
**Descendants of
Thomas Crowley**

Charles E. G. Pease
Pennyghael
Isle of Mull

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

1-**Thomas Crowley**^{1,2,3} was born in 1713, died on 17 Dec 1787 in Walworth, London at age 74, and was buried on 26 Dec 1787 in Bunhill Fields, London.

General Notes: Crowley, Thomas [pseud. Amor Patriae] (c.1713-1787), religious controversialist and political writer, of whose date and place of birth details are unknown, appears to have been connected to those Crowleys who pioneered the iron industry of the west midlands. In any event he turned up in London by 1727, apprenticed to a linen draper. He subsequently went into business for himself and expanded his enterprises to become a general merchant, living on London's Gracechurch Street, with a country home just across the Thames in Walworth. He and his wife, Mary (d. 1778), had seven children between 1748 and 1759. Their second youngest child, Ann, one of three daughters, died of a lingering illness in 1774. Griefstricken but proud of her abiding faith and strength in facing death, they had her Expressions published to serve as an inspiration to others. The disputatious Crowley, though born and raised a Quaker, was disowned by the Devonshire House monthly meeting in February 1774. Beginning in the late 1760s with letters to friends that expanded to broadsides, newspaper pieces, and pamphlets-eventually collected as Dissertations on Liberty of Conscience (1774)-Crowley had criticized various Quaker practices, especially the stand against tithes and the disowning of those who paid them. Civic-minded, Crowley paid tithes and taxes gladly, including funds to support the militia. He contended that Quakers owed the state money as well as allegiance and tried, through scriptures, to prove that Christ and his apostles would have agreed with him. His appeal to 'liberty of conscience' and request for reinstatement rejected, Crowley condemned his opponents as modern-day pharisees and thereafter described himself as 'a rational Christian'. He never stopped believing that he was right and that the Quaker brethren who stood against him were wrong.

Crowley's nom de plume, Amor Patriae (a Lover of his Country), employed in one piece on tithes and taxes, appeared more frequently in his Public Ledger essays on imperial reform. Virtually all of these were later reissued under one cover as Letters and Dissertations on Various Subjects (1776). Crowley's interest in colonial problems dated from the Stamp Act crisis. Although he felt that the colonists were ingrates and shortsightedly petulant in their protests against imperial policy, he accepted as constitutionally valid their claims that they should not be taxed where they were not represented. Virtual representation, he warned, would never satisfy them. Initially he recommended that they tax themselves through existing representative assemblies and he computed what he considered to be equitable rates that he argued would actually raise more money than Grenville's stamp tax. He soon after shifted to the position that Americans be given seats in parliament. Because crown and parliament were supreme, he contended, no other solution was possible where the American right to representation could be combined with the American duty to pay taxes in support of the empire. He was convinced that only a legislative restructuring would prevent an American drift towards independence and stave off a crisis that could be exploited by Britain's enemies. Before taking any particulars to the public he tried-but failed-to secure the backing of prominent politicians. The papers of Benjamin Franklin and the earl of Chatham both contain copies of his plan. In it he urged that the Americans, West Indians and Canadians included, receive fifty seats in the House of Commons and ten seats for new peers in the House of Lords. Following his notion of proportional representation, the larger, more populous colonies would be granted as many as four seats each in the Commons; the smaller, less populous would be awarded fewer; with the smallest having only one apiece. The Irish too would be seated at Westminster, with thirty MPs in the Commons and ten peers in the Lords. This expanded parliament would deal with imperial affairs and leave internal matters to local assemblies. 'A wise-established Representation of all considerable Parts of the British Dominions in Europe and America, in one central Parliament', Crowley emphasized, 'would give Stability, Unity and Concord, and consequently greater Strength to the Whole' (Crowley, Letters and Dissertations, 79). Although he was hardly the first to call for this sort of solution, he worked it out in more detail than virtually anyone else and pushed it more persistently, so persistently that Franklin dismissed him as hopelessly obsessive. He did not give up until after the outbreak of the American War of Independence.

With his predictions realized, Crowley ceased his efforts to influence imperial policy. Never acting on his threat to build a new meeting-house for like-minded Christian rationalists at his own expense, Crowley continued to set his own religious course. Regretting that his unorthodox tendencies made life difficult for his family, who maintained their Quaker association, he was apparently a generous and loving father. He died in Walworth on 17 December 1787 'aged about' seventy-four, and left his children a substantial estate in land, buildings, stocks, and cash. He was buried on 26 December in Bunhill Fields, London, next to his wife, Mary, who had died on 9 July 1778.

Neil L. York Sources

T. Crowley, Letters and dissertations on various subjects (1776) · T. Crowley, Copies of Thomas Crowley's letters to the Quakers, not printed before [1776] · RS Friends, Lond., Adverse Box C2 · Amor Patriae [T. Crowley] to William Pitt, 2 Feb 1766 and 17 Nov 1770, TNA: PRO, Chatham MSS, 30/8/97 and 30/8/82 · Amor Patriae [T. Crowley] to Benjamin Franklin, 17 Nov 1770 and 10 Dec 1770, American Philosophical Society library, Benjamin Franklin MSS, vol. 69, fol. 92 and vol. 69, fol. 93 · will, Dec 1787, TNA: PRO, PROB 11/1160, sig. 540 · P. Boyd, ed., Roll of the Drapers' Company of London (1934) · minutes of the (London) six weeks meeting, 1772-8, RS Friends, Lond., vol. 14 · digest registers (burials to 1837), RS Friends, Lond., [London and Middlesex quarterly meeting, no. 860], PRO, RG6/975 · nonconformist register, 1783-7, RS Friends, Lond., [London and Middlesex quarterly meeting, no. 862, 1783-7, no. 260], PRO, RG6/670 · TNA: PRO, RG6/670 · N. L. York, 'Thomas Crowley's proposal to seat Americans in parliament, 1765-1775', Quaker History, 91 (2002), 1-19 Wealth at death at least several thousands of pounds: will, Dec 1787, TNA: PRO, PROB 1160/12

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Merchant Draper and Citizen in 73 Gracechurch Street, London.
- He was a Quaker in 1774 in Devonshire House MM.

Thomas married **Mary Sedgefield**,^{1,3} daughter of **Richard Sedgefield** and **Anne Noss**, on 11 Sep 1747 in FMH Scarborough. Mary was born on 7 Sep 1719 in Scarborough, Yorkshire, died on 9 Jul 1778 at age 58, and was buried in Bunhill Fields, London. They had four children: **John, Sedgefield, Thomas, and Ann**.

2-**John Crowley**^{4,5,6} was born on 5 Oct 1748 in Gracechurch Street, London.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Citizen and Draper in Gracechurch Street, London.
- He had a residence in Walworth, London.
- Miscellaneous: Parish names.

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John married **Sarah Leatham**,^{4,5} daughter of **William Leatham** and **Elizabeth Wilson**, on 31 Aug 1773 in FMH Pontefract. Sarah was born on 26 May 1749 in Pontefract, Yorkshire. They had three children: **(No Given Name)**, **John**, and **Sarah**.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Walworth, London.
- Miscellaneous: Crowley family questions.

General Notes: Sarah Leatham married John Crowley of London and lived at Walworth for several years. Their family consisted of one son and two daughters. The eldest daughter married unsatisfactorily after her mother's death. She had two children one of whom lived to be married but died soon after of consumption leaving no children. The youngest daughter of S. Crowley also married but left no children. The son John Crowley was a man of large business in the Canal traffic, and lived at Wolverhampton; he was twice married but very little is known of his descendants.

3-Crowley

3-**John Crowley** was born on 12 Dec 1779 in Parish of St. Leonard Eastcheap, London and died in 1844 at age 65.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Canal carrier. Crowley, Hicklin, Batty & Co. In Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.
- Miscellaneous: Described as "John Crowley Jun.".

John married **Sarah Bath**. They had one daughter: **Mary**.

4-**Mary Crowley** was born in 1815 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and was christened on 12 Sep 1815 in St. Peter's, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

Mary married **James William Weaver**, son of **James Weaver**⁷ and **Mary Anne Homer**,⁷ on 19 May 1840 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. James was born in 1815, was christened on 17 Oct 1815, and died on 3 Mar 1869 at age 54. They had six children: **Mary**, **Anna Maria**, **John Crowley**, **James Horner**, **Charles Leatham**, and **Frederick William**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mayor of Worcester in 1857.
- He worked as a Carrier and Wharfinger.

5-**Mary Weaver** was born in 1841 in Worcester, Worcestershire.

5-**Anna Maria Weaver** was born in 1843 in Worcester, Worcestershire.

5-**Rev. John Crowley Weaver** was born in 1844 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

5-**James Horner Weaver** was born in 1847 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 29 May 1882 in Coronation Road, Bristol, Gloucestershire at age 35.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Accountant in Bedminster, Bristol, Gloucestershire.

James married **Emily Florence Fowke**, daughter of **Thomas Henry Fowke** and **Emma**, in 1873 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Emily was born in 1849 and was christened on 18 Jun 1849 in St. Peter's, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. They had five children: **Oswald James**, **Beatrice Florence**, **Eleanor F.**, **Philip Hanbury Latham**, and **Humphrey**.

6-**Oswald James Weaver** was born in 1875 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, was christened on 9 Jun 1875 in Tettenhall, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, died on 22 Oct 1900 in Wonderfontein, South Africa at age 25, and was buried in Middelburg, South Africa.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a soldier of the Canadian Mounted Rifles.

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6-**Beatrice Florence Weaver** was born in 1876 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

6-**Eleanor F. Weaver** was born in 1877 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

6-**Philip Hanbury Latham Weaver** was born in 1879 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, was christened on 8 Feb 1880 in St. Mary's, Redcliffe, Bristol, Gloucestershire, and died in 1965 in Exmoor, Devon at age 86. Philip married **Violet Maud A. Baxter**.

6-**Capt. Humphrey Weaver** was christened in 1881 in St. Mary's, Redcliffe, Bristol, Gloucestershire, died on 7 Feb 1916 at age 35, and was buried in Basra Memorial, Iraq.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the 114th Mahrattas, Indian Army.

Humphrey married **Clytie Wheeler** in 1911 in Kensington, London. Clytie was born in 1881 and died in 1956 in St. Pancras, London at age 75. They had two children: **Philip Humphrey Peter** and **(No Given Name)**.

7-**Maj. Philip Humphrey Peter Weaver** was born on 12 Mar 1912 in Kalimpong, West Bengal, India and died on 28 Jun 1991 in Poole, Dorset at age 79.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated in Kings School, Bruton, Somerset.
- He worked as an employee of Robinsons of Bristol, paper manufacturers.
- He worked as a Captain of the England hockey team in 1937.
- He worked as a Played Cricket for Hampshire in 1938.
- He worked as an officer of the Dorset Regiment.
- He worked as an officer of the SAS.

Philip married **Barbara Robinson** in 1951. Barbara was born on 23 Oct 1927 in Chelmsford, Essex and died on 11 Mar 1991 in Dorset at age 63. They had one daughter: **Joanna Clytie**.

8-**Joanna Clytie Weaver**

Joanna married **Timothy Kevan Entwisle**.

Joanna next married **Peter Burri**.

7-**Weaver** was born in 1915 in Murree, India.

5-**Charles Leatham Weaver** was born in 1848, died on 15 May 1907 in Beverley, Western Australia at age 59, and was buried in Anglican Cemetery, Beverley, Western Australia.

Noted events in his life were:

- He emigrated to Australia.

Charles married **Mary Ann Davidson**. They had two children: **Leslie Pooler** and **Olive Mary**.

6-**Leslie Pooler Weaver** was born in 1885 in Victoria, Australia, died on 2 May 1915 in Gallipoli, Turkey. Killed in action at age 30, and was buried in Lone Pine Memorial, Turkey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a soldier of the 11th Battalion, Australian Infantry AIF.
- He was educated at Perth High School in Perth, Western Australia.
- He worked as a Farmer in Mount Amy, Beverley, Western Australia.

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6-**Olive Mary Weaver** was born in 1890, died on 18 Apr 1968 in Beverley, Western Australia at age 78, and was buried in Anglican Cemetery, Beverley, Western Australia.

Olive married **Tom Jenkins Thomas** on 12 Aug 1920 in Beverley, Western Australia. Tom was born in 1891.

5-**Rev. Frederick William Weaver**⁷ was born on 12 Oct 1852 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire and died on 29 Mar 1933 at age 80.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with FSA.
- He was educated at Magdalen College, Oxford in 1871-1875.
- He worked as a Master, Bruton School in 1876-1878 in Bruton, Somerset.
- He worked as a Curate of Alford in 1878-1879.
- He worked as a Curate of Milton-Clevedon in 1879-1898 in Clevedon, Somerset.
- He worked as a Vicar of Milton-Clevedon in 1898-1917.
- He worked as a Historian, Genealogist and Medieval historian.
- His obituary was published in The Times on 2 May 1933.

3-**Sarah Crowley**⁶ was born on 30 Nov 1781 in Parish of St. Leonard Eastcheap, London, died on 15 May 1842 at age 60, and was buried on 22 May 1842 in Worcester, Worcestershire.

Sarah married **William Sparrow**,⁶ son of **William Sparrow** and **Elizabeth Allen**, on 25 Aug 1821 in Croydon, Surrey. William was born on 1 Mar 1764 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, was christened on 16 Mar 1764 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, died on 10 Feb 1834 at age 69, and was buried on 15 Feb 1834 in St. John's, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire.

Noted events in his life were:

- He had a residence in Pattingham, Staffordshire.

2-**Sedgefield Crowley** was born on 12 Jul 1751 in Gracechurch Street, London.

General Notes: RG6/1103

2-**Thomas Crowley**¹ was born on 16 Apr 1753 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 5 Aug 1809 in Camomile Street, London at age 56.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Leather Cutter of London.

Thomas married **Elizabeth Driver**,¹ daughter of **Samuel Driver**^{1,8} and **Jane Purshouse**,^{1,9} in 1784. Elizabeth was born in 1761 and died in 1828 at age 67. They had six children: **Maria, Edward, Abraham, Charles Sedgfield, Henry**, and **(No Given Name)**.

3-**Maria Crowley**^{1,10} was born in 1785 and died in 1854 at age 69.

Maria married **William Ashby**,^{1,10,11} son of **Thomas Ashby**^{1,12,13,14,15} and **Kitty Crowley**,^{1,3} in 1811. William was born on 5 Mar 1788 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 7 Jan 1850 in Hounslow, Middlesex at age 61. They had eight children: **George Crowley, Lucy, Marianne, Ellen, Maria, Charlotte, Gulielma Sophia**, and **(No Given Name)**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Mealman in Staines, Middlesex.

4-**George Crowley Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1812 and died in 1893 at age 81.

George married **Janet Perry Dickie**¹⁰ in 1856. Janet died in 1897. They had four children: **William, Sarah Elizabeth, Maria**, and **John Dickie**.

5-**William Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1857.

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William married **Margaret Clark Martin**. They had one daughter: **Ida Elizabeth**.

6-**Ida Elizabeth Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1900.

5-**Sarah Elizabeth Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1858 and died in 1859 at age 1.

5-**Maria Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1860.

Maria married **N. P. Brown**.

5-**John Dickie Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1863, died in 1920 at age 57, and was buried in Ladywell & Brockley Cemetery, Kent.

John married **Eliza Harriet Brill**¹⁰ in 1895. Eliza was born in 1866, died in 1959 at age 93, and was buried in Ladywell & Brockley Cemetery, Kent. They had one son: **Bernard George**.

6-**Bernard George Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1896.

4-**Lucy Ashby**^{10,13} was born in 1814 and died on 16 Aug 1866 in Kensington, London at age 52.

Lucy married **Charles Lean**,^{10,13,16} son of **Joel Lean**¹⁷ and **Sophia Wylde**, in 1839. Charles was born in 1806 in Wadebridge, Cornwall and died on 23 Aug 1874 in Uxbridge, Middlesex at age 68. They had four children: **Caroline Ashby**, **Lucy Ashby**, **Charles Ashby**, and **George Ashby**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Civil Engineer.

5-**Caroline Ashby Lean**¹⁸ was born in 1841 in Corsham, Wiltshire and died on 5 Feb 1902 in Brentford, Middlesex at age 61.

Noted events in her life were:

- She had a residence in Acton, London.

5-**Lucy Ashby Lean** was born in 1843 in Abergavenny, Monmouth.

5-**Charles Ashby Lean** was born in 1844 in Abergavenny, Monmouth.

5-**George Ashby Lean** was born in 1846 in Neath, Glamorgan, Wales and died in 1913 in Brentford, Middlesex at age 67.

4-**Marianne Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1815 and died in 1890 at age 75.

4-**Ellen Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1816.

Ellen married **Charles Fox Vardy**.¹⁰ Charles died in 1893. They had four children: **Ellen Ashby**, **Charles Alfred**, **Maria Crowley**, and **Edith Maria**.

5-**Ellen Ashby Vardy** was born in 1844.

5-**Charles Alfred Vardy** was born in 1846.

5-**Maria Crowley Vardy** was born in 1849.

5-**Edith Maria Vardy** was born in 1850.

4-**Maria Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1818.

Maria married **Joseph Whiting**.¹⁰ Joseph died in 1885. They had one son: **William Ashby**.

5-**William Ashby Whiting** died in 1895.

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4-**Charlotte Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1821.

Charlotte married **James Mann**.

4-**Gulielma Sophia Ashby**¹⁰ was born in 1823 and died in 1891 at age 68.

4-**Ashby**

3-**Edward Crowley** was born on 12 Jan 1788 and died in 1856 at age 68.

Edward married **Mary Sparrow** on 21 Aug 1823 in London. Mary was born in 1788 and died in 1868 at age 80. They had four children: **Jonathan Sparrow, Mary Elizabeth, Sarah Maria, and Edward**.

4-**Jonathan Sparrow Crowley** was born in 1826 and died on 13 Sep 1888 in Croydon, Surrey at age 62.

Jonathan married **Agnes Pope** on 14 May 1853. Agnes was born in 1826 and died in 1869 at age 43. They had three children: **Jonathan Edward, Agnes, and Claude Edmund**.

5-**Jonathan Edward Crowley** was born in 1854 and died in Died in Infancy.

5-**Agnes Crowley** was born in 1856 and died in 1916 at age 60.

5-**Claude Edmund Crowley** was born in 1866 and died in 1937 at age 71.

Jonathan next married **Anne Heginbottom** on 4 Apr 1872. Anne was born in 1840 and died in 1921 at age 81.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as an Of Coventry.

4-**Mary Elizabeth Crowley** was born in 1828 and died in 1880 at age 52.

Mary married **Charles Ebenezer Burgess** in 1869 in Leamington. Charles was born in 1833 and died in 1890 at age 57.

4-**Sarah Maria Crowley** was born in 1829 and died in 1856 at age 27.

Sarah married **John Thrupp** on 21 Sep 1854. John was born in 1817 and died in 1870 at age 53.

4-**Edward Crowley** was born in 1830 and died on 5 Mar 1887 at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was Quaker then Plymouth Brethren.

Edward married **Emily Bertha Bishop**, daughter of **John Bishop** and **Elizabeth Cole**, on 19 Nov 1874 in Kensington Registry Office, London. Emily was born in 1848 and died in 1917 at age 69. They had two children: **Edward Alexander (Aleister)** and **Grace Mary Elizabeth**.

5-**Edward Alexander (Aleister) Crowley**¹⁹ was born on 12 Oct 1875 in Leamington Spa, Warwickshire and died on 1 Dec 1947 in Hastings, Sussex at age 72.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Occultist and anti-British propagandist.
- He had a residence in 1899-1913 in Boleskine House, Loch Ness.

Edward married **Rose Edith Kelly** on 12 Aug 1903 in Dingwall. The marriage ended in divorce in 1909. Rose was born on 23 Jul 1874 in Paddington, London and died in 1932 in London at age 58. They had two children: **Nuit Ma Ahathoor Hecate Sappho Jezebel Lilith** and **Lola Zaza**.

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Noted events in their marriage were:

- They were divorced Divorce in 1909.

6-**Nuit Ma Ahathoor Hecate Sappho Jezebel Lilith Crowley** was born on 28 Jul 1904 in Boleskine House, Loch Ness and died in 1906 in Rangoon, Burma at age 2.

6-**Lola Zaza Crowley** was born in 1907 in Paddington, London and died on 9 Mar 1990 in Reading, Berkshire at age 83.

Lola married **Frank Hill**. They had one daughter: **Elizabeth**.

7-Elizabeth Hill

Edward next married **Leah Hirsig**. They had one daughter: **Anne Leah**.

6-**Anne Leah Crowley** was born on 26 Jan 1920 in Cefalu, Palermo, Italy and died on 14 Oct 1920 in Palermo.

Edward next married **Ninette Shumway**. Ninette was born in 1895 and died in 1989 at age 94. Another name for Ninette was Ninette Fraux. They had one daughter: **Astarte Lulu Panthea**.

6-**Astarte Lulu Panthea Crowley** was born on 26 Nov 1920 in Cefalu, Palermo, Italy and died in 2005 in USA at age 85. Another name for Astarte was Louise Shumway.

Astarte married **Muhler**. They had one son: **Eric**.

7-Eric Muhler

Edward next married **Deidre Patricia Doherty**. They had one son: **Randall Gair**.

6-**Randall Gair Crowley** was born on 2 May 1937 in Newcastle upon Tyne, Northumberland and died on 20 Nov 2002 in Chalfont St. Peter, Buckinghamshire at age 65.

5-**Grace Mary Elizabeth Crowley** was born on 29 Feb 1880 and died on 29 Feb 1880.

3-**Abraham Crowley**^{1,20,21,22} was born on 25 Jan 1796 in Bermondsey, London and died on 6 May 1864 at age 68.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer. With brothers Charles and Henry, est. A., C.S. & H Crowley in Alton, Hampshire.
- He was Quaker.

Abraham married **Charlotte Curtis**,^{1,22} daughter of **Dr. William Curtis**^{1,11} and **Elizabeth Wright**,¹ in 1822. Charlotte was born on 29 Jan 1801 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 21 Jan 1892 in Alton, Hampshire at age 90. They had 12 children: **Abraham Curtis, Alfred, Frederick, Charlotte Emma, Elizabeth, Emma, Walter, Edith, Isabella, Philip, Marianna, and Alice**.

4-**Abraham Curtis Crowley**^{1,10} was born on 13 May 1823 in Alton, Hampshire and died in 1878 at age 55.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer of Alton.

Abraham married **Ann Ashby**,¹⁰ daughter of **Charles Ashby**^{10,23,24} and **Augusta Lucas**,²⁴ in 1850. Ann was born on 19 Feb 1827 in Staines, Middlesex and died in 1909 at age 82. They had 11 children: **Abraham Charles, Anne Augusta, Henry Ernest, Marion, Egbert Alfred, Gertrude Evelyn, Gertrude Evelyn, Cedric Edwin, Helena Charlotte, Reginald Alwyn, and Gwendolen Maud**.

5-**Abraham Charles Crowley**²⁵ was born in 1851 in Alton, Hampshire and died in 1929 in Croydon, Surrey at age 78.

Abraham married **Florence Mary Lucas**. They had five children: **Charles Edmund Lucas, John Cyril, Charlotte Mary, Frederick, and Christopher Henry**.

6-**Charles Edmund Lucas Crowley**²⁵ was born on 14 Mar 1876 in Croydon, Surrey.

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Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Wimbourne Grammar School.

Charles married **Beatrice Cicely Hooke**,²⁵ daughter of **John Hooke**²⁵ and **Avis Frederica Cooke-Yarborough**,²⁵ on 11 Jul 1904. Beatrice was born on 9 May 1884. They had two children: **Mary** and **George Clement**.

General Notes: She was married to Charles by her brother Francis

Noted events in her life were:

- She was baptized in St. Peter's, Croydon.

7-**Mary Crowley** was born in 1905 in Croydon, Surrey.

7-**Rear Admiral George Clement Crowley** was born on 9 Jun 1916 and died on 14 Dec 1999 at age 83.

General Notes: George Clement Crowley was born in 9.6.1916 and educated at Pangbourne College. Entering the Royal Navy in 1933 he served in China and New Zealand during 1934-39. Crowley served during the Second World War aboard destroyers; aboard H.M.S. Nestor in 1942 serving on Malta convoys, commanding H.M.S. Walpole, 1943-45 and H.M.S. Tenacious, 1945-46. For his wartime services he received the D.S.C. and bar and was mentioned in despatches. After the war he held various staff appointments. During 1953-55 he was Executive Officer aboard H.M.S. Newfoundland, in 1955-57 was Drafting Commander at Chatham and Assistant Director of Plans, 1957-59. Promoted Captain in 1957 Crowley served with the 7th Destroyer Squadron 1959-61 and was Commanding Officer of the Training Establishment, H.M.S. Raleigh, 1961-63. Further senior appointments followed, as Captain of Fleet to Flag Officer C-in-C Far East Fleet, 1963-64, on the Staff of Joint Exercise Unison 1964-65, on the Staff of Defence Operational Analysis Establishment at Byfleet, 1965-66 and after attaining the rank of Rear-Admiral in 1966, was Director-General of Naval Personal Services, 1966-68. During 1969-75 he held the position of Fellow and Domestic Bursar of Corpus Christi College, Oxford University.

George married **Una Margaret Jelf**, daughter of **Philip Wordsworth Montgomery Jelf** and **Dorothy Catherine Mary Hudson**, in 1948. Una was born on 25 Jul 1922 and died on 9 Nov 1991 in Blandford, Poole, Dorset at age 69.

6-**John Cyril Crowley** was born in 1878 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 11 Sep 1916 in Mesopotamia. Killed In Action. at age 38.

6-**Charlotte Mary Crowley** was born in 1879 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1882 at age 3.

6-**Frederick Crowley** was born in 1883 in Croydon, Surrey.

6-**Christopher Henry Crowley** was born in 1886 and died in 1889 at age 3.

5-**Anne Augusta Crowley** was born in 1852 and died in 1939 at age 87.

5-**Rev. Henry Ernest Crowley** was born in 1854 and died in 1933 at age 79.

Henry married **Edith Bartleet**.

5-**Marion Crowley** was born in 1855 and died in 1925 at age 70.

5-**Egbert Alfred Crowley** was born in 1857 and died in 1930 at age 73.

Egbert married **Katherine Chasemore**. They had four children: **Egbert Chasemore**, **Joyce Augusta**, **Gertrude Edith**, and **Barbara**.

6-**Egbert Chasemore Crowley** was born in 1888.

6-**Joyce Augusta Crowley** was born in 1889.

6-**Gertrude Edith Crowley** was born in 1892.

6-**Barbara Crowley** was born in 1896.

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5-**Gertrude Evelyn Crowley** was born in 1858 and died in 1939 at age 81.

5-**Gertrude Evelyn Crowley** was born in 1860 and died in 1925 at age 65.

Gertrude married **Harry (Henry) Percy Burrell**, son of **Joseph Burrell**, in 1878. Harry was born in 1852. They had nine children: **Dorothy Elizabeth, Richard, Evelyn, Godfrey Percy, Harry Alwyn, Violet, Marjorie, Eric, and Irene.**

General Notes: In 1877 he and his father purchased the Crowley's brewery at Alton.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer of Alton, Hants.

6-**Dorothy Elizabeth Burrell** died on 14 May 1960.

Dorothy married **Alfred Henry Chaytor**, son of **John Clervaux Chaytor** and **Emma Fearon**, on 1 Aug 1899. Alfred was born on 28 Oct 1869 and died on 12 Jul 1931 at age 61. They had six children: **Alfred Drewett, Christopher William Drewett, Catherine Beatrice, Dorothy Anne, Edward Drewett, and Margaret Clare.**

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a KC. Of Clervaux Castle, Croft, Yorkshire.

7-**Alfred Drewett Chaytor** was born on 16 Feb 1901 and died in 1977 at age 76.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Barrister, Inner Temple.

Alfred married **Rachel Elizabeth Carnegie**, daughter of **Rev. Canon William Hartley Carnegie**, on 6 Nov 1929. Rachel died on 2 Aug 1997. They had four children: **Elizabeth, Jane, William Drewett, and Susannah Albinia.**

8-**Elizabeth Chaytor**

Elizabeth married **David Henry Ashwin**, son of **Philip C. Ashwin**. They had three children: **Philip David, Henry William, and Rachel Elizabeth.**

9-**Philip David Ashwin**

9-**Henry William Ashwin**

9-**Rachel Elizabeth Ashwin**

8-**Jane Chaytor**

Jane married **John Richard Evelyn Atkinson**, son of **John Atkinson**. They had two children: **Richard Matthew Clervaux** and **Harriet Rachel.**

9-**Richard Matthew Clervaux Atkinson**

9-**Harriet Rachel Atkinson**

Jane next married **John Anthony Charles Watherston**, son of **Sir David Charles Watherston**. They had one son: **Charles Crispin.**

9-**Charles Crispin Watherston**

8-**William Drewett Chaytor**

William married **Susan Philippa Ansell**, daughter of **James Lawrence Bunting Ansell**. They had three children: **Clervaux James, Katharine Elizabeth, and Nicholas John Drewett.**

9-**Clervaux James Chaytor**

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

9-Katharine Elizabeth Chaytor

9-Nicholas John Drewett Chaytor

8-Susannah Albinia Chaytor

Susannah married **Hon. Edward Lawies Jackson**, son of **George William Jackson 3rd Baron Allerton** and **Christine Joyce Hatfield**, in 1971. Edward was born on 23 Mar 1928 and died on 3 Jun 1982 at age 54. They had two children: **Olivia Susannah** and **Katharine Elizabeth**.

9-Olivia Susannah Jackson

9-Katharine Elizabeth Jackson

Susannah next married **John Walter Douglas Ewart**, son of **Maxwell Douglas Ewart**.

7-**Christopher William Drewett Chaytor** was born on 19 Oct 1902 in London and died on 20 Feb 1969 at age 66.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Solicitor. Waldy & Chaytor in Darlington, County Durham.
- He worked as a High Sheriff for Durham in 1965.
- He had a residence in Croft Hall, Darlington, County Durham.

Christopher married **Rachel Pease**, daughter of **John Henry Pease**²⁶ and **Louisa Lambert**,²⁶ on 26 Jul 1949 in Broadwindsor, Dorset. Rachel was born on 23 Nov 1906 in Carlbury Hall, Piercebridge, Darlington, County Durham and died in Dec 1993 in Richmond, Surrey at age 87.

7-**Catherine Beatrice Chaytor** was born on 9 Sep 1907 and died on 23 Oct 1983 at age 76.

7-**Dorothy Anne Chaytor**

Dorothy married **George Egerton Lambert Manley**, son of **Maj. William Edward Manley**. They had four children: **Robert John Lambert**, **Jessica Helen**, **Christopher Michael**, and **Peter George**.

8-**Robert John Lambert Manley**

8-**Jessica Helen Manley**

8-**Christopher Michael Manley**

8-**Peter George Manley**

7-**Lt. Col. Edward Drewett Chaytor** was born on 5 Aug 1913 and died on 2 May 1999 at age 85.

Edward married **Mary Monica Woodall**, daughter of **Rev. Canon Thomas John Woodall**. They had two children: **Richard Clervaux** and **Michael Clervaux**.

8-**Richard Clervaux Chaytor**

Richard married **Janet Miller**, daughter of **Irving D. Miller**.

8-**Michael Clervaux Chaytor**

7-**Margaret Clare Chaytor**

Margaret married **Anthony William Kellie-Smith**, son of **William Kellie-Smith**, on 14 Feb 1939. Anthony died on 9 Jun 1942. They had one son: **David Anthony**.

8-**David Anthony Kellie-Smith**

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

David married **Griselda Williams**, daughter of **George Williams**. They had two children: **Samuel Anthony** and **Owen William**.

9-**Samuel Anthony Kellie-Smith**

9-**Owen William Kellie-Smith**

6-**Richard Burrell**

6-**Evelyn Burrell**

6-**Maj. Godfrey Percy Burrell** died on 2 Jul 1931.

Godfrey married **Constance Clervaux Chaytor**, daughter of **John Clervaux Chaytor** and **Emma Fearon**, on 17 Jun 1914. Constance died on 17 Aug 1945.

6-**Harry Alwyn Burrell**

Harry married **Frances Chator**, daughter of **John Clervaux Chaytor** and **Emma Fearon**, on 23 Jan 1912. Frances died on 30 Nov 1919.

6-**Violet Burrell**

6-**Marjorie Burrell**

6-**Eric Burrell**

6-**Irene Burrell**

5-**Rev. Cedric Edwin Crowley** was born in 1860 and died in 1925 at age 65.

Cedric married **Evelyn Golland**. They had six children: **Ida**, **Robin**, **Hugh**, **Alfred Noel**, **Geoffrey Curtis**, and **Brian Golland**.

6-**Ida Crowley** was born in 1889.

6-**Robin Crowley** was born in 1894.

6-**Hugh Crowley** was born in 1896.

6-**Alfred Noel Crowley** was born in 1896 and died in 1899 at age 3.

6-**Geoffrey Curtis Crowley** was born in 1900.

6-**Brian Golland Crowley** was born in 1901 and died on 7 Dec 2000 at age 99.

Brian married **Eileen Edith Singer Hill**, daughter of **Vice-Admiral George William Hill** and **Mary Caroline Singer**, on 25 Mar 1931. Eileen was born on 11 Aug 1896 and died on 28 Feb 1980 at age 83. They had three children: **John Christopher Golland**, **Mary Elspeth Singer**, and **Brian Nicholas Hill**.

7-**John Christopher Golland Crowley**²⁷ was born on 8 Nov 1933 and died on 10 Aug 1985 at age 51.

John married **Elisabeth Julia Donkin Read**. They had two children: **Jonathan Mark Golland** and **Catherine Elisabeth**.

8-**Dr. Jonathan Mark Golland Crowley**

Jonathan married **Sophy Elizabeth Duffy**. They had three children: **Kate Emma**, **Hannah Louise**, and **Laura Beth**.

9-**Kate Emma Crowley**

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

9-**Hannah Louise Crowley**

9-**Laura Beth Crowley**

8-**Catherine Elisabeth Crowley**

Catherine married **Roger Paul Walton**. They had two children: **Daniel John** and **Jessica Sian**.

9-**Daniel John Walton**

9-**Jessica Sian Walton**

7-**Mary Elspeth Singer Crowley**

Mary married **David Hyde Langford**. They had two children: **Robin Charles** and **Sarah Caroline**.

8-**Robin Charles Langford**

Robin married **Joanne Elizabeth Munge**. They had one son: **Finlay Paul**.

9-**Finlay Paul Langford**

8-**Sarah Caroline Langford**

Sarah married **Gary Edward Reynolds**. They had two children: **James Charles Edward** and **Madeleine Mary Grace**.

9-**James Charles Edward Reynolds**

9-**Madeleine Mary Grace Reynolds**

7-**Brian Nicholas Hill Crowley**

Brian married **Celia Robson**. They had two children: **Nicola Louise Hill** and **Philippa Charlotte Hill**.

8-**Dr. Nicola Louise Hill Crowley**

8-**Philippa Charlotte Hill Crowley**

5-**Helena Charlotte Crowley** was born in 1861.

5-**Reginald Alwyn Crowley** was born in 1865 and died in 1952 at age 87.

5-**Gwendolen Maud Crowley** was born in 1867.

4-**Alfred Crowley**^{1,10,22,28,29,30,31,32} was born on 24 May 1824 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 16 Jan 1876 in Croydon, Surrey at age 51.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer in Croydon, Surrey.
- He had a residence in 1864 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey.
- He was a Quaker.

Alfred married **Mary Catharine Crafton**,^{1,22,28,29,32} daughter of **Ralph Caldwell Crafton**^{1,28} and **Edith Fowler**,^{1,28} in 1861. Mary was born on 7 Nov 1834 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 2 Mar 1912 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey at age 77. They had eight children: **Elfrida Mary**, **Alfred Crafton**, **Ruth Charlotte**, **Edith Winifred**, **Amy Elizabeth**, **Alice Maud**, **Dorothy**, and **Walter Noel**.

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

General Notes: Mary Catherine Crowley 77 2 3mo. 1912 Croydon. Widow of Alfred Crowley. Croydon Meeting has sustained a great loss in the death of our dear friend, Mary Catharine Crowley. I have been privileged to see a few out of the numerous letters received by her children, and from these tributes to her worth and usefulness, as well as from my own recollections, I have endeavoured to draw a slight sketch of " a very rare personality, so full and overflowing with love, sympathy and fun." " Few people have that genius of youth and kindness ; such a lively freshness of spirit. Every year that one quality of life seems to become more and more desirable and far-reaching." Mary Catharine Crafton was the daughter of Ralph Caldwell and Edith Crafton, and was born in 1834 at Croydon. Her childhood was spent in the High Street, and many of us remember her humorous and interesting descriptions of the quaint characters who in those days were to be found in the old country town. She was educated at Sarah Mason's School in South Croydon. The stories of Southend House have delighted her hearers of more than one generation. A contemporary writes : "I have known and loved your dear mother since we were girls, - such a bright, loving girl, and she kept her brightness and her warm affections all through her long life." Her schooldays were completed by a visit, with her sister, to the South of France, an innovation looked upon with a certain amount of disfavour by the stricter members of the Society, who did not quite approve of the greater measure of liberty enjoyed by the members of the Crafton household. Catharine Crowley did not forget the difficulties of her girlish days, and the result was a wide toleration for, and a large sympathy with the desires and aspirations of the young. " One always felt her understanding of young people to be something quite unusual." From the High Street, her parents moved to Croham Cottage, South Croydon. From here she was married, in 1861, to Alfred Crowley, extending a mother's care to his three young daughters, who in their turn took a warm interest in the little sisters and brothers, who followed in quick succession. After three years, Alfred Crowley and his family settled at " Bramley Oaks," Catharine Crowley's home for the remainder of her life, the happy home of which she was always the central figure, - the home which " has been a centre of cheer and hope to very many who will never forget its inspiration." The death of her husband, in 1876, must have been a crushing blow; but with cheerful courage she took up the parental responsibility alone ; and for many years the cares of her large family occupied her very closely. The youngest of her ten children was but six weeks old at his father's death, and the eldest a girl under thirteen years. This daughter, Efrida, whose poems showed much promise, died in 1892. Notwithstanding her family ties, our friend found time to do much quietly useful work in Croydon Meeting. She was an overseer for several years, her work consisting chiefly in paying calls on Friends. We find appreciative mention of " the genial smile and sympathetic handshake, which often meant so much," and the writer adds, " We younger mothers who are left must try, in some humble far-off way, to make the still younger members feel the motherly influence ready for them when needed ; - and watch the opportunities to help, that the usefulness of the lives gone from us may be carried on." She was Clerk to the Women's Monthly Meeting for four years ; her assistant at the table writes of happy memories of pleasant times spent with her before Meeting. She was also a member of the local Peace Association, and served for five years on the Saffron Walden School Committee. She had a special gift as hostess ; the young people's parties and the " Circle " meetings at her house were always pleasant gatherings. One closely associated with the latter (the Croydon Friends' Essay Society) says : "I remember so well the characteristic and wholly delightful paper she once read at the * Circle,' about her early days in Croydon. The evenings at ' Bramley Oaks ' were often largely devoted to music, of which she was very fond." In 1884, the Croydon branch of the Missionary Helpers' Union was started by her daughter Mabel ; and for fifteen years the workers met at " Bramley Oaks," gladly welcomed by their genial hostess. When work and tea were over, the children enjoyed fine games in the beautiful garden, a veritable paradise for the little ones. When the married sons and daughters came back to the old home, it would be difficult to say whether grandmother, grandchildren or parents enjoyed the visits most. On hearing that a baby sister had gone to heaven, one of the children remarked, " Perhaps she is even happier than she was in Grannie's garden " In that beautiful garden on one of the brightest days of the wonderful spring of 1910, I saw her last. The flowering trees were at their best and the birds were singing their sweetest. As we said " Good-bye " at the close of a happy Yearly Meeting visit, she replied with a cordial remark about the peculiar pleasure of seeing old friends. (The re-union of former residents in Croydon had been a noteworthy feature of the Meeting on Sunday). Truly " her beautiful, loving nature made so many feel as if she belonged to them." She had had a very serious illness in 1908, at the time when her sister, Caroline Wise, passed away. From this she rallied wonderfully, and was able to enjoy a visit to the Isle of Wight, and in the next year she went to Plymouth and St. Ives. In the last year of her life she was entirely an invalid, scarcely coming downstairs at all ; but she kept her interest in everything nearly to the last, and even when her mind wandered, there was often a smile on her face as she recalled some happy scenes of earlier days and fancied herself among them. " Her life had been a beautiful example of what loving influence a good woman with a pure heart may have, during a long and useful life." The lines quoted at her funeral, though written for another " Friend's Burial," seem specially appropriate : " The dear Lord's best interpreters Are humble human souls ; The Gospel of a life like hers Is more than books or scrolls. " From scheme and creed the light goes out, The saintly fact survives, The blessed Master none can doubt Revealed in holy lives."

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at Sarah Mason's School, South Croydon in Southend House, Croydon, Surrey.
- She was a Quaker.

5-**Elfrida Mary Crowley**^{22,28} was born in Apr 1863 in Croham Cottage, South Croydon, Surrey and died on 12 Jun 1892 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey at age 29.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a Poet and Traveller.

5-**Alfred Crafton Crowley**^{33,34} was born about 1866 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Cement manufacturer of Croydon.

Alfred married **Maria Louisa Alexander**,^{1,33,34} daughter of **William Alexander**^{1,32,34,35} and **Maria Frankland**,^{1,32,34,35,36} in 1894 in Croydon, Surrey. Maria was born on 13 Mar 1870 in Cirencester, Gloucestershire. They had three children: **Alfred B. C.**, **Vera Margaret**, and **Olive Cynthia**.

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1884-Dec 1884 in York, Yorkshire.

6-**Alfred B. C. Crowley**³³ was born in Nov 1896 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 26 Aug 1898 in Croydon, Surrey at age 1.

6-**Vera Margaret Crowley** was born in 1900 in Croydon, Surrey.

6-**Dr. Olive Cynthia Crowley** was born on 22 May 1902 in Croydon, Surrey and died on 4 Feb 1985 in Saffron Walden, Essex at age 82.

Noted events in her life were:

- She worked as a MRCS LRCP.
- She worked as a Physician and Surgeon.

Olive married **Redford Crosfield Harris**,³⁷ son of **George Percy Harris**^{18,37,38,39} and **Alice Mary Crosfield**,^{18,32,37,38,39,40,41} on 8 Jan 1927 in Croydon, Surrey. Redford was born on 1 Feb 1902 and died in 1980 at age 78. They had five children: **Elizabeth Chorley**, **John**, **Susanna Crafton**, **Jonathan Peter Crosfield**, and **William Alexander Crosfield**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park.
- He was educated at King's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as a Clerk of London Yearly Meeting in 1949-1953.

7-Elizabeth Chorley Harris

Elizabeth married **Dr. Albert David Rowlands**,^{37,39,42,43,44,45,46,47,48} son of **Albert Rowlands**^{39,42,49,50,51} and **Ada Edwards**,^{39,42,50} on 23 Sep 1950 in FMH Croydon. Albert was born on 19 Jun 1919 in Strontian Lodge, Cothamside, Bristol, Gloucestershire and died in 2017 at age 98. They had four children: **Samuel Crosfield**, **John Duncan**, **Bridget Catherine**, and **Rachel Diana**.

General Notes: ROWLANDS. On the 19th June, 1919, at Strontian Lodge, Cothamside, Bristol, Ada (Edwards), wife of Albert Rowlands (1896-98), a son.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BS MRCS LRCP D(Obst) RCOG.
- He was educated at XIV School in 1926-1931 in Bristol, Gloucestershire.
- He was educated at La Soledad in 1931-1933 in St. Jean de Luz, France.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1933-1936 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Served with the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1939-1944.
- He worked as a Physician in General practice in Northleach, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

8-Dr. Samuel Crosfield Rowlands

Samuel married **Wendy Scott**. They had two children: **Emma Katherine** and **Gail Jennifer**.

9-Emma Katherine Rowlands

9-Gail Jennifer Rowlands

Samuel next married **Margaret De Burgh**.

8-John Duncan Rowlands

John married **Anne J. Drewry**.

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

8-Bridget Catherine Rowlands

Bridget married **Richard Oliver**.

8-Rachel Diana Rowlands

7-**John Harris**³⁷ was born on 7 Oct 1929 and died in 1929.

7-Susanna Crafton Harris

Susanna married **David Lewis**³⁷ on 25 Jul 1953. David died in 1987. They had four children: **Bronwen Mary, Catherine Clare, Richard Jonathan, and Martin John**.

8-Bronwen Mary Lewis

Bronwen married **Michael Hawthorne**. They had one son: **Alexander Hugh**.

9-Alexander Hugh Hawthorne

8-Catherine Clare Lewis

Catherine married **Daniel Baker**. They had two children: **James Redford** and **Thomas Warren George**.

9-James Redford Baker

9-Thomas Warren George Baker

8-**Richard Jonathan Lewis**³⁷ was born on 22 Apr 1960 and died in Died in Infancy.

8-Martin John Lewis

Martin married **Mandi Lewis**. They had one daughter: **Amy Susan**.

9-Amy Susan Lewis

Susanna next married **George Frederick Scrivener**³⁷ on 18 Nov 1972. George died in 1987.

7-**Jonathan Peter Crosfield Harris**³⁷ was born on 9 Aug 1934 and died in 1950 at age 16.

7-William Alexander Crosfield Harris

William married **Pamela Joan Wolfe**. They had three children: **Jonathan James, Lucy Elizabeth, and Rhodri William**.

8-Jonathan James Harris

8-Lucy Elizabeth Harris

8-Rhodri William Harris

5-**Ruth Charlotte Crowley**^{1,39} was born on 2 Aug 1867 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey and died on 15 Apr 1944 at age 76.

Ruth married **Charles Arthur Goodbody**,^{1,39,52} son of **Thomas Pim Goodbody**^{53,54} and **Elizabeth Robinson**,⁵³ on 5 Mar 1890. Charles was born on 30 Nov 1859 in Tullamore, County Offaly, Ireland and died on 20 Dec 1938 in Plymouth, Devon at age 79. They had five children: **Ruth Cathleen, Doris Eileen, Norah Crafton, Ruth Robinson, and Joan Mary**.

General Notes: Of London & Plymouth

Goodbody.— On 20th December, at Plymouth, Charles Arthur Goodbody (1871-5), aged 79 years.

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1871-1875 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Tea Merchant & Cafe Proprietor.

6-**Ruth Cathleen Goodbody**¹ was born on 27 Nov 1892 in Plymouth, Devon and died in May 1893 in Plymouth, Devon.

6-**Doris Eileen Goodbody**¹ was born on 26 May 1894 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 11 Sep 1950 at age 56.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1910-Aug 1912 in York, Yorkshire.

Doris married **Edward Bonville Fox**,⁴⁰ son of **Charles Alfred Fox** and **Gulielma Maria Richardson**,⁴⁰ on 6 Apr 1927 in Plymouth, Devon. Edward was born on 16 Jan 1886 in Compton Gifford, Plymouth and died on 9 Dec 1944 at age 58. They had one daughter: **Joan Barbara**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Leighton Park School.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1915-1918.
- He worked as a Chemical Fertiliser Manufacturer.

7-**Joan Barbara Fox**

6-**Dr. Norah Crafton Goodbody**¹ was born on 9 Apr 1896 in Plymouth, Devon and died on 19 Aug 1979 in Plymouth, Devon at age 83.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Sep 1911-Jul 1914 in York, Yorkshire.

6-**Ruth Robinson Goodbody**^{1,39,55,56,57} was born on 18 Nov 1899 in Plymouth, Devon and died in 1983 at age 84.

Ruth married **Charles Reginald "Rex" Brown**,^{1,39,42,55,56,57,58} son of **Wilfred Marriage Brown**¹ and **Emily Dixon**,¹ on 6 Sep 1922 in FMH Swarthmore Hall, Nutley, Plymouth, Devon. Charles was born in 1897 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset and died on 28 Sep 1979 at age 82. They had one son: **Peter Dixon**.

Marriage Notes: BROWN - GOODBODY. - On September 6th, at Plymouth, Charles R. Brown (1911-13), to Ruth Robinson Goodbody of Plymouth.

SILVER WEDDING

Brown-Goodbody.— On 6th September, 1922, at Swarthmore Hall, Friends' Meeting House, Plymouth, Charles Reginald Brown (1911-13), to Ruth Robinson Goodbody.

GOLDEN WEDDING BROWN-GOODBODY.— On 6th September, 1922, at Swarthmore Hall Friends Meeting House, Nutley, Plymouth, Charles Reginald (Rex) Brown (1911-13) to Ruth Robinson (Robin) Goodbody (The Mount 1915-17). (5 Ridgeway, Worlebury, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.)

General Notes: Served with the FAU in WWI.

BROWN.-On 28th September, 1979, Charles Reginald Brown (REX) (1911-13), aged 82 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1911-1913 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1914-1918.
- He worked as a Restaurant proprietor. Brown Bros. In Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.
- He had a residence in 5 Ridgeway, Worlebury, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset.

7-**Peter Dixon Brown**¹ was born on 30 Jan 1924 in Weston-super-Mare, Somerset and died in 1982 in Islington, London at age 58.

6-**Joan Mary Goodbody**¹ was born on 17 Oct 1901 in Plymouth, Devon and died in Jun 1902 in Plymouth, Devon.

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5-**Edith Winifred Crowley**²⁹ was born in 1867 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey and died on 4 Jun 1917 in Croydon, Surrey at age 50.

5-**Amy Elizabeth Crowley** was born in 1870 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey.

5-**Alice Maud Crowley** was born in 1871 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey.

5-**Dorothy Crowley**^{32,59,60,61,62} was born on 3 Sep 1874 in Bramley Oaks, Croydon, Surrey and died in 1968 at age 94.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1889-Oct 1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a President of the Mount Old Scholars Association in 1921-1922.
- She was a Quaker.

Dorothy married **Dr. Edward Vipont Brown**,^{39,42,59,60,61,62,63} son of **Charles Brown**^{1,39,42,64,65,66,67} and **Emily Spence**,^{1,65,66,67} on 10 Jan 1895 in FMH Croydon. Edward was born in 1863 in North Shields, Northumberland and died on 26 Feb 1955 in Green Garth, Yealand Conyers, Burton in Kendal, Cumbria at age 92. They had three children: **Cedric Vipont**, **Ralph Vipont**, and **Elfrida Vipont**.

Marriage Notes: BROWN-CROWLEY.-On the 10th January, 1895, at Croydon, Edward Vipont Brown, M.B. (Lond.) (1873-80), of Manchester, to Dorothy Crowley, of Croydon.

GOLDEN WEDDING

Brown-Crowley.— On loth January, 1895, at the Friends' Meeting House, Croydon, Edward Vipont Brown (1873-80), to Dorothy Crowley.

General Notes: BROWN, Edward Vipont, M.D., Lecturer and Author.

Surrey Lodge, Longsight, Manchester. Born: February 12th, 1863, at North Shields; son of Charles and Emily Brown, of North Shields. Educated : Bootham School, York. Afterwards St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London ; M.D. (Lond.). Married: January 10th, 1895, at Friends' Meeting House, Croydon, to Dorothy Crowley, youngest daughter of Alfred and Mary Catherine Crowley, of Bramley Oaks, Croydon, and has issue two sons and one daughter: Cedric Vipont, born 1896; Ralph Vipont, born 1898; Elfrida Vipont, born 1902. Profession: Doctor of Medicine; Author and Lecturer. Publications : " Quaker Aspects of Truth " ; " Atonement " ; " Medical Aspects of Temperance Question " ; " Purity," an address to boys ; "Medical Profession : Its Present and Future," a Fabian essay ; "Eugenics," and many more. Travelled: Italy, Switzerland, Normandy; but chiefly cycling in England, Scotland, and Ireland. Recreations : Giving public lectures and addresses ; cycling.

Note : His eldest son, Cedric Vipont Brown, has been serving in the "Friends' Ambulance Unit" since early in the war. His second son, Ralph Vipont Brown, is a medical student.

Brown.-On February 26, 1955, at Green Garth, Yealand Conyers, near Carnforth, Lancs, Edward Vipont Brown, M.D., formerly of Manchester, aged 92. Memorial service at Friends Meeting House, Mount Street, Manchester. March 8. 1.20. p.m.

BROWN. On 26th February, 1955, at his home at Yealand Conyers, near Carnforth, Edward Vipont Brown (1873-80), aged 92 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MRCS LSA MB MD.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1873-1880 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Physician in Manchester.

6-**Dr. Cedric Vipont Brown**^{39,50,52,68,69,70,71} was born on 8 Apr 1896 in Surrey Lodge, Birch Lane, Longsight, Manchester and died on 18 Apr 1972 in Morcambe Hospital, Morcambe, Lancashire at age 76.

General Notes: Cedric Vipont Brown was the son of Edward Vipont Brown. A Quaker, he served with the Friends' ambulance unit during the First World War. He qualified MB ChB from Manchester in 1924. After a brief period as a house surgeon at MRI, he joined his father in general practice at Rusholme, Manchester, and worked here until retirement in 1962. Brown was very active in the BMA, serving on the Representative Body from 1932-1967, as well as several of its committees. From 1950-59 he was honorary secretary and treasurer of the Manchester. He was president of Manchester Medico-Ethical Association in 1955-6.

C. VIPONT BROWN
M.B., CH.B.

Dr. C. Vipont Brown, who had been in practice in Manchester and was prominent in the medicopolitical field, died at Morecambe Hospital on 18 April. He was 76. Cedric Vipont Brown, the son of a doctor, was born on 8 April 1896 and received his early education at Bootham School, York. During the first world war, like many other Quakers, he served his country as a member of a Friends ambulance unit in France. After the war he studied medicine at Manchester and graduated in 1925. After a year as house surgeon at the Manchester Royal Infirmary he joined his father in the general practice from which he retired in 1962. His contributions to the B.M.A. were outstanding. He was a member of the Representative Body from 1932 to 1962 and of the Charities Committee on several occasions from 1954 to 1962. A

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

member of the Organization Committee and of the Grants Subcommittee in 1957, he was chairman of the Conference of Honorary Secretaries and the following year. From 1950 to 1959 he was honorary secretary and treasurer of the Manchester Division, and in 1964 he was elected to the Fellowship of the B.M.A. In his younger days Cedric was a keen fell walker and a member of the Fell and Rock Climbing Club. After leaving Manchester he and his wife went to live at Silverdale among the lakes and fells they loved so well. Fond of music, he played the cello with the Manchester Beethoven Society, of which he was president from 1954 until his death. Latterly he was a member of the Westmorland Orchestra. As a doctor his patients loved him. He was in truth the beloved physician and was always there when they needed him. He is survived by his wife, son, and three daughters. -E.A.G.

BROWN.'97On 18th April, 1972, in hospital, Dr. Cedric Vipont Brown (1911-13), aged 76 years.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was awarded with MB BCh FBMA.
- He was educated at Friends' School Stramongate in Kendal, Cumbria.
- He was educated at Bootham School in 1911-1913 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a member of the Friends Ambulance Unit in 1914-1918.
- He worked as a Physician in General Practice in Rusholme, Manchester.
- His obituary was published in the British Medical Journal on 10 Jun 1972.

Cedric married **Ellis Mary Adams**^{50,52,68,69,70,71} on 28 Oct 1926 in Bugbrooke, Northamptonshire. Ellis died in 1972. They had four children: **Susan Vipont, (No Given Name), Catherine Mary Vipont, and Edward Vipont.**

Marriage Notes: BROWN-ADAMS.-On October 28th, Cedric Vipont Brown (1911-13), to Ellen Mary Adams.

BROWN-ADAMS.— On 28th October, 1926, at Bugbrooke, Northamptonshire, Cedric Vipont Brown (1911/13), to Ellis Mary Adams.

7-Susan Vipont Brown

7-Brown

7-Catherine Mary Vipont Brown

7-Edward Vipont Brown

Edward married **Ruth Mary Nicholson.** They had one daughter: **Nicola Vipont.**

8-Nicola Vipont Brown

6-Ralph Vipont Brown^{59,72} was born in 1898 in Surrey Lodge, Birch Lane, Longsight, Manchester, died on 1 Mar 1919 in Calais, France at age 21, and was buried in Les Baraques Military Cemetery, Sangatte, France. Grave VIII. E. 15A. The cause of his death was Pneumonia following Influenza.

General Notes: RALPH VIPONT BROWN (1912-16) is said to be "wielding an immense *camion*, dashing along these eternal roads at the feverish rate of 12 m.p.h.". His load may consist of anything from potatoes to mattresses, with one or two unfortunate equipe housekeepers packed inside, after a day's shopping in the metropolis. All F.W.V.R. men in his section are busy preparing schemes for reconstruction in the new Verdun area allotted them. *Bootham magazine - December 1918*

RALPH VIPONT BROWN 1898 - 1919

INTRODUCTION

Ralph was the second son of Edward Vipont and Dorothy Brown. He lived with his elder brother Cedric and his sister Elfrida, in Birch Lane, Longsight, Manchester. He was still at school - at Bootham School, York - when the war began and he stayed there until he had taken his matriculation and First M.B. examinations.

When he left he joined the Friends War Victims Relief Service ('Warvics') but was too young to be sent abroad. So he worked in London and slept in the warehouse where quantities of goods for use in relief work were stored. When he became old enough (18), he was called up for military service. He declared himself to be a conscientious objector and the Local Tribunal gave him exemption on condition that he joined the FAU (Friends Ambulance Unit) or other work of national importance in this country. He appealed, and meanwhile went on working for Warvics. When the time came for his Appeal to be heard, the Judge said, 'What's that uniform you're wearing?' and when he said it was the Friends War Victims Relief Service uniform the Judge asked why on earth he couldn't carry on with that? Ralph said he would be only too pleased but the Local Tribunal wouldn't let him, whereupon the Judge granted him exemption.

He served in France till the end of the war, when he was offered his discharge but he said he would stay on until the university term started so that one of the workers in more immediate need of release could be discharged. He died in France in the terrible influenza epidemic that swept over Europe after the war. Hearing that he was ill, his father set out for France, but arrived to find that the funeral had

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taken place two days earlier.

Friday, September 29th 1916

I received the signed photograph for my passport from cousin Arnold who is acting as witness as regards passports, etc. I got leave from the OC and had a brisk walk to Gerrard's Cross. I only just caught the train I was going for London. I went straight to Ethelburga House and arranged with Claude Rowntree about passports and things. He told me that I am to go to Sermaize, for general hospital service in about a week or 10 days. I am very glad indeed to get fixed up definitely. I have tried to locate Sermaize on the map and find that it is in the Marne district in the war zone. I look forward to going there.

Friday, January 26th 1917

After breakfast Mr. Trew looked through my papers & after that I had a look round the place. Part of the Source is ours. The theatre is the common room. The place used to be a casino. The hospital is a collection of wooden houses up in the woods. There are also sleeping huts scattered about. The country is absolutely beautiful. We are within sound of the guns & one is constantly reminded that there is a war going on. There are graves allied & German in a field close by. There is a shooting range for guns close to.

Saturday, January 27th

I have begun my work as hospital orderly today. It's bitterly cold with a lot of wind but quite dry. My first job was swabbing the oil-cloth covers of cupboards, etc. Then cleaning baby-cloths and after that a series of odd jobs, stoking fires, etc. I had the afternoon more or less off and employed it in getting a permanent sleeping place and arranging all my goods & chattels. I went on duty again at 5. They believe very firmly in fresh air treatment up t the hospital. In spite of the intense cold the boys sleep on a balcony and the babies also spend the day on a balcony.

Monday, January 29th

I am now getting more into the way of things. The cold is still intense. Eggs are frozen like stones. You can drop them & they will not break.

Thursday, April 5th

Last night the Chalons people came in with the news that the civilian hospital at Rheims is to be evacuated. All our available cars went this morning to Chalons from which place they could make trips. This evg. Walmsley came back from Rheims with the news that they are expecting the Germans to raze the town to the ground and then retreat next week.

Friday, April 20th

All the boys went off at 4 am to the station in the motor lorry. They are all to be sent to Lyons with a large number from Châlons. We shall miss them very much. They all went off in excellent spirits. In the aft. the doctor brought in a little girl with a very badly inflamed throat. Everything possible was done for her but she died in the evening. She, like thousands of others might have been saved had she been given a chance from the first. The mother had a baby one day old & several small children. The whole family together with other relations shared 2 beds. The child was of course neglected & as a result died.

Saturday, May 19th

Up at 6 o'clock to meet some petits émigrés who had been at Sermaize. Later in the morning I went to the station to help see off 67 petits émigrés, a convoy that we have been collecting here. They all come from Verzenay & other villages near Rheims. They are being sent to Brittany by the sea. It is a very good thing for them. None of them have been to school since the war started, but have been running wild & in a partially ruined & depopulated district. Many of them had never travelled before & most I should think have never seen the sea. They were of all ages ranging from little tots who had to be carried to big children of 13 to 14. They were worse than a flock of sheep to keep together & we had our hands full.

Wednesday, July 11th

Air raid last night by Bosche aeroplane or aeroplanes. I was sleeping out of doors & being tired was sleeping very soundly. When the distant anti-aircraft guns got going those nurses who were also sleeping out woke up & then started shouting at me to wake me up. At last I woke up with a start to a chorus of shouting people and colossal bangs! I ran for cover quickly as the gun near us was blazing away and raining shrapnel. I believe only about 4 bombs were dropped but 6 people were killed. The raiders were soon driven off & I returned to my bed outside again & slept as soundly as ever.

Tuesday, July 31st

I got up at 5.00 this mg. Steele & I had breakfast at 5.15 and each drove a car. We picked up Miss Shipway at No. 15 and then went along the Rheims road en route for Mourmelon. Our object was to evacuate children from Mourmelon le Petit & M'lon le Grand. These are two villages in the Rheims neighbourhood. On nearing the front the roads are all screened with various forms of sacking or branches etc. to prevent the Germans from seeing what happens on the road. I took in about a dozen to 15 into the van at M'lon le Grand & Steele took more from M'lon le Petit. On getting them back to the Maternité they were medically examined along with a large number of others thus forming a convoy of between 60 and 70. We got them to the sta. and they are now on their way into the interior.

Friday, November 30th

Carting all the mg & most of the aft with the Hotchkiss. We were carting beds & operating paraphernalia from the sta to the new hospital at the chateau. All the stuff comes from the civil hospital at Bar which was destroyed by air raids a month or two ago. Apparently the French were quartering soldiers there, and on being warned by the Germans to remove them did not do so, & the whole hospital, a magnificent great place has been destroyed, thus leaving the civil population in a very bad way. In the evg I drove the district nurse round. There are yet more rumours of peace. Apparently the Russians are making a push to get peace & have invited the allies to declare an armistice at once to discuss peace on certain lines. If the allies do not accept this, the Russians say they will make a separate peace. The position seems pretty critical, but I fear our own government at any rate is too much steeped in imperialistic ideas & militarism to accept it. I fear that if they do not take this chance of making peace we shall not have it for a long time. There is always the chance that the govt may get turned out. The state of England at present is truly distressing

Friday, December 21st

My cabin mate is a very decent chap & I have also fallen in with a couple of very decent naval chaps who are very interesting to talk to. I had a very good night and woke up feeling very happy at having got over the journey so easily. I went on deck & lo & behold we were anchored just outside Havre & hadn't crossed at all. I got a good breakfast & reviewed the situation. My conclusion was tant pis c'est la guerre. I don't think we shall get away till this evg as we cannot go by night for fear of submarines. As I thought, we turned round and went back to Havre. Fortunately we were allowed off the boat, got dinner in a little & very expensive restaurant & had a good walk up onto the cliffs. Our two naval friends went with us & we really had a very jolly time. We just got back on to the boat by 3 & were off by 4.30. There were 5 naval patrol boats moored alongside & it was quite interesting to watch them. I got a meal about 5 and, as I was feeling rather bad went straight to bed. After half an hour I was asleep & never really woke up till 1 o'clock and heard we had reached Southampton. I went to sleep again & got up just before 6 & got breakfast on board

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Sunday, February 10th 1918

Orderly duty in the morning. A Bosche prisoner turned up with his guard who told us that 'le camarade Bosch' had bad toothache, could he see the dentist. The behaviour of the guard towards his prisoner might be summed up in his introduction of him. The hatred of war is not to be found at the front. If you wish to find it you will do so among those who stay at home, not here. I went into the woods with Mac in the aft. We had a particularly helpful meeting in the evening.

Saturday, March 9th

On the road most of the day. On the way to the Chateau I dropped on a crowd of American officers who afterwards came on to the Chateau. They are people sent over by the American Red Cross to inspect its work and that of kindred organisations & then go back to America and speak about it to the public. They were all bishops, ministers, lawyers, etc. I went to Bett and did the bread & milk run and also fetched bran from Rancourt mill. I went in Tin Lizzie, i.e. the Ford Van. I have very rarely driven a Ford and quite enjoyed the run. In the afternoon I did the Sermaize washing run in Ford and met the train. West was in the latter. During the day our chaps had taken the above mentioned Americans under their wings and introduced them to the Curé and also other people in the village. They also showed them some of our work there. They all came here to dinner in the evening and we had a meeting with them after dinner. They spoke in most appreciative terms of the work, but, more than that they struck the motive, and it did one good to feel that they at least realised and appreciated our reasons for doing this work.

Saturday, March 23rd

Last night the German offensive started. What it will come to goodness only knows. But it is certain that the cost to the world will be heavy. It's too ghastly to dwell on. The heaviest part is evidently just opposite here and all our chaps have had to clear out. I suppose it means that a lot of our work up there will be ruined.

Friday, April 26th

As I was working in the garage in the aft Cedric suddenly turned up. Their convoy has at last moved down from Flanders and after a fortnight's awfully hard work came down to Ligny en Barrois 'en repos', He cycled over from their on an awful old French byke. But he eventually got here which was the main thing. I immediately took the rest of the day 'off' and as he was fairly tired we sat and chatted most of the time. We took a little walk round by the hospital. He found that he knew quite a lot of folk here. We had a great time together in spite of the fact that it was so short & we appeared to do nothing very special. He had to go back the same night so I cycled with him as far as Bar-le-Duc - the limit of my permit. He tried to get a train on, but there wasn't one, so we parted & I rode home arriving at 11.30. I lit a fire & made myself a meal & got to bed about midnight. It was one of the happiest days I have had for a long time.

Tuesday, May 14th

Took the Curé to Bettancourt in the morning. He gave me a brooch to send home made of a piece of the bells of Sermaize which were burnt when the town was sacked. He had the remains of the bells melted down and made into brooches. The inscription struck me as rather fine - 'Aimez-vous les uns les Autres' and on the card something to the effect that while the world calls forth nothing but blood and slaughter the bells ring out amid the tumult 'Love ye one another'. Rather a fine sentiment from a place which has suffered so cruelly. The hatred is to be found at home amongst the newspaper editors and politicians who have never seen war, not in the war zone.

Friday, May 31st

We set off from Serm at 4 o'clock and went to Charmont, 4 cars in all. From there we went to Châlons well loaded up with stuff. I had trouble with my distributor but managed to fix it all right. At Châlons we fixed up permits etc. & came on to Epernay with one more car. We also have two motor cycles. These were sent out in different directions to the front to bring in news. They brought none so the cars went out. We intended to form an aide poste at Condé, but as there were no refugees there we came back to Epernay. We then dispersed again. This time Moore, who is my companion on the trip, & I went to Port a Binson. The Bosche were advancing here and we got all the benefit of shells etc. at close quarters. We saw them blowing up the railway line. They appear to be mining all the bridges round here. We met SSA 19 at Port a B & they told me Cedric's whereabouts. I promptly went and saw him at Boursault and had tea with him. I also got statistics of émigrés in the places round. I tried to see the Mairie, but he had cleared off with his wife & kiddies.

This is the first time I have ever been in an evacuation & I hope to goodness it will be the last.

At one of the villages I picked up a load of 2 old women, one old man and a boy & their belongings, including 6 bottles of champagne which they made us take one. We took them to St. Martin to their friend. All along the road there were people pushing their belongings along in wheelbarrows, old women camping out in the forest for the night. It was really pitiful to see them. But we couldn't take them on board. We got back to Epernay at night I slept in the car. But the Bosche kept on visiting us. There was an awful row all night with anti-aircraft guns and Mitralleuses. They dropped bombs all round and swept the streets with machine gun fire. So I didn't get much sleep.

Saturday, June 1st

We spent some time getting ready in the morning. We have shifted our headquarters further south & west to a place called Montmort. Here we set up a refuge. There are crowds of refugees pouring in. We helped them in and fed them & then packed them into military camions for Sezanne. I took our little bus round by Boursault again. Cedric had gone. I picked up a sick woman & a child and then we took on an old couple who were struggling along the road with huge packs on their backs. We brought them into Montmort and then set off again along the Dormans road to a little place called Festigny. Here we found lots of folk who wanted to come. There was one old lady ill in bed. We tried our utmost to persuade her to come away but she would rather die where she was, and die she will I think for the guns are going something cruel.

We picked up one old woman who was hysterical with the shock and another who was helpless and cried out every time we touched her. We also had a couple of old men on board and their baggage. Also we picked up an old woman on the road, and brought the lot back to Montmort. I then had a run to Ferebionges to take a stretcher case. It was an old man of 83 and very ill at that, also I had two old women on board and another man and piles of baggage. We took them to their relatives and got the old man safely put to bed with the help of some British soldiers who were very kind.

We spent the night at Montmort in the car. The other cars went up at night and evacuated the rest of Festini. This really is the saddest business I was ever in in my life. One gets into close contact with the people. They seemed stunned and hopeless. They have lost everything and haven't any pluck left. They're just stunned. It's great to be able to help them but we can do awfully little really

Sunday, June 2nd

We backed the car into a field and slept in it. I got a very good night. We were up in good time & I was sent off to Montmirsail to get bread. We managed to get it on paper easily enough, but when it came to getting it in actual fact, that was quite another matter. The train was always just coming. So we waited till midday and still it did not arrive. So I asked the military to telephone back to Montmort to say that I would be late. They were very decent and did so. In this way we waited till 7 o'clock at night. I went round to all the bakeries in the town but could get no bread anywhere. At about 8 o'clock we

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set off for Montmort. About half way there we got stuck. There was a short circuit in one of the ignition wires. I tried to find out the trouble for a long time but as it was dark I could do very little. So we went to the nearest village and tried to get a bicycle. This we found impossible so I left Moore in the car and set off on foot. It was a lovely night and aeroplanes were buzzing about all over the place & there were lots of pretty rockets and signals. But I was very tired so these things did not please me in the least. After going about 4 kilometres I met a sentry and got him to stop a car for me. I got a trip back to Montmort in an ambulance the driver of which had been going for 5 days & nights without rest. I got back sometime after 11 o'clock and found all the cars out at the front evacuating villages which were being shelled. They came back in due course with loads of refugees. I didn't get any rest till 1 o'clock. I slept in one of the cars.

Friday, June 14th

In the morning we fetched bread and then distributed it in a village called Cramant. There were about 50 refugees there so we got a list of the most needy from the Mairie. We then went on to Montmort. There we found them very busy and they immediately gave us a load of three old folk for the Hotel Dun at Châlons. We also heard that the Renault Limousine has had a bit of an accident near Troyes so my mate has gone down there to help bring it home. On the road back to Givry I met Webster. He had on board an old woman he had found at the front. She was lying sick in bed and had not been attended to for weeks. The bed was in an awful state. Her leg had rotted and she was covered with boils & gangrene, and of course smelt something awful. I never saw such an awful mess in my life. These old women seem to get deserted in France and left in the lurch. They must be awfully tough to live through it.

Sunday, October 13th

PEACE! I really do believe things have come to a head. Germany has accepted President Wilson's proposals and will clear out of invaded territories. It is too big to believe. It stuns one so. The suspense has been awful. We don't know what to do with ourselves. One can only thank God it's come at last. Though it is only an armistice I think it is the end. It may be we shall one day realise how unspeakably terrible & wasteful and wicked the thing has been. The carnage in life and wealth has been beyond one's comprehension. One prays God that mankind may profit by the terrible experience and that something noble and great may arise out of this terrible mess. We must consecrate our lives ahead to the service of Christ that we may indeed be 'Publishers of Truth', that we may see the Truth and know it. Our work has only begun & it is no mean task. It calls for every ounce of strength and power of mind that is in us. May we prove ourselves equal to it.

Monday, November 11th

Ran down to Givry. When we got as far as Charmontois and were seeing the Maire, news came through from the Prefecture that the Armistice had been signed. Before we could start up the car & go on our round the town crier turned out, flags were flying, and the church bells were ringing. Then in all the villages we passed people were hurrying out their flags & bells were ringing. It seems too good to be true ... One sinks down with an intense feeling of infinite relief and thankfulness. The thing has been too horrible for one to feel jubilant. But it does lift a great weight off one's mind.

At Givry they soon had flags flying & bells ringing. In the afternoon we went on to Sermaize. The Americans had a celebration in the evg. Mac & I spent the evg chez Alice and stayed till after midnight.

Sunday, November 24th

Set off on a long tramp with half a dozen others. We went to what used to be the front for 4 years, to see Vauquois, a village on the top of a much disputed hill where thousands of men have been blown to pieces. I have never been so appalled at the amount of destruction man can do. The whole hill was riddled with concrete trenches and defences all torn to pieces and chopped about by shell fire. The whole of the top of the hill is blasted away and there are huge craters like gigantic quarries where the mines have been sprung. Of course there is not a single brick of the village left & not a living thing or tree. The German dug outs go right down into the very bowels of the hill and there are bits of trenches and defences everywhere. It's an appalling mess. The ground is fit for nothing, not even goats. We got home by stopping camions.

Monday, February 24th

A rotten night and a general bilious headache in the mg. Took some quinine and prepared the cars to depart for Calais. Got to Calais safely, garaged the cars and went to an hotel. Saw the officials about the non-arrival of the Leyland and they say they won't risk shipping the other one over. So we sent off a general volley of telegrams and are going to await the result. Feeling pretty bad. Spent aft in room at hotel.

Tuesday, February 25th

Slept like a log but still rather feeble.

Ralph died in Calais on Saturday, March 1st 1919, aged 20

He is buried in Les Baraques Military Cemetery, Sangatte

Grave reference: VIII. E. 15A

RALPH VIPONT BROWN (1912-16). Ralph Vipont Brown came to Bootham in the autumn of 1912, when he was nearly 14 years of age, and was a scholar there for four years. After leaving York he went for a few months to work in the F.W.V.R. warehouse in London, and at the beginning of 1917 left for work in France. From that date until his death, he was working for the "Mission," spending himself as we who loved him knew how he would, in the service of others. At first he was occupied with orderly work at Chalons, but later at Sermaize, where the work was either stores or garage or driving—mostly motor work. He had been home on leave for Christmas of last year, and in the joy of the family reunion they had talked over the future, and Ralph had spoken with bright hopes of his medical studies after leaving the F.W.V.R. But the latter was ever uppermost in his mind, and he did not know how he would tear himself away from it. Early in the year he returned to France, and at the end of February was at Calais awaiting the arrival of some motor lorries from England. While there, however, he fell ill of influenza which speedily developed into pneumonia, and in less than a week he passed away. The end came on Saturday, March 1st. I feel that anything I can say of his life will be altogether inadequate. Those of us who knew him at school soon learnt to love the open-hearted loving personality, ever ready for fun, yet with a deep current of seriousness flowing beneath the surface, and with such a broad and comprehensive outlook on life. I never once remember hearing him grumble or speak disparagingly of another. Patient and hard-working, both in and out of school, his radiant personality predominated over everything, and his bright face and cheery laugh were loved by all who knew him. He could enter into the trouble of others; I remember now the cloud that came over him when the old man, Keir Hardie, died. It was the people and those who strove for them whom Ralph loved. And so we are not surprised as we read the testimony of those who worked with him in France. The same loving, helpful disposition, transforming "daily monotonous tasks into a great work for Peace, and the brotherhood of humanity." "Life with him was always different from when he was not there." "He had too, a wonderful power of getting to know the French people and fully entering into their joys and sorrows." One feels that such a life as his is the only way of reaching down to the hearts of men, of laying the foundations of that city of God, where all men shall be as brothers. One who knew and loved him wrote of his work in France: "I can truly testify that he gave his all in that spirit for which we all so long. Rather than grieve at his loss may we rejoice in that we knew him and saw in him a reflection of

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the Great Spirit, which will help us, too, to live and serve as we should." Our hearts go out in deepest sympathy to his loved ones; but with them we can rejoice, knowing assuredly that to such as Ralph there is no death, but a passing into fuller service beyond :

Then was he made aware, by soul or ear,
Of somewhat pure and holy bending o'er him,
And of a voice like that of her who bore him,
Tender and most compassionate : " Never fear !
For heaven is love, as God Himself is love,
Thy work below shall be thy work above."

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1912-1916 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Medical student.
- He worked as a member of the Friends War Victims Relief Service.

6-**Elfrida Vipont Brown**⁶⁰ was born on 3 Jul 1902 in Surrey Lodge, Birch Lane, Longsight, Manchester and died on 14 Mar 1992 in Yealand Conyers, Carnforth, Lancashire at age 89.

General Notes: ELFRIDA VIPONT: QUAKER CHILDREN'S WRITER

BRENDA J. SCRAGG

JOHN RYLANDS UNIVERSITY LIBRARY OF MANCHESTER

Elfrida Vipont Brown was born in Manchester in 1902, the third child of Dr Edward Vipont Brown and Dorothy Brown nee Crowley. Both her parents were members of prominent Quaker families and were active in the Quaker life of Manchester. Her childhood home was Surrey Lodge in Birch Lane, Longsight, from where her father ran his medical practice. The family had close connections with Dalton Hall, a student's residence of Manchester University then administered by the Society of Friends. She attended Manchester High School for Girls, situated in Dover Street close to the University, and continued her schooling at The Mount School, a Quaker boarding school for girls in York where her mother had also been a pupil. On leaving school she enrolled at Manchester University to read History but resigned before completing the course in order to concentrate on a musical career. She was a singer of considerable promise giving many recitals throughout the country. After her marriage in 1926 to the research chemist R. Percy Foulds her attention increasingly turned towards writing, and the birth of four daughters between 1927 and 1935 concentrated her energies on more domestic matters. For many years the family had visited the small north Lancashire village of Yealand Conyers, which lies in the heart of the area known as the '1652 Country', the birthplace of Quakerism. On the outbreak of the Second World War the family moved to Yealand Conyers where Elfrida became the headmistress of Yealand Manor School, an evacuation school, originally for Quaker children evacuated from Manchester and Liverpool, but subsequently for children from all over the country including some refugees. It took children up to the age of twelve years. Staff at the school worked voluntarily and parents paid what they could afford. After the closure of the school at the end of the war Elfrida's husband bought a house in Yealand Conyers where she continued to live until her death in March 1992 in her ninetieth year.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was awarded with Carnegie Medal in 1950.
- She was educated at The Mount School in York, Yorkshire.
- She worked as a Headmistress of the Friends' School in Yealand Conyers, Carnforth, Lancashire.
- She worked as an Author and Children's writer.

Elfrida married **Robinson Percy Foulds**, son of **Robinson Foulds** and **Emma Croasdale**, on 21 Apr 1926. Robinson was born in 1891 in 87 Albert Road, Colne, Lancashire, was christened on 31 May 1891 in St. Bartholomew's, Colne, Lancashire, and died in 1954 in Lancaster, Lancashire at age 63. They had four children: **Robin Vipont Mary**, **Carolyn C.**, **Dorothy C.**, and **Anne Vipont**.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Ackworth School.
- He worked as a member of the Friends' Ambulance Unit in 1916-1919.
- He worked as a Chemical and Textile Research Technologist in Tootal Broadhurst Lee Co. Ltd..

7-**Robin Vipont Mary Foulds**

Robin married **Kenneth C. Greaves**.

7-**Carolyn C. Foulds**

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7-Dorothy C. Foulds

7-Anne Vipont Foulds

5-Walter Noel Crowley³⁹ was born in 1875 in Croydon, Surrey and died in 1949 in Surrey at age 74.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was educated at Bootham School in 1889-1893 in York, Yorkshire.
- He worked as a Director of Wm. Ashby & Son Ltd., Builders Merchants in Victoria Station House, London.
- He resided at Bramley Corner in 1935 in Purley, Surrey.

Walter married **Lucy Dorothea Cambridge**. They had three children: **John Cambridge**, **Catharine Dorothea**, and **Christine Lucy**.

6-John Cambridge Crowley³⁹ was born on 22 Jun 1907 in Croydon, Surrey and died in Apr 1998 in Yeovil, Somerset at age 90.

6-Catharine Dorothea Crowley³⁹ was born in 1909 in Croydon, Surrey.

6-Christine Lucy Crowley³⁹ was born in 1915.

Alfred next married **Catherine Sophia Ashby**,^{10,30} daughter of **Henry Ashby**^{1,10,73} and **Sophia Morris**,¹ in 1850. Catherine was born in 1826 in Staines, Middlesex, died on 13 Jan 1854 at age 28, and was buried in FBG Croydon.

General Notes: <http://www.ebooksread.com/authors-eng/a-w-annesley-william-streane/croydon-in-the-past-historical-monumental-and-biographical-including-also-yor/page-20-croydon-in-the-past-historical-monumental-and-biographical-including-also-yor.shtml>

4-Frederick Crowley^{1,21,74} was born on 9 Jul 1825 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 26 Feb 1910 in Alton, Hampshire at age 84.

General Notes: Frederick Crowley, 84 26 2mo. 1910 Alton, Hampshire. An Elder. Frederick Crowleys the last surviving son of Abraham Crowley, was born at Alton, in Hampshire, nearly eighty-five years ago. His whole life was passed in his native town, of which he was a highly esteemed and honoured citizen, and in whose affairs he took, for many years, a conspicuous and useful part. Elected a member of the Alton Local Board in 1865, and serving for twenty-seven years as its chairman, he remained on it until, in '1894, it was merged in the Urban District Council. He was then elected Chairman of the new body, and continued a member of it until his retirement six years ago. During this period he largely controlled the affairs of the town, his business capacity, extensive local knowledge and recognised integrity rendering him well fitted for a prominent position in its government; and he was able to carry out many important public improvements. His generosity was conspicuous in all local institutions; the Mechanics' Institute - which he joined while quite a young man, and of which, having been more than twenty years its president, he was, at the date of his death, the oldest member - receiving a large measure of his support. There he gave annual lectures, chiefly on scientific subjects, in which he was keenly interested. His lectures on heat, light, sound, electricity, the phonograph, and kindred topics, always illustrated by the newest apparatus, were listened to by large and appreciative audiences. Greatly interested, like his father before him, in Education, he bought, in 1866, a site for a British School; and having erected a suitable building on it, he handed the property over to the School Committee, as a free gift. He was also one of the governors of the Grammar School. Another institution which he supported was the Young Women's Christian Association, founded and endowed by himself and his Avife, and for which he provided adequate accommodation. The spacious grounds of his home of Ashdell were freely thrown open for Sunday School and other fetes, and large numbers of visitors enjoyed walking amongst the beautiful trees and flowers. His head gardener had been with him for nearly forty years, and many of his employees had worked for him nearly all their lives. Frederick Crowley's character has been described as that of the sterling type, so often infused by a Friends' descent and training into a strong yet retiring nature such as his was. One who knew him well names further characteristics as especially distinguishing him: Uprightness, Cheerfulness, Thoroughness, and Benevolence; qualities that were, in great measure the outcome of the inner spirit that actuated him, and which showed themselves in his daily life. "He walked before God," continues the narrator, "in the simple faith of one who knows that he was redeemed and forgiven. . . . One never knew him dull or depressed. He was not a man of moods. Cheerfulness, it has been said, keeps up a kind of daylight in the mind, and fills it with a steady and perpetual serenity. This was true of Frederick Crowley. It was the joy of his heart to help his fellow men. Being possessed of outward means, he felt it his duty to give freely." He was deeply attached to the Society of Friends, and was loyal to its principles, which he carried out in his private and public life. He held for several years the offices of Elder and Treasurer of his Monthly Meeting; and, until bodily weakness set in, a few years since, no one was a more regular attender of Monthly, Quarterly and Yearly Meetings. An illustration of his adherence to the principles of Friends was given in the perseverance with which he kept up the little Meeting at Alton, although it often happened, in recent years, that only one member besides himself was present. It may be added that, unless some Friends come to reside in the locality, this Meeting, which holds a long record of worthies who, in former generations have worshipped there, must cease to exist. Frederick Crowley's spiritual attitude was ever that of humility and a sense of unworthiness. The simplicity of his faith was striking. During his illness he spoke of his trust in the Saviour, quoting the words: "I know Him whom I have believed, and am persuaded that He is able to keep that which I have committed to Him." After three or four years of illness, borne with true patience and resignation, the end came peacefully. In the words of one who was present, "We could not but rejoice that now at length his eyes were open to see the King in His beauty, that all the weakness and weariness were past, and that he was truly at rest."

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer of Alton, Hants.

Frederick married **Ellen Saunders**,^{1,74} daughter of **Charles Saunders**^{1,10,24,75} and **Rachel Ashby**,^{1,10,24} in 1870. Ellen was born on 27 Jun 1832 in Surrey and died on 8 Oct 1900 in Alton, Hampshire at age 68.

4-**Charlotte Emma Crowley**⁷⁶ was born on 7 Dec 1826 in Alton, Hampshire, died on 26 Jun 1894 in Alton, Hampshire at age 67, and was buried in FBG Alton.

4-**Elizabeth Crowley**¹ was born on 5 Sep 1828 in Alton, Hampshire and died in 1912 at age 84.

Elizabeth married **Charles Ashby**,^{1,77} son of **Charles Ashby**^{10,23,24} and **Augusta Lucas**,²⁴ in 1853. Charles was born on 19 Aug 1828 in Staines, Middlesex and died on 10 Jun 1914 in Staines, Middlesex at age 85.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer of Staines.

4-**Emma Crowley** was born in 1829 in Alton, Hampshire.

4-**Walter Crowley**²⁰ was born on 18 Apr 1831 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 14 Apr 1851 in Alton, Hampshire at age 19.

4-**Edith Crowley** was born on 1 Sep 1832 in Alton, Hampshire.

Edith married **Thomas Seavill**. They had four children: **Ethel Edith**, **Leonard Crowley**, **Walter**, and **Ronald**.

5-**Ethel Edith Seavill** was born in 1869 in Swanage, Dorset.

5-**Leonard Crowley Seavill** was born in 1872 in Swanage, Dorset.

5-**Walter Seavill** was born in 1873 in Swanage, Dorset.

5-**Ronald Seavill** was born in 1874 in Swanage, Dorset.

4-**Isabella Crowley**⁵⁹ was born on 3 Jun 1834 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 2 Mar 1919 in Alton, Hampshire at age 84.

4-**Philip Crowley**¹ was born on 28 Aug 1837 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 20 Dec 1900 in Waddon House, Waddon, Croydon, Surrey at age 63.

General Notes: He and his wife had no children and ceased to be Quakers in 1875

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer of Alton, Hampshire.

Philip married **Anna Warner**,¹ daughter of **John Warner**^{1,10,78} and **Susannah Ashby**,^{1,10} Anna was born in 1837.

4-**Marianna Crowley** was born in 1839 in Alton, Hampshire and died in 1920 at age 81.

Marianna married **Henry Chalcraft**.

4-**Alice Crowley**^{1,32,79} was born in 1845 in Alton, Hampshire and died before 1916.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.

Alice married **John Warner**,^{1,32,79,80} son of **John Warner**^{1,10,78} and **Susannah Ashby**,^{1,10} in 1872. John was born on 2 Feb 1843 in Hoddesdon, Hertfordshire and died on 10 Sep 1923 in Waddon House, Waddon, Croydon, Surrey at age 80. They had ten children: **Mildred**, **John**, **Helen**, **Gerald**, **Evan**, **Archibald**, **Alice R.**, **Grace**, **Bertram**, and **Cicely**.

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an Ironfounder in Croydon, Surrey.
- He was a Quaker.

5-**Mildred Warner**^{1,32} was born on 16 Feb 1874 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey and died in 1954 in Croydon, Surrey at age 80. She had no known marriage and no known children.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was educated at The Mount School in Jan 1890 in York, Yorkshire.
- She was a Quaker.

5-**John Warner**¹ was born in 1875 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey.

5-**Helen Warner**¹ was born in 1876 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey and died on 2 Dec 1878 at age 2.

5-**Gerald Warner**¹ was born in 1878 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey.

5-**Evan Warner**¹ was born in 1880 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey, died on 11 Dec 1914 in Flanders, Belgium. Killed in action at age 34, and was buried in Lancashire Cottage Cemetery. Grave I.C.8.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Sergeant of the London Regiment (London Rifle Brigade).

5-**2nd Lieut. Archibald Warner**^{1,79} was born on 13 Feb 1884 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey, died on 1 Jul 1916 at age 32, and was buried in Hebuterne Military Cemetery , Pas de Calais, France. Grave IV.D.7.

General Notes: 2nd Lt. Archibald Warner, 1/5th London Regt. (London Rifle Brigade), was killed on 1st July 1916. The son of John and the late Alice Warner of Waddon House, Croydon, Warner was born on 13th February 1884. His father was an iron founder. Educated at Whitgift School, Leighton Park School, Reading and Queen's College, Cambridge, he was articled to Trinder, Capron & Co., London, solicitors, joining Bennett and Ferris when he qualified. A keen sportsman he had been captain of the Queen's College boat. He married Norah Elizabeth Goodbody, youngest daughter of Mr J Perry Goodbody of Inchmore, Clara, King's County, Ireland, on 15th September 1914 and they lived at 'Penarth', North Road, Carshalton. He attested as 3997 Private in the 3/28th London Regt. (Artists' Rifles) on 4th June 1915 and served with them until October. He was commissioned into the 3/5th London Regt. on 29th October 1915 and joined the 1/5th London Regt. in France on 27th May 1916. He is buried in Hebuterne Military Cemetery, grave IV.D.7. His brother, 8050 Sgt Evan Warner, 1/5th London Regt. (London Rifle Brigade), was killed on 11th December 1914 and is buried in Lancashire Cottage Cemetery, grave I. C. 8

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as an officer of the London Regiment (London Rifle Brigade).
- He was educated at Whitgift School.
- He was educated at Leighton Park in Reading, Berkshire.
- He was educated at Queen's College, Cambridge.
- He worked as an Articled Solicitor to Trinder, Capron & Co. In London.
- He worked as a Solicitor. Bennett & Ferris.

Archibald married **Norah Elizabeth Goodbody**, daughter of **James Perry Goodbody**⁵⁹ and **Sophia Richardson**,⁵⁹ on 15 Sep 1914. Norah was born on 13 Sep 1890, died on 19 Dec 1976 at age 86, and was buried in FBG Chelmsford.

Noted events in their marriage were:

- They had a residence in Penarth, North Road, Carshalton, Surrey.

5-**Alice R. Warner**¹ was born in 1883 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey.

5-**Grace Warner**¹ was born in 1886 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey.

Descendants of Thomas Crowley

5-**2nd Lieut. Bertram Warner**¹ was born in 1889 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey, died on 12 Apr 1917 in Arras, France. Killed in action at age 28, and was buried in Arras Memorial.

5-**Cicely Warner**¹ was born in 1890 in Waddon, Croydon, Surrey.

3-**Charles Sedgfield Crowley**^{1,73,81,82} was born on 22 Sep 1797 in Bermondsey, London and died on 14 Feb 1868 in Alton, Hampshire at age 70.

Noted events in his life were:

- He worked as a Brewer in Croydon, Surrey.

Charles married **Mary Anne Morris**,^{1,82} daughter of **John Morris**¹ and **Mary Skidmore**,¹ in 1832. Mary was born in 1802 and died on 4 Apr 1833 in Croydon, Surrey at age 31.

Charles next married **Emma Curtis**,⁷³ daughter of **Dr. William Curtis**^{1,11} and **Elizabeth Wright**,¹ in 1838. Emma was born on 1 Oct 1804 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 27 Dec 1845 in Croydon, Surrey at age 41.

3-**Henry Crowley**^{1,53} was born on 3 Jun 1800 in Bermondsey, London and died on 11 Nov 1857 at age 57.

Noted events in his life were:

- He was a Quaker.
- He had a residence in Thornton Heath, Croydon.

Henry married **Elizabeth Curtis**,^{1,53} daughter of **Dr. William Curtis**^{1,11} and **Elizabeth Wright**,¹ in May 1845 in FMH Alton, Hampshire. Elizabeth was born on 13 Feb 1806 in Alton, Hampshire and died on 17 Jan 1900 in Croydon, Surrey at age 93.

Noted events in her life were:

- She was a Quaker.

3-**Crowley**

2-**Ann Crowley**² was born in 1758 in Gracechurch Street, London and died on 12 Feb 1774 at age 16.

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