaite, Robert Nicholas Fowler, Edwin and Theodore Waterhouse and W. Bowly, then on to John Robson's, back to Aunts'; the funeral cortège soon followed; a large number of townsmen at the grave, a long prayer from Joseph Bevan Braithwaite then meeting where he preached at some length, a prayer from Mary Waterhouse, a few words from P. Green - after returning to my aunts', I had a nice walk with Maria Waterhouse & then with Ellen Crewdson in the garden; a chat with Robert Nicholas Fowler, then came tea, soon after it the London parties went off; then a sitting; and address from Uncle John, a few words from M. Nicholson, a beautiful prayer from Jane Pease, I had an interesting quiet chat with poor Kitty Waterhouse, poor girl, then came supper and after it to quarters.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Banker in Saffron Walden, Essex.
- Miscellaneous: Death and Burial.

5-Isaac Pease^{66,217} was born on 29 Jun 1805 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 22 Sep 1825 in Darlington, County Durham at age 20, and was buried on 27 Sep 1825 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He was educated at Joseph Tatham's Academy in 1817 in Leeds, Yorkshire.

• He worked as a Trainee solicitor in Darlington, County Durham.

5-Henry Pease^{8,9,10,14,41,82,95,121,130,194,195} was born on 4 May 1807 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 30 May 1881 in 23 Finsbury Square, London at age 74, and was buried on 3 Jun 1881 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: HENRY PEASE (1807-1881), also entered with zeal into the railway projects of his father. His principal achievement was the opening in 1861 of the line across Stainmoor, called ' the backbone of England,' the summit of which is 1,374 feet above sea level. It joined at Tebay the London and North-Western railway, and was soon extended to Saltburn-on-Sea. In January 1854 Pease was deputed by the meeting for sufferings, held on the 17th of that month, to accompany Joseph Sturge and Robert Charleton as a deputation from the Society of Friends to Russia. On 10 Feb. they were received by the Emperor Nicholas, and presented him with a powerful address, urging him to abstain from the then imminent Crimean war. He received them politely, but their efforts were unavailing, and Kinglake (Invasion of the Crimea, ii. 54) ridiculed their action. Pease was M.P. for South Durham from 1857 to 1865. In 1867 he visited Napoleon III with a deputation from the Peace Society, but their request for permission to hold a peace congress during the International exhibition in Paris was rejected. He was chairman of the first Darlington school board in 1871, first mayor of the town, president of the Peace Society from 1872, and on 27 Sept. 1875 chairman of the railway jubilee held at Darlington, at which eighty British and thirty foreign railways were represented. He was always a prominent member of the Society of Friends. He died in Finsbury Square, London, while attending the yearly meeting, on 30 May 1881, and was buried at Darlington. Pease married, on 25 Feb. 1835, Anna, only daughter of Richard Fell of Uxbridge, who died on 27 Oct. 1839, leaving a son, Henry Fell Pease, M.P. from 1885 for the Cleveland division of Yorkshire ; secondly, he married Mary, daughter of Samuel Lloyd of Wednesbury, by

whom he had three sons and two daughters.

Edward Pease's fifth son, Henry Pease (1807–1881), Quaker railway company promoter, was born at Darlington on 4 May 1807. He also entered with enthusiasm into the railway projects of his father. His principal achievement was the opening in 1861 of the line across Stainmoor, called 'the backbone of England', the summit of which was 1374 feet above sea level. It joined at Tebay the London and North Western Railway (LNWR), and was soon extended at its eastern limit to Saltburn-on-Sea. In January 1854 Pease was deputed by the meeting for sufferings, held on the 17th of that month, to accompany Joseph Sturge and Robert Charleton as a deputation from the Society of Friends to Russia. On 10 February they were received by the emperor Nicholas, and presented him with a powerful address, urging him to abstain from the then imminent Crimean War. He received them politely, but their efforts were unavailing, and Alexander William Kinglake ridiculed their action in his history of the campaign, Invasion of the Crimea (1863). Pease was MP for South Durham from 1857 to 1865. In 1867 he visited Napoleon III with a deputation from the Peace Society, but their request for permission to hold a peace congress during the Universal Exhibition in Paris was rejected.

Henry Pease married, on 25 February 1835, Anna, only daughter of Richard Fell of Uxbridge, who died on 27 October 1839, leaving a son, Henry Fell Pease, MP from 1885 for the Cleveland division of Yorkshire; second, on 19 January 1859, he married Mary, daughter of Samuel Lloyd of Wednesbury, with whom he had three sons and two daughters.

Henry Pease was chairman of the first Darlington school board in 1871, first mayor of the town, and president of the Peace Society from 1872. In the early 1860s, when negotiations were in hand for a takeover of the Stockton and Darlington Railway by the North Eastern Railway Company (NER), Pease declared his opposition to the merger, in spite of the generous terms on offer to his family as leading shareholders in the Stockton and Darlington Railway. Following the takeover, however, Pease's sensibilities were overcome by his appointment as vice-chairman of the NER board. It was in that capacity that he presided over the railway jubilee held at Darlington on 27 September 1875, at which eighty British and thirty foreign railways were represented. He was always a prominent member of the Religious Society of Friends. He died at 23 Finsbury Square, London, while attending the yearly meeting, on 30 May 1881, and was buried in the Quaker burial-ground at Darlington on 2 June. Schools and a library were presented by members of the Pease family to Darlington, which benefited greatly from their benevolence until 1902, when the family fortunes were destroyed irrevocably as a result of the collapse of J. and J. W. Pease, the family counting house and banker to leading industrial enterprises in the north-east of England.

Henry Pease, 74 30 5mo 1881

Darlington. An Elder.

With Henry Pease the last of a much beloved and honoured band sisters has passed away. He was the youngest of the eight children of Edward and Rachel Pease of Darlington. One after another he was called to part with these loved companions of his childhood and friends of his riper years, each becoming even dearer as the links on earth were made fewer by the gathering of the family band in the home above. And now that he also has gone to join the innumerable company of the redeemed, it may be useful to recall a little of the way in which he was led, until he too received the summons, " Come up hither." His mother was a valued minister in the Society of Friends, and his honoured father for many years held the station of Elder. The home in which he was brought up was therefore one in which the principles of Friends were strictly inculcated. But there was no gloom or austerity ; on the contrary, a spirit of love and joyousness seemed to pervade that favoured household which was striking to all who were privileged to become acquainted with it. " Well can I recall the brilliant group of young people assembled there," writes one of the few, who can from personal knowledge speak of what it was. While thus there was no undue repression of natural talents and vivacity, there was the constant endeavour to keep all in subjection to the higher purposes of our existence ; and their parents had the greatest joy that Christian parents can have> that of seeing their children in early life give their hearts to the Lord.

Their beloved mother was taken from them suddenly, while absent on a journey in 1833. The remembrance of her earnest prayers in the family circle, and the holy watchfulness of her life, was ever a stimulus and example to her children in their Christian course.

The exact age at which her youngest son made a definite surrender of his heart to God is not known, but it was a marked era which he could ever thankfully recall ; and He who called him and gave him strength to make this blessed choice was with him, both as a young boy at school, and afterwards when working as an apprentice ; so that his conscientious desire to do right, and his endeavour to help those younger and less experienced than himself, were marked at the time, and are still gratefully remembered.

But though his heart was fixed in the solemn determination to be the Lord's, and the sense of his Saviour's forgiving love was at times granted him, he was not without many secret conflicts. His attainments in the religious life did not keep pace with the ardent desires of his soul. In his journal he often records in touching terms his sense of failure and discouragement, but his Heavenly Father was leading him, and permitting this, and other severe discipline, to cause him to cling more closely to Him.

In 1835 he married Anna Fell, only daughter of Richard Fell, of Uxbridge. In a journal kept at intervals from this date for several succeeding years, we see with what deep seriousness and prayerfulness he entered upon this new phase of life. But this union which promised so much happiness was of short duration ; after less than four years, marked by much anxiety on account of her declining health, his beloved wife was taken from him, while in the south of England, where she had gone soon after the birth of her child, in the hope that her native air might restore her.

Leaving his infant son in the loving care of his grandmother, Henry Pease returned to his now lonely home, to take np life's duties again. The spirit in which this was done may be seen from the following entry in his journal, taken from among many similar ones : -

" 12th of Eleventh month, 1839.~The Lord on High only knows how I am bowed down under a multitude of besetments. I feel grateful that evening by evening He enables me to wait upon Him, to meditate on the Scriptures, and sometimes to pour out my troubles before Him on the bended knee; earnestly craving His sup- port to keep me watchful, humble, patient; in His own time to bless; and, if right, to permit me to promote His cause on the earth in such way as he may see best. Truly nothing seems so well worth our living for, as to tell of the good-ness of Him, who hath given and who continues to us all that we call good, and for which we must give account."

The prayer of his heart before this sorrow came, and to the close of life, was that he might be permitted to serve God, and do a little good to his fellow-men. This prayer was not perhaps answered quite in the way he expected ; but that it was answered is apparent to all who can trace his course through life, as they see how, through much sense of shortcoming and many discouragements, he was led along, and enabled to lend a helping hand to almost every scheme in his own neighbourhood which had for its aim the benefit of others ; while in his more public career, his voice and pen were always ready to take up the cause of right and justice.

When permitted to view a Christian's life from the commencement to the close, especially when privileged to know something of the secret communings of the soul, we see that the progress is a gradual one. The earnest desires are first given, then the watchful waiting, and the fervent prayers for strength and guidance.

Our dear friend at this period of his life set apart a short time every evening for reading the Scriptures, meditation, and prayer; and if for any reason this was omitted, he records in his journal that a sense of loss and weakness followed. The privilege of being thus permitted to pour out his troubles before the Lord, and seeking for strength and guidance in times of weakness and perplexity sustained him in the midst of many difficulties. But to approach God in prayer, either in private in the family, or on more public occasions, he always felt to be a most solemn act, needing help from above; and the deep reverence and earnestness of his manner when thus engaged will be remembered by all who heard him.

The way in which he sought for Divine guidance in every action of his life was strikingly shown when the question of entering Parliament was brought before him. In 1845 he was first asked to represent the southern division of the county of Durham ; and again in 1847 pressure was put upon him to induce him to be willing to come forward. He writes, Eighth month 4th, 1847:-" My prayers have been night and day that I might be preserved out of anything not designed by my Creator; and inasmuch as no clear path appears to stand, I may safely conclude I have not sufficient warrant for a step involving so much."

It was not till the year 1857 that he felt the time had come to respond to the cordial invitation of his countrymen. These intervening years were much occupied in helping forward the extension of the railway system in his neighbour- hood. The personal planning and inspecting of the new lines, over, in some cases, a difficult country, suited his energetic and practical temperament. For eight years he attended Parliament with much diligence and faithfulness ; but late hours and life in Town did not suit his health or tastes, and he was glad to retire in 1865, in the hope of being still enabled to serve his fellow men, though in a more private way.

To go back a little in point of time. In 1854 he was appointed, with his friends Joseph Sturge and Robert Charleton, by the "Meeting for Sufferings" in London, to present an address to the Emperor Nicholas of Russia, praying him to avert the war which was then impending in the Crimea. The story of this journey is so well told, both in J. Sturge's and Robert Charleton's memoirs, that it is not needful to recapitulate it here. Though it was not successful in attaining its object, and though much ridicule and opprobium were cast upon their mission, Henry Pease always felt thankful that he was permitted the honour and privilege of thus publicly avowing his detestation of war, and his willingness to make any sacrifice in the interests of peace. In 1867 he was again called to stand before an Emperor, to plead the same cause. On this occasion he was one of a deputation from the Peace Society, appointed to ask permission for a Peace Congress to be held in Paris, at the time of the International Exhibition in that city. The Emperor Napoleon III. received the deputation coldly but courteously, in a room in the Tuileries, but would not grant the desired permission.

In First month, 1859, Henry Pease married Mary Lloyd, daughter of Samuel Lloyd, of Wednesbury. This change in his life, and all the social and domestic enjoyments it brought him, did not cause him to relax in his earnest and prayerful desire to fulfil the many public and private duties that devolved upon him.

On leaving Parliament in 1865 he was glad to have more time to devote to the affairs of the little section of the Church to which he felt it a great privilege and responsibility to belong. He attended its meetings diligently, including the Yearly Meeting in London. His pertinent and practical remarks in the meetings for business were much valued, his long experience enabling him often to see the way out of a difficulty, or give the needed word of encouragement or warning. He felt that these meetings deserved the best he could give them of his time and thought.

On two occasions he was appointed by the Yearly Meeting on Committees to visit the Friends in Quarterly Meetings which needed help and advice. He much valued the intercourse this gave him with the friends associated with him in these services, and the kindness and love shown by those whom they visited was very cordial to him, and w r as ever gratefully remembered. For many years he filled the station of Elder. He deeply felt the serious responsibility of this position, and endeavoured to watch over the Hock as one who must give an account ; but the deep searchings of heart this caused him, the feelings of weakness and unworthiness that often bowed him down, were known only to Him to whom alone he could come for strength and guidance. From the pressure of these numerous duties it was his great delight to break away for a few weeks for entire relaxation, when, alone with his wife, or accompanied by some of their children, he would intensely enjoy the beauties of nature, either on the Continent or in some favourite part of our own island. His heart was full of thank- fulness for these pleasures, and for the many blessings richly showered upon" his path during these later years. In reviewing some of these, he writes :- " They almost oppress my heart with gratitude to the great Giver."

Life had many attractions for him, and, his health in some respects improving with advancing age, there seemed every probability that many years might yet be before him. These hopes however were not to be realised.

In the early spring of 1879 he had a very serious illness, from which he never entirely rallied, though he recovered sufficiently to go to London to attend the Yearly Meeting of that year. In the spring of the following year a tour in Spain afforded him great enjoyment. His brightness and energy surprised his companions. He returned home decidedly improved in health, and again enjoyed meeting with his friends in their annual gathering. The summer was passed chiefly at Saltburn and Stanhope. Soon after returning to Pierremont in the autumn he took a severe chill, and a sharp attack of bronchitis very quickly reduced his strength. Though confined to the house during the long, cold winter, his hopefulness and cheerfulness never left him, and he had much quiet enjoyment.

As soon as the weather moderated, the desire of his heart was gratified in finding warmth and sunshine in the south of England. One of those who saw him says that his prized visit left a sense of the nearness of his spirit to his home above ; and others remarked that his countenance was peaceful and heavenly.

On his return, a few weeks at his favourite house at Stanhope still further recruited him, so that he again looked forward with much pleasure to attending the Yearly Meeting. He left home on the 16th of Fifth month and settled in with some of his family at his accustomed quarters in Finsbury Square. The exertions however attendant on this journey proved too much for him ; he became seriously ill, and his strength rapidly declined. There was little opportunity for expression during his short illness, but quietness and peace seemed to be the clothing of his mind. On being informed that the doctors considered his case a critical one, he showed no anxiety. His thoughtfulness for those around him and his quiet patience were very striking. Owing to the great heat of the weather the windows of his room were kept open, and the sounds of the great city filled the air ; but though he had such an intense love for the stillness of the country, this did not seem to ruffle him, and he never expressed the least wish to be anywhere but where he was.

Peacefully, and almost painlessly, he sank into that last sleep, in which, on the evening of Second-day the 31st of Fifth month, his soul gently passed away, his wife and all his children being around him. His remains were laid in the quiet burial-ground behind the meeting-house at Darlington, amid a large concourse of his fellow-townsmen and others, many being the representatives of the Public Bodies in which he had been interested.

The following extract from his journal, written thirty-three years before, may appropriately close this short account of his active life :-

"Fourth month, 1849. - Engaged in planting trees in the addition just made to the burial- ground. The idea seemed touchingly to steal over the mind, that it was not improbable that many a glowing setting sun would cause the shade of these trees to lengthen out over the green mound where my mortal remains would be placed. But oh ! if the genial influence of this glorious orb has been exchanged for that kingdom that needeth it not, because the Lamb is the light thereof, how unspeakably happy the exchange !"

30 May 1881, Mon: Another splendid day . The a/cs of Uncle Henry very low indeed. Went to the Gull Rock fishing John William Pease, Howard Fox, Ethel & Beatrice. I fished off the whelps most of the day for 10 pollock - came in about 8 o'clock – a better a/c of Alfred's quinsy & earache. Also a telegram, of Uncle Henry's death at about 5.30 this evening. It is sad & solemn thus to part with one so long so dear so mixed up with one's life! A very warm evening.

3 June 1881, Fri: To Darlington at 11 o'clock to attend Uncle Henry's funeral. To Pierremont, Minnie going to Southend; saw Henry Fell Pease, lunched with him and Lizzie; he showed me the only will they could find made 20 January 1859, the day after his last wedding as I read it - there will be much disappointment. To Pierremont [sic], a large crowd at the funeral, Minnie & I went in the same carriage as Arthur & Mary. Bevan Braithwaite spoke at the grave side and at length, appropriately in the meeting house, Harrison, Penney well & briefly, back to Brinkburn and then to evening gathering at Pierremont. Tom Pease long & washy, Bevan Braithwaite I could not hear, Arthur & I said a few words and Theodore Fry engaged in prayer; broke up about 7.30 to 8.00, and dined & staid at Brinkburn, Henry & Wilson Lloyd there also.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at H. H. Smith's school, Darlington.
- He worked as a Woollen Manufacturer in Darlington, County Durham.
- He was Quaker.
- He worked as a Railway Promoter in Darlington & Saltburn.
- He worked as a President of The Peace Society.
- He worked as a MP for South Durham. 1857 To 1865.
- He had a residence in Pierremont, Darlington, County Durham.
- He resided at Stanhope Castle.

Henry married Anna Fell,^{8,9,10,82,195} daughter of Richard Fell^{8,10,52,165,195} and Mary Hull,^{8,165} on 25 Feb 1835 in FMH Uxbridge. Anna was born on 27 Jun 1809 in Uxbridge, Middlesex, died on 28 Jul 1839 in Darlington, County Durham at age 30, and was buried on 2 Aug 1839 in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had one son: Henry Fell.

6-Henry Fell Pease^{8,9,10,17,41,43,86,127,170,194} was born on 28 Apr 1838 in Middleton St. George, Darlington, County Durham, died on 6 Dec 1896 in Brinkburn, Darlington, County Durham at age 58, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Tutored by William Jones of Ruthin in 1847 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Coal owner.
- He worked as a Director of the Tees Valley Railway.
- He worked as a Mayor of Darlington in 1874-1875 in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a Partner in the Southern States Coal, Iron and Land Company.
- He worked as a President of the National Liberal Federation in 1881-1882.
- He worked as a MP for Cleveland 1885 To 1896.
- He had a residence in Brinkburn, Darlington, County Durham.

Henry married **Elizabeth Mary Pease**,^{9,17,86,170} daughter of **John Beaumont Pease**^{8,9,66,82,86,99,136,139,194} and **Sarah Fossick**,^{8,9,66,99} on 15 May 1862 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. Elizabeth was born on 24 Jun 1840 in North Lodge, Darlington, County Durham, died on 24 Feb 1903 in Darlington, County Durham at age 62, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: **Anna Louisa, Norman Henry, Bertram Fell, Walter Fell**, and **Algernon Henry**.

Marriage Notes: **15 May 1862, Thurs**: Henry Fell Pease and Lizzie Pease's wedding day; about the grounds till near meeting time, dressed and to meeting, the house crowded and numbers outside. The wedding party looked well, the parents and young people - the maids were Miss Peckover, Bright, Annie E. Pease, Sophie Pease, M. A. Bevan - Groomsmen. Arthur, Gurney, Joseph Rake, Walter Pease, Samuel Fossick, J. Backhouse, they said their say well; after meeting I staid some time getting the Certificate signed, Proctor's girls &c. Then to West Lodge where we were all photographed by Thompson , then came the dejeuner which was very handsomely done, although strictly teetotal, after it was done, I spoke on the Bride and Groom, after me Joseph Beaumont Pease in Lune diction on them, but touching , most touchingly, almost too much so on his own great loss of last autumn, this affecting spectacle stopped all others according to plan. Then came setting off the happy pair which was well done; after that I walked with John Fell and the two Fossicks round Southend. In the evening, everyone came to tea, and we stood and chatted; glad to get home, the happy pair left for York. E.A.

Barclay came to it from Tynemouth. The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Anna Louisa Pease^{36,86,218} was born on 16 May 1863 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Oct 1911 in Hoppyland Park, Witton le Wear, County Durham at age 48, and was buried on 24 Oct 1911

General Notes: Known as "Louie"

Tues 24 Oct 1911 – To Louie Pease's funeral after lunch with Lloyd, Blanche, Miss Peckover & Walter (Walter Fell Pease) – a great many of our family present including Aunt Helen, Edward came with me – we stood in the rain on my parents grave – how often have I followed our dead into that graveyard! Louie was a sweet, brave little woman – I was always fond of her – I was at her parents wedding in 1862 & signed their Certificate! She now rests by her parents & brothers & poor Walter is alone – My father always called Louie who was a dark haired very rosy cheeked pretty girl with bright eyes & smiles "Little Blue Socs " - The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

7-Norman Henry Pease^{36,86} was born on 10 Jun 1866 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 May 1879 in Cannes, France at age 12, and was buried in Cannes, France (Named on his brother Bertram's grave, FBG Darlington). The cause of his death was Fever.

General Notes: 1 May 1879, Thurs: Received a telegram from Darlington saying Henry Fell Pease's little boy Norman had died of fever at Cannes this morning at 2 o'clock. I suppose him, to be about 13 - they are very much to be felt for.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Joseph Whitwell Pease Bt.

Tues 29 April 1884 - .went what Meyers calls an "exception" to Les Isles des Lerins and saw 22 of the Arab prisoners (the Insurrectionaries of Algeria). Cannes cold and windy (as usual). Visited the cemetery to see Nellie's grandmother's grave, (Lucy

Fowler nèe Waterhouse) and Norman Pease's.

The (unpublished) Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.

7-Bertram Fell Pease¹⁷ was born on 13 May 1868 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 2 Mar 1870 in Darlington, County Durham at age 1, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Walter Fell Pease^{36,86} was born on 15 Mar 1874 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 5 Jan 1936 in Moulton Hall, Richmond, Yorkshire at age 61, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Wed 8 Jan 1936 – OME – I did not feel well enough to go to Walter Pease's (funeral of his ashes) funeral at Darlington – The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt. _____

Pease, Walter Fell.

Adm. at TRINITY HALL, 1893. [3rd] s. of Henry Fell, Esq., M.P., of Brinkburn, Darlington [and Stanhope Castle, Durham (and Elizabeth, dau. of John Beaumont Pease, of North Lodge, Darlington). B. Mar. 15, 1874]. School, Winton House, Winchester.

Matric. Michs. 1893.

Sometime of Brinkburn, Darlington.

Subsequently of Moulton Hall, Middleton Tyas, Yorks.

Married, Jan. 21, 1914, Florence Evelyn, dau. of Edward Gibson Tilton, of Victoria, B.C. Died Jan. 5, 1936, at Moulton Hall.

Stepnephew of Edward L. (1880) and John F. (1884). (Burke, L.G.; Walford, County Families; The Times, Jan. 6, 1936.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Winchester.
- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in Witton Castle, Witton le Wear, County Durham.
- He had a residence in Moulton Hall, Richmond, Yorkshire.
- He was a Ouaker.

Walter married Florence Evelyn Tilton, daughter of Edward Gibson Tilton and Florence Judah, on 21 Jan 1914 in Christ Church Cathedral, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada. Florence was born on 9 Jun 1883 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada and died in 1965 in Moulton Hall, Richmond, Yorkshire at age 82.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• Miscellaneous: Moulton Hall was bought by the National Trust, 9 Sep 1966.

7-Algernon Henry Pease⁸⁶ was born on 19 May 1882 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 19 Apr 1955 in 5411 Hamsterley Road, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada at age 72, and was buried on 23 Apr 1955 in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of his death was Cerebral Haemorrhage.

General Notes: This water tower is one of the last remaining in Saanich, and is a valuable reminder of the importance of market gardening in the municipality's early development. Until the Saanich Waterworks reached rural areas, many farmers had gravity-fed water tanks. Architect P.L. James reportedly designed this tower just after the formation of a partnership with his brother Douglas James, along with the Pease's house (part of which was moved and serves as the University of Victoria's Student Health Services Centre). The tower originally had a tank on a raised platform. Letitia Jean Pease (née Brydges, 1878-1965) who was born in Londonderry Nova Scotia, and her husband Algernon Henry Pease (1882-1955), born in County Durham, England, named their property Hamsterley Farm, after Algernon's birthplace. Algernon came to Canada in 1907 and lived in Winnipeg briefy, where he married Letitia. Upon his arrival to Victoria, Algernon established a chicken farm at Strawberry Vale, which he sold soon after to engage in real estate. He bought this property and operated a strawberry jam factory on it. Strawberries fourished in Saanich and are an important local food product; a Strawberry Festival is still held annually in mid-July. The Peases were entrepreneurial, and in addition to their successful jam-making enterprise they made chocolates and candy, sold produce, owned a chicken farm and made home-made wine, which they marketed during Prohibition. After they sold this property, they opened the Hamsterley Tea Room on the Malahat, then Hamsterley Lakeside and later the Toby Jug at Elk Lake. Algernon was appointed an M.B.E. for his work in establishing the B.C. Salvage Corps in the Second World War. During the War, Letitia Pease was instrumental in starting 'Bundles for Britain,' which sent new and used clothing to those who had been bombed out in Britain. She also opened the Superfuities Shop, on Government Street in Victoria, where donations of valuables, to be sold for the war efort, were accepted. Pease Lake in Central Saanich was named after Algernon. From 1933 to 1946, Alice Maud Robertson of "The Spode Shop" (née Ferguson, 1877-1957), born in Glasgow, Scotland owned the property. She called the property Drummadoon, changed to Upper Drummadoon when her daughter's house, Lower Drummadoon, was built lower down the hill (see 2511 Sinclair Road). Alice, an antique dealer and her husband Frederick Norman Douglas Robertson (1876-1947), born in Douglas, Scotland were also the managers of The Spode Shop. Alice and her daughter, Margo, were horsewomen, and in 1933 they had the water tower enclosed as a stable, with a hayloft and tackroom in the tank section. Windows were added, it was shingled, given a shingle roof, and the tank portion was covered in rough weatherboards. The property is now part of the University of Victoria. In 2003, the water tower suffered a fire, but was restored two years later.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MBE.
- He was educated at Leighton Park School.
- He was a Quaker.
- He emigrated to Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada in 1906.
- He worked as a Merchant.

Algernon married Letitia Jean Brydges, daughter of Frederick Henderson Brydges and Jean Crawford Allan, on 18 Aug 1908 in Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada. Letitia was born on 24 Dec 1878 in Londonderry, Nova Scotia, Canada, died on 25 Nov 1965 in Royal Jubilee Hospital, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada at age 86, and was buried on 27 Nov 1965 in Royal Oak Crematorium, Saanich, British Columbia, Canada. The cause of her death was Cerebral Haemorrhage. They had two children: Rosalind Fell and Frederick Fell.

General Notes: http://www.historicplaces.ca/en/rep-reg/place-lieu.aspx?id=1932

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in 1965 in 3237 Service Street, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

8-Rosalind Fell Pease was born on 27 Aug 1909 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Secretary in 1938 in Mount Edward Apartments, Vancouver Street, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

Rosalind married **Clive Dickens Campbell**, son of **Frederick Duncan Campbell** and **Gertrude Sophia Dickens**, on 6 Aug 1938 in St. Mary's, Oak Bay, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada. Clive was born on 5 Feb 1911 in Ramsgate, Kent and died in 1975 at age 64. They had one son: **Douglas Allen Pease**.

General Notes: Clive Dickens Campbell joined the British Columbia Department of Public Works in 1929. He succeeded Henry Whittaker as Chief Architect in 1949 after the very brief interim term of Guy Singleton Ford. Campbell supervised the contentious rebuilding of Government House.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an Architectural draughtsman. Architect in 1055 Foul Bay Road, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

9-Douglas Allen Pease Campbell

8-Frederick Fell Pease was born on 8 Jan 1912 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada and died on 26 Mar 1993 in Sarasota, Florida, USA at age 81.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wellington College in Crowthorne, Berkshire.
- He worked as a Pilot, Royal Canadian Air Force.
- He worked as a Stockbroker, E. F. Hutton & Co.
- He had a residence before 1971 in Bal Harbour, Florida, USA.
- He had a residence after 1971 in Sarasota, Florida, USA.

Frederick married Jean Gordon, daughter of Dr. Roderick John Gordon and Madelaine Henrietta Bowman.

Frederick next married Elizabeth Ann Landis.

Henry next married **Mary Lloyd**,^{8,9,10,14,95,121,195} daughter of **Samuel Lloyd**^{8,9,10,14,130,175,195,203,206} and **Mary Honeychurch**,^{8,9,10,14,130,203} on 19 Jan 1859 in FMH Birmingham. Mary was born on 26 May 1826 in Wood Green, Wednesbury, Staffordshire, died on 25 Sep 1909 in Pierremont, Darlington, County Durham at age 83, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had five children: **Henrietta Rachel, Edward Lloyd, John Francis, Marion Elizabeth**, and **Reginald**.

General Notes: Mary Pease, 83 25 9mo. 1909 Darlington. Widow of Henry Pease. An Elder. [Communicated.] When we have watched the sun set in a calm and solemn glory, we have, it may be, lingered in the afterglow and gentle radiance left behind, and have talked of the beauty of its path through the long day from its rising to its setting. So, now that our dear Friend, Mary Henry Pease, has gone to her heavenly home after eighty-three years of earthly sojourning, we would trace her life's pathway, and see how her prayers for guidance and strength to serve her Master were answered. Mary Lloyd, the second daughter in a family of nine children, was born at Wood Green, near Wednesbury, May 26th, 1826. Her parents, Samuel and Mary Lloyd, were earnest consistent Friends, and her childhood and girlhood were surrounded with just the right influences to strengthen and help her spiritual aspirations. A little letter written to her mother when eleven or twelve years old says, "I think how happy those people God talked to must have been, such as Abraham, Jacob and others, and I wish God would talk to us now as He talked to them, would not thee like it too? " showing how even when quite young her desires were for a closer walk with God. Her mother was often away on religious journeys and a sense of responsibility was thus early brought on the two elder sisters, who were left to care for their father and also for the younger members of the family whom they helped to teach in the schoolroom. We must not, however, dwell too long on her youth, of which she always spoke as a time of great happiness. The love of her parents, the many warm friendships, begun and continued through life, happy visits paid to friends and relations, intellectual pleasures including verse -writing, poetry, painting and sketching, made golden memories to dwell upon in after years. Her talent for sketching was great, and she continued to exercise it nearly all her life. Some drawings made when she was more than seventy years of age are wonderful for their artistic charm and colouring. In the year 1848 she started, with the help of her sister Rachel, a night-school for poor girls, which involved much work, and she spent a good deal of time in regularly visiting the poor and in the distribu- tion of tracts. She writes at this time of a joyful sense of forgiveness and of nearness to Christ. In 1859, Mary Lloyd was married to Henry Pease, of Darlington, and with much prayer for strsngth and guidance she entered on a new life with its many claims and new responsibilities. A year or two after her marriage she started a Mothers' Prayer Meeting that the mothers might meet and pray for their children. Her own five children were a source of great happiness to her and her husband. In 1867, she started her Mother's Meeting at Cockerton, the first in Darlington. It began in a very humble way; six or seven poor women attending, and meeting in a cottage-room lent for the occasion. It has been continued ever since, and there are now over a hundred members on the books. 11 Her little orphanage for twelve girls started some years later was a great pleasure and interest to her. She also undertook the secretarial work of the Convalescent Home at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, and with wonderful industry and cleverness accomplished almost unaided the mass of correspondence it involved. Admission to the Home, which held seventy men and women, was then free, and there were always a very large number of applicants awaiting their turn. Many too will recall her as the gracious hostess at Pierremont, welcoming guests at social gatherings in the large library. Dignified and graceful in bearing, Mary H. Pease's outward form indicated the dignity and nobility of her spirit; and combined with this there was a sincerity and an ability to love and to sympathise which drew towards her much answering love and admiration from those who knew her. In 1881, Henry Pease, whose health had given anxiety for some years was taken seriously ill, and he passed away in London at the time of Yearly Meeting. Those near to Mary H. Pease, who knew how deep and crushing was her sorrow, now marvelled at the strength and peace and courage given her to face a difficult and lonely path. Instead of retiring from her useful activities for others because of her grief, her days became more occupied than before. She was the first woman in Darlington to sit on the School Board. She was also on the Committees of the Training School for Teachers, the High School for Girls and Home for Waifs and Strays, and in 1894 she became the first Lady Guardian in Darlington. She retained this position till her death, and did much valuable work in helping to improve the moral and physical welfare of the women and children. Though so essentially a busy person, she was never heard to apply this term to herself, and she was ever at leisure to enter into and to sympathise with the joys and sorrows of others. To help, either at home or at Yearly Meeting, in the work of the Society she loved so much, was a great pleasure to her, and until the last two or three years she rarely missed attending the Yearly Meeting in London. In 1904, she had the great grief of losing her daughter, Henrietta B. Wilson; and this and other acutely felt sorrows which befell her just at this time seemed to have an effect on the wonderful health she had hitherto enjoyed ; and in the autumn of the same year an attack of illness laid her aside for some weeks. She rallied, however, and in some measure took up again the same useful activities. But God now saw fit to try his beloved servant's faith in a special way. For the next two years a trouble in her throat, although at times yielding to remedies that were prescribed, recurred again and again, causing deep discomfort, which, however, was most patiently borne. But while the need was great, the strength asked for was abundantly given. No word of complaint ever passed her lips; and every afternoon and evening she would withdraw for meditation

and prayer to the quiet of her little room. The cross was unmurmuringly, even cheerfully, borne, and to all around and near her, a sense of holy and heavenly peace seemed to pervade her being. Her weakness now became more apparent, but it was only during the last fortnight that she was unable to leave her room. Asking one morning what day of the week it was, she was told it was Sunday; when she said with a beautiful smile : " My days are all Sundays now." Very gently, on September 25th, her beautiful spirit was released from its earthly vesture and returned to God.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was Ouaker.
- She worked as a Ouaker Elder.

6-Henrietta Rachel Pease^{9,14,121,130} was born on 28 Oct 1859 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 2 Feb 1904 in London at age 44.

Henrietta married George Edward Wilson,⁹ son of John Edward Wilson^{8,9,128} and Catharine Stacey,^{8,9,128} on 8 Oct 1884 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. George was born on 7 Feb 1860 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 2 Aug 1927 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 67. They had seven children: Kenneth Henry, Helen Marion, Anita Catharine, Olga Mary, John Christopher, Rachel Evelyn, and Edward Victor.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Worcestershire.
- He had a residence in 1915 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

7-Kenneth Henry Wilson^{9,77} was born on 7 Sep 1885 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 2 Sep 1969 at age 83.

General Notes: President of Albright & Wilson

Deputy Chairman Bryant & May

With Albright & Wilson, 1908; Dir, 1910; Man. Dir and Chm., 1932–58, Pres., 1958–. Mem. of Oldbury Urban District Council, 1919–58; Charter Mayor of Oldbury, 1935; Alderman of Borough of Oldbury, 1935–58; Worcestershire Council, 1936, Alderman, 1941–; Chm. Oldbury Local Employment Cttee, 1925–62. Past Pres. and Member of Council Birmingham Chamber of Commerce; Governor, Birmingham Univ. (Mem. Council, 1933-68). High Sheriff of Worcs., 1948-49. Freeman, Borough of Oldbury, 1960

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Marlborough.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Chairman and President of Albright & Wilson.
- He worked as a Chairman of Bryant & May. Match manufacturers.
- He had a residence in 1915 in 22 Priory Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He had a residence in Park Hall, Kidderminster.

Kenneth married Mary Isabel Cadbury,^{9,77} daughter of George Cadbury^{8,9,10,28,219} and Mary Tylor,^{8,9,10,28} on 26 Oct 1911 in FMH Bournville. Mary was born on 5 Apr 1884 in Woodbrooke, Selly Oak, Birmingham. They had five children: Ann Pease, Rachel Barbara, Henrietta Marion, Kenneth John, and Eleanor Mary.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1900-Jul 1902 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Ann Pease Wilson⁷⁷ was born on 19 Oct 1913 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 13 Jan 2001 in Cleveland Lodge, Great Ayton, Yorkshire at age 87.

8-Rachel Barbara Wilson^{135,220,221,222,223} was born on 22 May 1915 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Mar 2000 in Dacorum, Hertfordshire at age 84. Rachel married Roger Kenneth Allen, ^{135,173,220,221,222,223,224,225} son of Kenneth Clarkson Allen^{119,155,173,226,227,228,229} and Sybil Robson, ^{173,227,228,229} on 22 Jun 1940 in FMH Bournville. Roger was born on 27 Feb 1913 in Waldenhurst, Broxbourne, Hertfordshire and died on 29 May 1966 at age 53. They had seven children: Gabriel Allen, Peter, Peter William, Christopher John, Adrian Roger, Charles Kenneth, and Caroline Isabel.

Marriage Notes: Allen-Wilson.-On 22nd June, 1940, at the Friends' Meeting House, Bournville, Roger Kenneth Allen (1926-31) to Rachel Barbara Wilson.

General Notes: ALLEN.-On the 27th February, 1913, at Waldenhurst, Broxbourne, Herts., Sybil (Robson), wife of Kenneth Clarkson Allen (1892-5), a son, who was named Roger Kenneth. ALLEN.— On 29th May, 1966, suddenly, Roger Kenneth Allen (1926-31), aged 53 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1926-1931 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Managing Director of Stafford Allen & Sons in Cowper Street, Finsbury, London.

9-Gabriel Allen Allen was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

9-Peter Allen was born on 21 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire and died on 22 Mar 1942 in Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

9-Peter William Allen

9-Dr. Christopher John Allen

9-Adrian Roger Allen

9-Charles Kenneth Allen

9-Caroline Isabel Allen

Caroline married Andrew Ward.

8-Henrietta Marion Wilson was born on 9 Sep 1916 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 2005 in Towcester, Northamptonshire at age 88.

Henrietta married **Rt. Rev. Sir Robert "Robin" Wilmer Woods,** son of **Rt. Rev. Edward Sydney Woods**^{10,115} and **Clemence Rachel Barclay**,¹⁰ on 14 Aug 1942 in Churchill, Worcester. Robert was born on 15 Feb 1914 in Lausanne, Switzerland and died on 20 Oct 1997 at age 83. They had five children: Rachel Candia, Robert Barclay, Edward Wilson, Eleanor Priscilla, and Henrietta Mary.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with KCVO KCMG.
- He worked as an Archdeacon in Sheffield, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Dean of Windsor & Chaplain to HM The Queen.
- He worked as a Bishop of Worcester.

9-Rachel Candia Woods

- 9-Robert Barclay Woods
- 9-Edward Wilson Woods
- 9-Eleanor Priscilla Woods
- 9-Henrietta Mary Woods

Henrietta married James Michael Burnell-Nugent, son of Anthony Frank Burnell-Nugent and Gian Mary Alexander. They had four children: Henrietta Marie, Anthony James, Rupert Michael, and Thomas Alexander.

- **10-Henrietta Marie Burnell-Nugent**
- **10-Anthony James Burnell-Nugent**

10-Rupert Michael Burnell-Nugent

10-Thomas Alexander Burnell-Nugent

8-Kenneth John Wilson

Kenneth married Angela Mary Fenn, daughter of Arthur Alston Fenn and Dorothy Rose Constable Curtis. They had four children: Bridget Eleanor, Peter Kenneth Alston, Roger Edward, and Nigel John Cadbury.

- 9-Bridget Eleanor Wilson
- 9-Peter Kenneth Alston Wilson
- 9-Roger Edward Wilson
- 9-Nigel John Cadbury Wilson

8-Eleanor Mary Wilson was born on 28 Nov 1918 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

Eleanor married Dr. Christopher Lloyd Wharton, son of John Robert Wharton and Marjorie Haynes. They had four children: Marion Francesca Eleanor, Elizabeth Anne, Julia Catherine, and Richard Lloyd.

9-Marion Francesca Eleanor Wharton

9-Elizabeth Anne Wharton

9-Julia Catherine Wharton

9-Richard Lloyd Wharton

7-Helen Marion Wilson⁹ was born on 11 Oct 1886 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

7-Anita Catharine Wilson^{9,44,228,230,231,232,233} was born on 4 Jun 1888 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham and died on 28 Jun 1962 in Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire at age 74.

Anita married John Glaisver,^{9,44,228,230,231,232,233,234} son of John Glaisver^{8,120,127,214} and Mary Jane Crosland,^{8,26,44,120,127,214} on 8 Jul 1909 in FMH Stourbridge. John was born on 12 Dec 1875 in Huddersfield, Yorkshire and died on 21 Feb 1946 in Clent, Stourbridge, Worcestershire at age 70. They had six children: John Pease, Catharine Mary, Edward Henry, Janet Helen, Anita Ruth, and Elizabeth Rachel.

Marriage Notes: GLAISYER-WILSON.-On the 8th July, 1909, at Stourbridge, John Glaisyer (1888-93), of Birmingham, to Anita Catherine Wilson, of Kidderminster.

General Notes: Glaisyer.— On 21st February, at Clent, Worcestershire, John Glaisyer (1883-93) aged 70 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1888-1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He had a residence in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
- He worked as a Financial Secretary to the OYSA in 1902-1916.
- He worked as a Member of Bootham and Mount School Committees in 1908-1920 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Registrar Probate Court in 1911.
- He worked as a Chaiman of the Board of Governors, Queen's Hospital in 1923-1926 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

- He worked as a Solicitor in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He worked as a Life Governor of Birmingham University.

8-John Pease Glaisyer^{9,44,228,234} was born on 25 May 1910 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Feb 1995 in Northumberland at age 84.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 25th May, 1910, at Birmingham, Anita Catherine, wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a son, who was named John Pease.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1923-1927 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Chemical manufacturer with Albright & Wilson in 1935 in Oldbury, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He had a residence in 1935 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

John married Doreen Evelyn Redhead,^{9,234} daughter of James Halder Redhead and Mary Evelyn Redhead, on 4 May 1946 in Parish Church, Ponteland, Northumberland. Doreen was born on 14 Aug 1916 in South Shields, County Durham and died in Dec 2001 in Northumberland at age 85.

Marriage Notes: Glaisyer-Readhead.-On 4th May, at Ponteland Church, near Newcastle-on-Tyne, John Pease Glaisyer (1923-27), to Doreen Evelyn Readhead.

8-Catharine Mary Glaisyer^{135,220,231,235,236,237} was born on 19 Jan 1914 in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 19th January, 1914, at 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Anita Catharine (Wilson), wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a daughter . Catharine married Wilson Waterhouse Sturge, 44,135,220,235,236,237,238,239,240 son of Wilson Henry Sturge 8,44,226,227,238,241,242,243 and Lucy Gibbins, 8,44,226,227,238,241,243 on 3 Apr 1940 in FMH Bull Street, Birmingham. Wilson was born on 5 Jul 1911 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 10 Sep 1988 at age 77. They had three children: Jillian Mary, Catharine Anita, and Michael Wilson.

Marriage Notes: Sturge-Glaisyer.-On 3rd April, at the Friends' Meeting House, Bull Street, Birmingham, Wilson Waterhouse Sturge (1925-9), to Catharine Mary Glaisyer.

General Notes: STURGE.-On the 5th July, 1911, at Birmingham, Lucy, wife of Wilson Henry Sturge (1875-81), a son, who was named Wilson Waterhouse. STURGE - on 10th September, 1988, Wilson W. Sturge (1925-29), aged 77.

WILSON W. STURGE (Bootham 1925-29) Wilson Sturge went from Bootham to Dalton Hall, Manchester University where he gained a first class honours degree in 1932. He then joined the family firm of electrical engineers in Birmingham with which he was associated for the whole of his working life. While a boy at Bootham he was a keen cricketer and played for the 1st XI, eventually graduating to the Falcons. He was also Bootham Fives Champion, and his name can be found on the championship plaque that now graces the walls of the lecture room since its creation from the lower level of the old fives court. He played a major role in the Birmingham OYSA branch over many years, and recently transferred its minute books to the Bootham Archives: he also negotiated the transfer of the Birmingham Scholarship Funds into the general OYSA Scholarship Amalgamated Funds. A faithful and regular attender at Whit Reunions, he died on 11th September, 1988, aged 77.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1925-1929 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as an Electrical Manufacturer.
- He had a residence in 90 Nursery Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at University of Manchester in 1929-1932.

9-Jillian Mary Sturge

- 9-Catharine Anita Sturge
- 9-Michael Wilson Sturge

Michael married Lotti Gamler, daughter of Alfred Gamler and Margrit. They had two children: Nicholas Wilson and Christina Margrit.

10-Nicholas Wilson Sturge

10-Christina Margrit Sturge

8-Edward Henry Glaisyer^{44,232,234,235,244,245} was born on 9 Dec 1915 in 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Nov 2005 in Gloucestershire at age 89. General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 19th December, 1915, at 20 Clarendon Road, Edgbaston, Anita C, wife of John Glaisyer (1888-1893), a son, who was named Edward Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at The Downs School in 1925-1929 in Colwall, Malvern, Herefordshire.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1929-1933 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Downing College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Headmaster, Hill Place.

Edward married Jessie Clara Astley Arlington, daughter of Edward Plantagenet Astley Arlington and Alice Claire Romayne. They had three children: John Astley, David Wilson, and Richard Henry.

9-John Astley Glaisyer

John married Mary Tod. They had one daughter: Natasha.

10-Natasha Glaisyer

9-David Wilson Glaisver

David married Nanette. They had three children: Clodagh Alicia Roxane, Caradoc, and Laragh.

10-Clodagh Alicia Roxane Glaisyer

10-Caradoc Glaisyer

10-Laragh Glaisver

9-Richard Henry Glaisyer

8-Janet Helen Glaisver⁴⁴ was born on 27 Jul 1917 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Oct 2005 in Chiltern, Buckinghamshire at age 88.

Janet married John Hylton Madge, son of Lt. Col. Charles Albert Madge and Barbara Hylton Hylton-Foster, on 8 Oct 1946 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire. John was born on 19 Jul 1914 in Johannesburg, Transvaal, South Africa and died in 1968 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 54. They had two children: Nicola Jane Hylton and Robert Hylton.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Architect.
- He worked as a Social scientist.

9-Prof. Nicola Jane Hylton Madge

9-Robert Hylton Madge

8-Anita Ruth Glaisyer²³³ was born on 7 Oct 1920 in Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire.

General Notes: GLAISYER.-On the 7th October, 1920, at Farquhar Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, to the wife of John Glaisyer (1888-93), a daughter, who was named Anita Ruth. Anita married Marc Rousseau, son of Jean Rousseau and Catherine. They had three children: Anne, Marc Wilson, and Jane.

9-Anne Rousseau

9-Marc Wilson Rousseau

9-Jane Rousseau

8-Elizabeth Rachel Glaisyer

Elizabeth married John Patrick Gavin Parish, son of Sydney Christian Parish and Florence Gladys Lunt. They had three children: Sarah Elizabeth, Roger Gavin, and Nigel John.

9-Sarah Elizabeth Parish

9-Roger Gavin Parish

9-Nigel John Parish

7-Olga Mary Wilson⁹ was born on 26 Apr 1890 in Allandale, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

8-Lt. John Geldard was born on 30 May 1922 in Ilkley, Bradford, Yorkshire, died on 13 Feb 1944 in Killed in a road accident at age 21, and was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Abberton, Essex. Grave Row 10.L.

General Notes: He was training for the Normandy landings that were to take place in June.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as an officer of the Royal Engineers, 617 Assault Squadron.

8-Mary Henrietta Geldard

9-Helen Rosemary Weston

9-Hugh Nicholas Weston

9-Christopher David Weston

7-John Christopher Wilson⁹ was born on 15 Apr 1892 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Director of Albright & Wilson. Chemical manufacturers.

8-Diana Margaret Wilson

9-Deidre Elizabeth Ward

9-Gillian Margaret Ward

8-Christopher Nevil Wilson

9-Annabel Rose Wilson

7-Rachel Evelyn Wilson⁹ was born on 19 Dec 1894 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died in Dec 1993 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 99.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1917-1918.

Rachel married **Paul Strangman Cadbury**, son of **Barrow Cadbury**⁸ and **Geraldine Southall**,⁸ on 24 Jun 1919 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Paul was born on 3 Nov 1895 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 24 Oct 1984 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 88. They had six children: **Catherine Rachel, Edward Paul, Philippa Helen, Charles Lloyd, Roger**, and

Henrietta Margaret.

8-Catherine Rachel Cadbury

Catherine married Dr. Paul Frederick John Hickinbotham,²⁴⁶ son of Frederick John Long Hickinbotham and Gertrude Ball, on 26 Sep 1942 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Paul was born on 21 Mar 1917 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 22 Sep 2006 in Leicester, Leicestershire at age 89, and was buried on 29 Sep 2006. They had two children: Margaret Claire and Roger Paul.

General Notes: Hickinbotham, Paul Frederick John (1917 - 2006)

MRCS 1939; FRCS 1942; MB ChB Birmingham 1939; ChM 1947; LRCP 1939.

Born 21 March 1917 Birmingham, UK

Died 22 September 2006 Leicester, UK

Occupation General surgeon

Details Paul Hickinbotham was a consultant surgeon in Leicester. He was born in Birmingham on 21 March 1917, the second son of Frederick John Long Hickinbotham, an export merchant and JP, and Gertrude née Ball. He was educated at West House School, Birmingham, and Rugby, and went on to Birmingham to do his medical training, qualifying in 1939. There he was much influenced by H H Sampson, a charismatic general surgeon from the Queen Elizabeth Hospital. Hickinbotham went on to specialise in surgery, becoming resident surgical officer at Bradford Royal Infirmary from 1941 to 1942, when he passed the FRCS.

He joined the RAMC in 1942 and served in North Africa and Italy. After the war he returned to the Leicester group of hospitals, where he served as a general surgeon on the staff until he retired in 1982.

He married Catherine Cadbury in 1942. They had one son, Roger, and one daughter, Claire, neither of whom went into medicine. They had eight grandchildren. His extra-curricular interests included forestry and Welsh hill walking. He died at his home in Leicester on 22 September 2006.

Sources used to compile this entry: [Information from Catherine Hickinbotham].

THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND

Created: 8 June 2007

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB ChB ChM LRCP FRCS.
- He was educated at West House School in Birmingham, Warwickshire.
- He was educated at Rugby.
- He worked as a resident surgical officer at Bradford Royal Infirmary in 1941-1942.
- He worked as a General Surgeon at the Leicester group of hospitals in 1945-1982.

9-Margaret Claire Hickinbotham

9-Roger Paul Hickinbotham

8-Dr. Edward Paul Cadbury was born on 10 Nov 1921 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Apr 2000 at age 78.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BCh.
- He worked as a Physician.
- He worked as a Liberal Parliamentary candidate in 1970 in Oswestry, Shropshire.

Edward married Mary Caroline Smith, daughter of Leslie Arthur Smith and Rachel Jane Gibbins. They had four children: Richard Geoffrey, James Edward, Philip Timothy, and Erica Rachel.

9-Richard Geoffrey Cadbury

9-James Edward Cadbury

9-Philip Timothy Cadbury^{247,248} was born on 16 Dec 1953 in Oswestry, Shropshire and died on 15 Aug 1981 at age 27.

General Notes: PHILIP T. CADBURY, 28 Hampton Road, Oswestry, Salop. Entered: September, 1965. 10 'O' Levels. 'A' Levels in History, French and Maths. Debating society, essay society, radio society. York Maths Association, Committee for Abolition of Compulsory Games. To do 1 year's voluntary service then to University College, London, to read Economics and Philosophy. CADBURY.— On 15th August, 1981, Philip Timothy Cadbury (1965-72), aged 27 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1965-1972 in York, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at University College, London.

9-Erica Rachel Cadbury

8-Philippa Helen Cadbury

Philippa married **Stephen Readhead Southall**, son of **Christopher Southall**^{44,249,250} and **Elsie Readhead**,^{44,249} on 19 Jul 1947 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Stephen was born on 10 Jun 1916 in Kings Norton, Birmingham, Warwickshire, died on 21 Dec 2011 at age 95, and was buried on 6 Jan 2012 in Hereford, Herefordshire. (Cremated). They had three children: **Anna Catherine**, **Mark Stephen**, and **Candia Helen**.

Noted events in his life were:

- Miscellaneous: Hereford Times, 29 Dec 2011.
- He worked as a Farmer in Clent, Stourbridge, Worcestershire.

9-Anna Catherine Southall

Anna married Christoper Richard Serle, son of Frank Raymond Serle and Winifred Mary Pugsley. They had two children: Harry and Jack.

10-Harry Serle

10-Jack Serle

9-Mark Stephen Southall was born on 22 Apr 1950 in Hereford, Herefordshire and died before 2011.

9-Candia Helen Southall

Candia married Compton.

8-Charles Lloyd Cadbury was born on 3 Nov 1926 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died in Jan 2000 in Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 73.

Charles married Jillian Stafford Ransome, daughter of Edwin Oakes Ransome^{44,132,154,251,252,253,254,255,256,257} and Hilda Stafford Allen,.^{44,154,224,252,253,254,255,257,258} They had four children: Ruth Margaret, Helen, David, and Thomas Stephen.

9-Ruth Margaret Cadbury

9-Helen Cadbury

9-David Cadbury

9-Thomas Stephen Cadbury

8-Roger Cadbury was born on 19 Jun 1929 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 23 Jun 1929 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

8-Henrietta Margaret Cadbury was born on 20 Jul 1930 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 11 Dec 1950 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire at age 20.

7-Edward Victor Wilson⁹ was born on 2 Jul 1897 in Park Hall, Kidderminster, Worcestershire and died on 3 Nov 1920 in Kidderminster, Worcestershire at age 23.

e 73. ^{54,255,257,258} They had four children: **Ruth**

6-Edward Lloyd Pease^{14,73,95,121} was born on 4 Mar 1861 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Mar 1934 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 73, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Pease, Edward Lloyd.
Adm. pens. at TRINITY, June 1, 1880. [2nd] s. of Henry [M.P.], of Pierremont, Darlington [by his 2nd wife, Mary, dau. of Samuel Lloyd, of Wednesbury].
B. there [Mar. 4], 1861.
School, Oliver's Mount, Scarborough.
Matric. Michs. 1880; B.A. 1884.
A Director of Pease and Partners, Ltd.; etc.
Of Hurworth Moor, Darlington.
Married, 1890, his cousin, Helen Blanche, dau. of Sir Joseph W. Pease, 1st Bart., of Hutton Hall, Guisborough.
Died Mar. 15, 1934.
Brother of John F. (1884). (Burke, L.G.; The Times, Mar. 16, 1934.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Oliver's Mount School in Scarborough, Yorkshire.
- He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Partner in Ashmore, Benson, Pease & Co. In Stockton on Tees, County Durham.
- He worked as a Director of the Weardale Steel, Coal, & Coke Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the Cargo Fleet Iron Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of the North Bitchburn Coal Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Pease & Partners Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of Henry Stobart & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Director of T. & R. W. Bower Ltd.

7-Michael Lloyd Pease was born on 10 Jan 1891 in Hurworth on Tees, County Durham, died on 10 Jun 1968 at age 77, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a member of the Cargo Fleet Iron Company in Middlesbrough, Yorkshire.

7-Cyril Pease was born on 11 Dec 1891 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 31 Jul 1950 in London at age 58, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Mary Cecilia Pease^{6,102} was born on 12 Dec 1892 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham and died on 27 Jul 1975 in 20 Bridge Road, Blackwell, Darlington, County Durham at age 82.

8-Dorothy Helen Mounsey was born on 10 Aug 1922 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 1 Jul 2012 in Darlington, County Durham at age 89, and was buried on 27 Jul 2012 in Memorial meeting, FMH Darlington.

- 8-Priscilla Mary Mounsey
 - 9-Richard John Nunn
- 8-Anthony Edward Mounsey
 - 9-Anthony Michael Mounsey
 - 9-Nicola Marian Mounsey
- 8-David Reginald Mounsey

9-Helen Margaret Mounsey

9-Catherine Mary Mounsey

8-Margaret Lucy Mounsey

9-Christopher David Woodford Pratt

9-Rosemary Priscilla Pratt

7-Henry Alfred Pease was born on 24 Apr 1894 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 4 Nov 1926 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 32, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Robert Pease was born on 12 Jun 1898 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 20 Oct 1937 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 39, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

7-Helen Maud Pease was born on 8 May 1901 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham, died on 26 Sep 1929 in Hurworth Moor, Darlington, County Durham at age 28, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

6-John Francis Pease^{9,14,121} was born on 20 Aug 1862 in Stanhope Castle, Darlington, County Durham, died on 15 Jun 1935 in Stanholme, Darlington, County Durham at age 72, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Pease, John Francis.

Adm. at TRINITY HALL, 1884. [3rd] s. of Henry, Esq., M.P., of Darlington (by his 2nd wife, Mary, dau. of Samuel Lloyd). [B. Aug. 20, 1862.] Matric. Lent, 1884. Married, Dec. 20, 1899, Charlotte Wakefield, dau. of George Edward Fox, of Plymouth, and had issue. Died June 15, 1935, at Stanholm, Darlington. Brother of Edward L. (1880). (Burke, L.G.; The Times, June 17, 1935.)

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
- He had a residence in Langholme Crescent, Darlington, County Durham.
- He was a Quaker.

John married Charlotte Wakefield Fox,⁹ daughter of George Edward Fox and Jane Wakefield Richardson, on 20 Dec 1899 in Plymouth, Devon. Charlotte was born on 30 Jun 1865 in Plymouth, Devon, died on 26 Jul 1956 in Bournemouth, Dorset at age 91, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had three children: Eric Henry, George Francis, and Charles Anthony.

Noted events in her life were:

• She had a residence in Feb 1936 in Bournemouth, Dorset.

7-Eric Henry Pease was born on 1 Sep 1901 in Pierremont, Darlington, County Durham and died in 1975 in Dorset at age 74.

Eric married Kathleen Mary Collens, daughter of John Collens and Kate Theobalds, on 25 Feb 1937 in London. Kathleen was born on 20 Jun 1898 in Sevenoaks and died in 1981 in Bridport, Dorset at age 83.

7-George Francis Pease was born on 15 May 1907 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 24 Oct 1998 in East Holme, Wareham, Dorset at age 91.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Caravan Site Manager.

George married Myra Blackler, daughter of Ernest William Blackler and Ada Mary Robinson, on 4 Jun 1940 in Exeter, Devon. Myra was born on 4 Aug 1909 in London and died in 2004 in East Holme, Wareham, Dorset at age 95.

7-Charles Anthony Pease was born on 20 Sep 1908 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 11 Jan 1936 in York, Yorkshire at age 27, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

General Notes: Mon 13 Jan 1936 – Saw in the papers that Charles Anthony Pease aged 27 had died on Sat 11th (at York), he was the youngest of Frank Pease's sons - the only married one – he leaves a widow and 2 children – This makes a 5th cousin (4 Peases & 1 Fox) who have died in the last few weeks. *The Diaries of Sir Alfred Edward Pease Bt.*

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He worked as a Working among the mining community as part of a Quaker project in Castleford, Yorkshire.

Charles married **Selma Ruth Brynhilde Wicksteed**, daughter of **Joseph Hartley Wicksteed** and **Mary Ethel Robinson**, on 18 Mar 1933 in London. Selma was born on 19 Dec 1909 in Letchworth, Hertfordshire and died in Jun 1986 in Islington, London at age 76. They had two children: **Christopher Beverley** and **Alister Hugh Richardson**.

8-Christopher Beverley Pease

Christopher married Hilary Lucia Gummer, daughter of Claud Sherwood Gummer and Doris Lilian Brown. They had two children: Patrick N. A. and Penelope Jane.

9-Patrick N. A. Pease

- 9-Penelope Jane Pease
- 8-Alister Hugh Richardson Pease

6-Marion Elizabeth Pease^{77,121} was born on 29 Dec 1863 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 14 Sep 1942 in Wellington, Somerset at age 78.

Marion married John Howard Fox,^{9,77} son of Thomas Fox^{9,77,91,96,259} and Sarah Maria Howard,^{9,91} on 4 Oct 1892 in FMH Darlington, County Durham. John was born on 8 Jun 1864 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 13 Mar 1951 in Wellington, Somerset at age 86. They had five children: Lloyd Howard, Julian Pease, Evangeline Mary, Dorothea, and Henry.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a JP for Somerset.
- He was educated at Clifton College.
- He worked as a Director of Fox Bros. & Co. Ltd., Serge Manufacturers in Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as a Director of Candy & Co. Ltd.
- He worked as a Partner in Fox, Fowler & Co., Bankers.
- He worked as a Director of Lloyds Bank in 1921.
- He had a residence in Robin's Close, Wellington, Somerset.
- He worked as an Alderman, Somerset County Council.

7-Lloyd Howard Fox^{9,260} was born on 26 Aug 1893 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 11 Nov 1991 in Wellington, Somerset at age 98.

Lloyd married Griselda Aggs Bigland,²⁶⁰ daughter of Percy Bigland^{77,260,261} and Edith Mary Hanbury Aggs,^{77,260} on 4 Sep 1918 in London. Griselda was born on 16 Jun 1895 in London and died on 18 Nov 1987 at age 92. They had four children: Angela Bigland, David Lloyd, Griselda Mary, and Penelope Howard.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1914-Jul 1916 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Angela Bigland Fox was born on 23 Mar 1920 in London and died on 28 Apr 2007 at age 87.

BG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. se's sons - the only married one – he leaves a Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Probation Officer.

Angela married **Robert Keith Bradford**, son of **Charles Bradford** and **Lily Piper**, on 17 Oct 1942 in Wellington, Somerset. Robert was born on 18 Dec 1920 in London and died in 1966 at age 46. They had four children: John Robert, Carolyn Gay, Richard Howard, and Daniel Lloyd.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Civil Engineer.

9-John Robert Bradford

John married Cate Serena Pryse Gibberd. They had two children: Donnathea Lindsay and Piers Frederick Lloyd.

10-Donnathea Lindsay Bradford

Donnathea married Patrick Campbell. They had two children: Jago John Lowden and Cate Rhona Sasha.

11-Jago John Lowden Campbell

11-Cate Rhona Sasha Campbell

10-Piers Frederick Lloyd Bradford

Piers married Marie-Katherine. They had two children: Freya Mary Thea and Clementine Angela Mary.

11-Freya Mary Thea Bradford

11-Clementine Angela Mary Bradford

9-Carolyn Gay Bradford

Carolyn married Robert Blackwell Baggaley. They had three children: Thomas Robert, Sarah Lucy, and Christopher Lloyd.

10-Thomas Robert Baggaley

Thomas married Rebecca Beer. They had one son: Jack Charles.

11-Jack Charles Baggaley

10-Sarah Lucy Baggaley

Sarah married Paul Wilson. They had two children: Stanley George and Edward Leo.

11-Stanley George Wilson

11-Edward Leo Wilson

10-Christopher Lloyd Baggaley

Christopher married Maria Criticos.

9-Richard Howard Bradford

Richard married Jane Rosemary Fawcett. They had three children: Helen Rosemary, Robert Michael, and Laura Jane.

10-Helen Rosemary Bradford

Helen married Roberts John Foers.

10-Robert Michael Bradford was born on 15 May 1985 and died on 9 Sep 1985.

10-Laura Jane Bradford

9-Daniel Lloyd Bradford

Daniel married Saffron Rebecca Fish. They had two children: Jacob Barnaby Lloyd and Barnaby Daniel.

10-Jacob Barnaby Lloyd Bradford

10-Barnaby Daniel Bradford

Angela next married Cmdr. Anthony Tosswill Courtney in 1971. Cmdr. was born on 16 May 1908 and died on 24 Jan 1988 at age 79.

8-David Lloyd Fox was born on 4 Sep 1923 in London and died on 30 Mar 1996 at age 72.

David married Valerie Mary Outhwaite, daughter of Walter Thomas Outhwaite and Marion Ida Maplethorpe, on 28 Aug 1948 in London. Valerie was born on 12 Mar 1925 in Nottingham, Nottinghamshire and died on 27 Oct 2004 at age 79. They had two children: Rebecca Howard and Gillian Emma.

9-Rebecca Howard Fox

Rebecca married Robert Andree Vander Steen. They had three children: James Howard, Toby Robert, and Benjamin Joseph.

10-James Howard Vander Steen

10-Toby Robert Vander Steen

Toby married Laura Todd. They had one daughter: Georgie Fox.

11-Georgie Fox Vander Steen

10-Benjamin Joseph Vander Steen

Benjamin married Stephanie Keroack. They had one son: Oliver Robert.

11-Oliver Robert Vander Steen

9-Gillian Emma Fox

Gillian married Nicholas Stafford.

Gillian next married Peter Vincent.

Gillian next married Ben Scarlett.

David next married Rosalind Dakeney Deacon, daughter of W. J. Deacon. They had six children: Simon David, Laetitia Lloyd, William Seamus, Benjamin John, Ophelia Jane, and Victoria.

9-Simon David Fox

Simon married Julie Ann Darch. They had two children: Robert Simon Lloyd and Tabitha Charlotte.

10-Robert Simon Lloyd Fox

10-Tabitha Charlotte Fox

9-Laetitia Lloyd Fox

Laetitia married David William Grant. They had two children: Harriet Felicity and Jordan Lloyd.

10-Harriet Felicity Grant

Harriet married Nicholas William Sheppard. They had one daughter: Isabella Grace.

11-Isabella Grace Sheppard

10-Jordan Lloyd Grant

9-William Seamus Fox

William married Suzanne Mary Penwarne. They had two children: Dakeney Grace and Lilian.

10-Dakeney Grace Fox

10-Lilian Fox

9-Benjamin John Fox

Benjamin married Victoria Louise Paine. They had two children: Joe Richard and Tom William.

10-Joe Richard Fox

10-Tom William Fox

9-Ophelia Jane Fox

Ophelia married Paul Michael Burnett Hogan. They had two children: Evangelina Rose Chambray and Constance.

10-Evangelina Rose Chambray Hogan

10-Constance Hogan

9-Victoria Fox

David next married Margaret Kent. Margaret was born on 6 Aug 1929 and died on 13 May 2006 at age 76.

8-Griselda Mary Fox was born on 5 Aug 1925 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 8 Apr 1989 at age 63.

Noted events in her life were:

• She worked as a Historian & Teacher.

Griselda married **Dr. Raymond Keith Mason**, son of **William Edward Mason** and **Mary Lucy**, on 2 Apr 1949 in Wellington, Somerset. Raymond was born on 21 Mar 1924 in Stockton Heath and died on 1 Jan 2002 at age 77. They had two children: **Laurence Edward** and **Deborah Mary**.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a GP.

9-Laurence Edward Mason

Laurence married Alison Patricia Kearns. They had two children: Patrick James and Ranulf Alexander Roland.

10-Patrick James Mason

10-Ranulf Alexander Roland Mason

9-Deborah Mary Mason

8-Penelope Howard Fox

Penelope married James Henry Putz, son of John E. D. Putz and Muriel. They had three children: Catherine Sarah, Rachel Ann, and Nicholas Charles.

9-Catherine Sarah Putz

Catherine married Mark Corder Holtom, son of Maj. John Edward Brumwell Holtom and Esther Pleasaunce Catchpool,.²⁶² They had two children: Bridget Frances Putz and Ruth Emily Griselda.

- **10-Bridget Frances Putz Holtom**
- **10-Ruth Emily Griselda Holtom**

9-Rachel Ann Putz

9-Nicholas Charles Putz

7-Julian Pease Fox⁹ was born on 2 Sep 1894 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 22 May 1979 in Wellington, Somerset at age 84.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit.
- He worked as a Woollen manufacturer. Fox Bros. In Wellington, Somerset.

Julian married Marjorie Ellis Gibbins, daughter of Richard Cadbury Gibbins^{8,9,122} and Caroline Lloyd,^{8,9,122} on 17 Jun 1920 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Marjorie was born on 28 Jan 1893 in Edgbaston, Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 27 Mar 1981 at age 88. They had two children: Michael Pease and Ronald Howard.

Noted events in her life were:

• She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1908-Jul 1911 in York, Yorkshire.

8-Michael Pease Fox was born on 21 Aug 1921 in Wellington, Somerset, died on 10 Feb 2010 at age 88, and was buried in FBG Spiceland.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Chairman Fox Brothers & Co. Ltd.

Michael married **Yvonne Hotham Cadbury**, daughter of **Joel Hotham Cadbury**^{8,77,122} and **Margery Patching**,^{8,122} on 24 Jul 1948 in Birmingham, Warwickshire. Yvonne was born on 27 Jul 1921 in Northfield, Birmingham, Worcestershire, died on 21 Sep 2016 at age 95, and was buried in FBG Spiceland. They had four children: Julian Hotham, Patricia Jean, Roger Cadbury, and Diana Frances.

Noted events in their marriage were:

• They were Ouakers.

General Notes: **Yvonne Hotham Fox obituary** Yvonne Fox, who has died aged 95, had a remarkable positive energy and optimism and spent her life joyfully serving others. She had a wonderful zest for life that she shared with others through her work as a physiotherapist and through her dedication to many community causes. Having trained and worked as a physiotherapist she went on to volunteer with St John Ambulance, Meals on Wheels, and Inner Wheel Club (part of Rotary International). She also served on the management committee at Tone Vale Psychiatric Hospital at Cotford St Luke, and she was a Governor at both Sidcot School and Wellington School. Yvonne was an early advocate of the natural childbirth movement, which went against the norm of the time. Instead of being made to lie flat on their backs with their feet in stirrups, as was the standard practice of the time, she believed that women deserved to have a more active role in giving birth to their children. She was able to combine her healthcare training with her ability to build confidence in others to empower more women to do this. She was greatly valued for her work with the Natural Childbirth Trust. As an enthusiastic member of St John Ambulance Brigade Yvonne regularly ran first aid courses, helped with home nursing and did lots of fundraising. Her concern for

others led her to set up St John Car Outings, organising drivers to pick up lonely older people and take them to country houses for tea. Her open welcoming nature put others at ease and made these outings fun. The generosity of local people in opening their homes was rewarded by the heartfelt appreciation of people who were becoming side-lined by society. Yvonne was a committed member of Wellington Society of Friends (Quakers), playing an active role inspiring newer members. Her Christian faith was expressed practically in her love and care, and in seeing the best in everyone. It was not only what she did, it was how she did it that inspired those around her. Everything she undertook from the biggest endeavour to the smallest chore was carried out with joy, fun and a profound sense of gratitude. She was a source of wisdom and eternal optimism for her many friends and family. Yvonne was born at Selly Oak, Birmingham on 27th July 1921 into the Cadbury family of chocolate-making fame. Her own parents Margery and Joel Cadbury owned a button manufacturing company. Together with her three elder brothers she was brought up in a Quaker (Society of Friends) family. She attended the Friends schools at Sidcot near Bristol and the Mount School, York. When the second world war broke out she was studying English at Leeds University, but her contribution to the war effort was to train as a Physiotherapist at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Birmingham in order to be of practical assistance to those in need. She was happily married to Michael Pease Fox, director of Fox Brothers of Wellington, who she met through her school friend Angela Fox of Gerbestone Manor. Michael spent the war with the Friends Ambulance Unit in China before studying Engineering at Cambridge University, and then joining the family textile business. They married in 1948 and moved into Legglands on Wellington Hill, where they spent their whole married life together. They went on to have four children, seven grandchildren and ten great grandchildren to whom Yvonne was a source of love, inspiration and fun. Yvonne loved being outdoors, regularly ate her breakfast in the fresh air, and welcomed friends and family to share the fruit and veg from her garden. She and Michael enjoyed going on picnics, walks and mountaineering together until well into their 80s. Yvonne had an amazing ability to make everyone feel welcome and special. She was always really pleased to see you and shared her time and energy generously. She will be remembered by her family as someone who was perennially optimistic and whose presence could transform the most mundane occasion into something special. Her family are grateful for the loving care she received these last few months as a resident of Popham Court and for the friends and family who brightened her days with chats, visits and outings. A service in celebration of Yvonne's life will be held at 11am on Friday 7th October at Taunton Deane Crematorium. A reception will follow at Langford Budville Village Hall. All are warmly welcome to attend both parts of the day. Memorial gifts may be made in Yvonne Fox's name to St John Ambulance (give address and link to Granny's online donation site for St John Ambulance). Emily Samways and Bryony Fox.

9-Julian Hotham Fox

Julian married Susan Lamb. They had three children: Jethron Pease, Emily Jane Tamarin, and Bryony Claire.

10-Jethron Pease Fox

10-Emily Jane Tamarin Fox

Emily married Jeremy Malcolm Samways. They had one son: George Louis Fox.

11-George Louis Fox Samways

10-Bryony Claire Fox

Julian next married Louise Perrin.

9-Patricia Jean Fox

Patricia married Prof. Christopher Frank Dowrick, son of Prof. Frank Dowrick and (Mabel) Cherry (Barbara) Burberry. They had two children: Elizabeth Rachel and Clare Christine.

10-Elizabeth Rachel Dowrick

Elizabeth married Dr. Malcolm Philip Savage. They had one daughter: Hannah Joy.

11-Hannah Joy Savage

10-Clare Christine Dowrick

9-Roger Cadbury Fox

Roger married Gordana Milijasevic. They had two children: Alexandra Yvonne and Victor James.

10-Alexandra Yvonne Fox

10-Victor James Fox was born on 3 Mar 1994, died on 12 May 2016 in Dharasu, Nalupani, Uttarakashi, India at age 22, and was buried on 23 May 2016 in Marylebone Crematorium, London. The cause of his death was in a tragic motorcycle accident.

General Notes: DEHRADUN: A 22-year-old British biker, who was with a four-member expedition team riding from Rishikesh to Gangotri, lost balance and fell into a deep gorge along with his

bike in Nalupani area of Uttarakashi district. After a three-hour operation by the State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) and the local police, he was rescued but died on the way to hospital. Ravindra Yaday, station officer, Dharasu, told TOI, "The four were on different motor-cycles. They had started the expedition from Rishikesh and were on their way to Gangotri Dham." Around 7.30pm on Thursday, Victor James Fox lost control of his two-wheeler and fell into a 200-metre-deep gorge near Dharasu bend in Nalupani, about 30km from Uttarakashi. With no help in sight at the spot, his three friends went ahead and informed policemen at Chinayalisaund about the accident and sought their assistance. On receiving the information, a team from Dharasu police station and personnel of SDRF along with rescue equipment rushed to the spot.

"We heard his cries for help and despite the cover of darkness, a sincere effort was made to rescue the British national. We could not even see Fox and our team worked hard to find him in the deep gorge," Yadav said. After the rescue operation that lasted nearly three hours, the police personnel were successful in bringing him out of the gorge at about 10.30pm. "Fox was rushed to the district hospital at Uttarakashi, where doctors declared him dead," Yadav added.

A post-mortem was conducted on Friday, after which the victim's body was brought to Himalayan Hospital at Jolly Grant, Dehradun, "On Saturday, Fox's family members are expected to arrive in the state capital. They will take a call on the location where his last rites will be performed," the police officer said. The Times of India. 13 May 2016

I am sorry that my first post here for a long time has to be a sad one. I am writing to let the wider family know of the loss of Victor J Fox, son of Roger and Goga Fox and sister to Sasha, who live in North London. Roger is my first cousin and from the Wellington Foxes i.e. the third child of Michael (last Chairman of the family owned Fox Brothers; d.2010) and Yvonne Fox of Legglands.

Victor was 22 years old and "in the starting blocks" of a full and successful life when last Thursday, he suffered a dreadful and fatal accident as his motorbike plunged down a 200' ravine in Northern India.

He had gained a first class honours degree in Philosophy and then spent five months travelling and working on his own in Colombia. An experience which led some family to notice on his recent brief return to England, an increasing maturity in this already very likeable and serious young man. He then flew out to India to meet other friends who had been trekking further east and they explored Southern India before heading North. Here they hired motorbikes in order to visit the temple at the source of the Ganges.

Somehow he became separated from his friends and when they caught up with him, he was being tended by parametics having fallen down the ravine. It is unclear why this tragedy occurred but that it is a tragedy is in no doubt.

There will be a cremation at Marylebone Crematorium (small venue) on Monday 23rd May at 11.00 a.m. followed by a humanist service in the dining room at Highgate Junior School (Bishopswood Rd N6 4PP - entrance opposite Mallinsons sports centre) at 4.30 p.m. and then a wake at 6.30p.m. in The Wrestler Pub nearby. Judy Fox (JudyFox@lds.co.uk) via Lordsmeade group. 20 May 2016

9-Diana Frances Fox

8-Dr. Ronald Howard Fox was born on 12 Feb 1923 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 9 Jul 2009 in Watford, Hertfordshire at age 86.

General Notes: Ph.D. MB. BS. MRCS. LRCP.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with DSC MRCS LRCP.
- He worked as a Physician.

Ronald married Agatha Ann Pocock. They had four children: Marion Judith, Christine Joanna, Susan Rachel, and Jonathan Howard.

9-Marion Judith Fox

Marion married Nicholas Jefferson Charles. They had three children: Alyssa Mary Fox, Gemma Ann Fox, and Josie Jane.

10-Alyssa Mary Fox Charles

10-Gemma Ann Fox Charles

10-Josie Jane Charles

9-Christine Joanna Fox

Christine married Richard James William Hewlett. They had two children: James Anthony and Martin Jonathan.

10-James Anthony Hewlett

10-Martin Jonathan Hewlett

9-Dr. Susan Rachel Fox

Susan married Dr. Martin Joseph John Beckers, son of Huub Beckers and Truus Vanderpi. They had four children: Matthew Lloyd, Joshua Howard, Kristian Eliot Maurice, and Daniel George.

10-Matthew Lloyd Beckers

10-Joshua Howard Beckers

10-Kristian Eliot Maurice Beckers

10-Daniel George Beckers

9-Jonathan Howard Fox

Jonathan married **Ruth Ann Blake**. They had three children: **Anna May, Thomas Howard**, and **Maisie Joanna**.

10-Anna May Fox

10-Thomas Howard Fox

10-Maisie Joanna Fox

7-Evangeline Mary Fox⁹ was born on 7 May 1896 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 17 May 1896.

7-Dorothea Fox⁹ was born on 19 Oct 1900 in Wellington, Somerset and died on 30 Oct 1947 at age 47.

7-Henry Fox⁹ was born on 28 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire and died on 31 May 1904 in Birmingham, Warwickshire.

6-Reginald Pease^{9,121} was born on 7 Dec 1865 in Darlington, County Durham, died on 12 Jul 1927 in Barnard Castle, County Durham at age 61, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham.

Reginald married Beatrix Alexandra Forsyth-Grant,⁹ daughter of Frederick Grant Forsyth-Grant and Margaret Catherine Orr, on 15 Jun 1898 in Barnard Castle, County Durham. Beatrix was born on 4 Feb 1870 in Ecclesgreig, Montrose, died on 11 Apr 1946 in Barnard Castle, County Durham at age 76, and was buried in FBG Skinnergate, Darlington, County Durham. They had two children: Philip Ivan and Maurice Oliver.

7-Maj. Philip Ivan Pease was born on 27 Jul 1900 in Darlington, County Durham and died on 7 Nov 1964 in Sledwich, Barnard Castle, County Durham at age 64.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1952.
- He worked as a Farmer in Sledwich, Barnard Castle, County Durham.

Philip married Doris Madelaine Crichton, daughter of Maj. Hubert Francis Crichton and Esther Eliza Saunderson, on 11 Dec 1925. Doris was born on 30 May 1904 in Farnborough, Hampshire and died in 1991 at age 87. They had five children: Bridget, Alison Beatrix, Carol Esther, Nigel Crichton, and Simon Philip.

8-Bridget Pease

Bridget married Geoffrey David Wentworth-Stanley, son of Charles Sydney Bowen Wentworth-Stanley and Edith Katherine Brocklebank, on 1 Mar 1951 in London. Geoffrey was born on 28 May 1924 in Karachi and died on 18 Aug 2005 at age 81. They had four children: David Michael, Nicholas Philip, Christopher James, and Adrian Charles.

General Notes: Served in the 9th Queen's Royal Lancers; member of the Stock Exchange; partner in Cazenove & Co, 1958-88; High Sheriff of Hertfordshire, 1972; resident in 1989 at Great Munden

House, near Ware, Hertfordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

• He worked as a Partner in Cazenove & Co.

9-David Michael Wentworth-Stanley

David married Jane Hall, daughter of Lieut. Col. Thomas Armitage Hall and Marie Antoinette Hornby. They had three children: Laura Clare, Emma Jane, and Harriet Sarah.

10-Laura Clare Wentworth-Stanley

Laura married Robert Nelson. They had three children: Rory David, William Edward, and Margot Elspeth Jane.

11-Rory David Nelson

11-William Edward Nelson

11-Margot Elspeth Jane Nelson

10-Emma Jane Wentworth-Stanley

Emma married Rory Andrew Renshaw. They had two children: George Andrew and Nicholas Michael.

11-George Andrew Renshaw

11-Nicholas Michael Renshaw

10-Harriet Sarah Wentworth-Stanley

Harriet married Matthew Smith, son of Gen. Sir Rupert Smith. They had two children: Sebastian Luke and Cosima Jane.

11-Sebastian Luke Smith

11-Cosima Jane Smith

9-Nicholas Philip Wentworth-Stanley

Nicholas married Clare Husted Steel, daughter of Anthony Nigel Steel and Annie Reiner. They had three children: James Nicholas, Harry David, and Louisa Clare.

10-James Nicholas Wentworth-Stanley was born in 1985 and died on 15 Dec 2006 in Worcestershire at age 21. The cause of his death was Sadly died from self-inflicted shotgun injuries.

10-Harry David Wentworth-Stanley

Harry married Cressida Bonas, daughter of Jeffrey Bonas and Lady Mary-Gaye Georgiana Lorna Curzon.

10-Louisa Clare Wentworth-Stanley

Nicholas next married Mildred Brenninkmeijer, daughter of Karel Brenninkmeijer. They had three children: Frederick Karel, Sofia Marise, and Marisa Bridget.

10-Frederick Karel Wentworth-Stanley

10-Sofia Marise Wentworth-Stanley

10-Marisa Bridget Wentworth-Stanley

9-Christopher James Wentworth-Stanley

9-Adrian Charles Wentworth-Stanley

Adrian married Ann N. Moorberg, daughter of Capt. M. L. Moorberg. They had three children: Charles Edward, Olivia Ann, and Edward Monte.

10-Charles Edward Wentworth-Stanley

10-Olivia Ann Wentworth-Stanley

10-Edward Monte Wentworth-Stanley

8-Alison Beatrix Pease

Alison married Christopher Nicholas Weatherby, son of James Weatherby, on 16 Jan 1954 in Barnard Castle, County Durham. Christopher was born in 1920 and died on 31 Dec 2004 at age 84. They had four children: Andrew Christopher, Clare Alison, Jonathan Roger, and Roger Nicholas.

9-Andrew Christopher Weatherby was born on 13 Jan 1955 in London and died on 24 May 1999 at age 44.

9-Clare Alison Weatherby

Clare married Peter Gilbert Greenall 4th Baron Daresbury, son of Edward Gilbert Greenall 3rd Baron Daresbury and Margaret Ada Olive Crawford. They had four children: Thomas Edward, Oliver Christopher, Toby Peter, and Jonathan James.

10-Hon. Thomas Edward Greenall

Thomas married Annabelle Lucy Victoria Sheppard, daughter of Richard Donald Anthony Harding Sheppard. They had two children: Leo Gilbert and Alfie Peter.

11-Leo Gilbert Greenall

11-Alfie Peter Greenall

10-Hon. Oliver Christopher Greenall

10-Hon. Toby Peter Greenall

10-Hon. Jonathan James Greenall

9-Jonathan Roger Weatherby

Jonathan married Sophie Cliffe-Jones.

9-Roger Nicholas Weatherby

8-Carol Esther Pease

Carol married William Edward Ayscough Fox, son of William Herbert Fox and Marjorie Ellen Ayscough. They had four children: William Philip, Annabel Carol, Jane Cordelia, and Robert James Ayscough.

9-William Philip Fox

9-Annabel Carol Fox

9-Jane Cordelia Fox

9-Robert James Ayscough Fox

8-Capt. Nigel Crichton Pease

Nigel married Ailsa Smith-Maxwell in 1963. Ailsa died on 6 Feb 2016. They had one daughter: Karen.

9-Karen Pease

8-Simon Philip Pease was born on 27 Jan 1945 in Barnard Castle, County Durham and died on 11 Jun 2007 on A Fishing Trip In Scotland at age 62.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Farmer in Underley Grange, Kirby Lonsdale.
- He worked as a High Sheriff of Cumbria in 1998.

Simon married Amanda Smith-Rewse. They had two children: Lucy and Clare.

9-Lucy Pease

Lucy married Bennet Mansel Leigh Hoskyns-Abrahall, son of John Benedict Leigh Hoskyns-Abrahall and Mary Delamain Jackson. They had three children: Connie May, Benedict Simon Jackson, and Frances Amanda Raven.

10-Connie May Hoskyns-Abrahall

10-Benedict Simon Jackson Hoskyns-Abrahall

10-Frances Amanda Raven Hoskyns-Abrahall

9-Clare Pease

Simon next married Clementine Hebeler. They had one son: Philip John Simon.

9-Philip John Simon Pease

Simon next married Angela E. Berry.

7-Maurice Oliver Pease was born on 11 Sep 1901 in Darlington, County Durham and died in 1975 at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1956.
- He had a residence in Sledwich, Barnard Castle, County Durham.

Maurice married Marysia Skrzynska, daughter of Andrzej Skrzynski and Anny Marii, on 26 Jul 1954 in Edinburgh, Midlothian, Scotland. Marysia was born on 25 Jul 1917 in Krakow, Poland and died on 21 Oct 1960 in Darlington, County Durham at age 43. They had one daughter: Jane.

8-Jane Pease

Jane married Andrew Douglas-Home, son of Hon. Edward Charles Douglas-Home and Nancy Rose Straker-Smith, in 1980. Andrew was born on 14 May 1950. They had three children: Richard, Nicholas, and Freddie.

- 9-Richard Douglas-Home
- 9-Nicholas Douglas-Home

9-Freddie Douglas-Home was born on 13 Dec 1989 and died on 27 Jan 1990.

Maurice next married Sybil Mary Willoughby Boulton, daughter of Gerald Bowman Boulton.

Maurice next married Virginia Ruth Primrose Hughes-Onslow, daughter of Oliver Hughes-Onslow and Helen Ruth Dodds, on 21 Oct 1969. Virginia was born on 19 Apr 1917 and died on 7 May 1997 at age 80.

3-Jeremiah Whitwell was born in Apr 1738 in Kendal, Cumbria and died on 30 Dec 1763 at age 25.

3-Hannah Whitwell was born on 2 Dec 1740 in Kendal, Cumbria and was buried on 1 Jun 1788.

3-Thomas Whitwell¹ was born on 22 Mar 1743 in Kendal, Cumbria and died in 1795 at age 52.

Noted events in his life were:

• Miscellaneous: Keeping it in the family.

Thomas married Elizabeth Baker,^{1,8} daughter of Joseph Baker and Elizabeth Barton,.¹ Elizabeth was born on 8 Jun 1739 and died on 5 Mar 1826 in Manchester at age 86. They had no children.

3-Agnes Whitwell was born on 27 Aug 1745 in Kendal, Cumbria, died on 1 Dec 1809 at age 64, and was buried in Kendal, Cumbria.

3-Anthony Whitwell was born on 26 Aug 1747 in Kendal, Cumbria and was buried on 19 Dec 1786.

Source Citations

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